

ONTARIO DEMOGRAPHIC QUARTERLY

Ministry of Finance



Highlights of First Quarter 2005

June 29, 2005

Population Growth

Ontario's population reached 12,482,980 on April 1, 2005, with a growth of 33,478 people in the first quarter. This compares with growth of 35,046 in the same quarter of the previous year.

Population Growth, Ontario, 1st Quarter, 2005	
(Thousands)	
Population, January 1, 2005	12,449.5
Plus Births	31.1
Minus Deaths	23.5
Plus Immigrants	29.3
Minus Net Emigrants	3.6
Plus Net Change in Non-Permanent Residents	1.7
Plus Inter-provincial Arrivals	12.9
Minus Inter-provincial Departures	14.4
Population, April 1, 2005	12,483.0
Source: Statistics Canada.	

Births and Deaths

Births and deaths increased by 1.3 per cent and 1.5 per cent, respectively, from the same quarter of 2004.

Natural increase (births minus deaths) was 7,632 in the quarter, up from 7,577 in the same quarter of 2004.

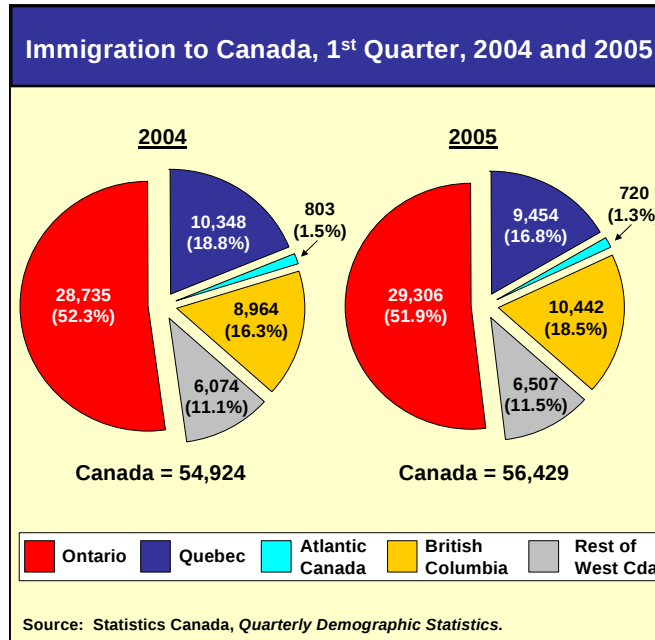
International Migration

Immigration to Ontario was 29,306 in the quarter, an increase of 2 per cent from the level of 28,735 in the same quarter of the previous year. Ontario received 51.9 per cent of all immigrants to Canada in the quarter, down from 52.3 per cent in the same quarter of 2004.

There were 3,640 emigrants from Ontario in the quarter, virtually unchanged from the same quarter of the previous year. Ontario accounted for 40.8 per cent of all emigration from Canada in the quarter.

The number of non-permanent residents in Ontario (NPRs - i.e. foreign students, visa workers, refugee claimants) increased by 1,681 in the first quarter.

Overall, net international migration was 27,347 in the first quarter, down from 28,568 in the same quarter of the previous year.



Inter-provincial Migration

In the first quarter of 2005, Ontario had a net loss of 1,501 people to other provinces, compared to a net loss of 1,099 people in the same quarter of 2004. Ontario experienced net losses in its exchanges with 5 of the 13 provinces and territories (PEI, Quebec, Alberta, BC and the Yukon). The biggest loss was to Alberta (1,348).

Year-Over-Year Growth

Over the 12-month period ending March 31, 2005, Ontario's population grew by 135,513 or 1.1 per cent, down from 1.2 per cent over the previous one year period. Ontario's population growth rate in this period was higher than all other provinces except Alberta (1.5 per cent) and British Columbia (1.2 per cent). Canada's population growth rate for the year was 0.9 per cent.

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DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS

Population Projections of Visible Minority Groups, 2001-2017

Statistics Canada Microsimulation

On March 22, 2005, Statistics Canada released a report presenting the results of a microsimulation on projected population of visible minority groups in Canada, provinces and regions for 2001-2017. **These projections were developed to meet specific objectives of the Multiculturalism Program at the Department of Canadian Heritage and in no way replace the population projections for the provinces and territories to be released in the Fall of 2005 by the Demography Division of Statistics Canada.**

Visible Minority Population in Canada

Canada is projected to be home to 7.1 million visible minority persons in 2017, an increase of 76.4% from 4 million in 2001. In contrast, the rest of the population is projected to grow only 3.3% over the same period, from 26.6 million to 27.5 million.

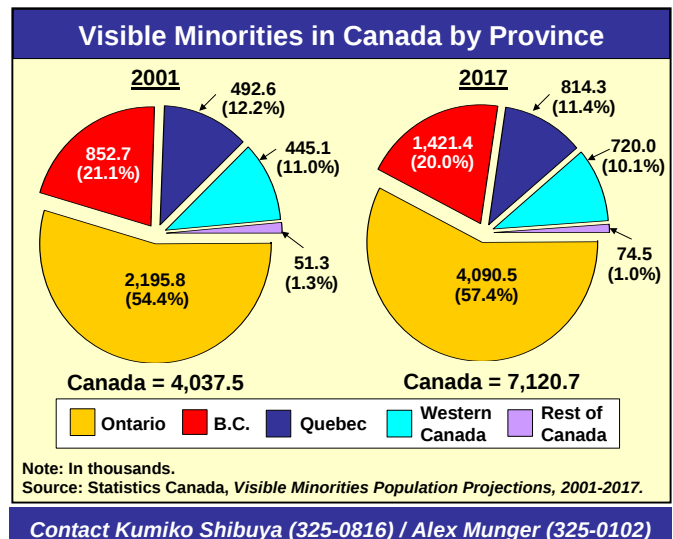
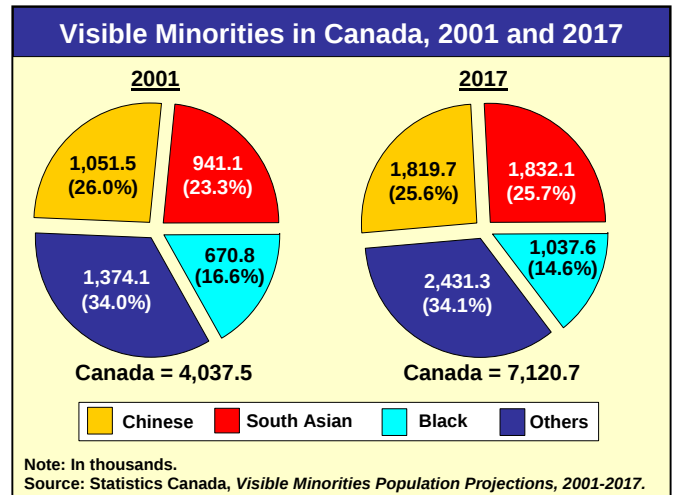
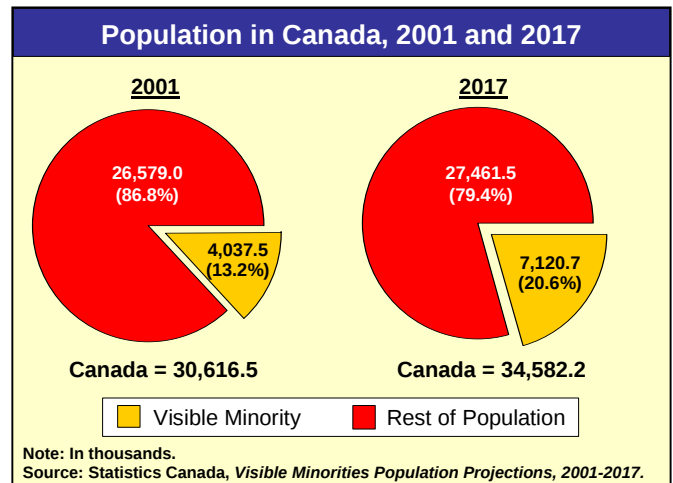
Roughly one in five (20.6%) Canadians is projected to be a visible minority in 2017, up from 13.4% in 2001 and 11.2% in 1996.

Among the visible minority population, over half (3.7 million) will be members of the South Asian (1.8 million) or Chinese (1.8 million) groups in 2017. This represents growth of 73% for the Chinese (from 1.1 million in 2001) and 95% for South Asians (940,000 in 2001).

The fastest growing groups will be West Asian, Korean and Arab, with respective growth rates of 150%, 120% and 118% between 2001 and 2017.

Visible Minority Population in Ontario

Ontario is projected to be home to 4.1 million visible minority persons in 2017, an increase of 86.3% from 2.2 million in 2001. Ontario's visible minority population is the fastest growing in Canada, with an average annual growth rate of 4% between 2001 and 2017. Ontario is projected to remain the province with the largest population of visible minorities in 2017, well ahead of British Columbia (1.4 million) and Quebec (814,000). Ontario's visible minorities will account for 57.4% of all visible minorities in Canada, up from 54.4% in 2001.



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DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS

Visible Minority Population in Ontario (Cont'd)

Visible minorities are projected to make up 28.8% of Ontario's population in 2017, up from 18.8% in 2001. However, British Columbia is projected to remain the province with the largest share of its population in visible minority groups in 2017 at 31.3%, up from 21.2% in 2001.

In Ontario, South Asians are projected to remain the largest visible minority group in 2017 with 1.2 million people, up from 571,000 in 2001. The Chinese will remain the second largest group, growing from 493,000 to 910,000 between 2001 and 2017. These two groups will account for 52.3% of all visible minorities in Ontario by 2017. The black population will remain the third largest visible minority group, growing from 420,000 to 647,000 between 2001 and 2017.

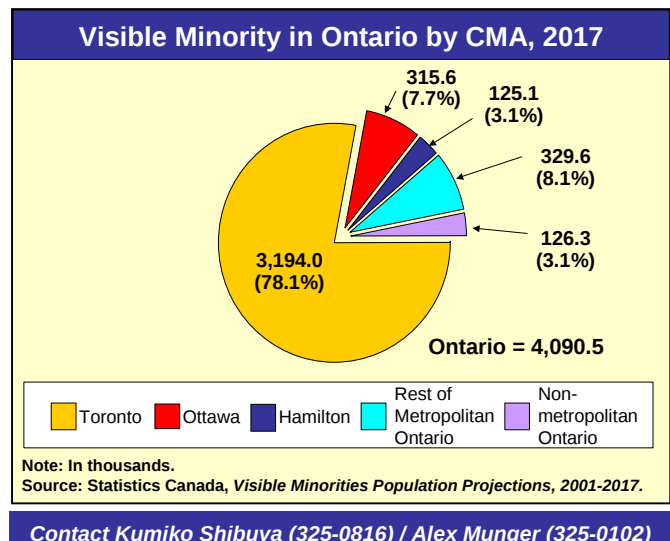
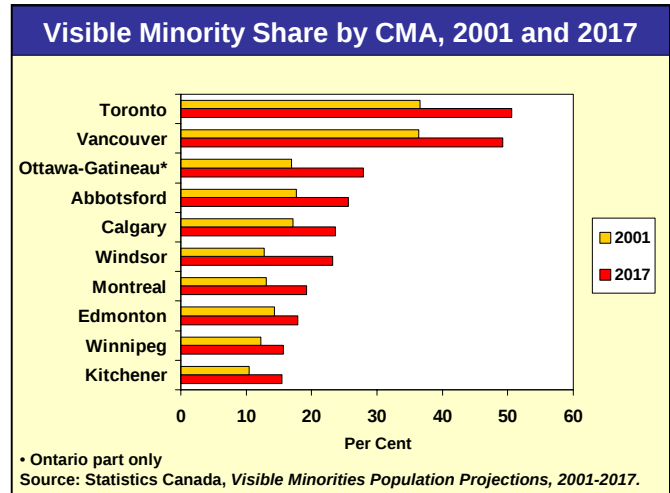
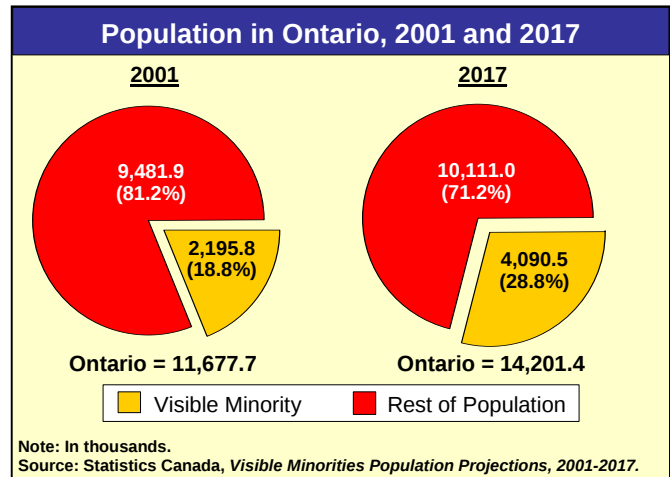
Visible Minority Population in Census Metropolitan Areas (CMAs)

The overwhelming majority of visible minority persons in Canada are urban dwellers. Canada's three largest metropolitan areas – Toronto, Vancouver and Montreal – are expected to be home to almost 75% of Canada's visible minority population in 2017, as was the case in 2001.

The CMA with the highest share of visible minority population will continue to be Toronto where slightly over half (50.6%) of the population is expected to be visible minorities by 2017, followed closely by Vancouver where nearly half (49.3%) of the population is expected to be visible minorities. Ottawa, Abbotsford, Calgary and Windsor CMAs are all expected to have visible minority shares of 20-30% in their populations.

Within Ontario, most visible minority persons lived in CMAs in 2001. Only 67,000 or about 3% of all visible minorities in the province lived in non-metropolitan Ontario. In 2017, this number is projected to be 126,300 with a similar share of the provincial total.

In 2001, the Toronto CMA was home to the overwhelming majority of visible minority persons living in Ontario, with 79.8% or 1.8 million. The Ottawa (Ontario Part) and Hamilton CMAs followed distantly with 140,000 and 60,000 respectively. In 2017, the Toronto CMA is projected to be home to 3.2 million visible minority persons but a similar share of the provincial total at 78%.



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ONTARIO DEMOGRAPHIC FACTSHEET¹

Ministry of Finance

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	Intercensal Estimates			Postcensal Estimates				MOF Projections ²					
	1986	1991	1996	2001	2002	2003	2004	2006	2011	2016	2021	2026	2031
POPULATION (000s)													
Canada ²	26,101	28,031	29,611	31,021	31,373	31,660	31,946	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Ontario ²	9,438	10,428	11,083	11,898	12,102	12,257	12,393	12,713	13,519	14,311	15,076	15,795	16,432
Ontario as % of Canada	36.2	37.2	37.4	38.4	38.6	38.7	38.8	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Ontario Ave. Annual Growth Rate (Over previous year shown)	1.4	2.0	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8
AGE DISTRIBUTION (%)													
0-4	6.8	7.0	6.8	6.0	5.8	5.6	5.4	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.1	4.9
5-14	13.4	13.1	13.5	13.5	13.4	13.2	13.0	12.5	11.2	10.6	10.7	10.7	10.6
15-24	17.1	14.5	13.2	13.4	13.4	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.3	12.6	11.4	10.9	11.0
25-44	32.1	34.2	32.9	31.5	31.3	30.9	30.6	29.9	28.4	27.9	27.8	27.1	25.9
45-64	19.8	19.6	21.3	23.2	23.6	24.2	24.7	25.8	27.9	27.9	27.3	26.3	25.4
65-74	6.5	7.0	7.3	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.5	9.0	10.3	11.2	12.0
75+	4.2	4.6	5.0	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.9	6.1	6.4	6.7	7.3	8.7	10.1
SELECTED AGE GROUPS (%)													
0-14	20.3	20.1	20.3	19.4	19.1	18.8	18.5	17.8	16.5	15.9	15.9	15.8	15.5
15-64	69.1	68.3	67.4	68.1	68.3	68.5	68.8	69.2	69.6	68.4	66.5	64.3	62.4
65+	10.7	11.6	12.2	12.5	12.6	12.6	12.8	13.0	13.9	15.7	17.6	19.9	22.2
OTHER CHARACTERISTICS													
Total Dependency Ratio (%) ³	44.8	46.4	48.3	46.9	46.4	45.9	45.4	44.4	43.7	46.2	50.4	55.5	60.4
Median Age (yrs.)	31.9	33.3	35.0	36.7	37.0	37.4	37.7	38.2	39.4	40.4	41.3	42.3	43.3
Age Span of Baby Boom (yrs.)	21-40	26-45	31-50	36-55	37-56	38-57	39-58	41-60	46-65	51-70	56-75	61-80	66-85
Total Fertility Rate ⁴	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.5	n.a.	n.a.	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Female Life Expectancy at Birth (yrs.) ⁴	80.0	80.8	81.3	82.2	82.2	n.a.	n.a.	83.2	83.4	83.8	84.3	84.6	85.0
Male Life Expectancy at Birth (yrs.) ⁴	73.8	75.0	75.9	77.5	77.7	n.a.	n.a.	78.9	79.8	80.5	81.3	81.9	82.6
Families (000s) ⁵	2,445	2,727	2,933	3,191	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Households (000s) ⁵	3,222	3,638	3,925	4,219	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
REGIONAL DISTRIBUTION (%)													
GTA	41.4	42.0	43.0	44.6	45.0	45.3	45.6	46.1	47.1	47.9	48.5	49.1	49.5
Central (excl. GTA)	21.9	22.3	22.1	22.1	22.0	21.9	21.9	21.9	21.8	21.8	21.8	21.8	21.7
Eastern	13.9	13.8	13.8	13.5	13.4	13.4	13.3	13.2	13.0	12.9	12.8	12.7	12.6
Southwestern	14.1	13.7	13.4	13.0	12.8	12.8	12.7	12.5	12.3	12.0	11.9	11.7	11.6
Northeastern	6.2	5.8	5.4	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.4	4.0	3.8	3.5	3.3	3.1
Northwestern	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4
COMPONENTS OF CHANGE (000s) ⁶ – Year Beginning July 1 st													
Period	Population, Beginning of Period	Total Change	Births	Deaths	Natural Increase	International Migration				Interprovincial Migration			
						Immig.	Net Emig.	Net NPRs	Net	In	Out	Net	
Five-Year													
1986-91	9,438	990	712	350	362	478	62	129	544	451	387	64	
1991-96	10,428	655	738	381	357	632	123	-115	394	338	378	-40	
1996-2001	11,083	815	659	403	256	585	124	38	498	371	303	69	
Annual													
2001-02	11,898	204	129	81	48	153	19	17	151	70	65	5	
2002-03	12,102	155	129	84	45	110	19	18	109	64	64	1	
2003-04	12,257	136	128	87	41	128	19	-5	104	68	77	-9	
YTD (Jul. 1 to Mar. 31)													
2003-04	12,257	91	96	66	30	92	16	-8	68	48	56	-8	
2004-05	12,393	90	97	68	29	89	16	-5	68	43	50	-7	

- Population figures are for July 1st. Statistics Canada's population estimates and components of change are 2001 Census-based adjusted for net undercoverage.
 - Population projections for Ontario are Ontario Ministry of Finance: 2001 Census-based projections. Statistics Canada's 2001 Census-based projections for Canada and the provinces are not available to date.
 - Total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 (children) and 65+ (elderly) to the population aged 15-64 (working age population).
 - Total Fertility Rates and life expectancy estimates are for calendar year, and projections are for census year.
 - Families and households are Census data.
 - In the "Components of Change" section, flows are for the 12-month period July 1 to June 30. Net international migration is calculated as the net balance of immigrants, net emigrants and net non-permanent residents (NPRs).
- Sources: Ontario Ministry of Finance and Statistics Canada.

June 29, 2005

Office of Economic Policy
Labour and Demographic Analysis Branch