

By the Numbers: 2012 WSIB Statistical Report

Schedule 2

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Introduction – Schedule 2

In 2012, we launched www.wsibstatistics.ca, our *By the Numbers: 2011 WSIB Statistical Report*, which made our statistics more accessible and easier to use and interpret. Based on feedback we received via our online survey we have now further enhanced our report to include rate group level data and we've continued to increase the data available through our downloadable tables. This is part of our ongoing commitment to an open and transparent approach to the way we do business.

Although the Ministry of Labour is now the lead agency on prevention in Ontario, the WSIB still plays a key role in the work to make our workplaces safer and healthier. Our claims statistics provide a wealth of useful information for both the wider prevention system and individual workplaces.

A review of this report can help the reader to understand what's happening in Ontario workplaces. It provides a valuable resource for workers and employers as they continue the important work of making their workplaces safer and healthier.

Who We Are and What We Do

The WSIB administers the province's no-fault workplace insurance system for Ontario workplaces. We provide return to work, medical coverage, and wage loss benefits for workers injured on the job or contracting occupational diseases. For employers, we provide no-fault collective liability insurance and access to industry specific information about workplace fatalities, injuries and illnesses.

We are legislated by the Provincial Government of Ontario and are responsible for administering the *Workplace Safety and Insurance Act, 1997* (WSIA). We are funded by employer premiums, and to a lesser degree, income earned on our investments. The province does not provide us with any funding. We are a trust agency and are governed by an independent Board of Directors made up of representatives from employers, workers and others.

By the Numbers: 2012 WSIB Statistical Report

Employers who are registered with the WSIB are covered under either Schedule 1 or Schedule 2 of *the Act*. *By the Numbers* presents 10 years of statistics on Schedule 1 and 2 separately.

Schedule 1 employers are those for which the WSIB is liable to pay benefit compensation for workers' claims. Schedule 1 employers are required by legislation to pay premiums to the WSIB and are protected by a system of collective liability. Since the WSIB pays benefits to injured workers out of money pooled in the insurance fund, Schedule 1 employers are relieved of individual responsibility for actual accident costs.

Schedule 2 employers are employers that self-insure the provisions of benefits. Schedule 2 employers are liable to pay all benefit compensation and administration costs for the workers' claims. The WSIB administers the payment of the benefits for workers of Schedule 2 employers and recovers the cost of these benefits plus administration fees from the employers.



Discussion and Analysis – Schedule 2

The WSIB provides one of the most comprehensive workers' compensation benefit systems in North America. In 2012, we served nearly 700,000 workers, 600 employers, registered over 38,000 claims and administered \$254 million in payments to Schedule 2 workers and families.

Summary of Performance

Overall, fewer claims are entering the system and more injured workers are getting back to work sooner. Since 2003, there has been a 10% reduction in registered claims and over a 30% decline in the lost time injury rate. At the same time, the number of workers covered increased by approximately 20%.

Worker and Claim Profile

In 2012, some of the most common characteristics of lost time claims were:

- Gender: Male (51%)
- Age Group: 25 to 44
- Nature of Injury: Sprains and strains
- Event: Overexertion
- Part of Body: Low back
- Occupation: Police officers and firefighters

Our Commitment to Financial Stability and Improved Recovery and Return to Work Outcomes

Compared to the past 10 years, in 2012 we experienced:

- the lowest average days lost within one month post injury or illness

Locked-in claims are increasing as a percentage of all claims receiving an LOE benefit. However, with fewer claims entering the system and improved return to work outcomes, it is expected that over time fewer claims will require a locked-in loss of earnings award.

Over the past five years, the number of registered claims has consistently decreased, whereas benefit payments were on the rise until 2009, when a downward trend began. This trend is partially due to the continued reduction in registered claims, but more significantly reflects changes to the service delivery model, a newly implemented Health Care Strategy, and the creation of a new Work Reintegration Program.

Our modernized claims management and our new Health Care Strategy are supporting successful recovery and return to work – and the results are clear. In 2012, approximately 85% of Schedule 1 and 2 injured workers were off full Loss of Earnings (LOE) benefits within a month of a Return to Work Specialist's involvement.

High Impact Claims

The WSIB has identified a group of allowed lost time claims that have been shown to have significant impacts on workers and employers. These "high impact" claims are those involving the low back, shoulder and fractures, and have represented on average more than 35% of all lost time benefit payments and more than 30% of all lost time claims over the past five years. In addition, the average days lost for high impact claims within six months post injury or illness is consistently higher than all other lost time claims.

Recognizing that appropriate and timely medical care is important to an injured worker's recovery and return to work, the WSIB continues to invest in health care. We have expanded the network of specialized assessment and treatment services across the province for low back and shoulder injuries, resulting in better health care outcomes for injured workers in Ontario.

Improved Outcomes for Workers and Employers in Ontario

In recent years, the WSIB has demonstrated progress in modernizing all key aspects of its business – delivering better claims management, better health care, and improved support for return to work.

The WSIB is working hard to find faster, easier and more efficient ways for people to do business with us. With an improved service delivery model, a proactive health care strategy, and enhanced WSIB-managed work reintegration, the WSIB has embraced sound, effective, and proven approaches to managing and modernizing its business.

We know we can meet the challenges ahead as we continue to introduce enhanced programs and new technology to deliver even better value to workers and employers. We have more work ahead of us, but we are on-track to creating a modern, financially sustainable system that's promoting economic growth and productivity.

Data in By the Numbers: 2012 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end.

2012 Highlights – Schedule 2

Lost Time
Injury (LTI) Rate

1.85

Registered over

38,000
CLAIMS



600
EMPLOYERS
SERVED



700K
WORKERS
SERVED

Workers & Claims

Injury



LOWEST
average days lost
within one month
post injury date



MALES
Represent 52% of
workforce and 53%
of lost time claims

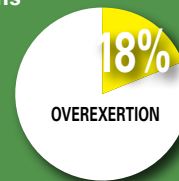
Age 55+



OLDER WORKERS INCREASING

High Impact Claims

Allowed lost time claims



Work Reintegration*

30%
of all allowed lost
time claims and



34%
of all lost time
benefit payments

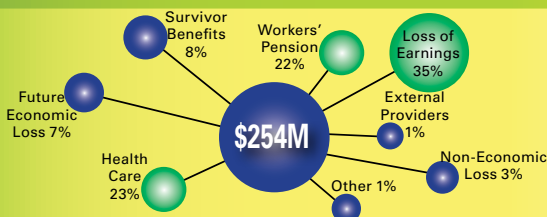
Benefit Payments



Return to Work
Specialists
made more than
23,000
workplace visits
per year.

85%

of injured workers were off full LOE
benefits **ONE MONTH** after a Return to
Work Specialist's involvement



Focus – Modernization*

* represents Schedule 1 and 2 combined



92% of
eligibility
decisions were
made within
two weeks



of calls from
employers
received
a live
answer in
an average
of less than
one minute

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Employer Profile – Schedule 2

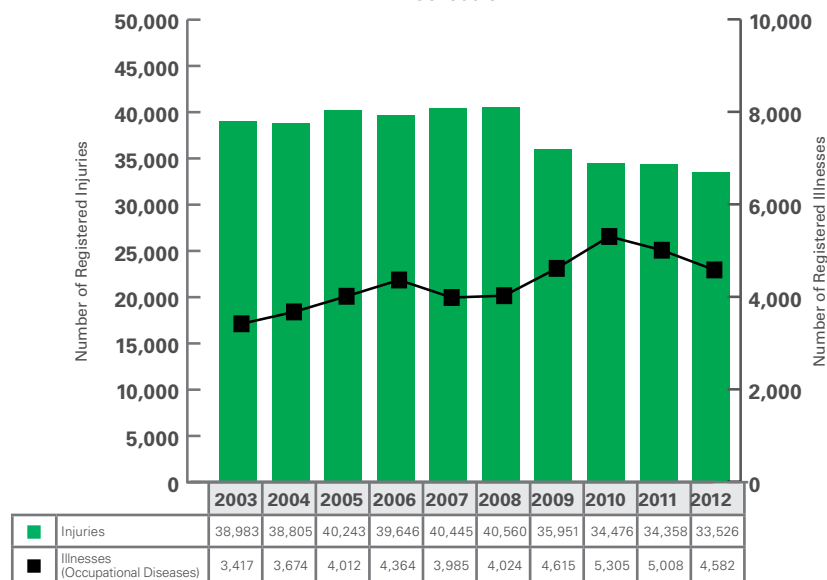
Overview

Claims for workplace injuries have decreased since 2003, showing a 14% reduction, while claims for occupational diseases have remained relatively high. At the same time, the number of workers covered has increased since 2003.

WSIB Covered Employment and Registered Claims

Schedule 2	Calendar Year									
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Number of Employers	717	630	639	636	638	629	634	611	606	600
WSIB Covered Employment	572,625	577,816	590,923	608,088	615,509	636,083	700,205	702,383	695,358	694,335
% Workforce Covered	9.2%	9.1%	9.2%	9.4%	9.3%	9.5%	10.7%	10.6%	10.3%	10.2%
Registered Claims	42,400	42,479	44,255	44,010	44,430	44,584	40,566	39,781	39,366	38,108

**Registered Claims by Injuries and Illnesses
by Registration Year**
Schedule 2



Data in By the Numbers: 2012 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end.

Employer Profile – Schedule 2 (Continued)

Overview

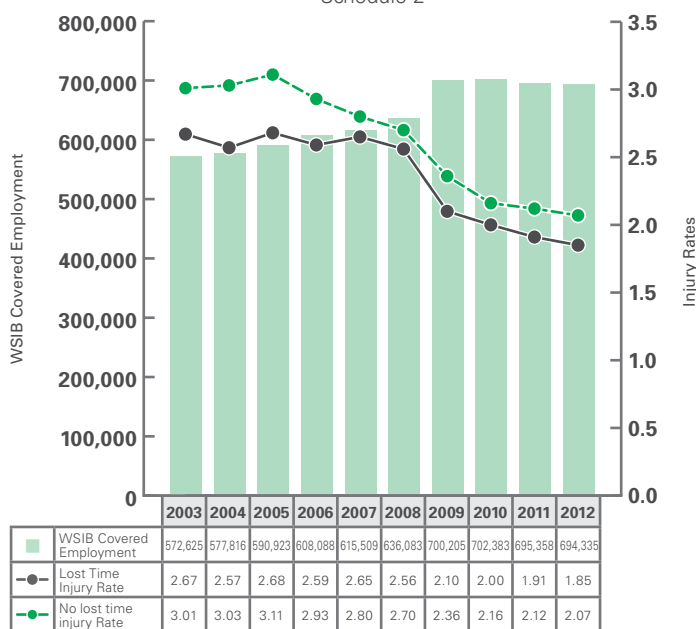
The lost time injury rate takes into account the number of lost time claims and the number of workers employed in order to represent the number of lost time claims per 100 workers. Since 2003, the lost time and no lost time injury rates have both declined by over 30%, while the number of workers covered by WSIB has increased by approximately 20%. Overall, Schedule 2 has not demonstrated the same employment trends as Schedule 1, as Schedule 2 experienced a steady increase until 2010, at which time employment levels started to stabilize.

Allowed Claims and Injury Rates

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year									
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Allowed Lost Time Claims	15,283	14,865	15,850	15,778	16,339	16,268	14,739	14,040	13,301	12,823
Allowed No Lost Time Claims	17,241	17,487	18,355	17,816	17,220	17,182	16,503	15,192	14,721	14,371
WSIB Covered Employment	572,625	577,816	590,923	608,088	615,509	636,083	700,205	702,383	695,358	694,335
Lost Time Injury Rate	2.67	2.57	2.68	2.59	2.65	2.56	2.10	2.00	1.91	1.85
No Lost Time Injury Rate	3.01	3.03	3.11	2.93	2.80	2.70	2.36	2.16	2.12	2.07

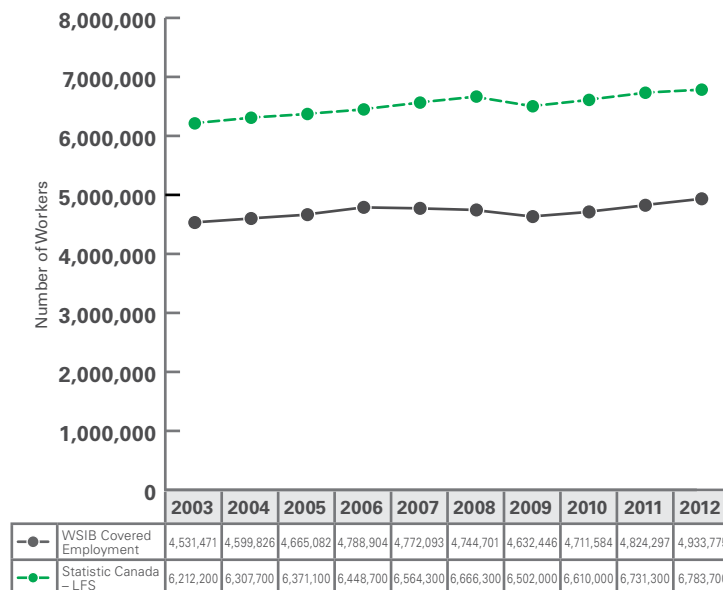
WSIB Covered Employment and Injury Rates by Illness/Injury Year

Schedule 2



Employment Trends by Calendar Year

Schedule 1 & 2



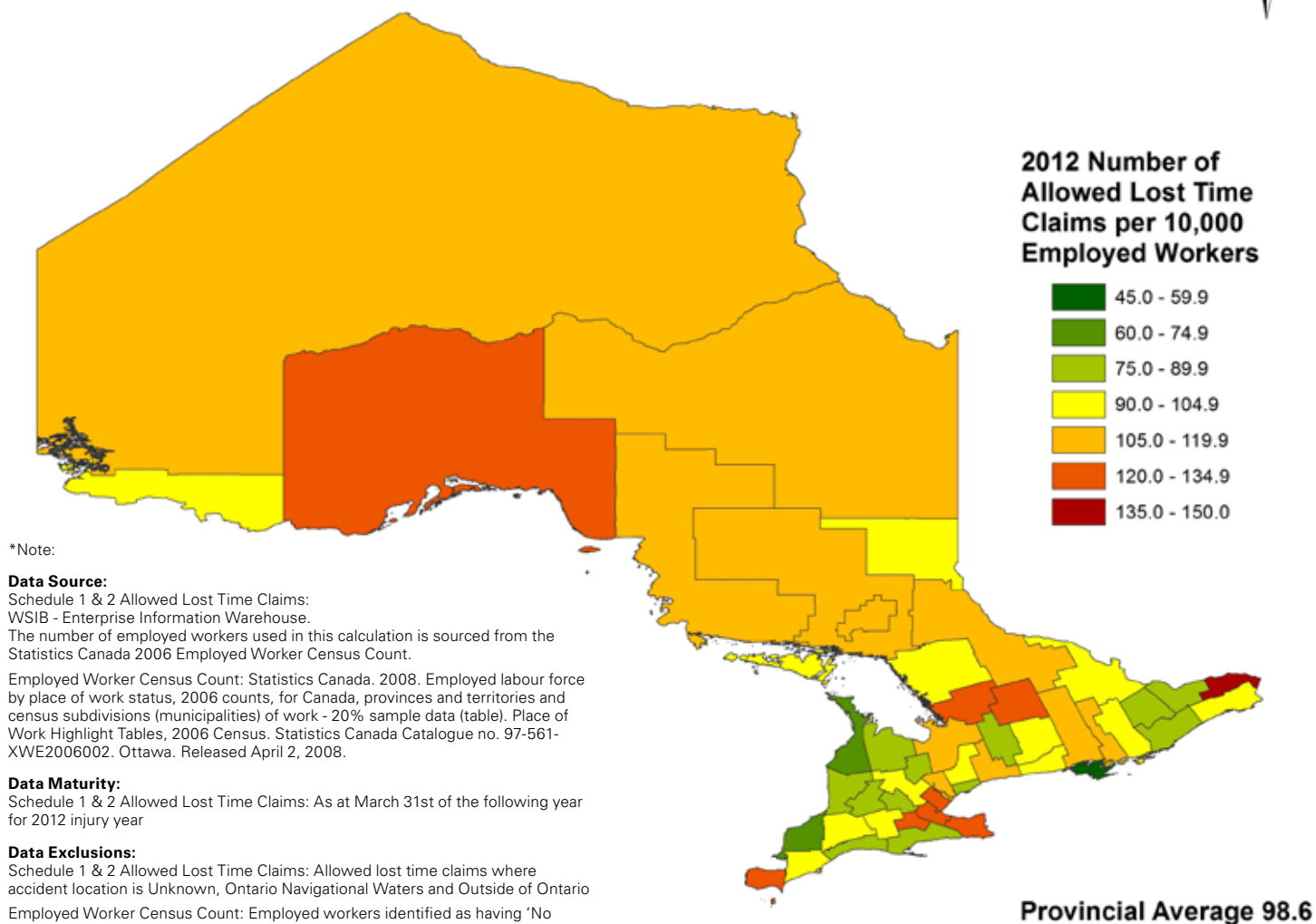
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Claim Profile – Schedule 2

2012 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Accident Location

The map below highlights the number of 2012 Schedule 1 and 2 allowed lost time claims per 10,000 employed workers by accident location. The number of employed workers used in this calculation is sourced from the Statistics Canada 2006 Employed Worker Census Count. WSIB accident location has been mapped to Statistics Canada 2006 Census Districts for the province of Ontario. The 2012 Provincial Average for Ontario is 98.6 allowed lost time claims per 10,000 employed workers.

2012 Number of Allowed Lost Time Claims Per 10,000 Employed Workers by Statistics Canada Census District* for Ontario



*Note:

Data Source:

Schedule 1 & 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims:
WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse.
The number of employed workers used in this calculation is sourced from the Statistics Canada 2006 Employed Worker Census Count.

Employed Worker Census Count: Statistics Canada. 2008. Employed labour force by place of work status, 2006 counts, for Canada, provinces and territories and census subdivisions (municipalities) of work - 20% sample data (table). Place of Work Highlight Tables, 2006 Census. Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 97-561-XWE2006002. Ottawa. Released April 2, 2008.

Data Maturity:

Schedule 1 & 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: As at March 31st of the following year for 2012 injury year

Data Exclusions:

Schedule 1 & 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: Allowed lost time claims where accident location is Unknown, Ontario Navigational Waters and Outside of Ontario
Employed Worker Census Count: Employed workers identified as having 'No Fixed Place of Work'

Formula for Number of Lost Time Claims per 10,000 Employed Workers:

(Number of Schedule 1 & 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims/Statistics Canada Employed Worker Census Count) x 10,000

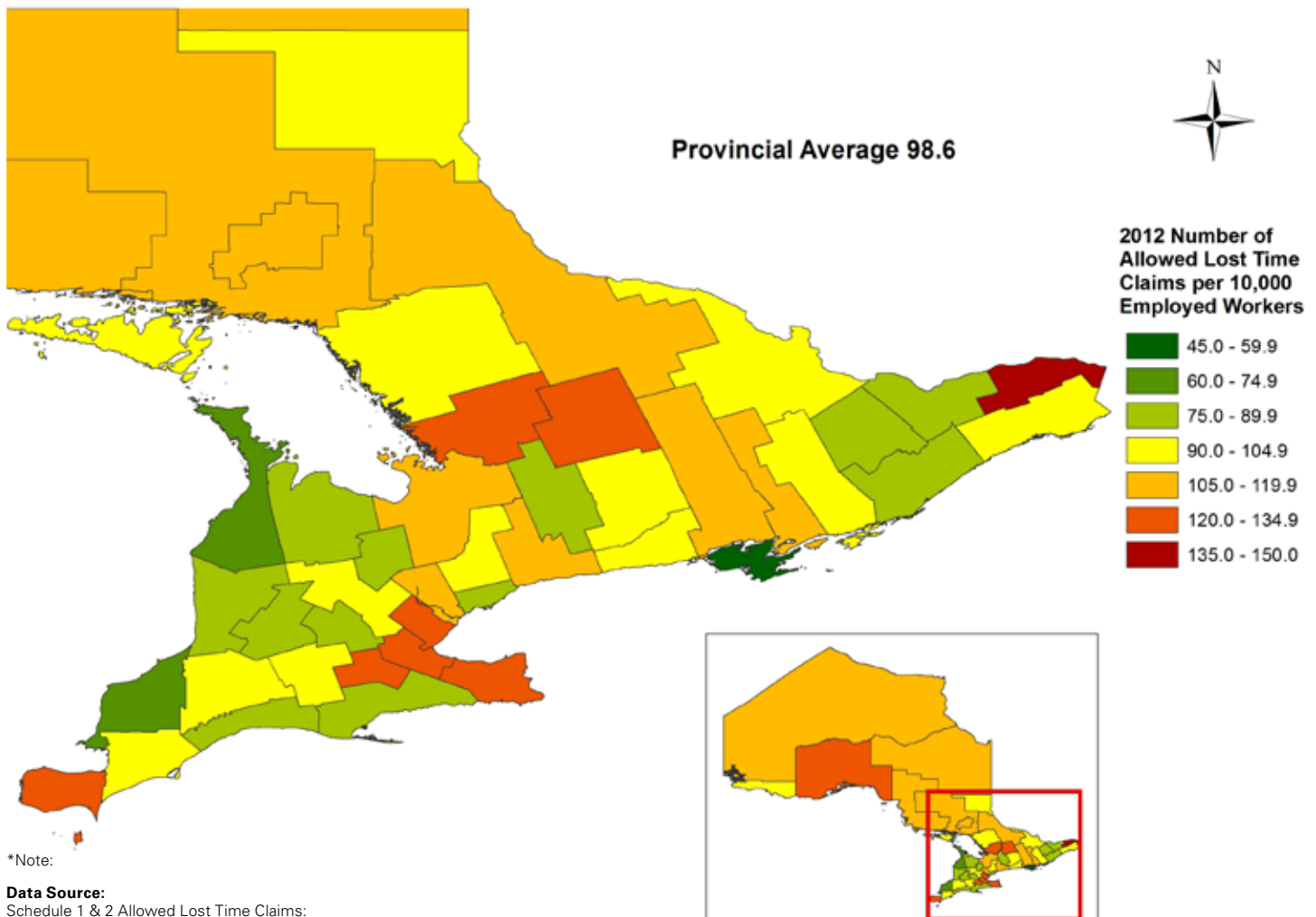
See Appendix for additional data on the number of allowed lost time claims per 10,000 employed workers by accident location.

(Continued)

Data in By the Numbers: 2012 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end.

Claim Profile – Schedule 2 (Continued)

**2012 Number of Allowed Lost Time Claims Per 10,000 Employed Workers by Statistics Canada
Census District* for Southern Ontario**



Data Source:

Schedule 1 & 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims:
WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse.

The number of employed workers used in this calculation is sourced from the
Statistics Canada 2006 Employed Worker Census Count.

Employed Worker Census Count: Statistics Canada. 2008. Employed labour force
by place of work status, 2006 counts, for Canada, provinces and territories and
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Employed Worker Census Count: Employed workers identified as having 'No
Fixed Place of Work'

Formula for Number of Lost Time Claims per 10,000 Employed Workers:

(Number of Schedule 1 & 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims/Statistics Canada
Employed Worker Census Count) x 10,000

See Appendix for additional data on the number of allowed lost time claims per 10,000 employed workers
by accident location.

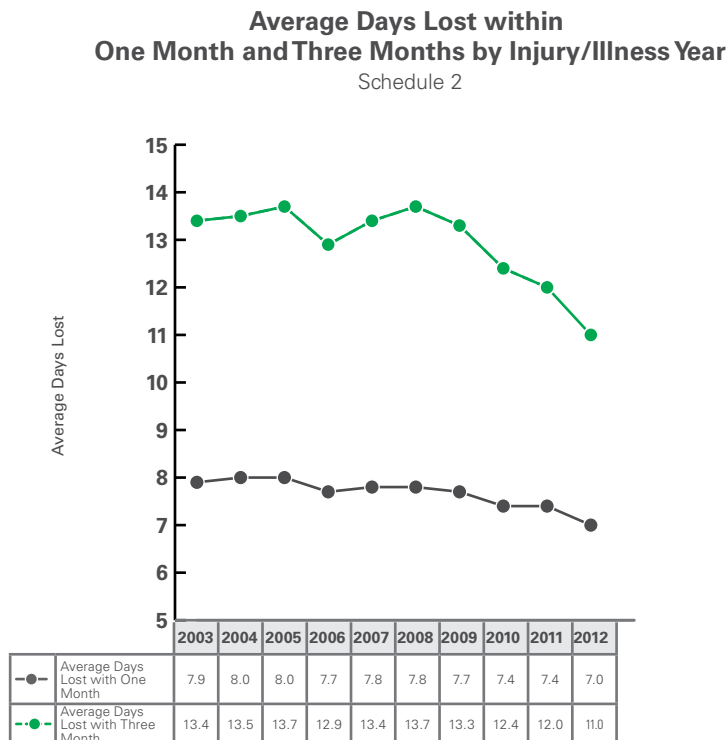
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Claim Profile – Schedule 2 (Continued)

Allowed Lost Time Claims Average Days Lost

The average days lost is the average number of days for which wage loss benefits were paid. Improved recovery and return to work outcomes will be reflected in both of these measures.

In 2012, the average days lost within one month and three months post injury or illness was the lowest it has been in 10 years, at 7.0 and 11.0 respectively.



(Continued)

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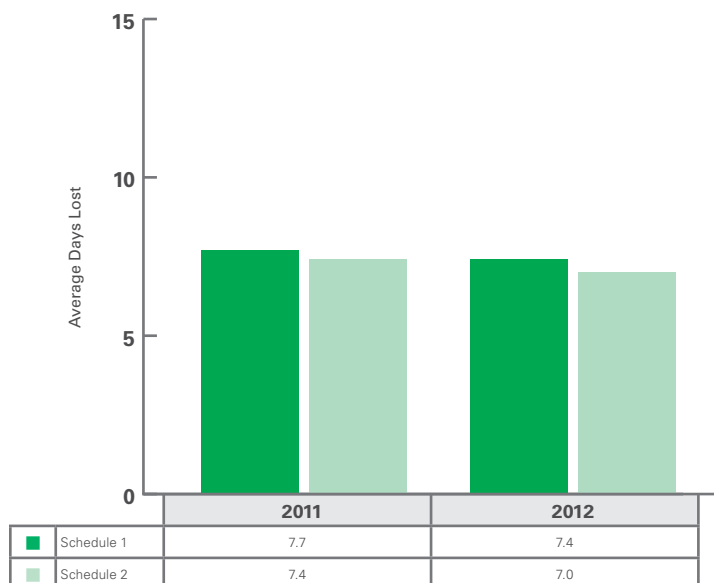
Claim Profile – Schedule 2 (Continued)

Allowed Lost Time Claims Average Days Lost Within One Month

In 2012, both Schedule 1 and 2 experienced a decline in the average days lost within one month and three months, when compared to prior year. In 2011 and 2012, Schedule 2 experienced lower average days lost within one month and three months post injury or illness, when compared to Schedule 1.

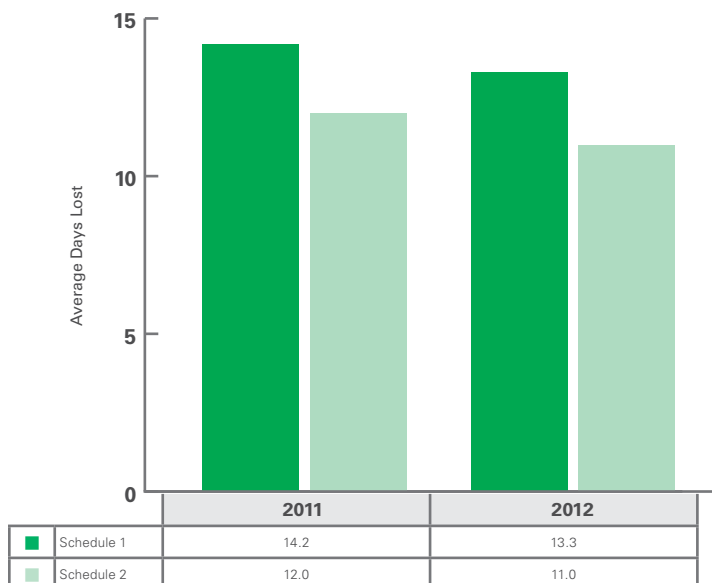
Comparison of Average Days Lost
within One Month
by Injury/Illness Year

Schedule 1 & 2



Comparison of Average Days Lost
within Three Months
by Injury/Illness Year

Schedule 1 & 2



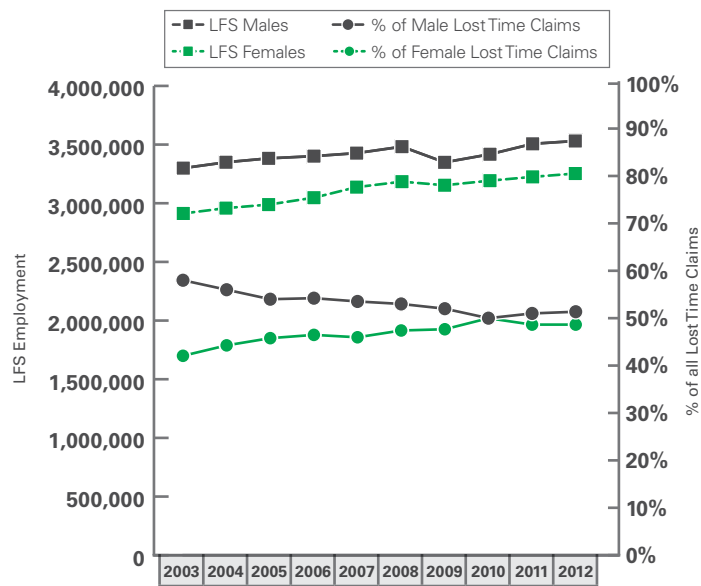
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Worker Profile – Schedule 2

Allowed Lost Time Claims by Age and Gender

Between 2003 and 2012, the average percentage for all allowed lost time claims for males and females was 53% and 47% respectively. While Schedule 1 had a greater proportion of lost time claims from male workers (63%), Schedule 2 represented a more even distribution. This distribution is more closely aligned to the Statistics Canada’s Labour Force Survey (LFS), which shows that over the past 10 years, the average gender distribution of Ontario’s employed workforce was 52% male and 48% female, indicating that the demographic of lost time claims in Schedule 2 is more closely aligned to the gender distribution of Ontario’s employed workforce.

Percentage of Schedule 2 Lost Time Claims by Gender Compared to Statistics Canada’s LFS Employment by Injury/Illness Year



See Appendix for historical and additional data on Age and Gender

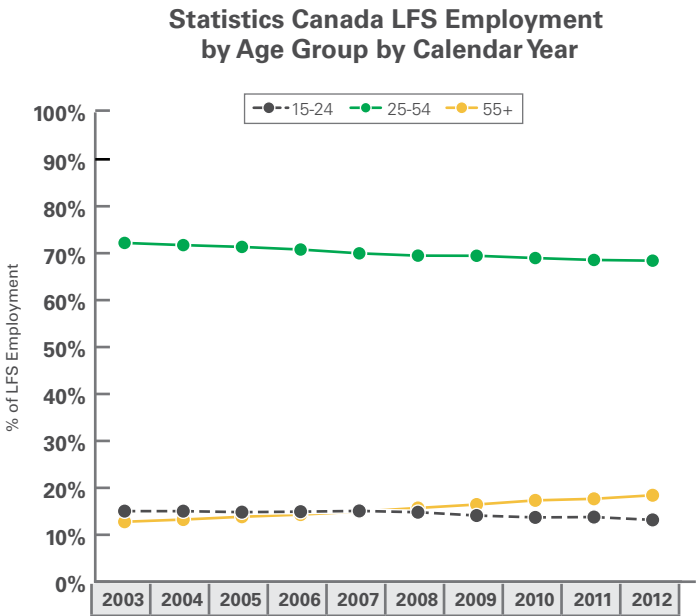
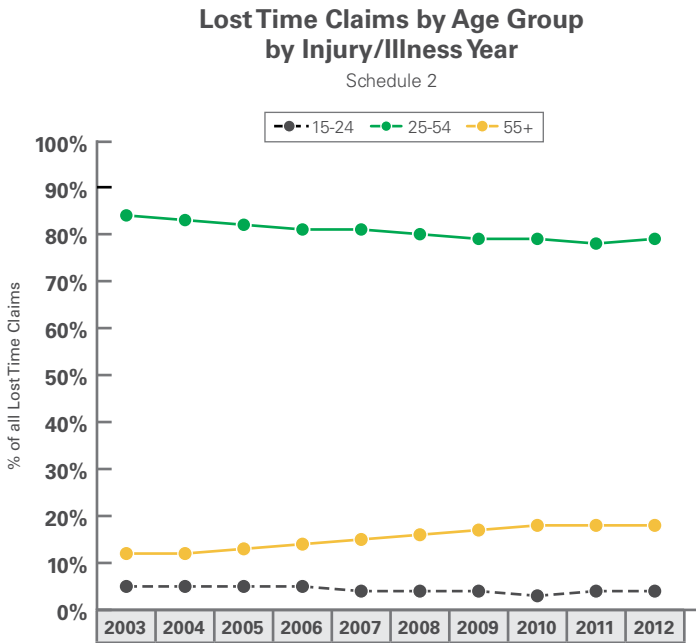
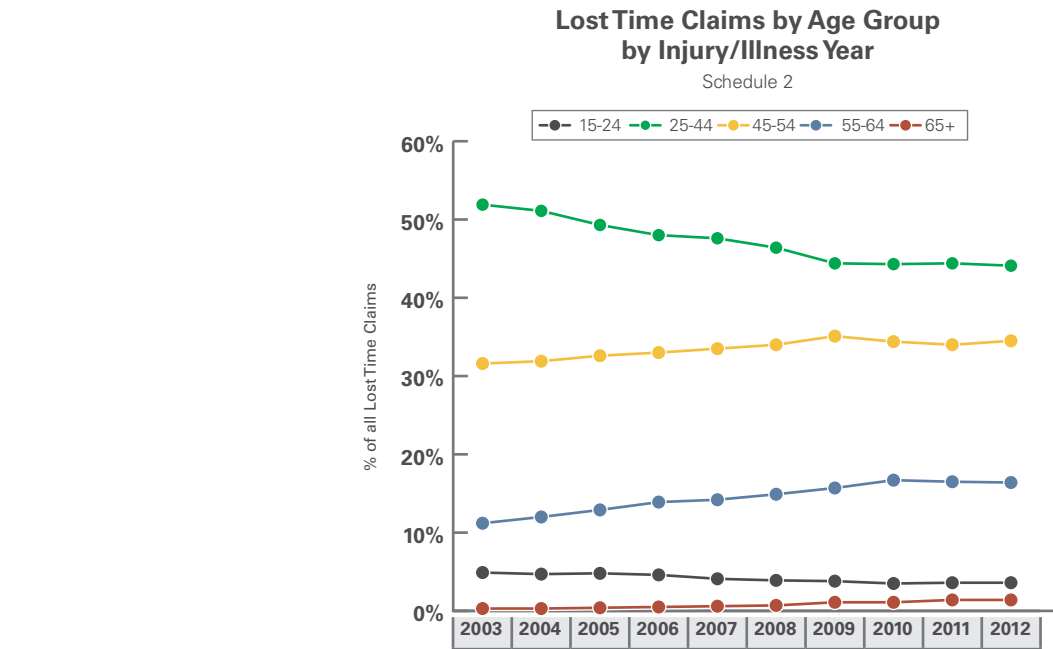
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Worker Profile – Schedule 2 (Continued)

Allowed Lost Time Claims by Age and Gender

In 2012, two age groups comprised the majority of lost time claims, those between 25 to 44 and 45 to 54. Since 2003, the two older age groups (55 to 64 and 65+) increased as a percentage of all allowed lost time claims, whereas the younger age groups (<25 and 25 to 44) decrease. This is a reflection of the continued aging of Ontario’s workforce, and is consistent with Statistics Canada’s employment trends.



See Appendix for historical and additional data on Age and Gender

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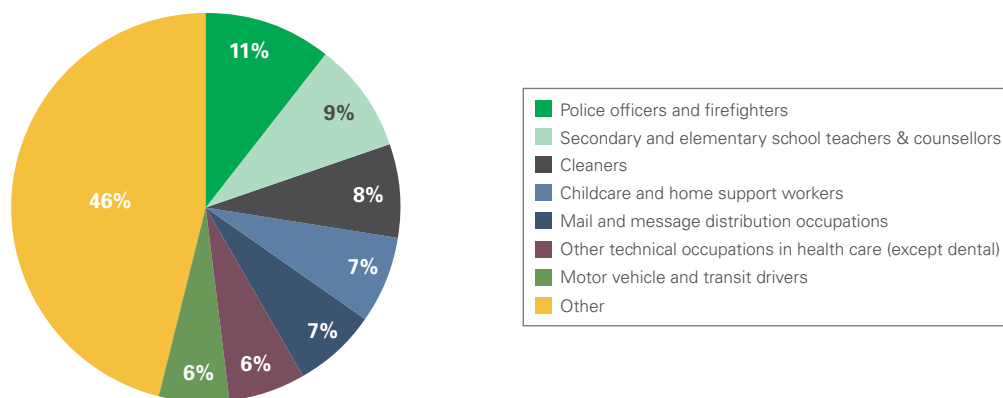
Worker Profile – Schedule 2

2012 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Leading Occupations

Ontario has a diverse workforce undertaking a wide variety of occupations. Over the past 10 years, lost time claims were spread across more than 150 occupations, with Police Officers/Firefighters, Cleaners, Mail and Message Distribution Occupations and Secondary/Elementary School Teachers/Counsellors representing the occupations with the highest number of lost time claims.

In 2012, of the seven leading occupations, workers between the ages of 50 to 54 represented the leading age group for four of these occupations. The leading occupation for female workers was Secondary/Elementary School Teachers /Counsellors, whereas Police Officers/Firefighters represented the leading occupation for male workers. In all cases the leading nature of injury was sprains and strains.

2012 Leading Occupations
Schedule 2



2012 Leading Occupation Characteristics

*Leading characteristics are independent from one another

Schedule 2	Leading Age Group	Leading Gender	Leading Event	Leading Source	Leading Part of Body	Leading Nature of Injury
Police Officers and Firefighters	35-39	Male	Bodily reaction	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Leg(s)	Sprains and strains
Secondary and Elementary School Teachers & Counsellors	50-54	Female	Fall on same level	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Multiple body parts	Sprains and strains
Cleaners	50-54	Male	Overexertion	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Low back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Sprains and strains
Childcare and Home Support Workers	50-54	Female	Fall on same level	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Multiple body parts	Sprains and strains
Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	50-54	Female	Bodily reaction	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Low back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Sprains and strains
Other Technical Occupations In Health Care (Except Dental)	35-39	Male	Overexertion	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Low back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Sprains and strains
Motor Vehicle and Transit Drivers	45-49	Male	Highway accidents	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Body systems	Sprains and strains

See Appendix for historical and additional data on Occupation

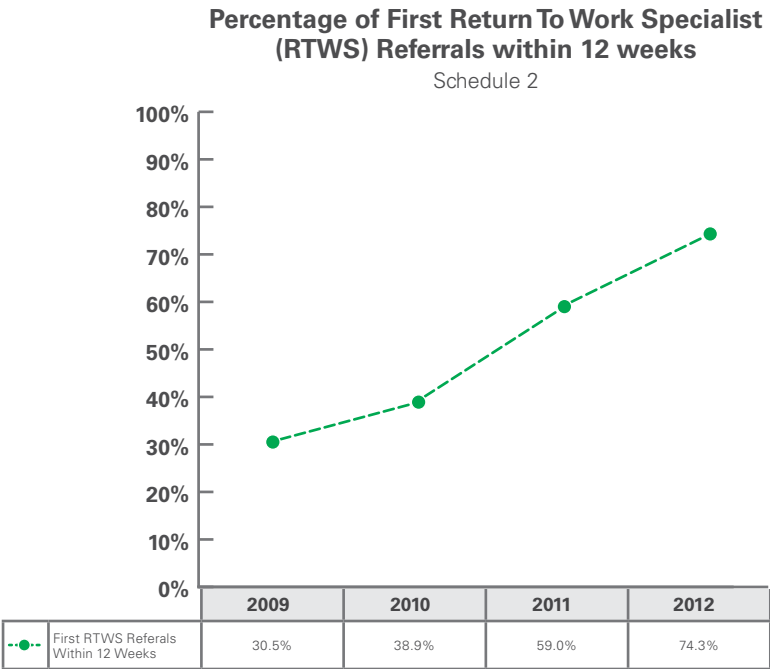
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Work Reintegration – Schedule 2

Referrals to Return to Work Specialists

Since 2009, when the role was introduced, initial referrals to Return to Work Specialists within 12 weeks of the date of injury or latest recurrence have increased steadily from 30.5% to 74.3%. This increase is due in part to improved referral processes and recognition of the value of early return to work in a worker’s recovery. In 2012, approximately 85% of Schedule 1 and 2 injured workers were off full Loss of Earnings (LOE) benefits within a month of a Return to Work Specialist’s involvement.

In 2012, our Return to Work Specialists and Work Transition Specialists made 23,000 Schedule 1 and 2 workplace visits to help workers and employers negotiate successful, safe return to work. In addition to the introduction of new roles to support return to work, we have also significantly increased program oversight of return to work since 2009 – meaning more quality management and accountability for ourselves and our providers.



Work Reintegration – Schedule 2 (Continued)

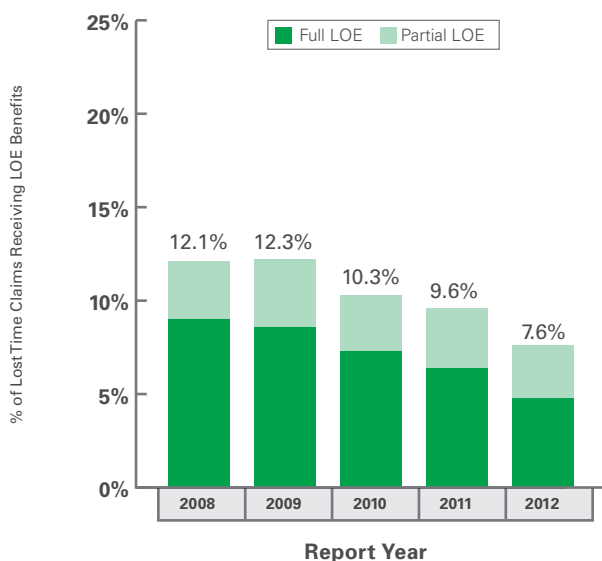
Allowed Lost Time Claims Receiving Loss of Earnings (LOE) Benefits

Loss of Earnings (LOE) benefits are the wage loss benefits for time lost from work due to a work related injury or illness occurring on or after January 1, 1998. Improved recovery and return to work outcomes will be reflected in this measure.

The bar graphs below illustrate the percentage of claims receiving LOE benefits at three and six months. Each bar is split by level of LOE benefits – full and partial. Over the past five years, there has been a shift in claims durations to levels lower than those in 2008. Upon further analysis of these graphs it can be seen that the overall improvement is due to the decrease in the percentage of claims receiving full LOE benefits.

Percentage of Lost Time Claims Receiving Loss of Earnings (LOE) Benefits at Three Months By Report Year

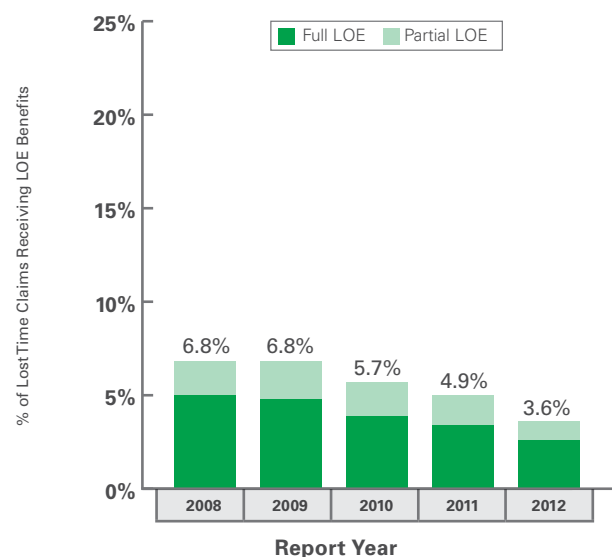
Schedule 2



Each year is based on a 12 month period (October to September), as of December 31st

Percentage of Lost Time Claims Receiving Loss of Earnings (LOE) Benefits at Six Months by Report Year

Schedule 2



Each year is based on a 12 month period (July to June), as of December 31st

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Work Reintegration – Schedule 2 (Continued)

Work Transition (WT)/Labour Market Re-Entry (LMR)

The WSIB's Better at Work philosophy guides our Work Reintegration Strategy, comprising of our Return to Work and Work Transition programs. The new program is replacing the Labour Market Re-Entry (LMR) program and enhances services for workers and employers. Statistics show that, as we transition to the new strategy, we are already seeing improved outcomes for injured workers and reduced costs.

The new Work Reintegration Strategy recognizes that:

- Workers and employers know their workplaces best, but they may benefit from help to understand their roles and responsibilities in the creation of fair, mutually beneficial return to work plans
- We need to take a more active role in cases where return to work is not possible
- We need to provide injured workers with more choices in their Work Transition Plans, and we need to play an active role in making sure these plans give them the retraining they need

By integrating our Return to Work and previous LMR programs into a new Work Reintegration program, the WSIB has been able to improve return to work outcomes for workers through better case management, assessments, and work reintegration planning while still reducing program costs.

Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry Program Costs (in thousands)

Schedule 1 & 2	2009 (000s)	2010 (000s)	2011 (000s)	2012 (000s)
WT/LMR Program Costs	\$167,913	\$155,546	\$88,951	\$66,544
Assessments/Evaluations	\$14,854	\$10,905	\$5,520	\$5,488
Education/Training	\$77,748	\$73,257	\$38,850	\$36,220
Placement & Retention	\$4,898	\$6,738	\$8,224	\$6,500
Provider Related	\$32,258	\$30,865	\$11,867	\$(75)
Supplies & Equipment	\$8,985	\$7,966	\$5,205	\$4,159
Travel Related	\$24,652	\$24,589	\$17,419	\$12,538
Other	\$4,518	\$1,225	\$1,866	\$1,714
WT Administrative Costs*	N/A	N/A	\$20,700	\$24,600
Total	\$167.9 (\$M)	\$155.5 (\$M)	\$109.7 (\$M)	\$91.1 (\$M)

* Unable to separate WT Administrative Costs between Schedule 1 and 2, therefore the costs represent both Schedule 1 and 2 combined.

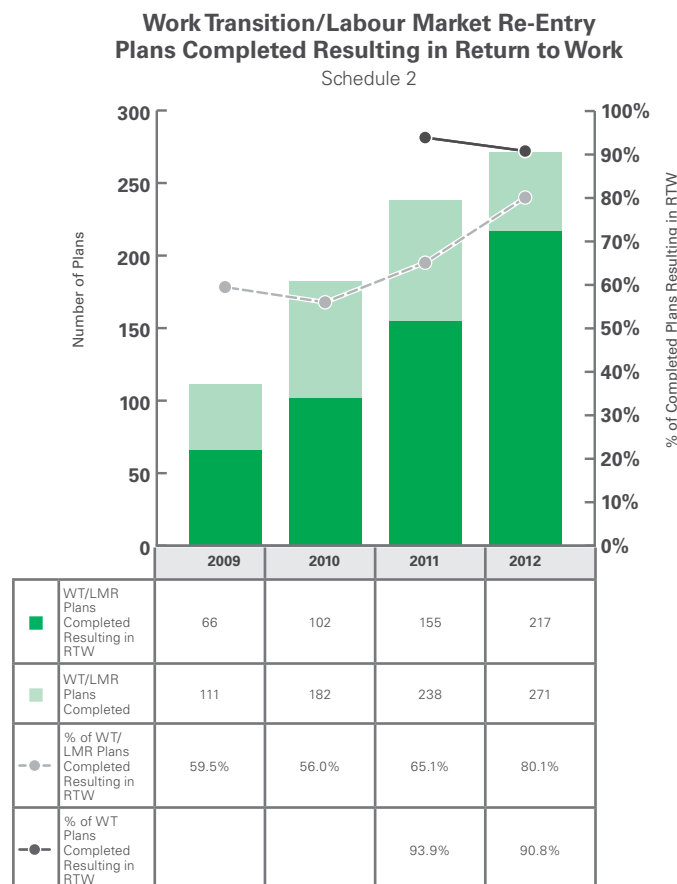
Work Reintegration – Schedule 2 (Continued)

Completed Work Transition/Labour Market Re-Entry Plans

Since the implementation of the Work Transition (WT) program, the percentage of cases with completed plans resulting in return to work either with the injury employer or a new employer is showing a steady increase from employment outcomes achieved under the earlier Labour Market Re-entry (LMR) program.

As a number of cases were transitioned from the LMR program to the WT program, results in 2011 and 2012 demonstrate employment outcomes achieved by both programs. Cases exclusively serviced by the WT Program show significantly better results (93.9% in 2011 and 90.8% in 2012) compared to the combined results of the WT/LMR programs (65.1% in 2011 and 80.1% in 2012).

2011 was the first year of the WT program and as a result there is an overrepresentation of employment outcomes in the statistics for that year due to shorter term WT plans.

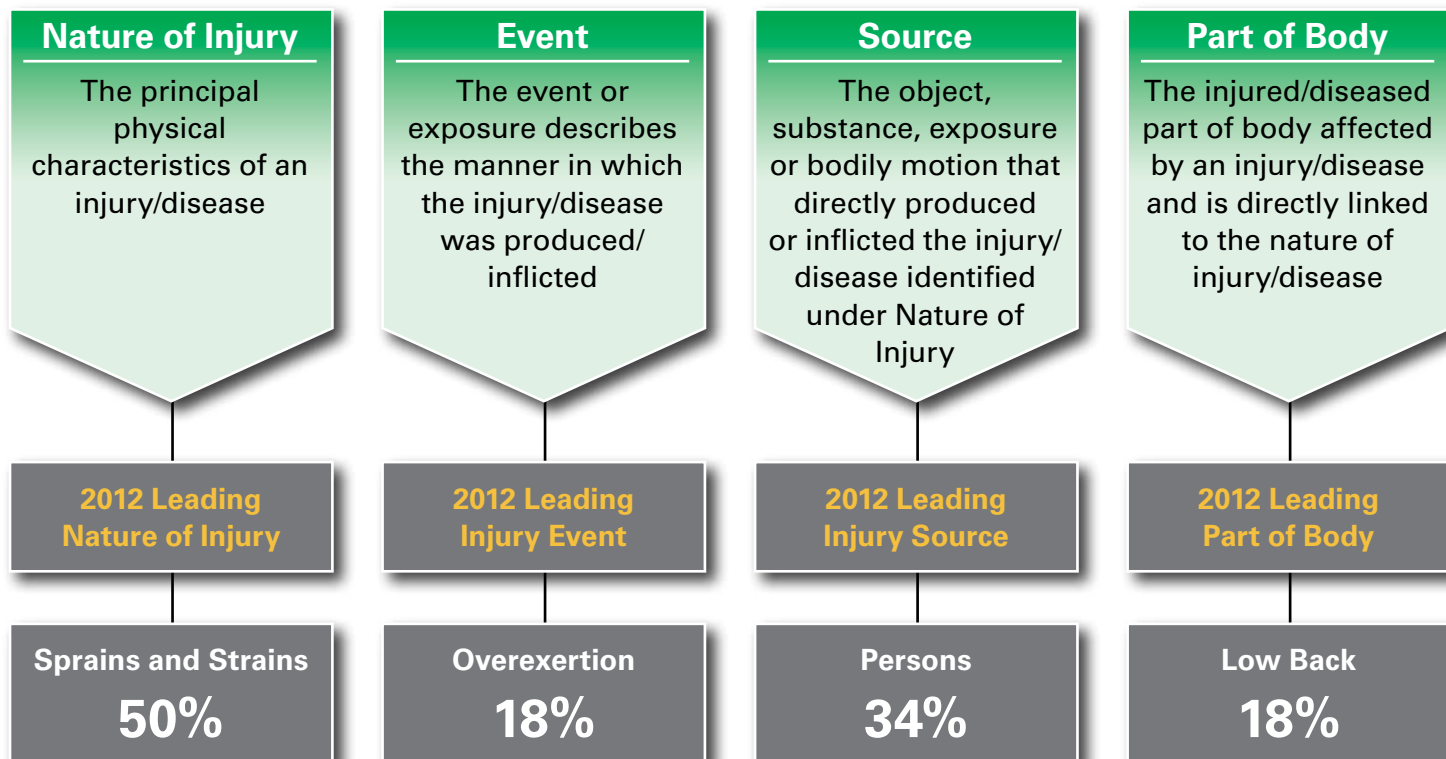


Data in By the Numbers: 2012 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end.

Injury Profile – Schedule 2

2012 Schedule 2 Leading Injury Characteristics

Most Workers' Compensation Boards and Commissions in Canada code the injury details of a claim using the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding injury details. The WSIB adheres to this standard and codes all lost time claims into four categories: Nature of Injury, Event, Source and Part of Body.



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Injury Profile – Schedule 2 (Continued)

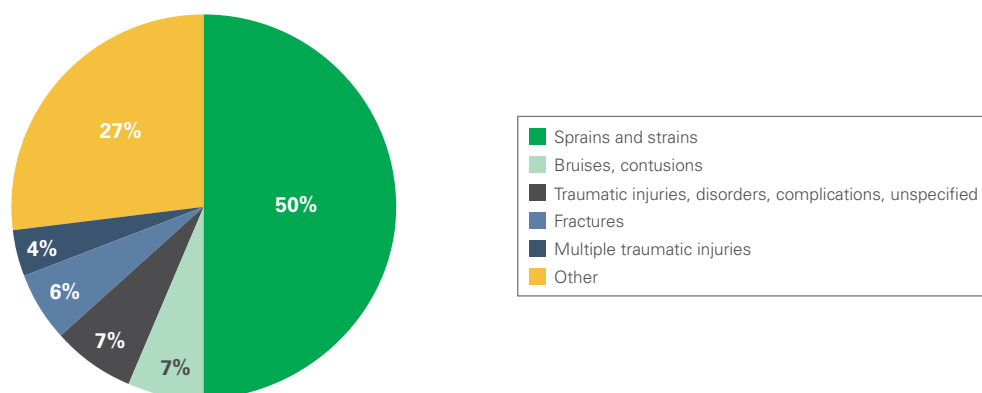
2012 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Leading Nature of Injury

Over the past 10 years, Sprains and Strains have consistently represented the leading nature of injury. In 2012, they represented 50% of all lost time claims, compared to 52% in 2011. Bruises/Contusions were the nature of injury that accounted for the next greatest percentage of lost time claims in 2012, with 7%.

Unlike Schedule 1, female workers in Schedule 2 represented the greatest percentage of lost time claims in most of the five leading nature of injury categories, in 2012. These types of injuries tended to be highest among the 45 to 54 age group, and concentrated within two occupations: Secondary/Elementary School Teachers/Counsellors, and Police Officers/Firefighters. Of the five leading natures of injury, the leading event causing all but one of these was Fall on Same Level.

2012 Leading Nature of Injury

Schedule 2



2012 Leading Nature of Injury Characteristics

*Leading characteristics are independent from one another

Schedule 2	Leading Age Group	Leading Gender	Leading Occupation	Leading Event	Leading Source	Leading Part of Body
Sprains and strains	45-49	Male	Police Officers and Firefighters	Overexertion	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Low back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Bruises, contusions	45-49	Female	Secondary and Elementary School Teachers & Counsellors	Fall on same level	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Leg(s)
Traumatic injuries, disorders, complications, unspecified, NEC	50-54	Female	Secondary and Elementary School Teachers & Counsellors	Fall on same level	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Multiple body parts
Fractures	50-54	Female	Secondary and Elementary School Teachers & Counsellors	Fall on same level	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Ankle(s)
Multiple traumatic injuries	50-54	Female	Secondary and Elementary School Teachers & Counsellors	Fall on same level	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Multiple body parts

See Appendix for historical and additional data on Nature of Injury.

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Injury Profile – Schedule 2 (Continued)

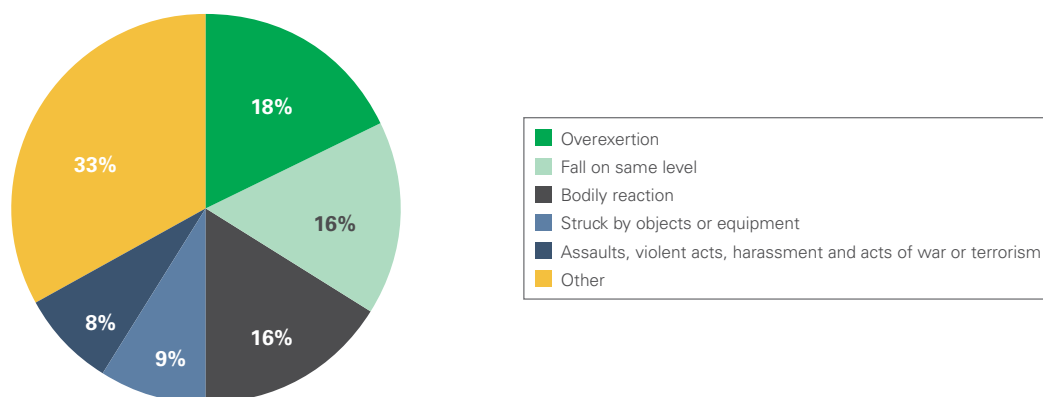
2012 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Leading Injury Event

Similar to Schedule 1, Overexertion has consistently represented the leading injury event over the past 10 years. In 2012, Overexertion accounted for 18% of all lost time claims, down from 22% in 2003. Fall on Same Level and Bodily Reaction were the injury events that accounted for the next greatest percentages of lost time claims in 2012, with 16% each.

When comparing Schedule 1 and 2, Assaults and Violent Acts was a leading event for Schedule 2, representing 8% of all lost time claims in 2012, whereas in Schedule 1 they only represented 2%.

In 2012, female workers in Schedule 2 accounted for the greatest percentage of lost time claims for the following three leading injury events: Fall on Same Level, Struck by Objects or Equipment, and Assaults and Violent Acts. Of the five leading injury event categories, workers aged 45 to 54 represented the highest number of lost time claims, except for Assaults and Violent Acts, which was most prevalent amongst those workers 35 to 39 years old.

2012 Leading Injury Event
Schedule 2



2012 Leading Injury Event Characteristics
*Leading characteristics are independent from one another

Schedule 2	Leading Age Group	Leading Gender	Leading Occupation	Leading Nature of Injury	Leading Source	Leading Part of Body
Overexertion	45-49	Male	Other technical occupations in health care (except dental)	Sprains and strains	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Low back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Fall on same level	50-54	Female	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Sprains and strains	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Multiple body parts
Bodily reaction	45-49	Male	Police officers and firefighters	Sprains and strains	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Leg(s)
Struck by objects or equipment	50-54	Female	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Bruises, contusions	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Cranial region, including skull
Assaults, violent acts, harassment and acts of war or terrorism	35-39	Female	Police officers and firefighters	Sprains and strains	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Multiple body parts

See Appendix for historical and additional data on Injury Event

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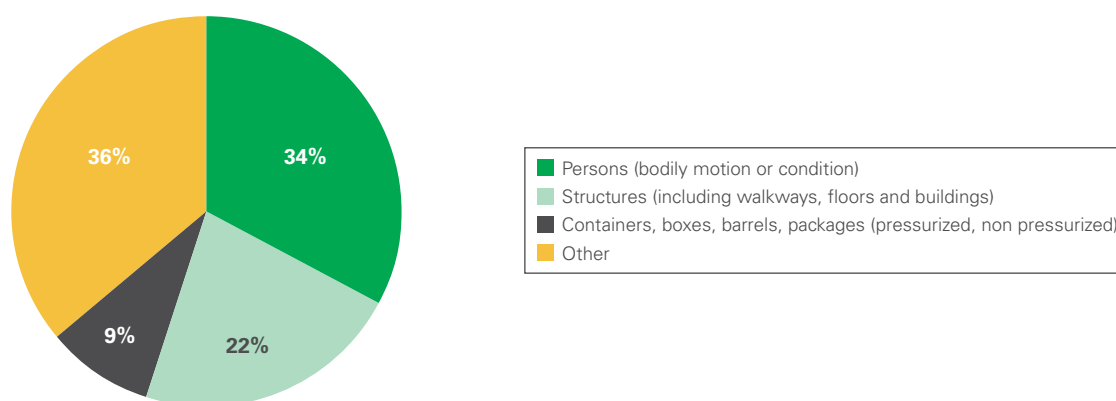
Injury Profile – Schedule 2 (Continued)

2012 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Leading Injury Source

Over the past 10 years, Persons (bodily motion or condition) has consistently represented the injury source with the greatest number of lost time claims, and accounted for 34% of all lost time claims in 2012.

In 2012, among the three leading sources of injury, female workers represented the greatest percentage of lost time claims for two of these (Persons and Structures). Similar to Schedule 1, these leading injury sources tended to be highest among the 45 to 54 age group, and the leading nature of injury for all three leading sources was Sprains and Strains.

2012 Leading Injury Source
Schedule 2



2012 Leading Injury Source Characteristics

*Leading characteristics are independent from one another

Schedule 2	Leading Age Group	Leading Gender	Leading Occupation	Leading Event	Leading Nature of Injury	Leading Part of Body
Persons (bodily motion or condition)	45-49	Female	Police officers and firefighters	Bodily reaction	Sprains and strains	Low back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	50-54	Female	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Fall on same level	Sprains and strains	Multiple body parts
Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	45-49	Male	Other transport equipment operators and related workers	Overexertion	Sprains and strains	Low back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)

See Appendix for historical and additional data on Injury Source.

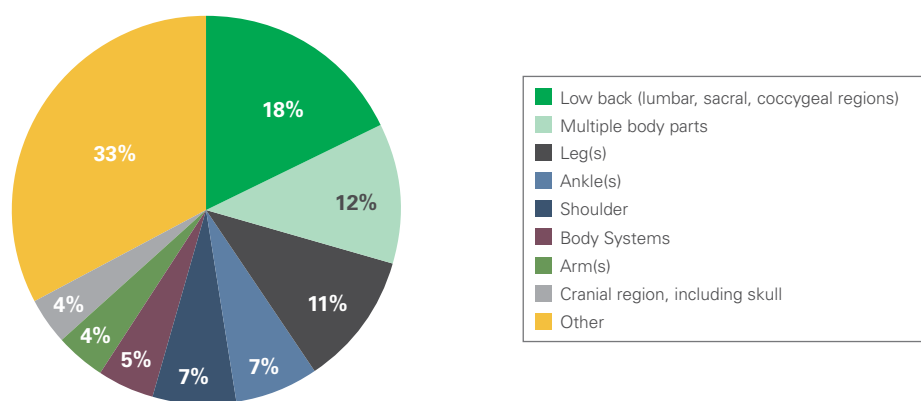
Injury Profile – Schedule 2 (Continued)

2012 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Part of Body

Similar to Schedule 1, the Low Back has consistently represented the leading part of body injured over the past 10 years. In 2012, injuries to the low back accounted for 18% of all Schedule 2 lost time claims, followed by Multiple Body Parts, and Leg(s), accounting for 12% and 11% respectively.

In 2012, injuries to these parts of body were the highest among male workers and workers in the older age groups (45 to 54). The leading nature of injury for these eight parts of body was Sprains and Strains, and the leading source was Persons.

2012 Leading Part of Body
Schedule 2



2012 Leading Part of Body Characteristics

*Leading characteristics are independent from one another

Schedule 2	Leading Age Group	Leading Gender	Leading Occupation	Leading Event	Leading Nature of Injury	Leading Source
Low back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	45-49	Male	Other technical occupations in health care (except dental)	Overexertion	Sprains and strains	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Multiple body parts	50-54	Female	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Fall on same level	Sprains and strains	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Leg(s)	45-49; 50-54	Male	Police officers and firefighters	Bodily reaction	Sprains and strains	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Ankle(s)	45-49	Male	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Bodily reaction	Sprains and strains	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Shoulder	50-54	Male	Cleaners	Overexertion	Sprains and strains	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Body systems	35-39	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Exposure to harmful substances or environments, unspecified, NEC	Mental disorders or syndromes	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Arm(s)	50-54	Male	Police officers and firefighters	Overexertion	Sprains and strains	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Cranial region, including skull	45-49	Female	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Struck by objects or equipment	Concussion	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)

See Appendix for historical and additional data on Part of Body.

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High Impact Claims – Schedule 2

High Impact Claims

High impact claims is a term used to identify allowed lost time claims that have been shown to have significant impacts on workers and employers. The WSIB is focused on mitigating the risks for these claims to maximize return to work, recovery outcomes and to reduce costs. The WSIB has implemented many initiatives to improve outcomes in these claims, including specialized case management teams, new evidence-based health services and expedited access to expert medical intervention.

We have identified three types of high impact claims, those involving the Low Back, Shoulder and Fractures. Over the past five years, these three types of claims represented approximately 35% of all benefit payments and more than 30% of all lost time claims each year.

In 2012, these high impact claims represented approximately 34% of all benefit payments for allowed lost time claims.

**High Impact Claims by Benefit Payment Percentage
by Payment Year**

Schedule 2



(Continued)

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High Impact Claims – Schedule 2 (Continued)

Since 2008, the average days lost within three and six months post injury or illness was higher for high impact claims in comparison to all other lost time claims combined. In 2012, the average days lost within three months decreased for both high impact and all other lost time claims when compared to 2011.

The WSIB's continued focus on programs resulting in recovery and return to work outcomes has contributed to the steady decrease in average days lost for high impact claims.

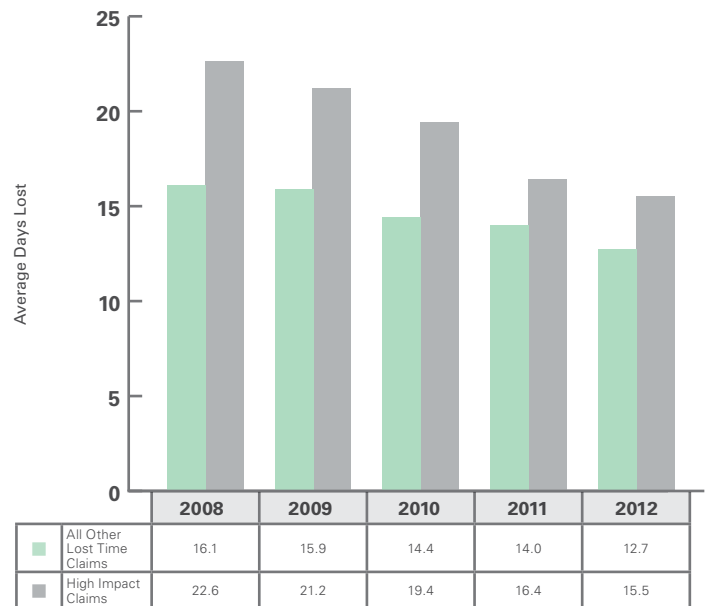
**High Impact Claims
Average Days Lost within Three Months
by Injury/Illness Year**

Schedule 2



**High Impact Claims
Average Days Lost within Six Months
by Injury/Illness Year**

Schedule 2

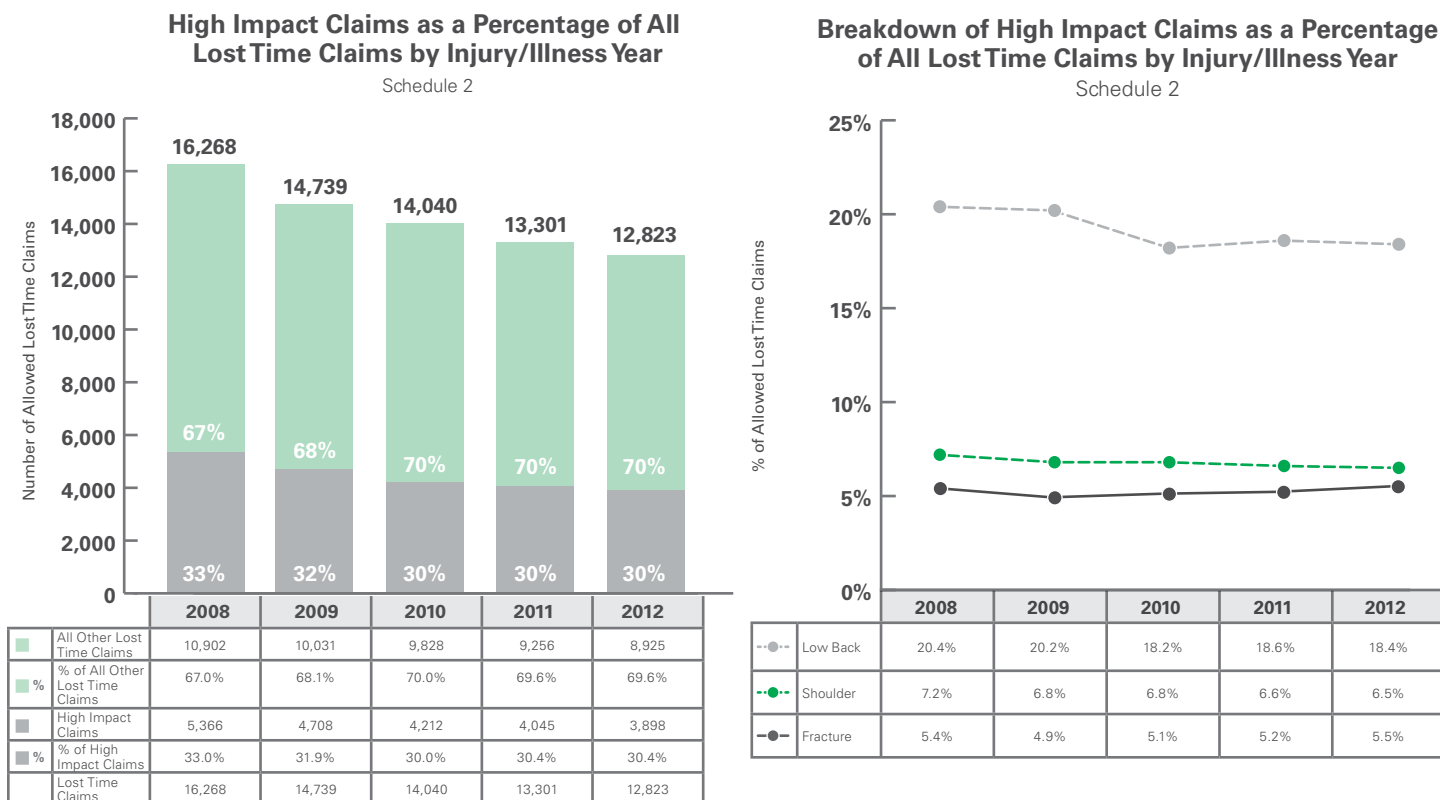


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High Impact Claims – Schedule 2 (Continued)

In 2012, these three types of high impact claims represented approximately 30% of all lost time claims, of which low back claims represented nearly 20%. When comparing 2012 to 2008, the percentage of lost time claims that are low back and shoulder claims has decreased slightly, while the percentage of fracture lost time claims had a small increase.



In 2012, the percentage of high impact claims experienced by male and female workers was 55% and 45% respectively. This trend is similar to the overall lost time claim distribution for Schedule 2, but slightly different to that of Schedule 1, where males represented a significant number of high impact injuries in 2012 (65%). Since 2010, the percentage of high impact injuries experienced by the 50 to 54 age group has increased slightly each year.

Leading High Impact Claims Characteristics					
Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Gender	Male - 56.8% Female - 43.2%	Male - 58.8% Female - 41.1%	Male - 55.5% Female - 44.5%	Male - 55.6% Female - 44.4%	Male - 55.4% Female - 44.6%
Leading Age Groups	35 to 39 - 12.4% 40 to 44 - 15.4% 45 to 49 - 18.6% 50 to 54 - 16.9%	40 to 44 - 15.6% 45 to 49 - 19.0% 50 to 54 - 16.6% 55 to 59 - 11.5%	35 to 39 - 12.4% 40 to 44 - 14.4% 45 to 49 - 18.1% 50 to 54 - 16.5%	35 to 39 - 12.0% 40 to 44 - 14.6% 45 to 49 - 17.8% 50 to 54 - 17.5%	35 to 39 - 12.2% 40 to 44 - 13.9% 45 to 49 - 17.8% 50 to 54 - 17.7%

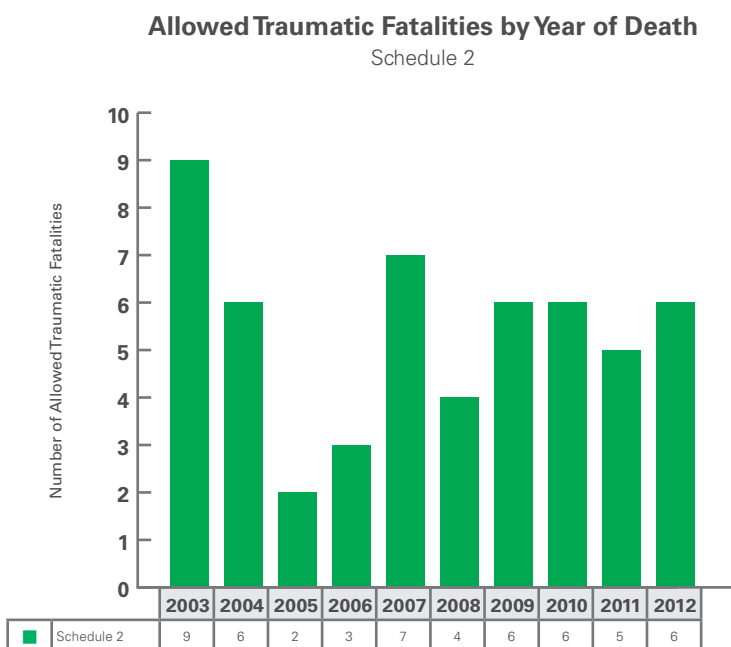
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Fatalities – Schedule 2

Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Year of Death

Traumatic Fatalities are allowed claims for workers who died of a work-related traumatic incident. In 2012, 6 workers lost their lives due to a workplace fatality with Schedule 2 employers.

Over the past 10 years, more than 85% of all traumatic fatalities occurred among males, with the predominant age group being 50 to 54. A significant cause of traumatic fatalities continues to be motor vehicle incidents as they accounted for more than 35% of these deaths over the 10 year period.



Over the 10 year period from 2003 to 2012, the following age groups, events and gender accounted for the highest traumatic fatality percentages:

- Age Groups: 50-54 (22.2%), 35-39 (16.7%), 45-49 (13.0%)
- Events: Motor Vehicle Incidents (38.9%), Other Transportation Incidents (i.e. Aircraft, Rail) (31.5%)
- Gender: Males (88.9%)

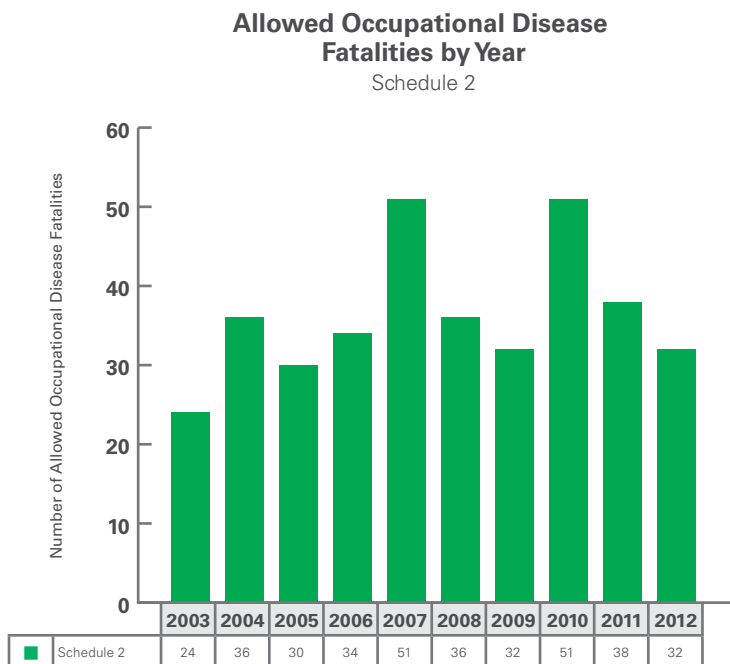
See Appendix for historical and additional data on Traumatic Fatalities

Fatalities – Schedule 2 (Continued)

Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Year

Occupational disease fatalities are allowed claims for workers who died of a work-related disease or condition. In 2012, 32 fatality claims were allowed for workers who lost their lives due to an occupational disease within Schedule 2.

Over the past 10 years, occupational disease fatalities predominantly occurred among males. During this period, more than 25% of occupational disease deaths were caused by mesothelioma.



Over the 10 year period from 2003 to 2012, the following age groups, events and gender accounted for the highest occupational disease fatality percentages:

- Diseases: Mesothelioma (27.2%), Lung Cancer (9.3%), Brain Cancer (6.6%), Leukemia (6.0%)
- Gender: Males (97.0%)

See Appendix for historical and additional data on Occupational Disease Fatalities.

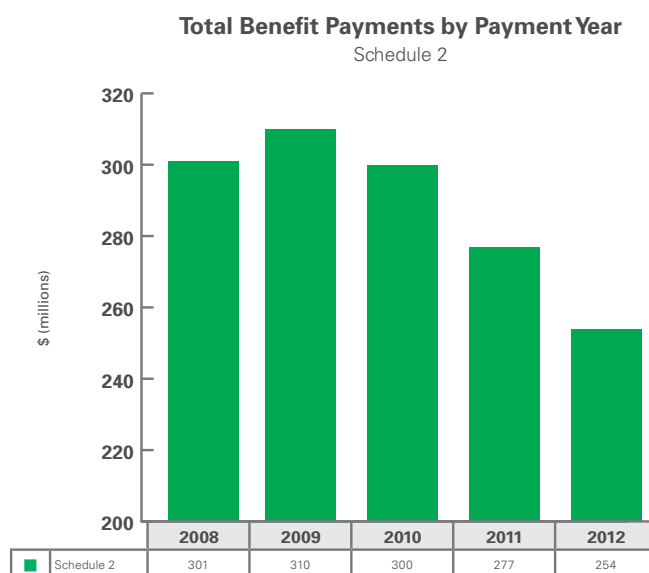
Benefit Payments – Schedule 2

Benefit Payments by Benefit Category

The WSIB administers the payment of benefits to injured workers of Schedule 2 employers. The WSIB recovers the cost of these benefits from those Schedule 2 employers. Benefit payments are payments made during a specific year to or on behalf of injured workers and are detailed by the eight benefit categories found in the table below.

Over the last five years, the number of registered claims has consistently decreased whereas benefit payments were on the rise until 2009 when a downward trend began. This trend is partially due to the continued reduction in registered claims, but more significantly reflects changes to the Service Delivery Model that included a newly implemented Health Care Strategy and the creation of a new Work Reintegration Program.

Over the past five years, Loss of Earnings (LOE), Workers' Pensions and Health Care represented the greatest percentage of benefits paid to injured workers. In 2012 these three benefit categories contributed to 80% of all the benefit payments administered by WSIB on behalf of Schedule 2 employers for their injured workers (excluding Loss of Retirement Income Fund expense).



Benefit Payments by Benefit Category

Schedule 2	Benefit Payment Year									
	2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
Benefit Category	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments
Workers' Pension	\$64	21%	\$64	21%	\$61	20%	\$58	21%	\$56	22%
Loss of Earnings	\$112	37%	\$118	38%	\$110	37%	\$102	37%	\$88	35%
Health Care	\$59	20%	\$66	21%	\$65	22%	\$60	22%	\$59	23%
External Providers	\$4	1%	\$4	1%	\$5	2%	\$3	1%	\$2	1%
Non-Economic Loss	\$14	5%	\$15	5%	\$16	5%	\$11	4%	\$7	3%
Future Economic Loss	\$21	7%	\$20	6%	\$20	7%	\$18	6%	\$18	7%
Survivor Benefits	\$22	7%	\$18	6%	\$21	7%	\$22	8%	\$20	8%
Other	\$5	2%	\$5	2%	\$2	1%	\$3	1%	\$4	1%
Total Benefit Payments	\$301	100%	\$310	100%	\$300	100%	\$277	100%	\$254	100%

Prior to 2011, all publications referenced five benefit payment categories. As of 2011 these categories were reclassified into eight categories. As such, prior years have been reclassified in this report to reflect the new Benefit Categories.

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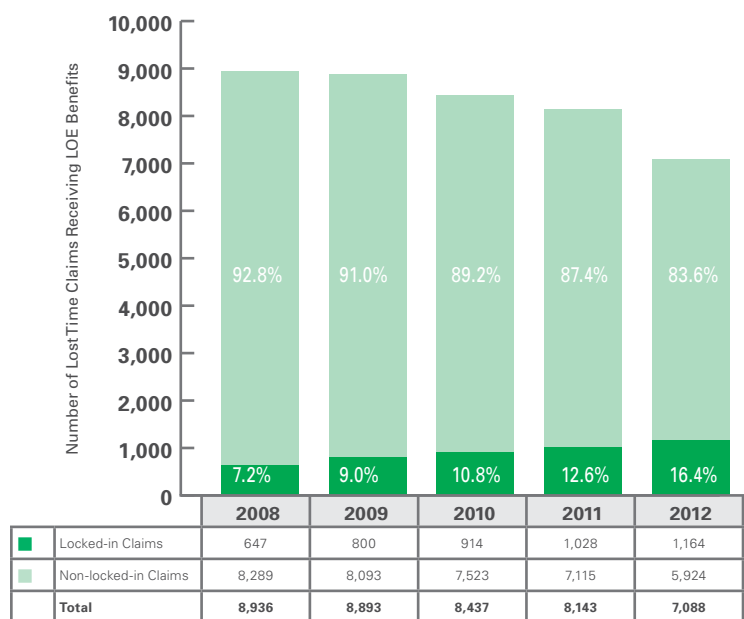
Benefit Payments – Schedule 2 (Continued)

Loss of Earnings Benefit Payments

Similar to Schedule 1, Loss of Earnings (LOE) was consistently the leading benefit category for payments administered by the WSIB on behalf of Schedule 2 employers. LOE benefits represent wage loss benefits for time lost from work due to a work-related injury or illness occurring on or after January 1, 1998. The number of allowed lost time claims for Schedule 2 injured workers receiving LOE benefits has been steadily decreasing since 2008. Factors that are contributing to this trend include improved claims management, fewer claims entering the system and shorter claims durations; a reflection of more workers recovering, returning to work and mitigating their wage loss.

Locked-in claims are increasing as a percentage of all claims receiving an LOE benefit; however, with fewer claims entering the system and improved return to work outcomes, over time fewer claims will require a locked-in loss of earnings award.

Loss of Earnings Claims by Benefit Payment Year
Schedule 2



A claim is considered locked-in if a lock-in payment occurred at any point within Benefit Payment year. The claim population includes Bill 99 Legislation only.

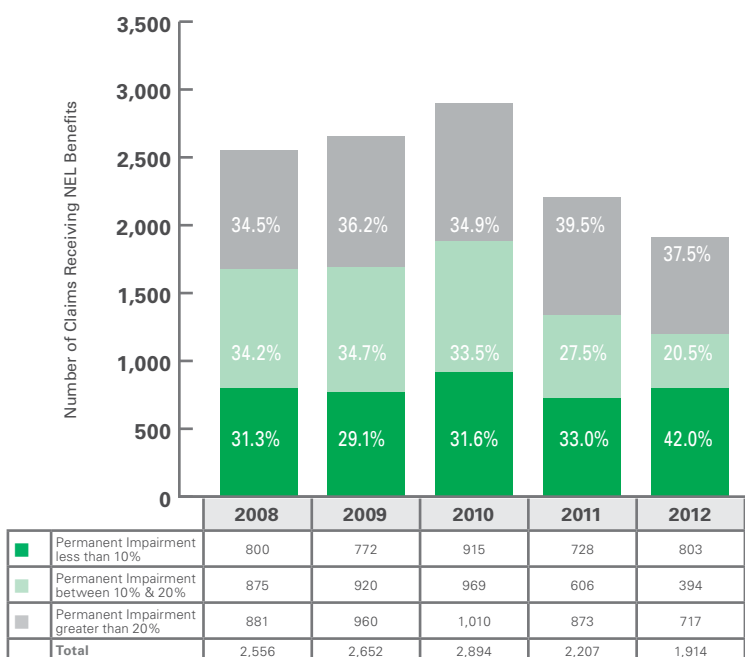
Benefit Payments – Schedule 2 (Continued)

Non Economic Loss Benefit Payments

Non Economic Loss (NEL) benefits are based on the age of the worker and the severity of the permanent impairment (PI) sustained by the injured worker. They are awarded to recognize that, beyond a wage loss, an injured worker has also suffered a physical, functional or psychological loss and are calculated as a percentage of whole body impairment.

The yearly total of allowed claims receiving a NEL benefit has decreased by 34% from 2010. This decrease is a reflection of improved health care outcomes for injured workers, and also due to fewer claims entering the system in recent years.

Non Economic Loss Claims by Payment Year
Schedule 2



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Payments – Schedule 2 (Continued)

Health Care Payments

Health Care payments are made to or on behalf of injured or ill workers for Schedule 2 employers and in 2012 represented 23% of total payments. 2012 marked the third consecutive year where Health Care payments decreased compared to the prior year, which can mainly be attributed to a decrease in the overall number of claims entering the system, and newly implemented Health Care and Narcotics Strategies. The Health Care Strategy includes initiatives such as the Low Back Injury Program and Shoulder programs, which promote early access to care and return to work. The Narcotics Strategy includes increased oversight of narcotics support treatment goals, including quality of function, quality of life, and safe and sustained return to work.

Schedule 2	Health Care Payments by Leading Service Categories			
	Payment Year			
Service Category	2011 (000s)	% of 2011 Total	2012 (000s)	% of 2012 Total
Drug Benefits	\$6,735	11.3%	\$5,860	10.0%
Specialized Clinical Services and Programs	\$10,167	17.1%	\$12,686	21.7%
Physiotherapy, Chiropractic and other Non-Physician Treatment	\$10,349	17.4%	\$7,910	13.5%
Allowances (Clothing, Independent Living, Personal Care)	\$4,366	7.3%	\$4,749	8.1%
Physician Services via Ministry of Health & Long Term Care	\$5,416	9.1%	\$4,859	8.3%
Hospital In/Out Patient	\$4,755	8.0%	\$3,955	6.8%
Hearing Aid Devices and Services	\$3,782	6.4%	\$3,899	6.7%
Travel and Accommodations	\$3,808	6.4%	\$3,578	6.1%
Reports and Information	\$3,571	6.0%	\$4,097	7.0%
Medical Devices	\$2,312	3.9%	\$2,282	3.9%
Other	\$4,278	7.2%	\$4,613	7.9%
Total	\$59.5 (\$M)	100.0%	\$58.5 (\$M)	100.0%

External Provider Expense Payments

Since the implementation of the new Work Reintegration Program in November 2010, there has been a significant decrease in the payments for external providers. This decrease is a reflection of improved return to work outcomes for injured workers, and also due to fewer claims entering the system in recent years. In 2012, Schedule 2 claims experienced a 32% decrease in external provider payments compared with 2011. Education/training continues to be the largest category, representing approximately 42% of external provider payments in 2012.

Schedule 2	External Provider Payments by Leading Service Categories			
	Payment Year			
Service Category	2011 (000s)	% of 2011 Total	2012 (000s)	% of 2012 Total
Assessments/Evaluations	\$329	11.5%	\$350	18.2%
Education/Training	\$1,048	36.8%	\$803	41.7%
Placement & Retention	\$234	8.2%	\$178	9.2%
Provider Related	\$370	13.0%	-\$11	-0.6%
Supplies & Equipment	\$197	6.9%	\$127	6.6%
Travel Related	\$611	21.4%	\$351	18.2%
Other	\$61	2.1%	\$128	6.7%
Total	\$2.8 (\$M)	100.0%	\$1.9 (\$M)	100.0%

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Focus – Schedule 1 & 2

Modernization

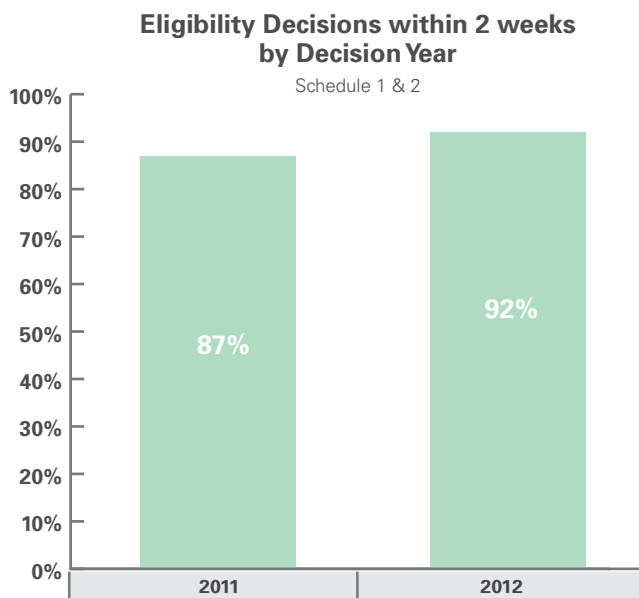
In recent years, the WSIB has demonstrated progress in modernizing all key aspects of its business – delivering better claims management, better health care, and improved support for return to work.

The WSIB is working hard to find faster, easier and more efficient ways for people to do business with us. With an improved service delivery model, a proactive health care strategy, and enhanced WSIB-managed work reintegration, the WSIB has embraced sound, effective, and proven approaches to managing and modernizing its business.

Claims management

For the last 10 years, we've allowed almost 80% of all claims for benefits. This allowance rate hasn't changed, but workers and employers have benefitted from faster decision-making in more recent years.

In 2011, approximately 87% of eligibility decisions on claims were made within two weeks after we received them. In 2012, that percentage had risen to 92% – and more than half of all decisions are now made within 24 hours.



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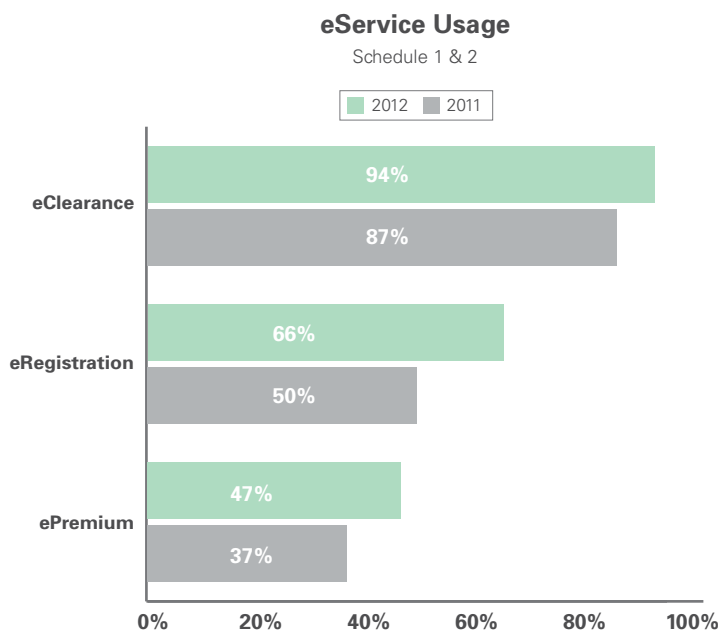
Focus – Schedule 1 & 2 (Continued)

Customer Service

A new service model has been implemented to provide employers with faster and more accessible service. The focus is to provide employers with live-answer, no-need-for-voicemail service and to resolve the majority of calls on first contact.

Since the implementation of a new live-answer operating model in our Employer Service Centre, 98% of calls from employers received a live answer in an average of less than one minute of the call being received in 2012.

We're easier to do business with, and we're providing better business outcomes. Key transactions can now be done by phone or online. Injuries, illnesses and exposures can now be reported over the phone to WSIB representatives, and we have a growing range of eServices that can be accessed 24/7 on our website to do things like register accounts, report injuries, pay premiums, and get clearance certificates. We've enhanced our e-reporting capabilities, allowing physicians to report medical information online.



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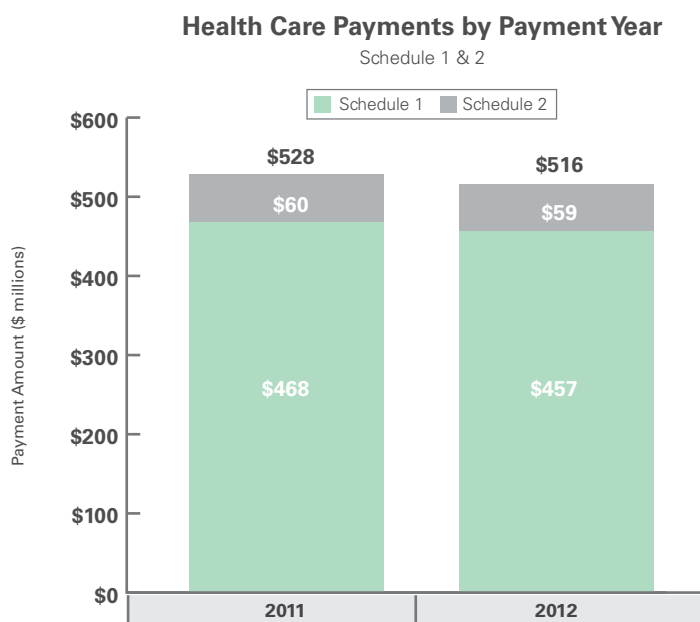
Focus – Schedule 1 & 2 (Continued)

Health care

Recognizing that appropriate and timely medical care is important to an injured worker's recovery and return to work, the WSIB continues to invest in health care. We have expanded the network of specialized assessment and treatment services across the province for low back and shoulder injuries, resulting in better health care outcomes for injured workers in Ontario.

Please refer to the High Impact Claims chapter for additional information

Our Health Care Strategy is getting injured workers the right treatment sooner – helping them to get back to work. As a result of our health care investments, Schedule 1 and 2 health care payments are down from \$528 million in 2011 to \$516 million in 2012. Our overall costs are down, even though the average spend per worker has actually increased.



Return to work

Our modernized claims management and our new Health Care Strategy are supporting successful recovery and return to work – and the results are clear. In 2012, approximately 85% of Schedule 1 and 2 injured workers were off full Loss of Earnings (LOE) benefits one month after a Return to Work Specialist's involvement.

In 2012, our Return to Work Specialists and Work Transition Specialists made 23,000 Schedule 1 and 2 workplace visits to help workers and employers negotiate successful, safe return to work. In addition to the introduction of new roles to support return to work, we have also significantly increased program oversight of return to work since 2009 – meaning more quality management and accountability for ourselves and our providers.

Please refer to the Work Reintegration chapter for additional information

We know we can meet the challenges ahead as we continue to introduce enhanced programs and new technology to deliver even better value to workers and employers. We have more work ahead of us, but we are on-track to creating a modern, financially sustainable system that's promoting economic growth and productivity.

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Glossary

Term	Business Definition
Allowed Lost Time Claim	A lost time claim is created when a worker suffers a work-related injury/disease which results in: • being off work past the day of accident • loss of wages/earnings, or • a permanent disability/impairment.
Allowed No Lost Time Claim	A no lost time claim results from a work-related injury where no time is lost from work, other than on the day of accident, but where health care is required. The health care costs resulting from the injury are paid by the WSIB.
Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities	Allowed claims for workers who died of a work-related disease or condition
Allowed Traumatic Fatalities	Allowed claims for workers who died of a work-related traumatic incident
Average Days Lost	The average number of days lost for which wage loss benefits were paid for claims within 1 month, 3 months or 6 months after the injury/illness occurred.
Average Loss of Earnings (LOE) per Full Paid Day	Average amount paid for an entire day off work, adjusted for inflation
Benefit Payment Year	The year benefit payments were made to or on behalf of injured workers.
Benefit Payments	Payments made to or on behalf of injured and ill workers. Includes Loss of Earnings (LOE), Workers' Pension, Health Care, Future Economic Loss (FEL), Survivor Benefits, External Providers and Non-Economic Loss (NEL). Excludes benefit liabilities and claims administration costs.
Data Maturity	Data continues to be revised after the year has concluded as additional claims are reported and decisions on complex claims are made. The revision of data after the year has concluded is called "maturing". All data contained in this report is matured 3 months, with the exception of benefit payments which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end.
eClearance (%)	A clearance certificate tool used for the online issuance and management of clearance certificates.
ePremium (%)	A premium remittance tool used for the online submission/reporting of premium information.
eRegistration (%)	An employer account registration tool used for the online submission of account registration information.
eService Usage	Active subscribed users of our online services
Eligibility Decisions within 2 Weeks	The percentage of claims where eligibility decisions are made within the targeted timeframe of 10 business days after their registration date. Excludes occupational disease, serious injury, fatality, withdrawn, abandoned and re-opened claims.
Employer	An employer means every person having in his, her or its service under a contract of service or apprenticeship another person engaged in work in or about an industry and includes, 1. a trustee, receiver, liquidator, executor or administrator who carries on an industry, 2. a person who authorizes or permits a learner to be in or about an industry for the purpose of undergoing training or probationary work, or 3. a deemed employer. Coverage under the WSIA only applies to those employers: • whose operations are compulsorily covered by Schedules 1 or 2 of the Act, or • whose operations have been added to Schedule 1 of the Act by application, or • who have optional insurance only
Entitlement Year	The year in which a decision was made on a claim.
External Provider Payments	These are payments associated with the reintegration program and represent payments to external agencies providing rehabilitation services, such as training programs to assist an injured worker's return to work and the costs of work transition assessments and plans, in the case of injured workers not returning to work with their pre-injury employer.
First Return to Work Specialist Referrals Within 12 Weeks	Cases with a first referral received by the Return to Work Program within 12 weeks of either the case's date of injury or latest recurrence date.
Future Economic Loss Benefit Payment	Compensation to a worker, who was injured after January 1, 1990 and prior to January 1, 1998 and suffers a workplace injury resulting in a permanent impairment or temporary disability for 12 continuous months.
Health Care Payment	Payments made on behalf of an injured or ill worker for professional services provided by health care practitioners, hospitals and health facilities as well as the cost of drugs, attendant services, home or vehicle modifications, assistive devices and prostheses, extraordinary transportation costs to obtain health care and other measures to facilitate independent living and to improve the quality of an injured or ill worker's life.
High Impact Claims	WSIB has identified a group of allowed lost time claims that have been shown to have significant impacts on workers and employers. These claims are those involving the low back, shoulder and fractures.
Illnesses (occupational disease)	An occupational disease is a health problem caused by exposure to a workplace health hazard. For more details, please refer to the Occupational Disease fact sheet located under the 'Workers' tab on the WSIB website.
Industry Sector	The WSIB's operations are organized into 17 industry sectors (Schedule 2 is a separate industry sector).
Injury	A worker who sustains a personal injury by accident arising out of and in the course of his or her employment is entitled to benefits under the insurance plan.
Injury/Illness Year	The year in which injury or illness occurred.

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Injury Event	Describes the manner in which the injury/disease was produced/inflicted and is based on the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding injury details.
Injury Source	The object, substance, exposure or bodily motion that directly produced or inflicted the injury/disease identified under Nature of Injury and is based on the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding injury details.
Labour Market Re-entry (LMR) Program	The Labour Market Re-entry Program was introduced January 1, 1998 as part of Bill 99. LMR services were outsourced to primary service providers who provided assessments, LMR planning, and case management services. These primary service providers used a variety of secondary service providers (public, not for profit, and private) to deliver education and training programs. The WSIB established a new integrated RTW and LMR program in November 2010 call the Work Reintegration Program.
Locked-In Claim	Those claims, with an injury/illness date on or after January 1, 1998 (Bill 99), where a final review of the loss of earnings benefit at 72 months post injury/illness has been completed and the benefit will continue to be paid to age 65, with few exceptions.
Loss of Earnings Benefits (LOE)	Wage loss benefits for time lost from work due to a work-related injury or illness occurring on or after January 1, 1998.
Lost Time Injury Rate (LTI)	The number of allowed lost-time injury and illness claims per 100 Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) workers for the injury year specified.
Nature of Injury	The principal physical characteristics of an injury/disease and based on the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding injury details.
No Lost Time Injury Rate (NLTI)	The number of allowed no lost-time injury and illness claims per 100 Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) workers for the injury year specified.
Non Economic Loss Benefits (NEL)	Compensation paid to a worker, beyond wage loss who suffers a permanent impairment as a result of an injury based on the severity of the permanent impairment and the age of the worker.
Non Locked-In Claim	Those claims, with an injury/illness date on or after January 1, 1998 (Bill 99), receiving loss of earnings benefits that may not be reviewed at the 72 month post injury/illness date.
Occupation	A major grouping of occupations that are coded based on National Occupational Classification standards.
Other Benefit	Payments made to or on behalf of injured and ill workers. Includes situational payments such as Temporary Total and Temporary Partial for Bill 162 claims (accident dates between January 2, 1990 and December 31, 1997) and pre-1990 claims.
Part of Body	The injured/disease part of body affected by an injury/disease and is directly linked to the nature of injury/disease which is based on the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding injury details.
Percentage of Workforce Covered	Percentage of the employed labour force that is covered under the WSIA.
Percentage Receiving Loss of Earnings Benefits	The percentage of injured or ill workers that continue to receive full or partial Loss of Earnings (LOE) benefits on the specified anniversary.
Permanent Impairment	Any permanent physical or functional abnormality or loss (including disfigurement) which results from an injury, and any psychological damage arising from the abnormality or loss. A worker's degree of permanent impairment is expressed as a percentage of total permanent impairment of the whole person.
Registered Claims	Registered claims for injuries, illnesses or fatalities reported to the WSIB in the year (as some claims are registered with the WSIB after the year in which the injury, illness or fatality occurred) and includes all allowed, denied, abandoned and pending claims.
Registration Year	Total number of claims registered with the WSIB by year. Some claims are registered with the WSIB after the year in which the injury, illness or fatality occurred.
Return to Work Specialist (RTWS)	The Return to Work (RTW) Specialist is an objective facilitator who intervenes in a case at the request of a Case Manager or workplace parties. When a Case Manager is unable to resolve or remove RTW barriers, the RTW Specialist will lead the early and safe RTW process by meeting on-site with workplace parties.
Schedule 1	Schedule 1 employers are those for which the WSIB is liable to pay benefit compensation for workers' claims. Schedule 1 employers are required by legislation to pay premiums to the WSIB and are protected by a system of collective liability. Since the WSIB pays benefits to injured workers out of money pooled in the insurance fund, Schedule 1 employers are relieved of individual responsibility for actual accident costs.
Schedule 2	Schedule 2 employers are employers that self-insure the provisions of benefits under the WSIA. Schedule 2 employers are liable to pay all benefit compensation and administration costs for the workers' claims. The WSIB administers the payment of the benefits for workers of Schedule 2 employers and recovers the cost of these benefits plus administration fees from the employers.
Statistics Canada – Labour Force Employment	Statistics Canada. Table 282-0008 - Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), sex and age group, annual (persons unless otherwise noted). (accessed: April 29, 2013)
Survivor Benefit Payment	Benefits payments provided to a spouse, dependent children and other dependants when an injured worker suffers a fatality in the workplace or as a result of an occupational disease. Benefits include lump sum payments, monthly payments, bereavement counselling and burial expenses.
Work Reintegration (WR) Program	The Work Reintegration Program is a comprehensive and integrated approach to returning injured workers to employment. Early and ongoing support is provided to the workplace parties to create work reintegration plans. The focus is on return to the injury employer, and where that isn't possible, to provide high quality training and placement services that enable the worker to find a job with a new employer. The Work Reintegration Program, launched in November 2010, integrates Return to Work and Work Transition Programs.

Work Transition (WT) Program	The Work Transition Program replaced the outsourced Labour Market Re-entry (LMR) Program. Unlike the LMR program, Work Transition focuses first on helping the injured workers and employers find suitable and available work with the injury employer. The Work Transition Program provides new options to help workers remain with their employer including re-training and the alternative of part time employment in appropriate cases. When it is not possible for a worker to return to work with the injury employer, the Work Transition Program offers a broad range of services including high quality assessment, training and placement services to support workers to find a job with a new employer.
Work Transition Administrative Costs	Total administrative costs of the Work Transition Program.
Work Transition Plans Completed Resulting in Return to Work	Work Transition plans where the injured worker is employed at the conclusion of the plan. This measure excludes cases with prior Labour Market Re-entry plan services.
Work Transition Specialist (WTS)	Provide expert advice, vocational rehabilitation planning, and support workers and employers to co-ordinate work reintegration which may include accommodation and transition to a different job if necessary.
Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry Plans Completed	Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry plans where the injured worker is employed or employable at the conclusion of the plan.
Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry Plans Completed Resulting in Return to Work	Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry plans where the injured worker is employed at the conclusion of the plan.
Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry Program Costs	Totals costs by service category (Assessment Evaluations, Education/Training, Placement & Retention, Provider Related, Supplies & Equipment, Travel Related, and Other) for the Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry Programs.
Worker's Pension Benefit Payment	Pensions for injured workers suffering a workplace injury prior to January 1, 1990 based on the degree of the injured worker's permanent disability.
WSIB Covered Employment Schedule 1	The number of full time equivalent workers is an estimate based on employer reported insurable earnings divided by the average hourly wage for the rate group divided by 2,000 hours, it is assumed a person works 2,000 hours per year.
WSIB Covered Employment Schedule 2	The number of full time equivalent workers is an estimate based on data from Statistics Canada's Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH).

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Appendix – Schedule 2

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Claim Profile – Schedule 1 and 2

Allowed Lost Time Claims Per 10,000 Employed Workers by Statistics Canada Census District*

Census District Name	2012 Allowed Lost Time Claims - Schedule 1	2012 Allowed Lost Time Claims - Schedule 2	Number of Lost Time Claims per 10,000 Employed Workers
Algoma	389	133	112.7
Brant	552	97	124.2
Bruce	168	35	74.4
Chatham-Kent	469	34	103.4
Cochrane	343	54	117.5
Dufferin	144	11	81.8
Durham	1,627	449	109.2
Elgin	267	33	86.2
Essex	1,959	266	133.7
Frontenac	566	170	104.0
Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury	589	157	106.7
Grey	232	85	84.3
Haldimand-Norfolk	277	46	88.1
Haliburton	58	5	121.3
Halton	1,997	392	121.9
Hamilton	1,832	685	127.6
Hastings	538	83	107.0

Census District Name	2012 Allowed Lost Time Claims - Schedule 1	2012 Allowed Lost Time Claims - Schedule 2	Number of Lost Time Claims per 10,000 Employed Workers
Huron	175	24	77.9
Kawartha Lakes	124	55	81.8
Kenora	235	40	106.9
Lambton	268	63	61.8
Lanark	172	24	86.2
Leeds and Grenville	220	60	78.6
Lennox and Addington	75	50	109.3
Manitoulin	40	2	97.2
Middlesex	1,342	503	92.0
Muskoka	321	30	134.7
Niagara	1,879	354	126.4
Nipissing	347	54	113.4
Northumberland	203	76	100.2
Ottawa	2,627	1,462	87.4
Oxford	427	18	91.7
Parry Sound	100	20	98.8
Peel	4,790	1,498	116.0

Census District Name	2012 Allowed Lost Time Claims - Schedule 1	2012 Allowed Lost Time Claims - Schedule 2	Number of Lost Time Claims per 10,000 Employed Workers
Perth	279	26	76.3
Peterborough	439	99	99.0
Prescott and Russell	296	46	144.6
Prince Edward	39	5	59.2
Rainy River	75	6	95.1
Renfrew	282	107	97.0
Simcoe	1,472	292	110.7
Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry	376	51	103.0
Sudbury	65	10	111.4
Thunder Bay	623	186	126.1
Timiskaming	122	8	99.8
Toronto	7,226	3,789	82.4
Waterloo	1,649	324	82.7
Wellington	764	127	91.5
York	3,152	530	90.0
Total	42,211	12,674	

*Note:

Data Source: Schedule 1 & 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Employed Worker Census Count: Statistics Canada. 2008. Employed labour force(1) by place of work status, 2006 counts, for Canada, provinces and territories, and census subdivisions (municipalities) of work - 20% sample data (table). Place of Work Highlight Tables, 2006 Census. Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 97-561-XWE2006002 . Ottawa. Released April 2, 2008.

Data Maturity: Schedule 1 & 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: As at March 31st of the following year for 2012 injury year

Data Exclusions: Schedule 1 & 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: Allowed lost time claims where accident location is Unknown, Ontario Navigational Waters and Outside of Ontario

Employed Worker Census Count: Employed workers identified as having 'No Fixed Place of Work'

Formula for Number of Lost Time Claims per 10,000 Employed Workers: (Number of Schedule 1 & 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims/Statistics Canada Employed Worker Census Count) x 10,000

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Worker Profile – Schedule 2

Allowed Lost Time Claims by Age and Gender

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Age and Gender

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year.

Schedule 2	Injury Year																			
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
Age Group	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
15-19	65	92	51	85	56	92	70	73	64	76	62	63	53	56	45	54	50	43	38	45
20-24	268	326	278	290	304	303	279	297	247	287	237	277	185	258	178	214	181	209	158	219
25-29	521	629	565	609	614	599	592	572	635	633	586	599	499	530	500	498	462	490	410	532
30-34	604	996	649	914	751	933	682	887	730	928	758	901	664	808	618	779	627	764	578	697
35-39	936	1,454	906	1,304	917	1,186	865	1,178	903	1,153	886	1,166	812	989	846	966	781	888	751	911
40-44	1,168	1,625	1,137	1,510	1,239	1,581	1,272	1,526	1,232	1,569	1,228	1,423	1,057	1,180	991	1,022	892	1,003	858	921
45-49	1,085	1,507	1,133	1,437	1,260	1,522	1,274	1,555	1,323	1,621	1,415	1,512	1,366	1,429	1,326	1,223	1,104	1,214	1,086	1,114
50-54	957	1,285	997	1,179	1,076	1,304	1,172	1,210	1,188	1,334	1,259	1,346	1,144	1,227	1,171	1,106	1,126	1,077	1,193	1,030
55-59	579	635	643	686	748	755	827	812	810	838	839	830	793	780	849	741	761	710	751	670
60-64	223	278	198	249	259	287	262	299	341	330	384	375	375	364	424	333	389	334	391	289
65+	22	27	20	20	31	31	37	36	36	58	55	65	76	90	67	83	92	94	88	88
Sub-Total	6,428	8,854	6,577	8,283	7,255	8,593	7,332	8,445	7,509	8,827	7,709	8,557	7,024	7,711	7,015	7,019	6,465	6,826	6,302	6,516
Not Available		1		5		2		1		3		2		4		6		10		5
Total		15,283		14,865		15,850		15,778		16,339		16,268		14,739		14,040		13,301		12,823

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Worker Profile – Schedule 2

Allowed Lost Time Claims by Leading Occupations

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury Year																			
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
Occupation	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Intermediate Sales and Service Occupations																				
Childcare and home support workers	436	2.9%	507	3.4%	645	4.1%	612	3.9%	655	4.0%	622	3.8%	702	4.8%	811	5.8%	845	6.4%	899	7.0%
Other occupations in protective service	544	3.6%	486	3.3%	530	3.3%	481	3.0%	468	2.9%	556	3.4%	434	2.9%	394	2.8%	470	3.5%	424	3.3%
Occupations in travel and accommodation	260	1.7%	277	1.9%	229	1.4%	289	1.8%	319	2.0%	338	2.1%	280	1.9%	255	1.8%	241	1.8%	216	1.7%
Retail salespersons and sales clerks	85	0.6%	62	0.4%	55	0.3%	53	0.3%	53	0.3%	87	0.5%	54	0.4%	33	0.2%	41	0.3%	44	0.3%
Tour and recreational guides and amusement occupations	45	0.3%	81	0.5%	93	0.6%	84	0.5%	54	0.3%	48	0.3%	30	0.2%	36	0.3%	31	0.2%	34	0.3%
Occupations in food and beverage service	49	0.3%	36	0.2%	44	0.3%	35	0.2%	19	0.1%	39	0.2%	21	0.1%	19	0.1%	25	0.2%	30	0.2%
Other occupations in personal service	5	0.0%	6	0.0%	9	0.1%	11	0.1%	6	0.0%	7	0.0%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%	9	0.1%	13	0.1%
Sales representatives, wholesale trade	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	8	0.0%	2	0.0%	6	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%
Subtotal	1,428	9.3%	1,458	9.8%	1,607	10.1%	1,569	9.9%	1,578	9.7%	1,705	10.5%	1,529	10.4%	1,559	11.1%	1,665	12.5%	1,662	13.0%
Skilled Sales and Service Occupations																				
Police officers and firefighters	1,583	10.4%	1,598	10.8%	1,673	10.6%	1,609	10.2%	1,677	10.3%	1,520	9.3%	1,407	9.5%	1,398	10.0%	1,328	10.0%	1,360	10.6%
Sales and service supervisors	173	1.1%	129	0.9%	156	1.0%	150	1.0%	146	0.9%	146	0.9%	122	0.8%	103	0.7%	87	0.7%	89	0.7%
Chefs and cooks	92	0.6%	109	0.7%	95	0.6%	86	0.5%	88	0.5%	85	0.5%	74	0.5%	76	0.5%	54	0.4%	69	0.5%
Technical sales specialists, wholesale trade	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%

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Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation (Continued)

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury Year																					
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012			
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Butchers and bakers	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%		
Insurance and real estate sales occupations and buyers	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%		0.0%		
Technical occupations in personal service	2	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		
Subtotal	1,855	12.1%	1,844	12.4%	1,933	12.2%	1,851	11.7%	1,917	11.7%	1,757	10.8%	1,606	10.9%	1,581	11.3%	1,476	11.1%	1,522	11.9%		
Intermediate Occupations In Transport, Equipment Operation, Installation and Maintenance																						
Motor vehicle and transit drivers	731	4.8%	689	4.6%	768	4.8%	856	5.4%	884	5.4%	888	5.5%	858	5.8%	806	5.7%	799	6.0%	777	6.1%		
Other transport equipment operators and related workers	650	4.3%	532	3.6%	511	3.2%	569	3.6%	696	4.3%	633	3.9%	529	3.6%	481	3.4%	495	3.7%	482	3.8%		
Heavy equipment operators	243	1.6%	225	1.5%	225	1.4%	249	1.6%	242	1.5%	219	1.3%	211	1.4%	186	1.3%	161	1.2%	134	1.0%		
Other installers, repairers and servicers	64	0.4%	68	0.5%	73	0.5%	87	0.6%	70	0.4%	81	0.5%	69	0.5%	73	0.5%	80	0.6%	63	0.5%		
Longshore workers and material handlers	130	0.9%	144	1.0%	136	0.9%	121	0.8%	103	0.6%	123	0.8%	102	0.7%	83	0.6%	72	0.5%	58	0.5%		
Subtotal	1,818	11.9%	1,658	11.2%	1,713	10.8%	1,882	11.9%	1,995	12.2%	1,944	11.9%	1,769	12.0%	1,629	11.6%	1,607	12.1%	1,514	11.8%		
Professional Occupations In Social Science, Education, Government Services and Religion																						
Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	1,137	7.4%	1,058	7.1%	1,253	7.9%	1,096	6.9%	1,216	7.4%	1,253	7.7%	1,184	8.0%	1,117	8.0%	1,169	8.8%	1,199	9.4%		
Psychologists, social workers, counsellors, clergy & probation officers	63	0.4%	78	0.5%	84	0.5%	100	0.6%	98	0.6%	87	0.5%	120	0.8%	120	0.9%	103	0.8%	131	1.0%		
Policy and program officers, researchers and consultants	69	0.5%	85	0.6%	96	0.6%	112	0.7%	79	0.5%	121	0.7%	105	0.7%	100	0.7%	78	0.6%	75	0.6%		
College and other vocational instructors	33	0.2%	45	0.3%	35	0.2%	36	0.2%	34	0.2%	36	0.2%	27	0.2%	39	0.3%	24	0.2%	26	0.2%		
University professors and assistants	109	0.7%	102	0.7%	146	0.9%	131	0.8%	120	0.7%	115	0.7%	118	0.8%	63	0.4%	16	0.1%	13	0.1%		

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(Continued)

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation (Continued)

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury Year																			
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Judges, lawyers and quebec notaries	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	8	0.1%	6	0.0%	9	0.1%	11	0.1%	12	0.1%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%
Subtotal	1,413	9.2%	1,371	9.2%	1,618	10.2%	1,483	9.4%	1,553	9.5%	1,621	10.0%	1,565	10.6%	1,451	10.3%	1,395	10.5%	1,449	11.3%
Clerical Occupations																				
Mail and message distribution occupations	1,240	8.1%	1,133	7.6%	1,391	8.8%	1,379	8.7%	1,559	9.5%	1,525	9.4%	1,344	9.1%	1,071	7.6%	862	6.5%	894	7.0%
Library, correspondence and related information clerks	271	1.8%	297	2.0%	267	1.7%	304	1.9%	353	2.2%	337	2.1%	354	2.4%	312	2.2%	317	2.4%	209	1.6%
Clerical occupations, general office skills	297	1.9%	269	1.8%	253	1.6%	236	1.5%	265	1.6%	258	1.6%	239	1.6%	197	1.4%	195	1.5%	150	1.2%
Recording, scheduling and distributing occupations	112	0.7%	109	0.7%	147	0.9%	120	0.8%	150	0.9%	119	0.7%	83	0.6%	86	0.6%	90	0.7%	74	0.6%
Finance and insurance clerks	70	0.5%	53	0.4%	72	0.5%	77	0.5%	92	0.6%	99	0.6%	75	0.5%	75	0.5%	52	0.4%	53	0.4%
Administrative support clerks	74	0.5%	82	0.6%	82	0.5%	74	0.5%	82	0.5%	87	0.5%	66	0.4%	67	0.5%	75	0.6%	46	0.4%
Office equipment operators	44	0.3%	37	0.2%	32	0.2%	33	0.2%	22	0.1%	28	0.2%	24	0.2%	20	0.1%	20	0.2%	15	0.1%
Subtotal	2,108	13.8%	1,980	13.3%	2,244	14.2%	2,223	14.1%	2,523	15.4%	2,453	15.1%	2,185	14.8%	1,828	13.0%	1,611	12.1%	1,441	11.2%
Elemental Sales and Service Occupations																				
Cleaners	1,467	9.6%	1,415	9.5%	1,474	9.3%	1,470	9.3%	1,408	8.6%	1,355	8.3%	1,225	8.3%	1,117	8.0%	1,090	8.2%	1,008	7.9%
Food counter attendants and kitchen helpers	173	1.1%	122	0.8%	150	0.9%	142	0.9%	122	0.7%	101	0.6%	128	0.9%	104	0.7%	90	0.7%	66	0.5%
Security guards and related occupations	78	0.5%	86	0.6%	81	0.5%	71	0.4%	98	0.6%	71	0.4%	86	0.6%	61	0.4%	68	0.5%	57	0.4%
Other attendants in travel, accommodation and recreation	73	0.5%	54	0.4%	68	0.4%	53	0.3%	72	0.4%	80	0.5%	57	0.4%	54	0.4%	54	0.4%	46	0.4%
Elemental medical and hospital assistants	28	0.2%	40	0.3%	50	0.3%	46	0.3%	57	0.3%	37	0.2%	58	0.4%	37	0.3%	28	0.2%	26	0.2%
Other elemental service occupations	26	0.2%	31	0.2%	26	0.2%	38	0.2%	44	0.3%	35	0.2%	33	0.2%	32	0.2%	40	0.3%	22	0.2%
Cashiers	104	0.7%	101	0.7%	112	0.7%	96	0.6%	38	0.2%	21	0.1%	14	0.1%	16	0.1%	11	0.1%	10	0.1%
Other sales and related occupations	20	0.1%	15	0.1%	18	0.1%	18	0.1%	13	0.1%	17	0.1%	22	0.1%	16	0.1%	15	0.1%	6	0.0%
Subtotal	1,969	12.9%	1,864	12.5%	1,979	12.5%	1,934	12.3%	1,852	11.3%	1,717	10.6%	1,623	11.0%	1,437	10.2%	1,396	10.5%	1,241	9.7%

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Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation (Continued)

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury Year																			
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Technical and Skilled Occupations In Health																				
Other technical occupations in health care (except dental)	653	4.3%	771	5.2%	830	5.2%	846	5.4%	912	5.6%	910	5.6%	776	5.3%	771	5.5%	768	5.8%	808	6.3%
Medical technologists and technicians (except dental health)	9	0.1%	12	0.1%	11	0.1%	8	0.1%	9	0.1%	15	0.1%	11	0.1%	3	0.0%	7	0.1%	5	0.0%
Technical occupations in dental health care		0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%
Subtotal	662	4.3%	787	5.3%	844	5.3%	857	5.4%	922	5.6%	927	5.7%	790	5.4%	777	5.5%	778	5.8%	814	6.3%
Trades and Skilled Transport and Equipment Operators																				
Electrical trades and telecommunication occupations	161	1.1%	150	1.0%	135	0.9%	151	1.0%	156	1.0%	209	1.3%	146	1.0%	150	1.1%	143	1.1%	136	1.1%
Machinery & transportation equipment mechanics (except motor vehicle)	179	1.2%	191	1.3%	203	1.3%	168	1.1%	163	1.0%	171	1.1%	148	1.0%	129	0.9%	145	1.1%	122	1.0%
Motor vehicle mechanics	187	1.2%	174	1.2%	165	1.0%	175	1.1%	187	1.1%	172	1.1%	164	1.1%	162	1.2%	148	1.1%	120	0.9%
Train crew operating occupations	84	0.5%	72	0.5%	80	0.5%	86	0.5%	67	0.4%	64	0.4%	54	0.4%	55	0.4%	48	0.4%	43	0.3%
Carpenters and cabinetmakers	58	0.4%	40	0.3%	46	0.3%	51	0.3%	54	0.3%	55	0.3%	49	0.3%	35	0.2%	28	0.2%	36	0.3%
Plumbers, pipefitters and gas fitters	42	0.3%	38	0.3%	35	0.2%	28	0.2%	39	0.2%	37	0.2%	39	0.3%	28	0.2%	31	0.2%	28	0.2%
Metal forming, shaping and erecting occupations	28	0.2%	35	0.2%	29	0.2%	42	0.3%	26	0.2%	24	0.1%	25	0.2%	25	0.2%	31	0.2%	25	0.2%
Contractors and supervisors, trades and related workers	36	0.2%	52	0.3%	43	0.3%	27	0.2%	45	0.3%	46	0.3%	43	0.3%	25	0.2%	29	0.2%	24	0.2%
Other construction trades	23	0.2%	23	0.2%	19	0.1%	24	0.2%	13	0.1%	14	0.1%	20	0.1%	21	0.1%	7	0.1%	17	0.1%
Other mechanics	17	0.1%	12	0.1%	10	0.1%	4	0.0%	9	0.1%	8	0.0%	18	0.1%	15	0.1%	9	0.1%	13	0.1%
Supervisors, railway and motor transportation operations	22	0.1%	18	0.1%	20	0.1%	12	0.1%	12	0.1%	12	0.1%	16	0.1%	6	0.0%	9	0.1%	12	0.1%
Stationary engineers & power station & system operators	15	0.1%	15	0.1%	20	0.1%	21	0.1%	19	0.1%	17	0.1%	13	0.1%	10	0.1%	13	0.1%	11	0.1%

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Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation (Continued)

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury Year																			
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Masonry and plastering trades	11	0.1%	11	0.1%	10	0.1%	8	0.1%	8	0.0%	16	0.1%	16	0.1%	6	0.0%	11	0.1%	9	0.1%
Machinists and related occupations	15	0.1%	11	0.1%	16	0.1%	12	0.1%	15	0.1%	9	0.1%	7	0.0%	6	0.0%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%
Printing press operators, commercial divers & other trades & related occupations, NEC	8	0.1%	9	0.1%	7	0.0%	10	0.1%	3	0.0%	7	0.0%	3	0.0%	8	0.1%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%
Crane operators, drillers and blasters	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	6	0.0%	3	0.0%
Upholsterers, tailors, shoe repairers, jewellers & related occupations	3	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%	5	0.0%	1	0.0%
Subtotal	891	5.8%	855	5.8%	840	5.3%	823	5.2%	819	5.0%	865	5.3%	765	5.2%	682	4.9%	675	5.1%	609	4.7%
Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	386	2.5%	404	2.7%	423	2.7%	475	3.0%	514	3.1%	549	3.4%	499	3.4%	645	4.6%	372	2.8%	441	3.4%
Paraprofessional Occupations In Law, Social Services, Education and Religion	335	2.2%	353	2.4%	395	2.5%	428	2.7%	432	2.6%	369	2.3%	289	2.0%	384	2.7%	310	2.3%	316	2.5%
Skilled administrative and business occupations																				
Administrative and regulatory occupations	199	1.3%	194	1.3%	200	1.3%	222	1.4%	217	1.3%	246	1.5%	225	1.5%	191	1.4%	208	1.6%	193	1.5%
Secretaries, recorders and transcriptionists	108	0.7%	94	0.6%	108	0.7%	81	0.5%	76	0.5%	97	0.6%	88	0.6%	50	0.4%	78	0.6%	73	0.6%
Clerical supervisors	32	0.2%	33	0.2%	28	0.2%	28	0.2%	42	0.3%	42	0.3%	30	0.2%	23	0.2%	36	0.3%	27	0.2%
Finance and insurance administrative occupations	19	0.1%	17	0.1%	11	0.1%	17	0.1%	15	0.1%	11	0.1%	22	0.1%	12	0.1%	10	0.1%	7	0.1%
Subtotal	358	2.3%	338	2.3%	347	2.2%	348	2.2%	350	2.1%	396	2.4%	365	2.5%	276	2.0%	332	2.5%	300	2.3%
Trades Helpers, Construction Labourers and Related Occupations																				
Public works and other labourers, NEC	426	2.8%	342	2.3%	325	2.1%	318	2.0%	374	2.3%	320	2.0%	302	2.0%	259	1.8%	226	1.7%	163	1.3%
Trades helpers and labourers	110	0.7%	83	0.6%	77	0.5%	82	0.5%	97	0.6%	62	0.4%	59	0.4%	46	0.3%	51	0.4%	32	0.2%
Subtotal	536	3.5%	425	2.9%	402	2.5%	400	2.5%	471	2.9%	382	2.3%	361	2.4%	305	2.2%	277	2.1%	195	1.5%

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(Continued)

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation (Continued)

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury Year																			
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Middle and Other Management Occupations																				
Managers in health, education, social and community services	43	0.3%	48	0.3%	63	0.4%	72	0.5%	70	0.4%	80	0.5%	52	0.4%	69	0.5%	80	0.6%	65	0.5%
Managers in protective service	12	0.1%	11	0.1%	11	0.1%	10	0.1%	16	0.1%	16	0.1%	13	0.1%	10	0.1%	10	0.1%	22	0.2%
Administrative services managers	16	0.1%	22	0.1%	19	0.1%	11	0.1%	19	0.1%	26	0.2%	16	0.1%	21	0.1%	24	0.2%	20	0.2%
Managers in retail trade	27	0.2%	39	0.3%	35	0.2%	30	0.2%	36	0.2%	44	0.3%	36	0.2%	25	0.2%	24	0.2%	16	0.1%
Managers in public administration	21	0.1%	23	0.2%	24	0.2%	17	0.1%	19	0.1%	19	0.1%	20	0.1%	28	0.2%	26	0.2%	13	0.1%
Facility operation and maintenance managers	12	0.1%	17	0.1%	8	0.1%	10	0.1%	15	0.1%	8	0.0%	11	0.1%	10	0.1%	5	0.0%	11	0.1%
Managers in construction and transportation	6	0.0%	9	0.1%	6	0.0%	13	0.1%	12	0.1%	9	0.1%	9	0.1%	11	0.1%	11	0.1%	8	0.1%
Managers in art, culture, recreation and sport	5	0.0%	2	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	5	0.0%	7	0.0%	3	0.0%	8	0.1%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%
Managers in communications (except broadcasting)	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	8	0.1%	3	0.0%		0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%
Managers in engineering, architecture, science and information systems	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	9	0.1%	4	0.0%
Sales, marketing and advertising managers	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	5	0.0%	6	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%
Managers in other services	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%
Managers in food service and accommodation	10	0.1%	3	0.0%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	6	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	11	0.1%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%
Managers in financial and business services	3	0.0%	6	0.0%	3	0.0%	7	0.0%	4	0.0%	8	0.0%	8	0.1%	3	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%
Managers in manufacturing and utilities		0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%		0.0%	3	0.0%		0.0%

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Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation (Continued)

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury Year																			
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Managers in primary production (except agriculture)		0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%
Subtotal	167	1.1%	196	1.3%	200	1.3%	194	1.2%	213	1.3%	234	1.4%	182	1.2%	212	1.5%	209	1.6%	178	1.4%
Technical Occupations Related To Natural and Applied Sciences																				
Technical occupations in life sciences	74	0.5%	83	0.6%	80	0.5%	88	0.6%	64	0.4%	92	0.6%	85	0.6%	82	0.6%	77	0.6%	62	0.5%
Other technical inspectors and regulatory officers	52	0.3%	46	0.3%	59	0.4%	57	0.4%	72	0.4%	64	0.4%	57	0.4%	62	0.4%	57	0.4%	45	0.4%
Transportation officers and controllers	21	0.1%	21	0.1%	22	0.1%	12	0.1%	14	0.1%	25	0.2%	24	0.2%	25	0.2%	31	0.2%	25	0.2%
Technical occupations in electronics and electrical engineering	35	0.2%	37	0.2%	36	0.2%	40	0.3%	29	0.2%	32	0.2%	25	0.2%	22	0.2%	27	0.2%	23	0.2%
Technical occupations in civil, mechanical & industrial engineering	12	0.1%	20	0.1%	18	0.1%	16	0.1%	25	0.2%	12	0.1%	16	0.1%	18	0.1%	17	0.1%	12	0.1%
Technical occupations in physical sciences	6	0.0%	6	0.0%	9	0.1%	8	0.1%	13	0.1%	5	0.0%	6	0.0%	7	0.0%	10	0.1%	6	0.0%
Technical occupa. in architecture, drafting, surveying & map	9	0.1%	8	0.1%	7	0.0%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%	12	0.1%	10	0.1%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%
Subtotal	209	1.4%	221	1.5%	231	1.5%	227	1.4%	222	1.4%	242	1.5%	223	1.5%	220	1.6%	223	1.7%	176	1.4%
Technical and Skilled Occupations In Art, Culture, Recreation and Sport																				
Athletes, coaches, referees and related occupations	68	0.4%	54	0.4%	73	0.5%	75	0.5%	66	0.4%	78	0.5%	65	0.4%	79	0.6%	96	0.7%	109	0.9%
Technical occupations in libraries, archives, museums & galleries	23	0.2%	26	0.2%	34	0.2%	33	0.2%	42	0.3%	31	0.2%	35	0.2%	34	0.2%	23	0.2%	20	0.2%
Photographers, graphic arts technicians & technical occupations in motion pictures, broadcasting & the performing arts	21	0.1%	15	0.1%	20	0.1%	15	0.1%	11	0.1%	14	0.1%	14	0.1%	7	0.0%	8	0.1%	15	0.1%
Announcers and other performers		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%

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Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation (Continued)

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury Year																			
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Creative designers and craftpersons	1	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%
Subtotal	113	0.7%	98	0.7%	131	0.8%	128	0.8%	120	0.7%	126	0.8%	117	0.8%	123	0.9%	130	1.0%	146	1.1%
Professional Occupations In Health																				
Nurse supervisors and registered nurses	175	1.1%	152	1.0%	147	0.9%	182	1.2%	133	0.8%	157	1.0%	147	1.0%	146	1.0%	90	0.7%	99	0.8%
Physicians, dentists and veterinarians	3	0.0%	8	0.1%	3	0.0%	11	0.1%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%		0.0%	10	0.1%	5	0.0%	7	0.1%
Therapy and assessment professionals	11	0.1%	12	0.1%	19	0.1%	25	0.2%	14	0.1%	12	0.1%	12	0.1%	8	0.1%	10	0.1%	7	0.1%
Pharmacists, dietitians and nutritionists	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%	6	0.0%
Subtotal	190	1.2%	173	1.2%	171	1.1%	220	1.4%	154	0.9%	178	1.1%	160	1.1%	169	1.2%	110	0.8%	119	0.9%
Primary Production Labourers	79	0.5%	76	0.5%	94	0.6%	81	0.5%	73	0.4%	83	0.5%	64	0.4%	55	0.4%	69	0.5%	85	0.7%
Professional Occupations In Natural and Applied Sciences																				
Mathematicians, systems analysts and computer programmers	40	0.3%	42	0.3%	53	0.3%	65	0.4%	56	0.3%	62	0.4%	52	0.4%	31	0.2%	55	0.4%	39	0.3%
Other engineers	8	0.1%	11	0.1%	9	0.1%	12	0.1%	15	0.1%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%	9	0.1%	4	0.0%	13	0.1%
Civil, mechanical, electrical and chemical engineers	11	0.1%	13	0.1%	6	0.0%	18	0.1%	20	0.1%	16	0.1%	15	0.1%	11	0.1%	8	0.1%	13	0.1%
Life science professionals	12	0.1%	5	0.0%	15	0.1%	6	0.0%	11	0.1%	17	0.1%	9	0.1%	16	0.1%	23	0.2%	9	0.1%
Architects, urban planners and land surveyors	9	0.1%	12	0.1%	7	0.0%	8	0.1%	9	0.1%	13	0.1%	5	0.0%	9	0.1%	8	0.1%	7	0.1%
Physical science professionals	6	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	9	0.1%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%
Subtotal	86	0.6%	86	0.6%	92	0.6%	118	0.7%	117	0.7%	118	0.7%	86	0.6%	77	0.5%	101	0.8%	82	0.6%
Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	143	0.9%	168	1.1%	116	0.7%	76	0.5%	72	0.4%	56	0.3%	70	0.5%	51	0.4%	60	0.5%	67	0.5%
Professional Occupations In Business and Finance																				

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(Continued)

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation (Continued)

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury Year																			
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Occupation																				
Auditors, accountants and investment professionals	33	0.2%	38	0.3%	35	0.2%	50	0.3%	40	0.2%	41	0.3%	27	0.2%	38	0.3%	47	0.4%	33	0.3%
Human resources and business service professionals	25	0.2%	24	0.2%	38	0.2%	38	0.2%	35	0.2%	37	0.2%	36	0.2%	30	0.2%	32	0.2%	23	0.2%
Subtotal	58	0.4%	62	0.4%	73	0.5%	88	0.6%	75	0.5%	78	0.5%	63	0.4%	68	0.5%	79	0.6%	56	0.4%
Processing and Manufacturing Machine Operators and Assemblers																				
Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber processing	24	0.2%	21	0.1%	33	0.2%	18	0.1%	17	0.1%	29	0.2%	29	0.2%	25	0.2%	29	0.2%	23	0.2%
Machining, metalworking, woodworking & related machine operators	21	0.1%	25	0.2%	13	0.1%	12	0.1%	8	0.0%	17	0.1%	12	0.1%	7	0.0%	16	0.1%	10	0.1%
Machine operators & related workers in food, beverage, & tobacco processing	9	0.1%	10	0.1%	2	0.0%	16	0.1%	5	0.0%	8	0.0%	9	0.1%	10	0.1%	15	0.1%	7	0.1%
Printing machine operators and related occupations	6	0.0%	8	0.1%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	7	0.0%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%
Mechanical, electrical and electronics assemblers	7	0.0%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	8	0.1%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%
Machine operators & related workers in metal & mineral products processing	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	5	0.0%		0.0%	9	0.1%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%
Other assembly and related occupations	11	0.1%	11	0.1%	5	0.0%	7	0.0%	14	0.1%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%
Machine operators & related workers in fabric, fur & leather products manufacturing		0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%
Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%

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Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation (Continued)

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury Year																					
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012			
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Machine operators & related workers in textile processing		0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%				0.0%
Subtotal	83	0.5%	86	0.6%	65	0.4%	66	0.4%	49	0.3%	81	0.5%	68	0.5%	64	0.5%	69	0.5%	49	0.4%		
Professional Occupations In Art and Culture																						
Librarians, archivists, conservators and curators	15	0.1%	11	0.1%	14	0.1%	15	0.1%	8	0.0%	9	0.1%	14	0.1%	7	0.0%	10	0.1%	11	0.1%		
Creative and performing artists	5	0.0%	7	0.0%	4	0.0%	8	0.1%	14	0.1%	7	0.0%	9	0.1%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%	10	0.1%		
Writing, translating and public relations professionals	12	0.1%	22	0.1%	21	0.1%	19	0.1%	23	0.1%	23	0.1%	22	0.1%	13	0.1%	11	0.1%	4	0.0%		
Subtotal	32	0.2%	40	0.3%	39	0.2%	42	0.3%	45	0.3%	39	0.2%	45	0.3%	26	0.2%	25	0.2%	25	0.2%		
Intermediate Occupations In Primary Industry																						
Logging and forestry workers	7	0.0%	11	0.1%	7	0.0%	11	0.1%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	8	0.1%	9	0.1%	20	0.2%	16	0.1%		
Agriculture and horticulture workers	10	0.1%	6	0.0%	10	0.1%	15	0.1%	10	0.1%	8	0.0%	9	0.1%	7	0.0%	7	0.1%	6	0.0%		
Mine service workers and operators in oil and gas drilling	1	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%		0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	8	0.1%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%		
Other fishing and trapping occupations	1	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%				0.0%
Subtotal	19	0.1%	21	0.1%	19	0.1%	29	0.2%	15	0.1%	14	0.1%	20	0.1%	25	0.2%	33	0.2%	24	0.2%		
Senior Management Occupations	17	0.1%	13	0.1%	12	0.1%	16	0.1%	12	0.1%	20	0.1%	17	0.1%	24	0.2%	21	0.2%	20	0.2%		
Skilled Occupations In Primary Industry																						
Contractors, operators & supervisors in agriculture, horticulture & aquaculture	10	0.1%	7	0.0%	16	0.1%	11	0.1%	9	0.1%	14	0.1%	14	0.1%	21	0.1%	8	0.1%	12	0.1%		
Fishing vessel masters and skippers and fishermen/women		0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%		
Supervisors, logging and forestry	1	0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%		
Supervisors, mining, oil and gas		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%				0.0%

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Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation (Continued)

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury Year																			
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
Occupation	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Logging machinery operators		0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%
Underground miners, oil & gas drillers & related workers		0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%
Subtotal	11	0.1%	8	0.1%	20	0.1%	14	0.1%	11	0.1%	14	0.1%	18	0.1%	22	0.2%	10	0.1%	14	0.1%
Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities Supervisors and Skilled Operators																				
Central control & process operators in manufacturing & processing	1	0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%
Supervisors, assembly and fabrication	2	0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%
Supervisors, processing occupations		0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%		0.0%
Subtotal	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	6	0.0%	7	0.0%	7	0.0%	9	0.1%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%
Occupation Not Stated	314	2.1%	276	1.9%	238	1.5%	200	1.3%	228	1.4%	293	1.8%	251	1.7%	346	2.5%	265	2.0%	276	2.2%
Total	15,283	100.0%	14,865	100.0%	15,850	100.0%	15,778	100.0%	16,339	100.0%	16,268	100.0%	14,739	100.0%	14,040	100.0%	13,301	100.0%	12,823	100.0%

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Worker Profile – Schedule 2

Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Occupations by Age Groups

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Occupation by Age Groups

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year									
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
15-19	Athletes, coaches, referees and related occupations	Labourers in processing, manufacturing and utilities	Athletes, coaches, referees and related occupations	Athletes, coaches, referees and related occupations	Athletes, coaches, referees and related occupations	Athletes, coaches, referees and related occupations	Athletes, coaches, referees and related occupations	Athletes, coaches, referees and related occupations	Athletes, coaches, referees and related occupations	Athletes, coaches, referees and related occupations
20-24	Other technical occupations in health care (except dental)	Other technical occupations in health care (except dental)	Other technical occupations in health care (except dental)	Other technical occupations in health care (except dental)	Other technical occupations in health care (except dental); other transport equipment operators and related workers	Police officers and firefighters	Other technical occupations in health care (except dental)	Police officers and firefighters	Other transport equipment operators and related workers	Athletes, coaches, referees and related occupations; Other transport equipment operators and related workers
25-29	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters
30-34	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters
35-39	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters
40-44	Mail and message distribution occupations	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Mail and message distribution occupations	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters
45-49	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners; mail and message distribution occupations	Mail and message distribution occupations	Mail and message distribution occupations	Mail and message distribution occupations	Mail and message distribution occupations	Cleaners; mail and message distribution occupations	Cleaners	Police officers and firefighters
50-54	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Mail and message distribution occupations	Mail and message distribution occupations	Mail and message distribution occupations	Mail and message distribution occupations	Mail and message distribution occupations	Cleaners	Mail and message distribution occupations
55-59	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners
60-64	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners
65+	Mail and message distribution occupations	Security guards and related occupations	Mail and message distribution occupations	Mail and message distribution occupations	Mail and message distribution occupations	Mail and message distribution occupations	Mail and message distribution occupations	Cleaners	Cleaners	Childcare and home support workers

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Worker Profile – Schedule 2

Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Occupations for Schedule 2

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Occupation for Schedule 2										
Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year.										
Injury / Illness Year										
Schedule 2	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Mail and message distribution occupations	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters

Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Occupations by Gender

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Occupations by Gender										
Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year.										
Injury/Illness Year										
Schedule 2	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Female	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors
Male	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters

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Injury Profile – Schedule 2

Allowed Lost Time Claims by Nature of Injury

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Nature of Injury

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year																			
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Diagnosis/description of nature of injury or disease																				
Sprains and strains	7,046	46.1%	7,680	51.7%	8,721	55.0%	8,320	52.7%	9,067	55.5%	9,034	55.5%	8,213	55.7%	7,395	52.7%	6,975	52.4%	6,351	49.5%
Bruises, contusions	1,699	11.1%	1,525	10.3%	1,948	12.3%	1,908	12.1%	1,961	12.0%	1,840	11.3%	1,490	10.1%	1,262	9.0%	1,279	9.6%	943	7.4%
Traumatic injuries, disorders, complications, unspecified, NEC	886	5.8%	465	3.1%	75	0.5%	90	0.6%	81	0.5%	140	0.9%	227	1.5%	291	2.1%	601	4.5%	905	7.1%
Fractures	845	5.5%	812	5.5%	866	5.5%	832	5.3%	874	5.3%	924	5.7%	763	5.2%	760	5.4%	735	5.5%	763	6.0%
Multiple traumatic injuries	485	3.2%	633	4.3%	615	3.9%	653	4.1%	695	4.3%	573	3.5%	529	3.6%	590	4.2%	512	3.8%	451	3.5%
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	541	3.5%	556	3.7%	603	3.8%	581	3.7%	557	3.4%	559	3.4%	491	3.3%	439	3.1%	424	3.2%	422	3.3%
Mental disorders or syndromes	179	1.2%	196	1.3%	255	1.6%	294	1.9%	283	1.7%	295	1.8%	301	2.0%	323	2.3%	370	2.8%	386	3.0%
Concussion	106	0.7%	113	0.8%	142	0.9%	138	0.9%	153	0.9%	157	1.0%	158	1.1%	180	1.3%	229	1.7%	321	2.5%
Tendonitis	378	2.5%	390	2.6%	340	2.1%	361	2.3%	385	2.4%	326	2.0%	324	2.2%	320	2.3%	252	1.9%	262	2.0%
Infectious and parasitic diseases	59	0.4%	95	0.6%	111	0.7%	225	1.4%	162	1.0%	256	1.6%	232	1.6%	605	4.3%	104	0.8%	212	1.7%
Abrasions, scratches and other superficial injuries	205	1.3%	192	1.3%	263	1.7%	228	1.4%	209	1.3%	230	1.4%	196	1.3%	168	1.2%	160	1.2%	202	1.6%
Soreness, pain, hurt, except the back	554	3.6%	192	1.3%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	14	0.1%	5	0.0%	7	0.0%	12	0.1%	102	0.8%	201	1.6%
Poisonings, systemic	131	0.9%	152	1.0%	193	1.2%	251	1.6%	224	1.4%	186	1.1%	180	1.2%	185	1.3%	171	1.3%	172	1.3%
Back pain, hurt back	509	3.3%	232	1.6%	7	0.0%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	6	0.0%	17	0.1%	77	0.6%	112	0.9%
Signs and symptoms including contacts/carriers of disease	112	0.7%	105	0.7%	89	0.6%	118	0.7%	109	0.7%	128	0.8%	114	0.8%	136	1.0%	112	0.8%	109	0.9%
Epicondylitis	142	0.9%	126	0.8%	153	1.0%	138	0.9%	134	0.8%	131	0.8%	103	0.7%	116	0.8%	99	0.7%	84	0.7%
Intervertebral herniated, slipped disc including disc syndrome	81	0.5%	152	1.0%	139	0.9%	155	1.0%	165	1.0%	163	1.0%	143	1.0%	104	0.7%	87	0.7%	76	0.6%
Intracranial injuries excluding concussions	101	0.7%	104	0.7%	145	0.9%	172	1.1%	153	0.9%	143	0.9%	158	1.1%	106	0.8%	120	0.9%	76	0.6%
Hernia	92	0.6%	94	0.6%	100	0.6%	94	0.6%	75	0.5%	76	0.5%	92	0.6%	65	0.5%	84	0.6%	70	0.5%

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Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Nature of Injury (Continued)

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year																			
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Dislocation	175	1.1%	191	1.3%	164	1.0%	182	1.2%	156	1.0%	153	0.9%	120	0.8%	97	0.7%	95	0.7%	65	0.5%
Crushing injuries	30	0.2%	29	0.2%	41	0.3%	76	0.5%	73	0.4%	55	0.3%	59	0.4%	71	0.5%	58	0.4%	65	0.5%
Carpal tunnel syndrome	131	0.9%	120	0.8%	130	0.8%	139	0.9%	118	0.7%	139	0.9%	115	0.8%	97	0.7%	62	0.5%	59	0.5%
Respiratory system diseases	65	0.4%	53	0.4%	110	0.7%	130	0.8%	99	0.6%	154	0.9%	138	0.9%	114	0.8%	49	0.4%	53	0.4%
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders, including dermatitis	61	0.4%	49	0.3%	58	0.4%	59	0.4%	57	0.3%	54	0.3%	46	0.3%	60	0.4%	55	0.4%	52	0.4%
Rotator cuff tear or syndrome	60	0.4%	57	0.4%	46	0.3%	68	0.4%	58	0.4%	47	0.3%	79	0.5%	56	0.4%	62	0.5%	52	0.4%
Burn or scald (heat)	82	0.5%	72	0.5%	85	0.5%	66	0.4%	61	0.4%	78	0.5%	66	0.4%	59	0.4%	58	0.4%	50	0.4%
Bursitis	59	0.4%	46	0.3%	36	0.2%	37	0.2%	40	0.2%	47	0.3%	44	0.3%	41	0.3%	40	0.3%	42	0.3%
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue, diseases and disorders unspecified, NEC	99	0.6%	105	0.7%	82	0.5%	119	0.8%	73	0.4%	99	0.6%	79	0.5%	58	0.4%	54	0.4%	34	0.3%
Burns (chemicals)	27	0.2%	27	0.2%	27	0.2%	41	0.3%	26	0.2%	22	0.1%	25	0.2%	26	0.2%	33	0.2%	31	0.2%
Conjunctivitis	29	0.2%	23	0.2%	30	0.2%	33	0.2%	21	0.1%	15	0.1%	15	0.1%	17	0.1%	22	0.2%	26	0.2%
Tenosynovitis	43	0.3%	33	0.2%	41	0.3%	31	0.2%	39	0.2%	23	0.1%	37	0.3%	30	0.2%	21	0.2%	25	0.2%
Heat and light effects including heat stroke, fatigue and syncope	5	0.0%	2	0.0%	36	0.2%	21	0.1%	19	0.1%	8	0.0%	14	0.1%	31	0.2%	24	0.2%	24	0.2%
Sciatica	87	0.6%	53	0.4%	35	0.2%	20	0.1%	21	0.1%	21	0.1%	33	0.2%	28	0.2%	15	0.1%	17	0.1%
Disorders of ear including deafness	8	0.1%	12	0.1%	14	0.1%	20	0.1%	13	0.1%	17	0.1%	13	0.1%	18	0.1%	17	0.1%	16	0.1%
Avulsion	23	0.2%	35	0.2%	21	0.1%	29	0.2%	20	0.1%	27	0.2%	10	0.1%	18	0.1%	22	0.2%	14	0.1%
Disorders of the eye, adnexa, vision, unspecified, NEC	18	0.1%	18	0.1%	18	0.1%	22	0.1%	16	0.1%	20	0.1%	19	0.1%	13	0.1%	26	0.2%	13	0.1%
Amputations or enucleations	13	0.1%	15	0.1%	13	0.1%	6	0.0%	10	0.1%	18	0.1%	20	0.1%	17	0.1%	8	0.1%	11	0.1%
Nervous system and sense organs diseases	6	0.0%	13	0.1%	6	0.0%	8	0.1%	10	0.1%	14	0.1%	12	0.1%	8	0.1%	7	0.1%	7	0.1%
Burns (electrical)	6	0.0%	6	0.0%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%	9	0.1%	1	0.0%	8	0.1%	2	0.0%	5	0.0%
Circulatory system diseases	12	0.1%	2	0.0%	7	0.0%	9	0.1%	10	0.1%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	7	0.1%	5	0.0%
Capsulitis	9	0.1%	8	0.1%	3	0.0%	6	0.0%	8	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%
Burns multiple, unspecified, NEC	5	0.0%	9	0.1%	10	0.1%	7	0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	5	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%
Facet syndrome	27	0.2%	10	0.1%	17	0.1%	21	0.1%	8	0.0%	8	0.0%	6	0.0%	2	0.0%	9	0.1%	4	0.0%
Neoplasms, tumors and cancer, excluding mesothelioma	6	0.0%	7	0.0%	1	0.0%	8	0.1%	7	0.0%	12	0.1%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%	8	0.1%	4	0.0%
Non-personal damage	1	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	7	0.0%	6	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%

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(Continued)

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Nature of Injury (Continued)

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year																			
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Electrocutions, electric shock	8	0.1%	6	0.0%	9	0.1%	8	0.1%	12	0.1%	5	0.0%	7	0.0%	8	0.1%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%
Digestive system diseases	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%
Air pressure effects including other environmental conditions	1	0.0%	7	0.0%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%	7	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%
Synovitis	3	0.0%	0	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%
Diseases and disorders multiple, unspecified, NEC	7	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%
Myositis	4	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%
Freezing effects including frostbite	7	0.0%	10	0.1%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%
Genitourinary system diseases and disorders	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Diseases of blood and blood-forming organs	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Mesothelioma	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%
Welder's flash	3	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	0	0.0%
Back pain	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	13	0.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Ganglion	2	0.0%	10	0.1%	7	0.0%	9	0.1%	10	0.1%	9	0.1%	4	0.0%	7	0.0%	5	0.0%	0	0.0%
Unknown	3	0.0%	7	0.0%	3	0.0%	8	0.1%	0	0.0%	7	0.0%	9	0.1%	58	0.4%	23	0.2%	9	0.1%
Total	15,283	100.0%	14,865	100.0%	15,850	100.0%	15,778	100.0%	16,339	100.0%	16,268	100.0%	14,739	100.0%	14,040	100.0%	13,301	100.0%	12,823	100.0%

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Injury Profile – Schedule 2

Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Nature of Injury by Age Group

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Nature of Injury by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year									
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
15-19	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
20-24	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
25-29	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
30-34	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
35-39	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
40-44	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
45-49	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
50-54	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
55-59	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
60-64	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
65+	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains

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Injury Profile – Schedule 2

Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Nature of Injury by Industry Sector

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Nature of Injury by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year									
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains

Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Nature of Injury by Gender

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Nature of Injury by Gender

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year									
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2012
Female	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Male	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains

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Injury Profile – Schedule 2

Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Event

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Event

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year																			
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
Event	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Bodily reaction and exertion																				
Overexertion	3,306	21.6%	3,461	23.3%	3,386	21.4%	3,339	21.2%	3,553	21.7%	3,414	21.0%	3,029	20.6%	2,718	19.4%	2,368	17.8%	2,349	18.3%
Bodily reaction	2,448	16.0%	2,466	16.6%	2,592	16.4%	2,534	16.1%	2,824	17.3%	2,546	15.7%	2,498	16.9%	2,146	15.3%	2,005	15.1%	1,997	15.6%
Repetitive motion	564	3.7%	597	4.0%	641	4.0%	718	4.6%	698	4.3%	793	4.9%	652	4.4%	580	4.1%	530	4.0%	423	3.3%
Static posture and sustained viewing	24	0.2%	20	0.1%	9	0.1%	19	0.1%	10	0.1%	3	0.0%	10	0.1%	16	0.1%	19	0.1%	16	0.1%
Bodily reaction and exertion (combined), including unspecified, NEC	866	5.7%	625	4.2%	708	4.5%	816	5.2%	749	4.6%	703	4.3%	731	5.0%	711	5.1%	975	7.3%	843	6.6%
Subtotal	7,208	47.2%	7,169	48.2%	7,336	46.3%	7,426	47.1%	7,834	47.9%	7,459	45.9%	6,920	47.0%	6,171	44.0%	5,897	44.3%	5,628	43.9%
Falls																				
Fall on same level	2,618	17.1%	2,356	15.8%	2,767	17.5%	2,398	15.2%	2,655	16.2%	2,948	18.1%	2,409	16.3%	2,140	15.2%	2,316	17.4%	2,049	16.0%
Fall/jump to lower level	798	5.2%	715	4.8%	721	4.5%	677	4.3%	700	4.3%	686	4.2%	634	4.3%	540	3.8%	586	4.4%	520	4.1%
Falls, unspecified, NEC	35	0.2%	28	0.2%	21	0.1%	23	0.1%	18	0.1%	21	0.1%	29	0.2%	22	0.2%	41	0.3%	27	0.2%
Subtotal	3,451	22.6%	3,099	20.8%	3,509	22.1%	3,098	19.6%	3,373	20.6%	3,655	22.5%	3,072	20.8%	2,702	19.2%	2,943	22.1%	2,596	20.2%
Contact with objects and equipment																				
Struck by objects or equipment	1,232	8.1%	1,174	7.9%	1,249	7.9%	1,212	7.7%	1,308	8.0%	1,287	7.9%	1,151	7.8%	1,106	7.9%	1,035	7.8%	1,192	9.3%
Struck against objects or equipment	571	3.7%	557	3.7%	541	3.4%	549	3.5%	620	3.8%	586	3.6%	534	3.6%	517	3.7%	498	3.7%	507	4.0%
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects or collapsing material	296	1.9%	286	1.9%	282	1.8%	308	2.0%	275	1.7%	270	1.7%	229	1.6%	199	1.4%	195	1.5%	181	1.4%
Rubbed or abraded by friction, pressure or jarred by vibration	110	0.7%	91	0.6%	136	0.9%	131	0.8%	79	0.5%	77	0.5%	76	0.5%	77	0.5%	74	0.6%	64	0.5%
Contact with objects and equipment, unspecified, NEC	18	0.1%	18	0.1%	16	0.1%	18	0.1%	13	0.1%	17	0.1%	25	0.2%	22	0.2%	35	0.3%	36	0.3%
Subtotal	2,227	14.6%	2,126	14.3%	2,224	14.0%	2,218	14.1%	2,295	14.0%	2,237	13.8%	2,015	13.7%	1,921	13.7%	1,837	13.8%	1,980	15.4%

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Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Event (Continued)

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year																			
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
Event	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Assaults, violent acts, harassment and acts of war or terrorism	830	5.4%	919	6.2%	974	6.1%	1,051	6.7%	1,048	6.4%	1,053	6.5%	999	6.8%	1,109	7.9%	1,079	8.1%	1,040	8.1%
Exposure to harmful substances or environments																				
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances	399	2.6%	429	2.9%	544	3.4%	782	5.0%	644	3.9%	751	4.6%	699	4.7%	1,100	7.8%	496	3.7%	608	4.7%
Contact with temperature extremes	95	0.6%	90	0.6%	115	0.7%	89	0.6%	76	0.5%	82	0.5%	75	0.5%	94	0.7%	74	0.6%	85	0.7%
Contact with electric current	20	0.1%	13	0.1%	17	0.1%	11	0.1%	16	0.1%	9	0.1%	8	0.1%	15	0.1%	7	0.1%	11	0.1%
Exposure to noise	6	0.0%	7	0.0%	7	0.0%	7	0.0%	5	0.0%	7	0.0%	7	0.0%	11	0.1%	9	0.1%	9	0.1%
Exposure to air pressure changes	3	0.0%	9	0.1%	11	0.1%	12	0.1%	13	0.1%	13	0.1%	7	0.0%	4	0.0%	7	0.1%	6	0.0%
Exposure to radiation	15	0.1%	10	0.1%	6	0.0%	9	0.1%	9	0.1%	8	0.0%	9	0.1%	5	0.0%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%
Exposure to harmful substances or environments, unspecified, NEC	92	0.6%	88	0.6%	114	0.7%	103	0.7%	91	0.6%	118	0.7%	126	0.9%	133	0.9%	158	1.2%	194	1.5%
Subtotal	630	4.1%	646	4.3%	814	5.1%	1,013	6.4%	854	5.2%	988	6.1%	931	6.3%	1,362	9.7%	757	5.7%	917	7.2%
Transportation accidents																				
Highway accidents	481	3.1%	489	3.3%	492	3.1%	507	3.2%	492	3.0%	457	2.8%	435	3.0%	423	3.0%	436	3.3%	441	3.4%
Non-highway accidents	237	1.6%	214	1.4%	238	1.5%	246	1.6%	223	1.4%	221	1.4%	216	1.5%	210	1.5%	199	1.5%	184	1.4%
Transportation accidents, unspecified, NEC	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	5	0.0%	1	0.0%
Subtotal	722	4.7%	705	4.7%	733	4.6%	753	4.8%	717	4.4%	680	4.2%	656	4.5%	636	4.5%	640	4.8%	626	4.9%
Fires and explosions																				
Fire – unintended or uncontrolled	165	1.1%	167	1.1%	218	1.4%	180	1.1%	187	1.1%	158	1.0%	120	0.8%	99	0.7%	117	0.9%	7	0.1%
Explosion	12	0.1%	7	0.0%	7	0.0%	9	0.1%	9	0.1%	11	0.1%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	7	0.1%	6	0.0%
Fire or explosion, unspecified, NEC	6	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%
Subtotal	183	1.2%	175	1.2%	227	1.4%	189	1.2%	196	1.2%	170	1.0%	125	0.8%	104	0.7%	126	0.9%	13	0.1%
Other events or exposures unknown / unidentified	32	0.2%	26	0.2%	33	0.2%	30	0.2%	22	0.1%	26	0.2%	21	0.1%	35	0.2%	22	0.2%	23	0.2%
Total	15,283	100.0%	14,865	100.0%	15,850	100.0%	15,778	100.0%	16,339	100.0%	16,268	100.0%	14,739	100.0%	14,040	100.0%	13,301	100.0%	12,823	100.0%

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Injury Profile – Schedule 2

Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Injury Event by Age Group

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Injury Event by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year									
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
15-19	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Fall on same level	Fall on same level; Bodily reaction	Bodily reaction	Struck by objects or equipment; Bodily reaction
20-24	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
25-29	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
30-34	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
35-39	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
40-44	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
45-49	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
50-54	Fall on same level	Overexertion	Fall on same level	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Fall on same level	Overexertion	Fall on same level	Fall on same level
55-59	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level
60-64	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level
65+	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level

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Injury Profile – Schedule 2

Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Injury Event by Industry Sector

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Injury Event by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year									
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion

Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Injury Event by Gender

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Injury Event by Gender

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year									
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Female	Fall on same level	Overexertion	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level
Male	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion

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Injury Profile – Schedule 2

Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Source

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Source

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year																					
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012			
Source of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Persons (bodily motion or condition)	4,785	31.3%	4,795	32.3%	5,082	32.1%	5,191	32.9%	5,417	33.2%	5,284	32.5%	4,889	33.2%	4,580	32.6%	4,381	32.9%	4,308	33.6%		
Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	3,705	24.2%	3,401	22.9%	3,781	23.9%	3,390	21.5%	3,612	22.1%	3,833	23.6%	3,310	22.5%	2,957	21.1%	3,161	23.8%	2,772	21.6%		
Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	1,677	11.0%	1,644	11.1%	1,687	10.6%	1,681	10.7%	1,779	10.9%	1,646	10.1%	1,499	10.2%	1,340	9.5%	1,232	9.3%	1,154	9.0%		
Vehicles																						
Highway vehicle	823	5.4%	790	5.3%	863	5.4%	887	5.6%	862	5.3%	826	5.1%	740	5.0%	696	5.0%	727	5.5%	751	5.9%		
Plant and industrial vehicles, tractors	280	1.8%	291	2.0%	255	1.6%	279	1.8%	307	1.9%	284	1.7%	267	1.8%	201	1.4%	201	1.5%	171	1.3%		
Air, water, rail vehicles	150	1.0%	125	0.8%	149	0.9%	158	1.0%	177	1.1%	170	1.0%	158	1.1%	157	1.1%	173	1.3%	158	1.2%		
Vehicles, unspecified, NEC	37	0.2%	29	0.2%	22	0.1%	25	0.2%	39	0.2%	35	0.2%	28	0.2%	36	0.3%	27	0.2%	20	0.2%		
Subtotal	1,290	8.4%	1,235	8.3%	1,289	8.1%	1,349	8.5%	1,385	8.5%	1,315	8.1%	1,193	8.1%	1,090	7.8%	1,128	8.5%	1,100	8.6%		
Other tools, instruments, equipment																						
Recreational/Athletic Equipment	143	0.9%	161	1.1%	180	1.1%	153	1.0%	189	1.2%	171	1.1%	176	1.2%	191	1.4%	204	1.5%	237	1.8%		
Hand tools, non-powered	367	2.4%	314	2.1%	330	2.1%	294	1.9%	331	2.0%	316	1.9%	278	1.9%	242	1.7%	255	1.9%	228	1.8%		
Hand tools, powered	80	0.5%	72	0.5%	74	0.5%	75	0.5%	59	0.4%	63	0.4%	61	0.4%	52	0.4%	56	0.4%	43	0.3%		
Ladders	42	0.3%	34	0.2%	32	0.2%	30	0.2%	33	0.2%	29	0.2%	26	0.2%	29	0.2%	18	0.1%	31	0.2%		
Medical and surgical instruments	17	0.1%	29	0.2%	29	0.2%	27	0.2%	40	0.2%	33	0.2%	26	0.2%	24	0.2%	31	0.2%	25	0.2%		
Hand tools, power not determined	19	0.1%	16	0.1%	17	0.1%	18	0.1%	14	0.1%	9	0.1%	18	0.1%	9	0.1%	9	0.1%	17	0.1%		
Protective equipment, except clothing	9	0.1%	2	0.0%	11	0.1%	9	0.1%	14	0.1%	15	0.1%	8	0.1%	8	0.1%	8	0.1%	13	0.1%		
Photographic equipment	3	0.0%	9	0.1%	7	0.0%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	7	0.1%		

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Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Source (Continued)

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year																			
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
Source of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Other tools, instruments, equipment, unspecified, NEC	377	2.5%	436	2.9%	480	3.0%	491	3.1%	514	3.1%	484	3.0%	461	3.1%	453	3.2%	423	3.2%	498	3.9%
Subtotal	1,057	6.9%	1,073	7.2%	1,160	7.3%	1,103	7.0%	1,199	7.3%	1,122	6.9%	1,058	7.2%	1,013	7.2%	1,007	7.6%	1,099	8.6%
Furniture and fixtures	541	3.5%	531	3.6%	532	3.4%	542	3.4%	562	3.4%	508	3.1%	493	3.3%	457	3.3%	449	3.4%	472	3.7%
Parts and materials																				
Building materials	217	1.4%	177	1.2%	137	0.9%	185	1.2%	173	1.1%	173	1.1%	153	1.0%	142	1.0%	152	1.1%	157	1.2%
Vehicle and mobile equipment parts	103	0.7%	121	0.8%	104	0.7%	94	0.6%	90	0.6%	91	0.6%	103	0.7%	111	0.8%	76	0.6%	75	0.6%
Machine tool and electric parts	105	0.7%	84	0.6%	65	0.4%	61	0.4%	71	0.4%	51	0.3%	57	0.4%	54	0.4%	68	0.5%	50	0.4%
Fasteners, connectors, ropes, ties	56	0.4%	56	0.4%	58	0.4%	53	0.3%	52	0.3%	48	0.3%	65	0.4%	48	0.3%	45	0.3%	46	0.4%
Tars, sealants, caulking, insulating materials	10	0.1%	5	0.0%	9	0.1%	18	0.1%	13	0.1%	8	0.0%	9	0.1%	11	0.1%	2	0.0%	8	0.1%
Metal materials	7	0.0%	21	0.1%	20	0.1%	21	0.1%	14	0.1%	30	0.2%	17	0.1%	23	0.2%	14	0.1%	7	0.1%
Hoisting accessories	7	0.0%	15	0.1%	6	0.0%	11	0.1%	11	0.1%	16	0.1%	8	0.1%	15	0.1%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%
Tarps and sheeting (non-metal)	5	0.0%	6	0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%
Parts and materials unspecified, NEC	32	0.2%	39	0.3%	33	0.2%	41	0.3%	36	0.2%	59	0.4%	48	0.3%	62	0.4%	44	0.3%	48	0.4%
Subtotal	542	3.5%	524	3.5%	433	2.7%	488	3.1%	464	2.8%	479	2.9%	464	3.1%	467	3.3%	408	3.1%	395	3.1%
Infectious and parasitic agents	113	0.7%	117	0.8%	205	1.3%	313	2.0%	266	1.6%	373	2.3%	363	2.5%	728	5.2%	170	1.3%	269	2.1%
Machinery																				
Heating, cooling and cleaning machinery	88	0.6%	88	0.6%	87	0.5%	72	0.5%	66	0.4%	49	0.3%	58	0.4%	56	0.4%	76	0.6%	76	0.6%
Miscellaneous machinery (including audio, video, televisions, telephones, snowblowers)	96	0.6%	83	0.6%	90	0.6%	77	0.5%	86	0.5%	95	0.6%	63	0.4%	71	0.5%	69	0.5%	48	0.4%
Cranes, derricks, elevators, jacks and overhead hoists (excludes hoisting accessories)	21	0.1%	32	0.2%	26	0.2%	33	0.2%	29	0.2%	31	0.2%	30	0.2%	20	0.1%	21	0.2%	30	0.2%
Special process machinery (including food slicers, paper, printing, wrapping, sewing, pumps)	25	0.2%	48	0.3%	38	0.2%	38	0.2%	36	0.2%	29	0.2%	27	0.2%	33	0.2%	26	0.2%	29	0.2%
Office and business machines	46	0.3%	53	0.4%	63	0.4%	51	0.3%	48	0.3%	36	0.2%	43	0.3%	31	0.2%	20	0.2%	28	0.2%

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Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Source (Continued)

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year																			
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
Source of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Agricultural, construction, logging and mining	53	0.3%	51	0.3%	44	0.3%	47	0.3%	35	0.2%	42	0.3%	44	0.3%	42	0.3%	35	0.3%	25	0.2%
Metal woodworking and plastic, rubber concrete and other processing	45	0.3%	32	0.2%	20	0.1%	22	0.1%	19	0.1%	27	0.2%	16	0.1%	20	0.1%	10	0.1%	13	0.1%
Conveyors	15	0.1%	20	0.1%	16	0.1%	13	0.1%	13	0.1%	13	0.1%	8	0.1%	11	0.1%	8	0.1%	9	0.1%
Machinery, unspecified, NEC	13	0.1%	5	0.0%	11	0.1%	11	0.1%	8	0.0%	9	0.1%	6	0.0%	14	0.1%	11	0.1%	8	0.1%
Subtotal	402	2.6%	412	2.8%	395	2.5%	364	2.3%	340	2.1%	331	2.0%	295	2.0%	298	2.1%	276	2.1%	266	2.1%
Chemicals and chemical products	188	1.2%	192	1.3%	195	1.2%	269	1.7%	231	1.4%	220	1.4%	183	1.2%	219	1.6%	213	1.6%	178	1.4%
Scrap, waste, debris	172	1.1%	134	0.9%	143	0.9%	149	0.9%	125	0.8%	150	0.9%	131	0.9%	110	0.8%	102	0.8%	120	0.9%
Plants, trees, vegetation	73	0.5%	53	0.4%	86	0.5%	92	0.6%	84	0.5%	73	0.4%	61	0.4%	77	0.5%	76	0.6%	94	0.7%
Animals and animal products	88	0.6%	102	0.7%	98	0.6%	125	0.8%	104	0.6%	108	0.7%	83	0.6%	79	0.6%	77	0.6%	84	0.7%
Paper, books and magazines	63	0.4%	71	0.5%	73	0.5%	48	0.3%	86	0.5%	76	0.5%	71	0.5%	52	0.4%	63	0.5%	46	0.4%
Apparel and textiles	36	0.2%	35	0.2%	38	0.2%	47	0.3%	70	0.4%	32	0.2%	43	0.3%	40	0.3%	48	0.4%	45	0.4%
Food products	37	0.2%	31	0.2%	31	0.2%	44	0.3%	27	0.2%	40	0.2%	40	0.3%	37	0.3%	36	0.3%	38	0.3%
Steam, vapour, liquids, NEC	29	0.2%	34	0.2%	48	0.3%	22	0.1%	24	0.1%	38	0.2%	34	0.2%	39	0.3%	27	0.2%	31	0.2%
Fire, flame and smoke	45	0.3%	41	0.3%	53	0.3%	53	0.3%	52	0.3%	70	0.4%	32	0.2%	36	0.3%	50	0.4%	25	0.2%
Atmospheric and environmental conditions (including weather)	48	0.3%	23	0.2%	53	0.3%	15	0.1%	52	0.3%	71	0.4%	41	0.3%	24	0.2%	27	0.2%	22	0.2%
Minerals, metallic and non-metallic	29	0.2%	42	0.3%	17	0.1%	30	0.2%	40	0.2%	34	0.2%	40	0.3%	27	0.2%	26	0.2%	21	0.2%
Temperature extremes (heat, cold) environmental	13	0.1%	16	0.1%	38	0.2%	23	0.1%	20	0.1%	9	0.1%	9	0.1%	27	0.2%	22	0.2%	14	0.1%
Air pressure	3	0.0%	8	0.1%	6	0.0%	12	0.1%	14	0.1%	12	0.1%	7	0.0%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%	8	0.1%
Noise	5	0.0%	7	0.0%	6	0.0%	8	0.1%	6	0.0%	7	0.0%	7	0.0%	12	0.1%	9	0.1%	7	0.1%
Other sources, unclassified, NEC	263	1.7%	280	1.9%	332	2.1%	337	2.1%	306	1.9%	356	2.2%	321	2.2%	242	1.7%	235	1.8%	176	1.4%
Unknown	79	0.5%	64	0.4%	69	0.4%	83	0.5%	74	0.5%	81	0.5%	72	0.5%	85	0.6%	73	0.5%	79	0.6%
Total	15,283	100.0%	14,865	100.0%	15,850	100.0%	15,778	100.0%	16,339	100.0%	16,268	100.0%	14,739	100.0%	14,040	100.0%	13,301	100.0%	12,823	100.0%

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Injury Profile – Schedule 2

Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Injury Source by Age Group

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Injury Source by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year									
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
15-19	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
20-24	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
25-29	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
30-34	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
35-39	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
40-44	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
45-49	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
50-54	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
55-59	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
60-64	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
65+	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)

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Injury Profile – Schedule 2

Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Injury Source by Industry Sector

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Injury Source by Industry Sector										
Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year.										
Injury / Illness Year										
Schedule 2	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)

Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Injury Source by Gender

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Injury Source by Gender										
Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year.										
Injury / Illness Year										
Schedule 2	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Female	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Male	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)

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Injury Profile – Schedule 2

Allowed Lost Time Claims by Part of Body

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Part of Body

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year																					
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012			
Part of body affected	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Back (including spine, spinal cord, neck)																						
Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	3,048	19.9%	3,181	21.4%	3,254	20.5%	3,274	20.8%	3,407	20.9%	3,317	20.4%	2,975	20.2%	2,553	18.2%	2,476	18.6%	2,356	18.4%		
Upper back (cervical, thoracic regions)	857	5.6%	826	5.6%	883	5.6%	848	5.4%	866	5.3%	846	5.2%	703	4.8%	631	4.5%	614	4.6%	504	3.9%		
Multiple back regions	337	2.2%	333	2.2%	404	2.5%	369	2.3%	356	2.2%	324	2.0%	298	2.0%	335	2.4%	294	2.2%	250	1.9%		
Back, unspecified, NEC	445	2.9%	278	1.9%	174	1.1%	157	1.0%	143	0.9%	152	0.9%	123	0.8%	62	0.4%	66	0.5%	96	0.7%		
Subtotal	4,687	30.7%	4,618	31.1%	4,715	29.7%	4,648	29.5%	4,772	29.2%	4,639	28.5%	4,099	27.8%	3,581	25.5%	3,450	25.9%	3,206	25.0%		
Lower extremities																						
Leg(s)	1,609	10.5%	1,566	10.5%	1,635	10.3%	1,620	10.3%	1,752	10.7%	1,685	10.4%	1,649	11.2%	1,436	10.2%	1,361	10.2%	1,401	10.9%		
Ankle(s)	1,110	7.3%	1,011	6.8%	1,122	7.1%	976	6.2%	1,081	6.6%	1,114	6.8%	988	6.7%	934	6.7%	880	6.6%	847	6.6%		
Foot (feet), except toe(s)	432	2.8%	353	2.4%	403	2.5%	373	2.4%	372	2.3%	388	2.4%	348	2.4%	352	2.5%	341	2.6%	318	2.5%		
Multiple lower extremities locations	96	0.6%	118	0.8%	128	0.8%	134	0.8%	159	1.0%	144	0.9%	138	0.9%	127	0.9%	125	0.9%	111	0.9%		
Toe(s), toenail(s)	86	0.6%	84	0.6%	73	0.5%	90	0.6%	113	0.7%	100	0.6%	72	0.5%	85	0.6%	66	0.5%	73	0.6%		
Lower extremities, unspecified, NEC	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	7	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	11	0.1%		
Subtotal	3,338	21.8%	3,136	21.1%	3,366	21.2%	3,195	20.2%	3,478	21.3%	3,435	21.1%	3,202	21.7%	2,939	20.9%	2,776	20.9%	2,761	21.5%		
Upper extremities																						
Arm(s)	698	4.6%	632	4.3%	674	4.3%	634	4.0%	646	4.0%	622	3.8%	570	3.9%	536	3.8%	541	4.1%	547	4.3%		
Finger(s), fingernail(s)	681	4.5%	640	4.3%	651	4.1%	656	4.2%	612	3.7%	609	3.7%	556	3.8%	501	3.6%	510	3.8%	496	3.9%		
Wrist(s)	538	3.5%	579	3.9%	606	3.8%	592	3.8%	590	3.6%	570	3.5%	534	3.6%	447	3.2%	458	3.4%	428	3.3%		
Hand(s), except finger(s)	422	2.8%	378	2.5%	392	2.5%	409	2.6%	340	2.1%	395	2.4%	319	2.2%	316	2.3%	282	2.1%	269	2.1%		
Upper extremities, unspecified, NEC	102	0.7%	122	0.8%	133	0.8%	193	1.2%	202	1.2%	172	1.1%	168	1.1%	157	1.1%	175	1.3%	182	1.4%		
Subtotal	2,441	16.0%	2,351	15.8%	2,456	15.5%	2,484	15.7%	2,390	14.6%	2,368	14.6%	2,147	14.6%	1,957	13.9%	1,966	14.8%	1,922	15.0%		

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Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims by Part of Body (Continued)

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year. Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year																			
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	
Part of body affected	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Trunk (excluding back)																				
Shoulder	1,009	6.6%	970	6.5%	1,040	6.6%	1,000	6.3%	1,092	6.7%	1,173	7.2%	1,005	6.8%	948	6.8%	872	6.6%	831	6.5%
Abdomen	83	0.5%	118	0.8%	146	0.9%	274	1.7%	212	1.3%	312	1.9%	297	2.0%	659	4.7%	170	1.3%	271	2.1%
Pelvic region	345	2.3%	310	2.1%	314	2.0%	297	1.9%	300	1.8%	291	1.8%	278	1.9%	217	1.5%	251	1.9%	240	1.9%
Multiple trunk locations	198	1.3%	258	1.7%	295	1.9%	309	2.0%	352	2.2%	365	2.2%	327	2.2%	313	2.2%	255	1.9%	216	1.7%
Chest, including ribs, internal organs	307	2.0%	257	1.7%	331	2.1%	320	2.0%	336	2.1%	296	1.8%	272	1.8%	235	1.7%	214	1.6%	205	1.6%
Trunk, unspecified, NEC	8	0.1%	2	0.0%	7	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%
Subtotal	1,950	12.8%	1,915	12.9%	2,133	13.5%	2,202	14.0%	2,294	14.0%	2,441	15.0%	2,181	14.8%	2,375	16.9%	1,763	13.3%	1,763	13.7%
Multiple body parts	1,564	10.2%	1,554	10.5%	1,590	10.0%	1,611	10.2%	1,802	11.0%	1,760	10.8%	1,577	10.7%	1,569	11.2%	1,735	13.0%	1,507	11.8%
Head																				
Cranial region, including skull	315	2.1%	332	2.2%	415	2.6%	430	2.7%	425	2.6%	443	2.7%	443	3.0%	378	2.7%	479	3.6%	525	4.1%
Eye(s)	316	2.1%	273	1.8%	314	2.0%	300	1.9%	266	1.6%	251	1.5%	224	1.5%	220	1.6%	223	1.7%	245	1.9%
Face	183	1.2%	169	1.1%	203	1.3%	173	1.1%	190	1.2%	202	1.2%	174	1.2%	183	1.3%	160	1.2%	175	1.4%
Ear(s)	23	0.2%	27	0.2%	28	0.2%	27	0.2%	25	0.2%	23	0.1%	22	0.1%	22	0.2%	24	0.2%	25	0.2%
Head, unspecified, NEC	39	0.3%	38	0.3%	28	0.2%	21	0.1%	22	0.1%	25	0.2%	38	0.3%	48	0.3%	22	0.2%	23	0.2%
Multiple head locations	7	0.0%	5	0.0%	10	0.1%	5	0.0%	20	0.1%	12	0.1%	12	0.1%	9	0.1%	15	0.1%	18	0.1%
Subtotal	883	5.8%	844	5.7%	998	6.3%	956	6.1%	948	5.8%	956	5.9%	913	6.2%	860	6.1%	923	6.9%	1,011	7.9%
Body systems	389	2.5%	417	2.8%	563	3.6%	655	4.2%	616	3.8%	649	4.0%	607	4.1%	679	4.8%	667	5.0%	636	5.0%
Other body parts including unclassified, NEC	31	0.2%	30	0.2%	29	0.2%	27	0.2%	39	0.2%	20	0.1%	13	0.1%	80	0.6%	21	0.2%	17	0.1%
Total	15,283	100.0%	14,865	100.0%	15,850	100.0%	15,778	100.0%	16,339	100.0%	16,268	100.0%	14,739	100.0%	14,040	100.0%	13,301	100.0%	12,823	100.0%

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Injury Profile – Schedule 2

Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Part of Body by Age Group

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Part of Body by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year									
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
15-19	Finger(s), fingernail(s); Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Ankle(s); Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Leg(s)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Leg(s)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Leg(s)	Ankle(s)	Ankle(s)	Ankle(s)
20-24	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
25-29	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
30-34	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
35-39	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
40-44	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
45-49	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
50-54	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
55-59	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Multiple body parts	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
60-64	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions); Multiple body parts	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
65+	Leg(s)	Multiple body parts	Leg(s)	Leg(s); Multiple body parts	Leg(s)	Multiple body parts	Multiple body parts	Leg(s); Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Multiple body parts	Multiple body parts

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Injury Profile – Schedule 2

Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Part of Body by Industry Sector

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Part of Body by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year									
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)

Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Part of Body by Gender

Schedule 2 – Allowed Lost Time Claims – Leading Part of Body by Gender

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year.

Schedule 2	Injury / Illness Year									
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Female	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Multiple body parts	Multiple body parts
Male	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)

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Fatalities – Schedule 2

Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Age Group

Schedule 2 – Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each year.

Schedule 2	Year of Death										
Age Group	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	Total
15-19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
20-24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
25-29	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	5
30-34	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	6
35-39	1	3	0	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	9
40-44	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	2	5
45-49	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	2	7
50-54	2	0	0	1	1	2	3	0	2	1	12
55-59	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	6
60-64	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
65+	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total	9	6	2	3	7	4	6	6	5	6	54

Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Industry Sector

Schedule 2 – Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each year.

Schedule 2	Year of Death										
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	Total
	9	6	2	3	7	4	6	6	5	6	54
Total	9	6	2	3	7	4	6	6	5	6	54

Data in By the Numbers: 2012 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end.

Fatalities – Schedule 2

Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Gender

Schedule 2 – Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Gender

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each year.

Schedule 2	Year of Death										
Gender	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	Total
Female	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	6
Male	8	5	1	3	6	4	6	6	4	5	48
Total	9	6	2	3	7	4	6	6	5	6	54

Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Age Group

Schedule 2 – Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each year.

Schedule 2	Entitlement Year										
Age Group	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	Total
15-19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20-24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25-29	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
30-34	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
35-39	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	1	1	6
40-44	1	0	1	4	3	1	1	2	2	2	17
45-49	2	5	4	4	4	3	1	5	0	1	29
50-54	2	5	3	3	5	8	4	4	5	2	41
55-59	4	4	2	5	9	4	2	2	1	3	36
60-64	6	5	8	5	9	5	4	10	5	3	60
65+	9	17	11	10	19	15	19	28	24	20	172
Total	24	36	30	34	51	36	32	51	38	32	364

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Fatalities – Schedule 2

Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Industry Sector

Schedule 2 – Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each year.

Schedule 2	Entitlement Year										Total
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	
	24	36	30	34	51	36	32	51	38	32	364
Total	24	36	30	34	51	36	32	51	38	32	364

Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Gender

Schedule 2 – Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Gender

Data Source: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse. Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each year.

Schedule 2	Entitlement Year										Total
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	
Female	3	1	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	2	10
Male	21	35	30	32	51	35	32	50	37	30	353
Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Total	24	36	30	34	51	36	32	51	38	32	364

Data in By the Numbers: 2012 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end.

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