

BY THE NUMBERS: 2014 WSIB STATISTICAL REPORT



Schedule 1

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduction.....	3
Discussion and Analysis.....	4
2014 Highlights.....	6
Workplaces.....	7
Claims.....	9
Workers	18
Return to Work	20
Injuries	24
Fatalities.....	29
Benefit Payments.....	31
Focus.....	36
Glossary.....	38
Appendix.....	42

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

INTRODUCTION

By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report

By the Numbers: WSIB Statistical Report is released annually to provide a wealth of useful information for both the wider prevention system and individual workplaces.

Based on feedback we received via our online survey and focus group sessions, we have enhanced By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report to meet Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act (AODA) requirements and have increased the data available through our downloadable tables.

The contents of this report can provide more insight into what is happening in Ontario workplaces. It provides a valuable resource for workers and employers as they continue the important work of making their workplaces safer and healthier. This is part of our ongoing commitment to an open and transparent approach to the way we do business.

Who We Are and What We Do

We are legislated by the Provincial Government of Ontario and are responsible for administering the Workplace Safety and Insurance Act, 1997 (WSIA). We are completely funded by employer premiums, and to a lesser degree, income earned on our investments. The province does not provide us with any funding. We are a trust agency which is governed by an independent Board of Directors made up of representatives from employers, workers and others

The WSIB administers the province's no-fault workplace insurance system for Ontario workplaces. We provide return to work, medical coverage, and wage loss benefits for workers injured on the job or contracting occupational diseases for Schedule 1 and 2 employers.



Schedules 1 and 2

Employers who are registered with the WSIB, are covered under either Schedule 1 or Schedule 2 of the Workplace Safety and Insurance Act, 1997 (WSIA). By the Numbers presents 10 years of statistics on Schedule 1 and 2 separately.

Schedule 1 employers are:

- those for which the WSIB is liable to pay benefit compensation for workers' claims.
- required by legislation to pay premiums to the WSIB and are protected by a system of collective liability.
- relieved of individual responsibility for actual claim costs, since the WSIB pays benefits to injured workers out of money pooled in the insurance fund.

Schedule 2 employers are:

- employers that self-insure the provisions of benefits under the WSIA.
- liable to pay all benefit compensation and administration costs for workers' claims. The WSIB administers the payment of benefits for workers of Schedule 2 employers and recovers the cost of these benefits plus administration fees from the employers.

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The WSIB is one of the most comprehensive workers' compensation benefit systems in North America. Under Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 combined, we cover 16 industries and employers that are self-insured within the province of Ontario. In 2014, we served over 5.1 million workers and more than 300,000 employers, registered almost 234,000 claims, and issued \$2,660 million in benefit payments. The WSIB is committed to ensuring a sustainable insurance system for employers and workers, and improving outcomes for injured workers.

Summary of Performance for Schedule 1

The WSIB's integrated recovery and return to work approach continues to result in positive outcomes for both workers and employers. Over the past 10 years, the workforce covered by WSIB has grown by almost 9%, while the number of registered claims has decreased by 36%. Overall, fewer claims are entering the system and more injured workers are able to safely return to work sooner. This year, for the first time in 10 years, registered claim volumes increased by a total of 0.6% (1,102 claims) compared to 2013. Despite this marginal increase in the number of registered claims, the 2014 lost time injury rate was 0.92, and continues to be the lowest amongst all jurisdictions in Canada.

Workplaces, Workers and Claims

Since 2005, five sectors (Services, Health Care, Manufacturing, Transportation and Construction) accounted for over 80% of both WSIB covered employment and allowed lost time claims. Since 2005, these industry sectors with the exception of Manufacturing have experienced an increase in covered employment. Of these, Transportation was the only sector that experienced an increase in the number of allowed lost time claims between 2013 and 2014.

Common characteristics of allowed lost time claims in 2014:

- Males represent 62% of allowed lost time claims
- Age group: 25 to 44 (42%)
- Nature of Injury: Sprains and strains (39%)
- Event: Overexertion (17%)
- Part of Body: Low back (18%)
- Occupation: Motor vehicle and transit drivers (8%)

High Impact Claims

High impact claims are a subset of allowed lost time claims identified by WSIB that have significant impacts on workers and employers in terms of recovery and return to work time resulting in increased costs. These claims involve injuries related to the low back, shoulders and fractures, and represent, on average, more than 40% of all lost time benefit payments, and almost 35% of all lost time claims over the past five years. While the average days lost for all high impact claims within three and six months post injury or illness continues to remain higher than all other lost time claims combined, we have seen a noted reduction in the number of low back claims since 2010. Having recognized that access to timely, quality health care is an important factor in supporting return to work and recovery for injured workers and employers, the WSIB continued to enhance the network of specialized assessment and treatment services across the province for low back and shoulder injuries. These improvements in health care approaches have enhanced our overall case management of high impact claims.

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our Commitment to Improved Recovery and Return to Work Outcomes

Compared to 2005, there has been a decline in the average number of days lost within one and three months post injury or illness. In addition, more workers are returning to work and recovering faster, as is evident from the decrease in the percentage of claims receiving Loss of Earnings (LOE) benefits at three and six months.

Since 2010 benefit payments have shown a decreasing trend. Changes to the Service Delivery Model, specialized and timely health care for injured workers, and positive improvements to the Return to Work Program have resulted in a 21% decrease in benefit payments (from \$3,067M to \$2,420M) compared to 2010. At the same time, after adjusting for inflation, the amount of LOE paid for a single day off work for an injured worker has remained relatively stable.

WSIB has adopted the “Better at Work” principle, and is focusing on three key areas:

- Enhancing the speed and efficiency of administrative processes such as claims registration and eligibility decisions,
- Ensuring effective case management practices that integrate return to work and the recovery process,
- Providing early, expert medical services.

In 2014, WSIB’s Return to Work staff made over 25,000 visits to employers to build case specific plans on behalf of workers. Return to Work Specialists (RTWS) meet with injured or ill workers at an employer’s premises to help develop plans to return to pre-injury jobs. These visits are improving RTW outcomes as in 2014, approximately 87% of Schedule 1 and 2 injured workers were off full LOE benefits within a month of a Return to Work Specialists visit. In addition, we have more than 200 professionally designated Work Transition Specialists who provide additional return to work support in circumstances where the worker requires a longer plan. Our vision is to return injured/ill workers back to productive and safe employment. For employers, our approach ensures minimal disruption to their workforce as they continue to have an experienced and productive employee stay within their company. The WSIB is proud of the improvements we’ve achieved in improved RTW and recovery outcomes.

Improved Outcomes for Workers and Employers

We know we can meet the challenges ahead as we continue to introduce enhanced programs for employers and injured workers. Our customer service improvements have enabled efficient and accessible services to workers and employers. As we look towards the future, we are on-track to create a modern, financially sustainable system that not only promotes economic growth and productivity, but also enables workers to recover and get back to what matters to them.

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

2014 HIGHLIGHTS

WORKPLACES



16

DIVERSE INDUSTRIES



299K

EMPLOYERS COVERED



195K

CLAIMS REGISTERED

WORKERS



FEMALES

REPRESENT 48% OF THE
WORKFORCE & 38% OF
LOST TIME CLAIMS



4.4M

WORKERS COVERED

CLAIMS

7.5

AVERAGE DAYS LOST
WITHIN ONE MONTH POST
INJURY DATE



0.92

LOST TIME INJURY RATE

HIGH IMPACT CLAIMS:

34%

OF ALL ALLOWED
LOST TIME CLAIMS



42%

OF ALL LOST TIME
BENEFIT PAYMENTS

INJURY

ALLOWED LOST
TIME CLAIMS

NATURE

39%

SPRAINS &
STRAINS

EVENT

17%

OVEREXERTION

PART OF
BODY

18%

LOW BACK

RETURN TO WORK*



RETURN TO WORK STAFF
MADE MORE THAN
25,000
WORKPLACE VISITS

87%

OF INJURED WORKERS WERE
OFF FULL LOE BENEFITS
ONE MONTH
AFTER RETURN TO WORK STAFF
MEMBER'S INVOLVEMENT

*Represents Schedule 1 and 2 combined.

BENEFIT PAYMENTS

\$2,420M

TOTAL BENEFIT
PAYMENTS

25%

WORKERS' PENSION

36%

LOSS OF EARNINGS

2%

EXTERNAL PROVIDERS



FOCUS

DON'T MISS
THE FOCUS CHAPTER
HIGHLIGHTING
INJURY TRENDS
BY AGE GROUP



Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

WORKPLACES – EMPLOYERS

Overview

The number of claims registered with the WSIB has been on the decline for the last 10 years. Between 2005 and 2010, claims for workplace injuries had a steady decline, while subsequent years experienced marginal decreases until 2014.

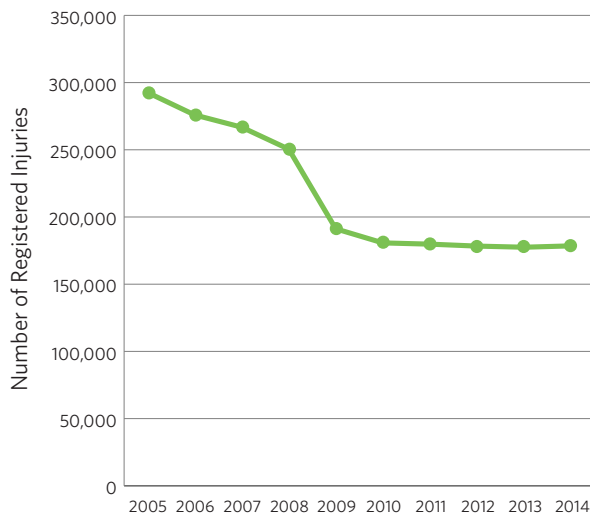
Illness claims, unlike injuries, have continued to increase overall in the last 10 years including the number of claims resulting from occupational Noise Induced Hearing Loss (NIHL).

Comparing 2014 to 2013, there has been an increase in the number of employers, the WSIB covered employment and registered claims. In 2014, for the first time in over a decade, the number of all registered claims increased by 0.6% compared to last year.

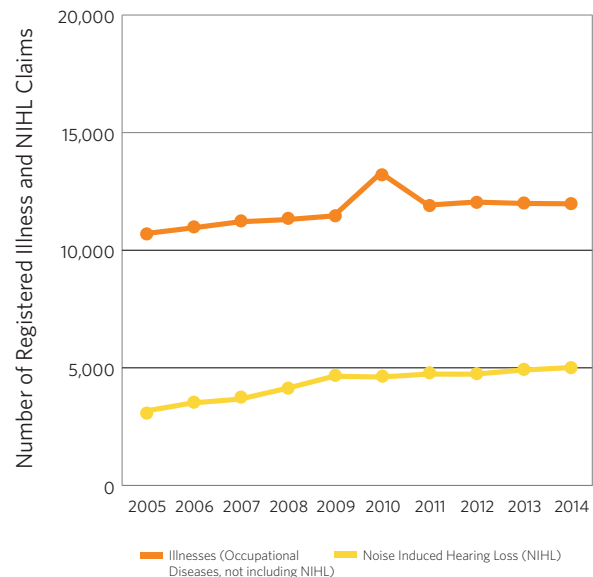
WSIB Covered Employment and Registered Claims

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Employers	228,510	235,115	238,500	245,912	249,162	250,536	251,827	255,474	287,195	299,339
WSIB Covered Employment	4,074,159	4,180,817	4,156,585	4,108,618	3,932,241	4,009,201	4,128,939	4,239,440	4,361,029	4,431,674
% Workforce Covered	63.9%	64.8%	63.3%	61.6%	60.5%	60.7%	61.3%	62.5%	63.4%	64.4%
Registered Claims	306,473	290,390	281,676	265,890	207,296	198,617	196,449	195,128	194,393	195,495

Injury Claims by Registration Year Schedule 1



Illness and Noise Induced Hearing Loss Claims by Registration Year Schedule 1



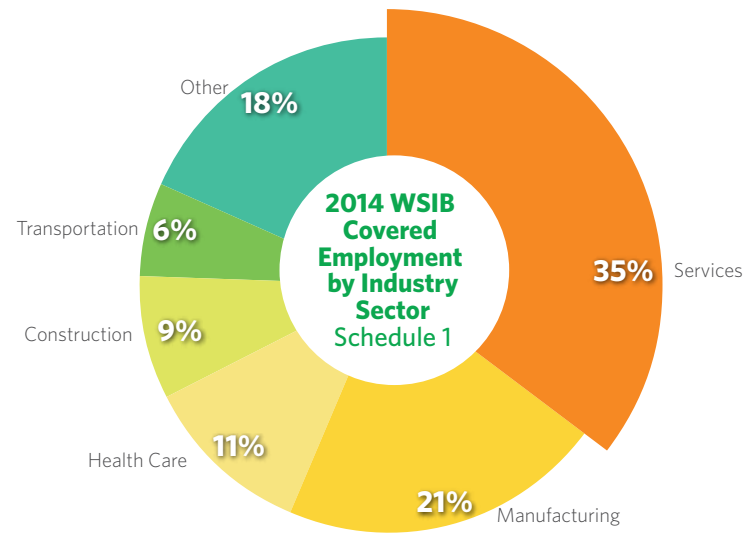
Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

WORKPLACES – INDUSTRIES

WSIB Covered Employment by Industry Sector

The distribution of workers among the industry sectors has remained fairly consistent over the past 10 years. Since 2005, five sectors (Services, Manufacturing, Health Care, Construction, and Transportation) accounted for over 80% of WSIB covered employment. The significant increases in employment in the Construction, Health Care, and Services industry sectors resulted in an overall 9% increase in the number of Schedule 1 workers over the last 10 years.

Comparing 2014 to 2013, the majority of industry sectors experienced an increase in covered employment with the exception of Mining, Forestry, Pulp and Paper, Education, and Chemicals/Process. Construction was the industry sector with the largest increase of 4.5%.



WSIB Covered Employment by Industry Sector

Industry Sector	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment
Agriculture	46,759	1.1%	46,916	1.1%	47,107	1.1%	49,014	1.2%	48,694	1.2%	50,270	1.3%	50,781	1.2%	52,524	1.2%	55,424	1.3%	57,437	1.3%
Automotive	210,169	5.2%	193,827	4.6%	179,488	4.3%	150,750	3.7%	108,884	2.8%	120,690	3.0%	131,634	3.2%	137,393	3.2%	145,799	3.3%	151,644	3.4%
Chemicals/Process	131,580	3.2%	126,851	3.0%	120,207	2.9%	116,028	2.8%	102,341	2.6%	103,799	2.6%	99,996	2.4%	104,224	2.5%	103,044	2.4%	99,435	2.2%
Construction	250,087	6.1%	255,917	6.1%	268,645	6.5%	282,717	6.9%	261,648	6.7%	280,028	7.0%	291,505	7.1%	306,990	7.2%	366,062	8.4%	382,560	8.6%
Education	126,299	3.1%	130,833	3.1%	134,442	3.2%	133,563	3.3%	138,371	3.5%	139,496	3.5%	152,617	3.7%	149,429	3.5%	149,394	3.4%	145,416	3.3%
Electrical	69,775	1.7%	73,202	1.8%	79,326	1.9%	81,753	2.0%	84,123	2.1%	88,686	2.2%	90,259	2.2%	92,119	2.2%	91,310	2.1%	91,197	2.1%
Food	129,254	3.2%	129,799	3.1%	127,584	3.1%	124,622	3.0%	121,550	3.1%	123,964	3.1%	125,625	3.0%	128,632	3.0%	128,714	3.0%	129,609	2.9%
Forestry	20,109	0.5%	17,179	0.4%	15,104	0.4%	12,006	0.3%	9,028	0.2%	9,250	0.2%	8,506	0.2%	7,981	0.2%	9,542	0.2%	9,455	0.2%
Health Care	405,282	9.9%	414,741	9.9%	426,275	10.3%	440,622	10.7%	453,431	11.5%	452,564	11.3%	461,761	11.2%	479,970	11.3%	481,801	11.0%	491,367	11.1%
Manufacturing	949,031	23.3%	1,019,718	24.4%	967,007	23.3%	931,898	22.7%	862,232	21.9%	874,529	21.8%	915,893	22.2%	918,009	21.7%	931,591	21.4%	933,228	21.1%
Mining	23,078	0.6%	22,994	0.5%	25,467	0.6%	27,581	0.7%	23,373	0.6%	25,594	0.6%	29,021	0.7%	29,934	0.7%	29,350	0.7%	28,748	0.6%
Municipal	33,413	0.8%	32,768	0.8%	33,946	0.8%	34,283	0.8%	37,363	1.0%	37,641	0.9%	37,973	0.9%	39,385	0.9%	39,314	0.9%	39,335	0.9%
Primary Metals	44,963	1.1%	42,753	1.0%	38,496	0.9%	36,345	0.9%	28,852	0.7%	29,543	0.7%	29,889	0.7%	30,256	0.7%	30,583	0.7%	30,474	0.7%
Pulp & Paper	26,066	0.6%	23,472	0.6%	20,979	0.5%	19,733	0.5%	16,272	0.4%	16,057	0.4%	15,424	0.4%	15,048	0.4%	15,606	0.4%	15,143	0.3%
Services	1,393,421	34.2%	1,427,693	34.1%	1,444,492	34.8%	1,434,854	34.9%	1,410,671	35.9%	1,430,059	35.7%	1,452,079	35.2%	1,505,172	35.5%	1,532,755	35.1%	1,572,750	35.5%
Transportation	214,872	5.3%	222,156	5.3%	228,022	5.5%	232,849	5.7%	225,410	5.7%	227,031	5.7%	235,975	5.7%	242,374	5.7%	250,740	5.7%	253,877	5.7%
TOTAL	4,074,159	100.0%	4,180,817	100.0%	4,156,585	100.0%	4,108,618	100.0%	3,932,241	100.0%	4,009,201	100.0%	4,128,939	100.0%	4,239,440	100.0%	4,361,029	100.0%	4,431,674	100.0%

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

CLAIMS

Overview

The Lost Time Injury rate (LTI) takes into account the number of allowed lost time claims and the number of workers employed in order to represent the number of lost time claims per 100 workers.

Since 2005, the number of workers covered by WSIB has increased by approximately 9% while the lost time and no lost time injury rates have declined by approximately 49% and 39% respectively.

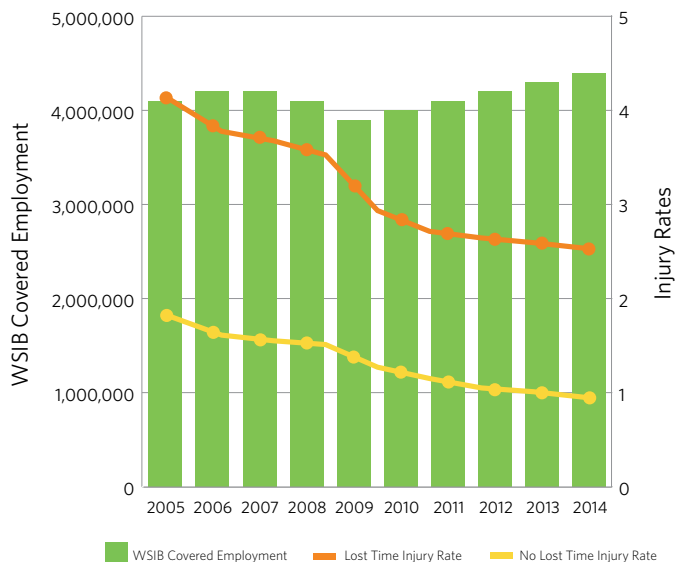
In 2014, covered employment at the WSIB increased slightly compared to 2013, while Statistics Canada's Labour Force Survey (LFS) on employment in Ontario remained flat. Despite the growth in covered employment, there have been marginal increases in allowed no lost time claims since 2011, while allowed lost time claims continue to decline.

Allowed Claims and Injury Rates by Injury/Illness Year

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Allowed Lost Time Claims	73,888	67,406	64,531	61,992	50,104	46,160	43,371	42,702	41,508	40,585
Allowed No Lost Time Claims	167,382	157,487	152,418	144,489	115,340	108,660	108,954	109,648	110,120	110,196
WSIB Covered Employment	4,074,159	4,180,817	4,156,585	4,108,618	3,932,241	4,009,201	4,128,939	4,239,440	4,361,029	4,431,674
Lost Time Injury Rate	1.81	1.61	1.55	1.51	1.27	1.15	1.05	1.01	0.95	0.92
No Lost Time Injury Rate	4.11	3.77	3.67	3.52	2.93	2.71	2.64	2.59	2.53	2.49

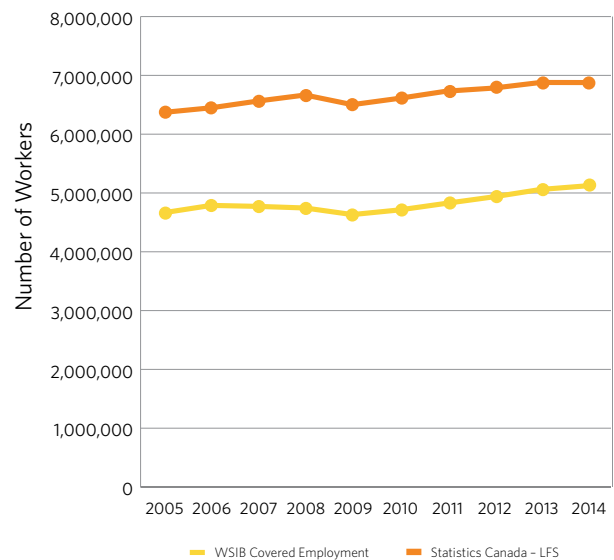
WSIB Covered Employment and Injury Rates

Schedule 1



Employment Trends

Schedule 1 & 2



Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

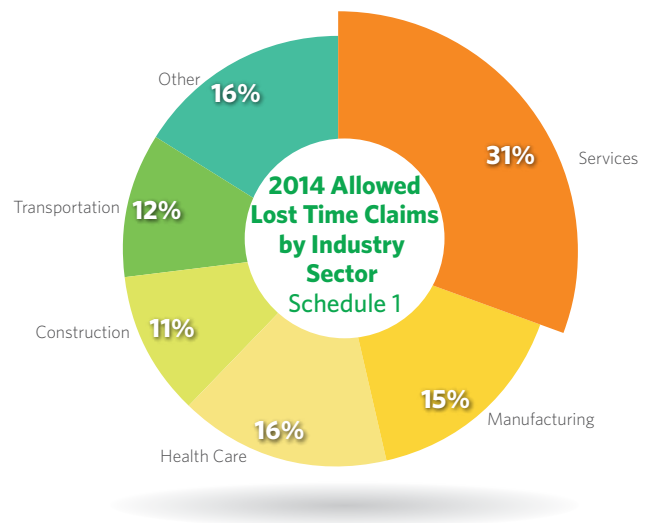
CLAIMS – INDUSTRY SECTOR CLAIMS AND LTI RATE

Allowed Lost Time Claims by Industry Sector

Over the past 10 years, all sectors experienced significant decreases in the number of allowed lost time claims, while the distribution of lost time claims among the industry sectors remained relatively unchanged.

Services, Health Care, Manufacturing, Transportation, and Construction sectors accounted for almost 84% of all Schedule 1 lost time claims in 2014. All of these industry sectors had a decrease in allowed lost time claims compared to 2013.

In 2014, the number of allowed lost time claims increased marginally for four industry sectors (Agriculture, Education, Primary Metals, and Transportation sectors) since the prior year. Of these, the Education sector showed the largest increase with 93 claims or 17%.



Industry Sector Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury/Illness Year

Industry Sector	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Agriculture	1,483	2.0%	1,225	1.8%	1,208	1.9%	1,206	1.9%	1,158	2.3%	1,150	2.5%	965	2.2%	1,078	2.5%	1,185	2.9%	1,198	3.00%
Automotive	5,548	7.5%	4,994	7.4%	4,231	6.6%	3,399	5.5%	1,933	3.9%	2,116	4.6%	1,961	4.5%	1,897	4.4%	1,666	4.0%	1,607	4.00%
Chem/Process	1,727	2.3%	1,470	2.2%	1,365	2.1%	1,195	1.9%	928	1.9%	881	1.9%	819	1.9%	725	1.7%	691	1.7%	683	1.70%
Construction	5,849	7.9%	5,473	8.1%	5,295	8.2%	5,705	9.2%	4,506	9.0%	4,269	9.2%	4,195	9.7%	4,212	9.9%	4,424	10.7%	4,331	10.70%
Education	666	0.9%	697	1.0%	662	1.0%	692	1.1%	653	1.3%	609	1.3%	597	1.4%	581	1.4%	560	1.3%	653	1.60%
Electrical	563	0.8%	477	0.7%	469	0.7%	473	0.8%	444	0.9%	386	0.8%	381	0.9%	321	0.8%	330	0.8%	315	0.80%
Food	2,884	3.9%	2,412	3.6%	2,332	3.6%	1,945	3.1%	1,585	3.2%	1,433	3.1%	1,192	2.7%	1,195	2.8%	1,106	2.7%	1,001	2.50%
Forestry	519	0.7%	459	0.7%	416	0.6%	278	0.4%	162	0.3%	190	0.4%	158	0.4%	132	0.3%	147	0.4%	135	0.30%
Health Care	8,659	11.7%	8,441	12.5%	8,461	13.1%	8,787	14.2%	8,184	16.3%	8,008	17.3%	6,762	15.6%	7,209	16.9%	6,584	15.9%	6,483	16.00%
Manufacturing	14,458	19.6%	12,540	18.6%	11,196	17.3%	10,404	16.8%	7,723	15.4%	6,786	14.7%	6,726	15.5%	6,442	15.1%	6,209	15.0%	6,018	14.80%
Mining	321	0.4%	289	0.4%	331	0.5%	313	0.5%	224	0.4%	250	0.5%	325	0.7%	261	0.6%	231	0.6%	184	0.50%
Municipal	689	0.9%	675	1.0%	648	1.0%	651	1.1%	682	1.4%	624	1.4%	611	1.4%	588	1.4%	598	1.4%	595	1.50%
Primary Metals	937	1.3%	723	1.1%	643	1.0%	460	0.7%	329	0.7%	321	0.7%	301	0.7%	258	0.6%	211	0.5%	217	0.50%
Pulp & Paper	316	0.4%	302	0.4%	237	0.4%	204	0.3%	171	0.3%	102	0.2%	126	0.3%	90	0.2%	83	0.2%	81	0.20%
Services	22,119	29.9%	20,680	30.7%	20,176	31.3%	19,361	31.2%	15,763	31.5%	14,067	30.5%	13,417	30.9%	13,024	30.5%	12,886	31.0%	12,428	30.60%
Transportation	7,150	9.7%	6,549	9.7%	6,861	10.6%	6,919	11.2%	5,659	11.3%	4,968	10.8%	4,835	11.1%	4,689	11.0%	4,597	11.1%	4,656	11.50%
TOTAL	73,888	100.0%	67,406	100.0%	64,531	100.0%	61,992	100.0%	50,104	100.0%	46,160	100.0%	43,371	100.0%	42,702	100.0%	41,508	100.0%	40,585	100.0%

Please see www.wsibstatistics.ca – Industry profile for additional information on rate groups.

For a jurisdictional breakdown of Accepted Lost Time Claims by the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) please go to AWCBC National Work Injury Statistics Program (NWISP) | AWCBC at www.awcbc.org

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

CLAIMS – INDUSTRY SECTOR CLAIMS AND LTI RATE

Lost Time Injury Rates by Industry Sector

Over the last decade, all 16 industry sectors experienced LTI rate reductions. The 2014 Schedule 1 LTI rate was 0.92, a 3% reduction compared to 2013. Over the same period, three industry sectors (Chemicals/Process, Education, and Primary Metals) experienced an LTI rate increase while still remaining below the overall 2014 Schedule 1 LTI rate.

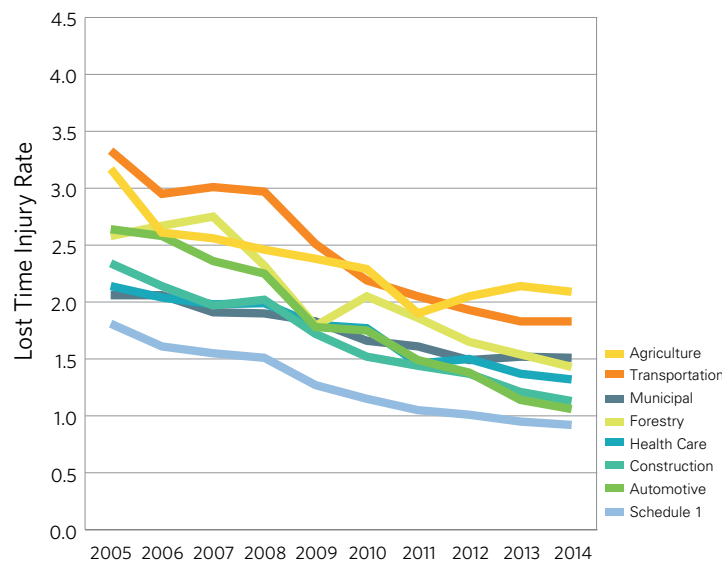
Of the 16 industry sectors, seven had a 2014 LTI rate above Schedule 1 and nine were below, with the Agriculture sector having the highest lost time injury rate and the Electrical sector having the lowest.

Industry Sectors with Lost Time Injury Rates* Above Schedule 1 by Injury/Illness Year

Industry Sector	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Agriculture	3.17	2.61	2.56	2.46	2.38	2.29	1.90	2.05	2.14	2.09
Automotive	2.64	2.58	2.36	2.25	1.78	1.75	1.49	1.38	1.14	1.06
Construction	2.34	2.14	1.97	2.02	1.72	1.52	1.44	1.37	1.21	1.13
Forestry	2.58	2.67	2.75	2.32	1.79	2.05	1.86	1.65	1.54	1.43
Health Care	2.14	2.04	1.98	1.99	1.80	1.77	1.46	1.50	1.37	1.32
Municipal	2.06	2.06	1.91	1.90	1.83	1.66	1.61	1.49	1.52	1.51
Transportation	3.33	2.95	3.01	2.97	2.51	2.19	2.05	1.93	1.83	1.83
Schedule 1	1.81	1.61	1.55	1.51	1.27	1.15	1.05	1.01	0.95	0.92

Please see www.wsibstatistics.ca – Claims for additional information on rate groups.

Industry Sectors with Lost Time Injury Rates* Above Schedule 1 by Injury/Illness Year



*Based on 2014 Lost Time Injury Rates.

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

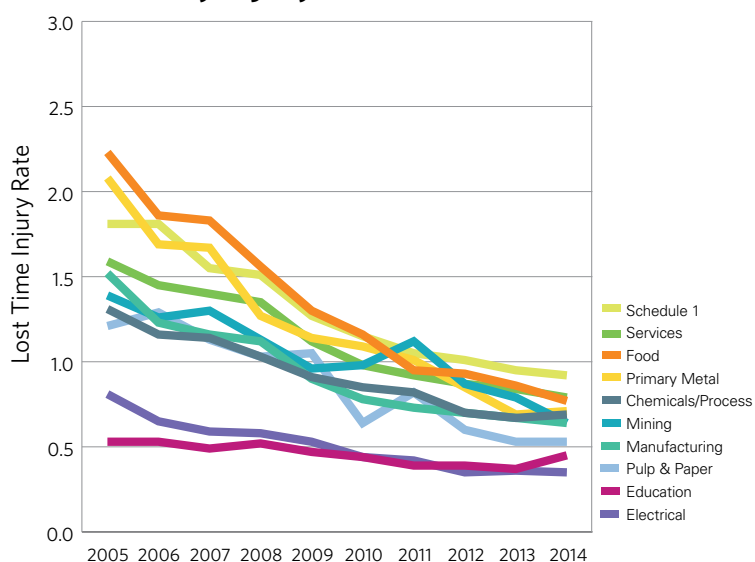
CLAIMS – INDUSTRY SECTOR CLAIMS AND LTI RATE

Industry Sectors with Lost Time Injury Rates* Below Schedule 1 by Injury/Illness Year

Industry Sector	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Chemicals/Process	1.31	1.16	1.14	1.03	0.91	0.85	0.82	0.7	0.67	0.69
Education	0.53	0.53	0.49	0.52	0.47	0.44	0.39	0.39	0.37	0.45
Electrical	0.81	0.65	0.59	0.58	0.53	0.44	0.42	0.35	0.36	0.35
Food	2.23	1.86	1.83	1.56	1.3	1.16	0.95	0.93	0.86	0.77
Manufacturing	1.52	1.23	1.16	1.12	0.9	0.78	0.73	0.7	0.67	0.64
Mining	1.39	1.26	1.3	1.13	0.96	0.98	1.12	0.87	0.79	0.64
Primary Metals	2.08	1.69	1.67	1.27	1.14	1.09	1.01	0.85	0.69	0.71
Pulp & Paper	1.21	1.29	1.13	1.03	1.05	0.64	0.82	0.6	0.53	0.53
Services	1.59	1.45	1.4	1.35	1.12	0.98	0.92	0.87	0.84	0.79
Schedule 1	1.81	1.61	1.55	1.51	1.27	1.15	1.05	1.01	0.95	0.92

Please see www.wsibstatistics.ca – Claims for additional information on rate groups.

Industry Sectors with Lost Time Injury Rates* Below Schedule 1 by Injury/Illness Year



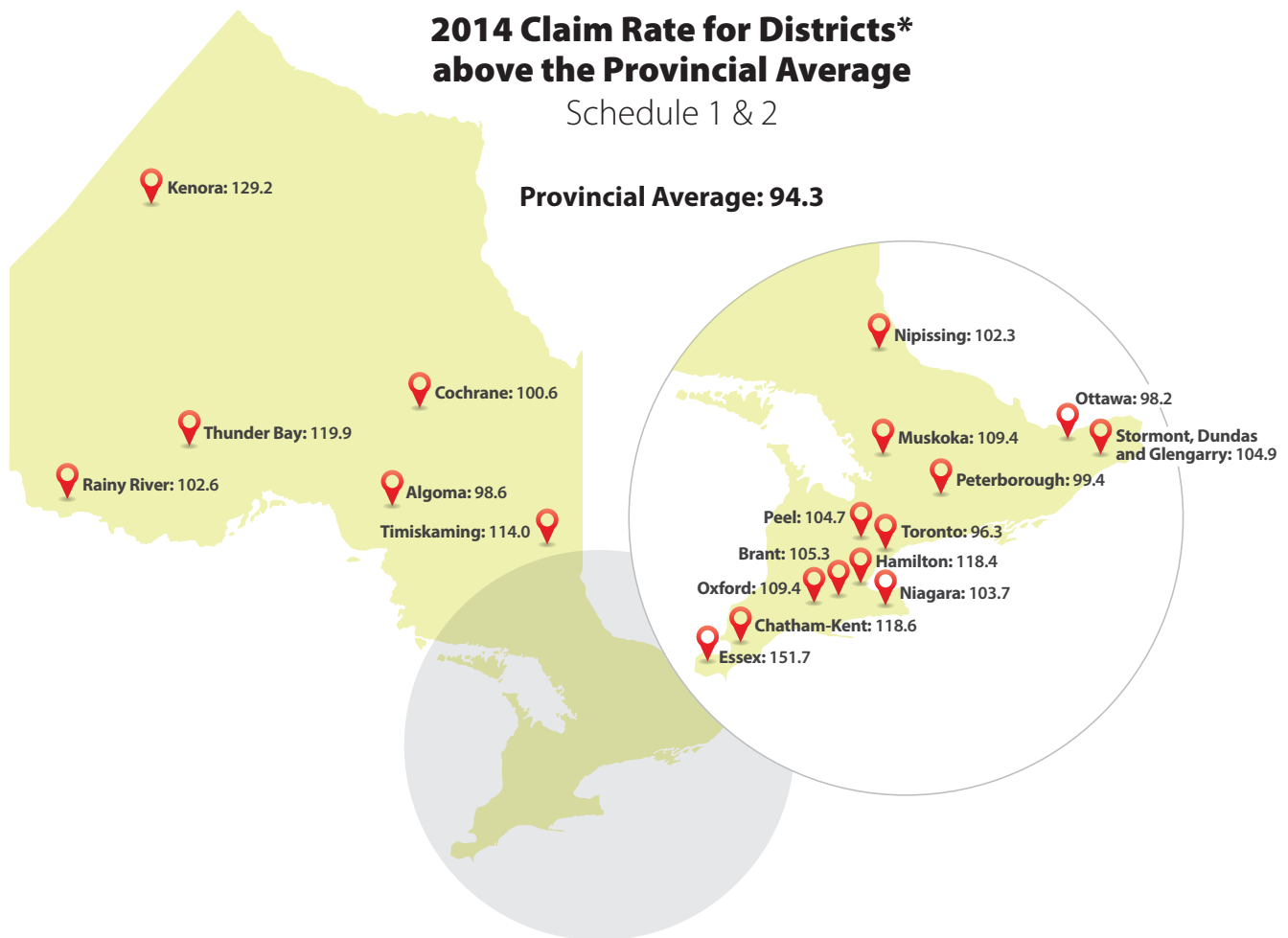
*Based on 2014 Lost Time Injury Rates.

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

CLAIMS – LOCATION

2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Location

The map below highlights the 2014 Schedule 1 and 2 claim rate which is defined as the number of allowed lost time claims per 10,000 employed workers by claim location. The number of employed workers used in this calculation is sourced from the Statistics Canada 2011 National Household Survey. WSIB claim location has been mapped to Statistics Canada 2011 Census Divisions for the province of Ontario. The 2014 Provincial Average for Ontario is 94.3 allowed lost time claims per 10,000 employed workers.



See Appendix for additional data on the claim rate per 10,000 employed workers by location (district) and leading industry sectors.

Data source:

Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse

2011 National Household Survey: Data Tables: Statistics Canada. 2014. Place of Work Status (5), Industry – North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2007 (102), Sex (3) and Age Groups (11) for the Employed Labour Force Aged 15 Years and Over, in Private Households of Canada, Provinces, Territories and Census Divisions, 2011 National Household Survey. Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 99-012-X2011049. Ottawa. Released March 4, 2014.

Data Maturity:

Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: 2014 Injury Year as at March 2015

Data Exclusions:

Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: Allowed lost time claims where claim location is Unknown, Ontario Navigational Waters and Outside of Ontario
Employed Worker Census Count: Employed workers identified as having 'No Fixed Place of Work'

***Data notations:**

District refers to Statistics Canada Census Divisions for Ontario

Claim Rate is defined as the Number of Lost Time Claims per 10,000 Employed Workers:

$$\left(\frac{\text{Number of Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims}}{\text{Statistics Canada Employed Worker Census Count}} \right) \times 10,000$$

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

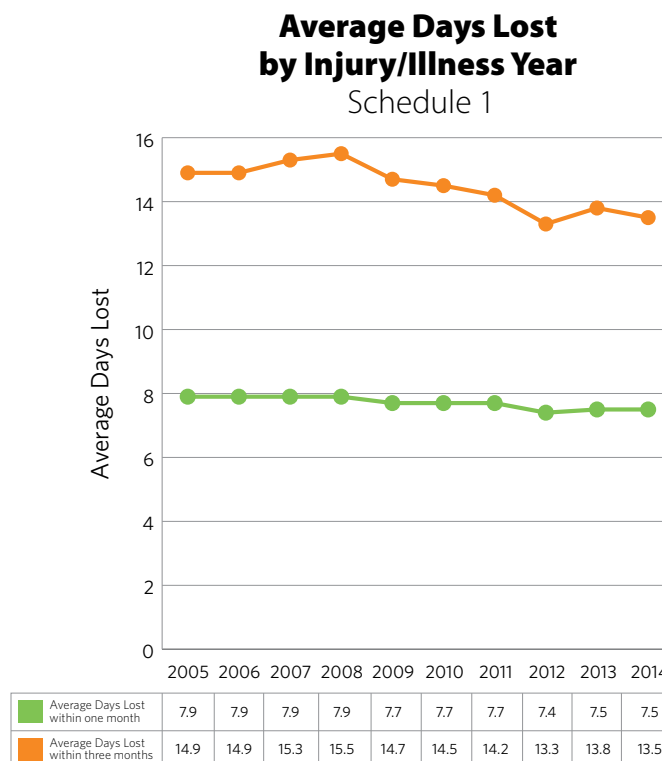
CLAIMS – AVERAGE DAYS LOST

Allowed Lost Time Claims Average Days Lost

The average days lost is the average number of days for which wage loss benefits were paid. Improved recovery and return to work outcomes will be reflected in both the one and three month measures.

Since 2005, the average days lost within one month post injury or illness has remained relatively stable. The average days lost within three months post injury or illness has been on the decline since 2008, until 2013 when we observed a slight increase.

In 2014, the average days lost within one month post injury or illness remains steady at 7.5, while the average days lost within three months decreased to 13.5.



Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

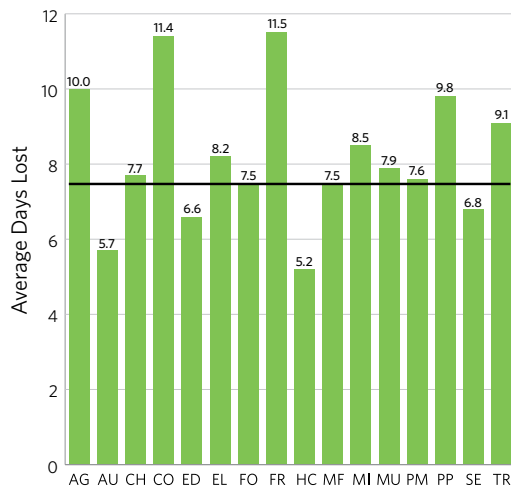
CLAIMS – AVERAGE DAYS LOST

Allowed Lost Time Claims Average Days Lost by Industry Sector

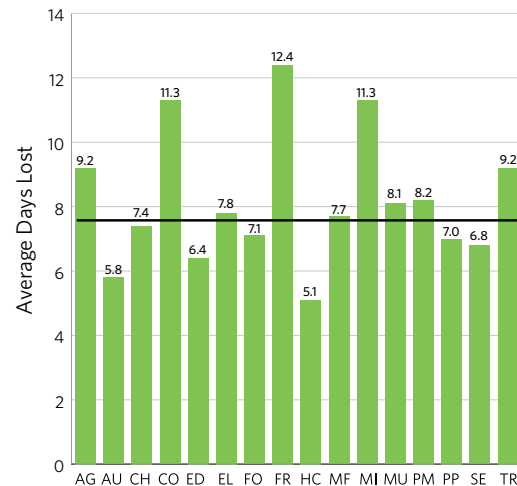
The bar graphs below illustrate the average days lost within one month and three months post injury or illness by industry sector for 2013 and 2014. In 2014, the industry sectors with the highest average days lost one month post injury or illness were Forestry, Construction, Agriculture and Pulp and Paper, while those with the highest average days lost three month post injury illness were Forestry, Construction, Mining and Agriculture. The industries with the lowest average days lost continue to be Health Care, Automotive, and Education.

The Mining sector experienced the most significant increase from an average of 8.5 to 11.3 days lost within one month and from 17.4 to 21.8 days within three months post injury or illness.

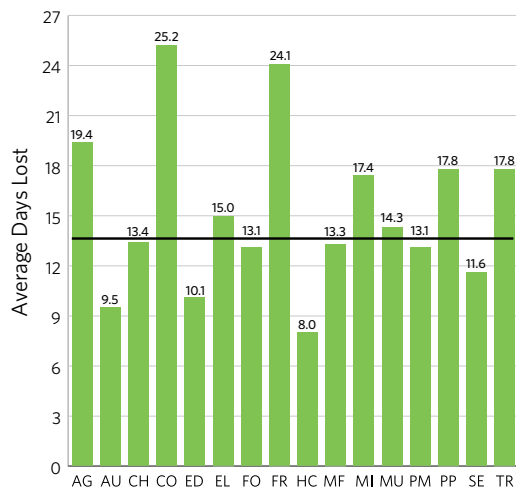
**2013 Allowed Lost Time Claims
Average Days Lost within One Month
by Industry Sector**
Schedule 1



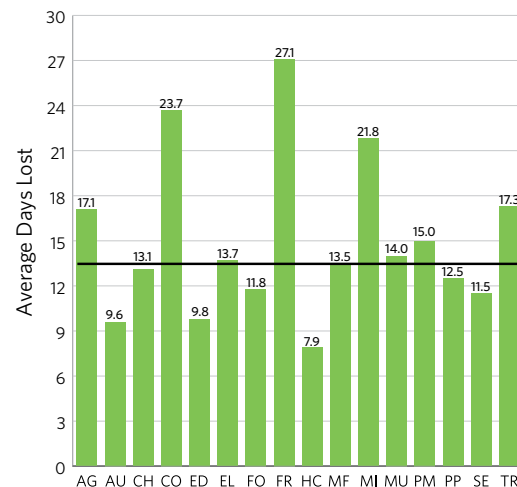
**2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims
Average Days Lost within One Month
by Industry Sector**
Schedule 1



**2013 Allowed Lost Time Claims
Average Days Lost within Three Months
by Industry Sector**
Schedule 1



**2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims
Average Days Lost within Three Months
by Industry Sector**
Schedule 1



AG	Agriculture	AU	Automotive	CH	Chemicals/Process	CO	Construction	ED	Education	EL	Electrical	FO	Food	FR	Forestry
HC	Health Care	MF	Manufacturing	MI	Mining	MU	Municipal	PP	Pulp & Paper	SE	Services	PM	Primary Metals	TR	Transportation

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

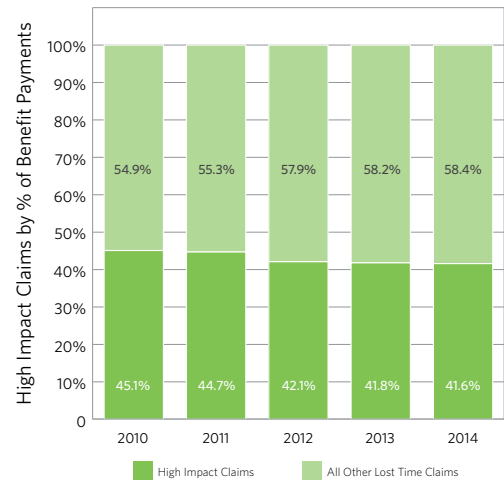
CLAIMS – HIGH IMPACT CLAIMS

High Impact Claims by Benefit Payment Percentage

High impact claims is a term used to identify allowed lost time claims that have been shown to have significant impacts on workers and employers. The WSIB is focused on mitigating the risks for these claims by maximizing return to work and recovery outcomes. The WSIB has implemented many initiatives to improve outcomes in these claims, including specialized case management teams, new evidence-based health services and expedited access to expert medical intervention.

We have identified three types of high impact claims, those involving the low back, shoulder, and fractures. These claim types represent over 40% of all benefit payments and almost 34% of all allowed lost time claims.

High Impact Claims as a Percentage of Total Benefit Payments
Schedule 1



High Impact Claims Average Days Lost

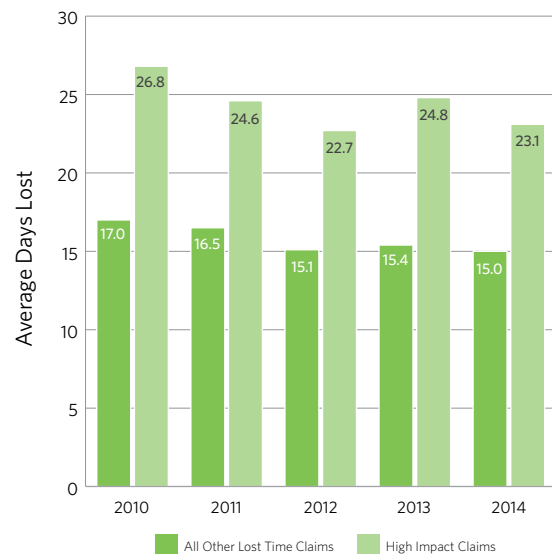
Since 2010, the average days lost within three and six months post injury or illness has been higher for high impact claims in comparison to all other lost time claims combined. Comparing 2010 to 2014, the average days lost within three and six months decreased for both high impact claims as well as all other lost time claims. In 2014, there was a decrease in the average days lost for high impact claims within both three and six months post injury or illness compared to the previous year.

The WSIB continues to focus on programs aimed at improving recovery and return to work outcomes for high impact claims.

High Impact Claims Average Days Lost within Three Months by Injury Year
Schedule 1



High Impact Claims Average Days Lost within Six Months by Injury Year
Schedule 1



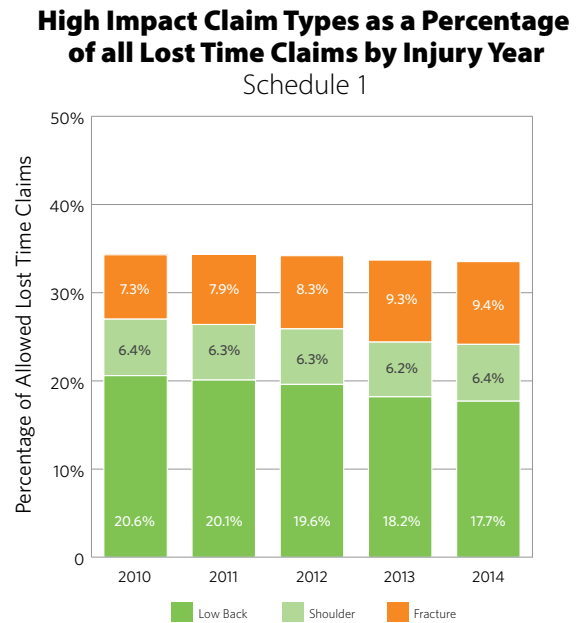
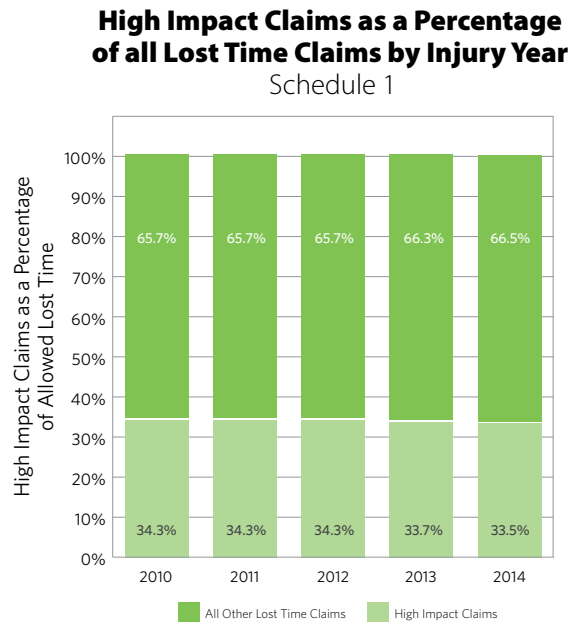
Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

CLAIMS – HIGH IMPACT CLAIMS

High Impact Claims as a Percentage of All Lost Time Claims

Since 2010, the percentage of lost time claims related to low back injuries have continued to decrease while the percentage of fracture injuries have increased and shoulder injuries have remained fairly constant.

In 2014, the three types of high impact claims represented approximately 34% of all lost time claims, of which low back claims represented almost 18%.



In 2014, Services, Manufacturing, Health Care and Transportation sectors accounted for more than 70% of all high impact claims. In addition, male workers represented over 65% of all high impact injuries. The highest percentage of these injuries was experienced by the 50 to 54 age group.

Leading High Impact Claims Characteristics by Injury Year

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Gender	Male 62.9%	Male 64.4%	Male 64.6%	Male 65.5%	Male 65.5%
	Female 37.1%	Female 35.6%	Female 35.4%	Female 34.5%	Female 34.5%
Leading Age Groups	35 to 39 11.1%	35 to 39 11.3%	35 to 39 11.0%	40 to 44 11.7%	40 to 44 11.4%
	40 to 44 13.0%	40 to 44 12.5%	40 to 44 12.0%	45 to 49 13.5%	45 to 49 13.2%
	45 to 49 16.1%	45 to 49 15.0%	45 to 49 14.7%	50 to 54 14.1%	50 to 54 14.5%
	50 to 54 13.4%	50 to 54 14.0%	50 to 54 14.5%	55 to 59 11.1%	55 to 59 11.4%
Leading Industry Sectors	Services 28.9%	Services 28.9%	Services 29.1%	Services 29.2%	Services 28.4%
	Health Care 17.3%	Health Care 15.5%	Health Care 15.8%	Manufacturing 15.0%	Health Care 15.1%
	Manufacturing 14.4%	Manufacturing 15.2%	Manufacturing 15.0%	Health Care 14.8%	Manufacturing 15.0%
	Transportation 12.4%	Transportation 12.5%	Transportation 12.4%	Construction 12.7%	Transportation 13.0%

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

WORKERS – AGE AND GENDER

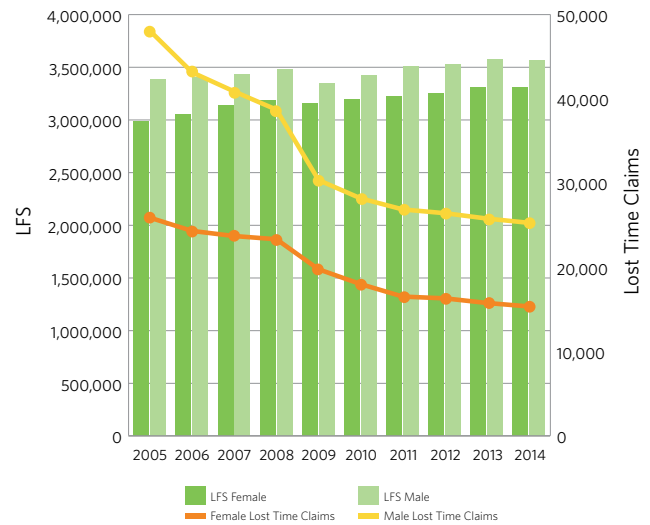
Allowed Lost Time Claims by Age and Gender

Over the 10 year period, the average percentage for all allowed lost time claims for males and females was 63% and 37% respectively. Compared to Statistics Canada's Labour Force Survey (LFS) over the same period, the average gender distribution of the Ontario employed workforce was 52% male and 48% female. This indicates that the demographic of Schedule 1 lost time claims is different from the overall profile of Ontario's employed workforce, as males represent slightly more than half of the workforce but nearly two thirds of all Schedule 1 lost time claims.

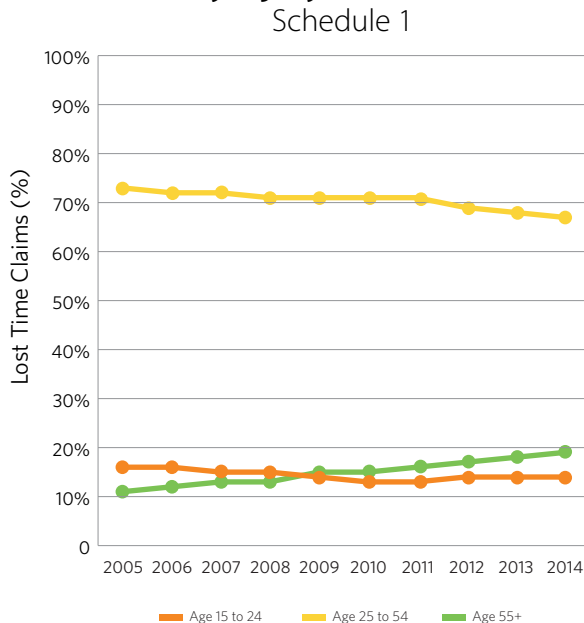
Over the past 10 years, those aged 55 and older continued to represent a growing proportion of all allowed lost time claims in comparison to the other age groups (15 to 24, 25 to 44 and 45 to 54) who represent a decreasing percentage of these claims. This reflects the continued aging of Ontario's workforce, and is consistent with Statistics Canada's employment trends.

In 2014, workers aged 25 to 54 continued to represent the majority of lost time claims.

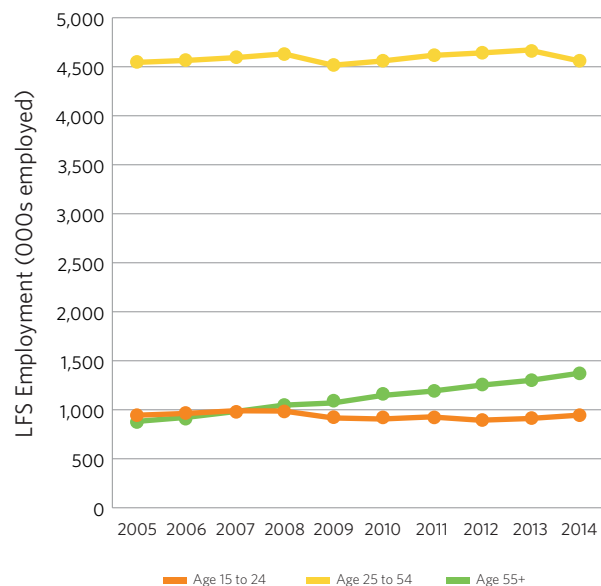
Allowed Lost Time Claims by Gender and Statistics Canada's LFS Employment Trends
Schedule 1



Lost Time Claims by Age Group by Injury/Illness Year
Schedule 1



Statistics Canada's LFS Employment by Age Group by Calendar Year
Schedule 1



See Appendix for historical and additional data on age and gender.

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

WORKERS – LEADING OCCUPATIONS

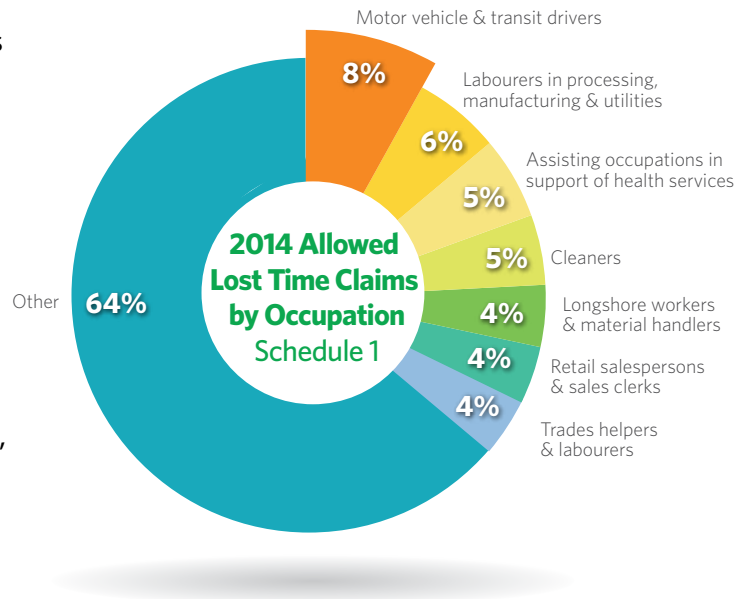
2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Leading Occupations

The WSIB covers a diverse workforce in a wide variety of occupations. Over the past 10 years, lost time claims were spread across more than 150 occupations, with labourers in processing, manufacturing and utilities, and motor vehicle and transit drivers representing the two occupations with the highest number of allowed lost time claims.

Workers between the ages of 20 to 24 and 50 to 54 represent the leading age groups of allowed lost time claims in all seven leading occupations.

In 2014, for the two leading occupations, motor vehicle and transit drivers, and labourers in processing, manufacturing and utilities, workers in the 20 to 24 and 50 to 54 age groups represented the greatest percentage of allowed lost time claims. The leading occupation for female workers was assisting occupations in support of health services, whereas

motor vehicle and transit drivers represented the leading occupation for male workers. In all cases the leading nature of injury was sprains and strains and the part of body most frequently injured was the low back.



2014 Leading Occupation Characteristics

	Leading Age Group	Leading Industry Sector	Leading Gender	Leading Event	Leading Source	Leading Part of Body	Leading Nature of Injury
Motor vehicle and transit drivers	50-54	Transportation	Male	Fall on same level	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Sprains and strains
Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	20-24	Manufacturing	Male	Struck by objects or equipment	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Sprains and strains
Assisting Occupations in Support of Health Services	50-54	Health Care	Female	Overexertion	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Sprains and strains
Cleaners	50-54	Services	Male	Overexertion	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Sprains and strains
Longshore workers and material handlers	45-49, 50-54	Services	Male	Overexertion	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Sprains and strains
Retail salespersons and sales clerks	20-24	Services	Female	Overexertion	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Sprains and strains
Trades helpers and labourers	20-24	Construction	Male	Struck by objects or equipment	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Sprains and strains

See Appendix for historical and additional data on occupations.

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

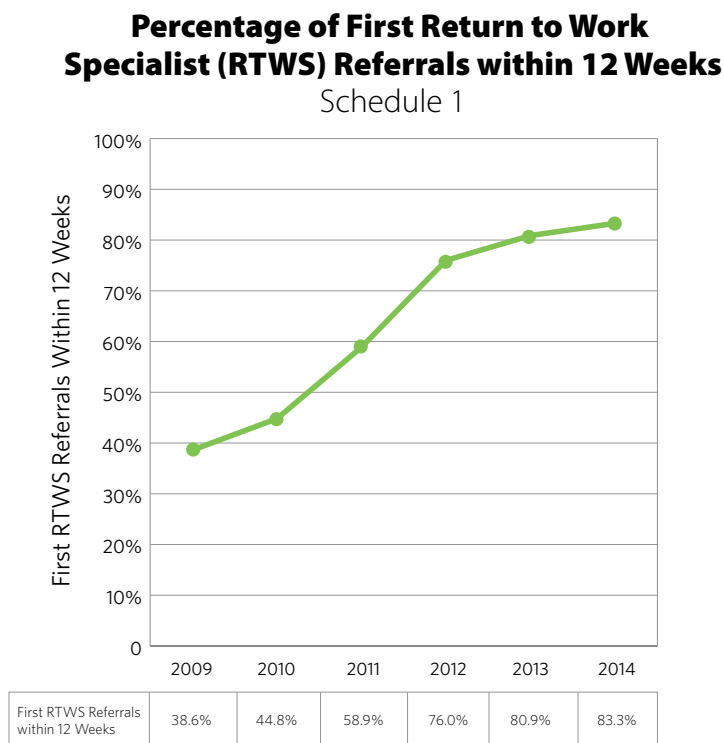
RETURN TO WORK – REFERRALS

In 2014, our Return to Work staff made over 25,000 Schedule 1 and 2 workplace visits to help workers and employers negotiate a successful, safe return to work.

Referrals to Return to Work Specialists

Initial referrals to a Return to Work Specialist within 12 weeks of the date of injury or latest recurrence have increased steadily to 83% in 2014 from 37% in 2009 when the role was first introduced. This increase is due in part to improved referral processes and recognition of the value of early return to work planning with the worker and employer at the employer's premises.

In 2014, approximately 87% of Schedule 1 and 2 injured workers were off full Loss of Earnings (LOE) benefits within a month of a Return to Work Specialist's involvement.



Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

RETURN TO WORK – LOSS OF EARNINGS BENEFITS

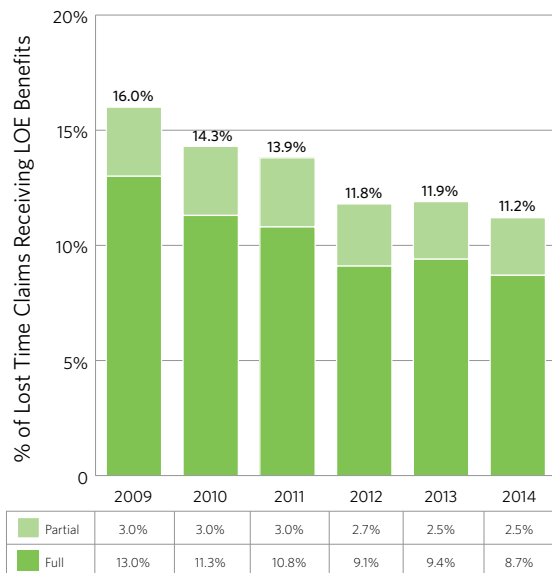
Allowed Lost Time Claims Receiving Loss of Earnings (LOE) Benefits

Loss of Earnings (LOE) benefits are the wage loss benefits for time lost from work due to a work related injury or illness occurring on or after January 1, 1998. Improved recovery and return to work outcomes will be reflected in this measure.

The bar graphs below illustrate the percentage of claims receiving LOE benefits at three and six months post injury or illness. Each bar is split by level of LOE benefits – full and partial. Over the past six years, there has been a steady improvement in claim durations.

Percentage of Lost Time Claims Receiving Loss of Earning (LOE) Benefits at Three Months by Report Year

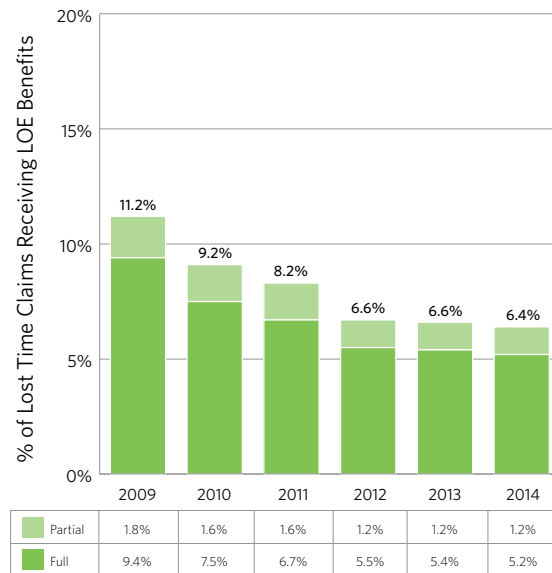
Schedule 1



Each year is based on a 12 month period from October to September, as of December 31st

Percentage of Lost Time Claims Receiving Loss of Earnings (LOE) Benefits at Six Months by Report Year

Schedule 1



Each year is based on a 12 month period from July to June, as of December 31st

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

RETURN TO WORK – WORK TRANSITION

Work Transition (WT)/Labour Market Re-Entry (LMR)

The WSIB's "Better at Work" philosophy guides our Return to Work Services Strategy, comprising of our Return to Work and Work Transition programs. The Work Transition program replaced the Labour Market Re-Entry (LMR) program with enhanced services for workers and employers. Statistics show that this new strategy is working to improve outcomes for injured workers and reduce costs.

This strategy, first launched in 2010, recognizes that:

- Workers and employers know their workplaces best, but they may benefit from help to understand their roles and responsibilities in the creation of fair, mutually beneficial return to work plans
- We need to take a more active role in cases where return to work is not possible
- We need to provide injured workers with more choices in their Work Transition plans, and we need to play an active role in making sure these plans give them the retraining they need

In addition to the introduction of new roles to support return to work, we have significantly increased program oversight of return to work since 2009 – meaning improved quality management and accountability for ourselves and our providers.

Continuous improvement of Return to Work Services over the last three years has shown improved return to work outcomes for workers through earlier and integrated case management while reducing overall program costs.

Work Transition/Labour Market Re-Entry Program Costs – Schedule 1 and 2

(in thousands)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
WT/LMR Program Costs	\$167,913	\$155,546	\$88,951	\$66,544	\$53,771	\$46,054
Assessments/Evaluations	\$14,854	\$10,905	\$5,520	\$5,488	\$5,625	\$5,813
Education/Training	\$77,748	\$73,257	\$38,850	\$36,220	\$30,056	\$26,216
Placement & Retention	\$4,898	\$6,738	\$8,224	\$6,500	\$4,855	\$4,095
Provider Related	\$32,258	\$30,865	\$11,867	\$(75)	\$(13)	\$(1)
Supplies & Equipment	\$8,985	\$7,966	\$5,205	\$4,159	\$3,011	\$2,325
Travel Related	\$24,652	\$24,589	\$17,419	\$12,538	\$9,032	\$6,508
Other*	\$4,518	\$1,225	\$1,866	\$1,714	\$1,204	\$1,097
WT Administrative Costs	N/A	N/A	\$20,700	\$24,600	\$25,038	\$26,193
Total	\$167,913	\$155,546	\$109,651	\$91,144	\$78,809	\$72,247

*Other Category includes GL Adjustment, Other, Support Services, and Miscellaneous Expenses

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

RETURN TO WORK – WORK TRANSITION

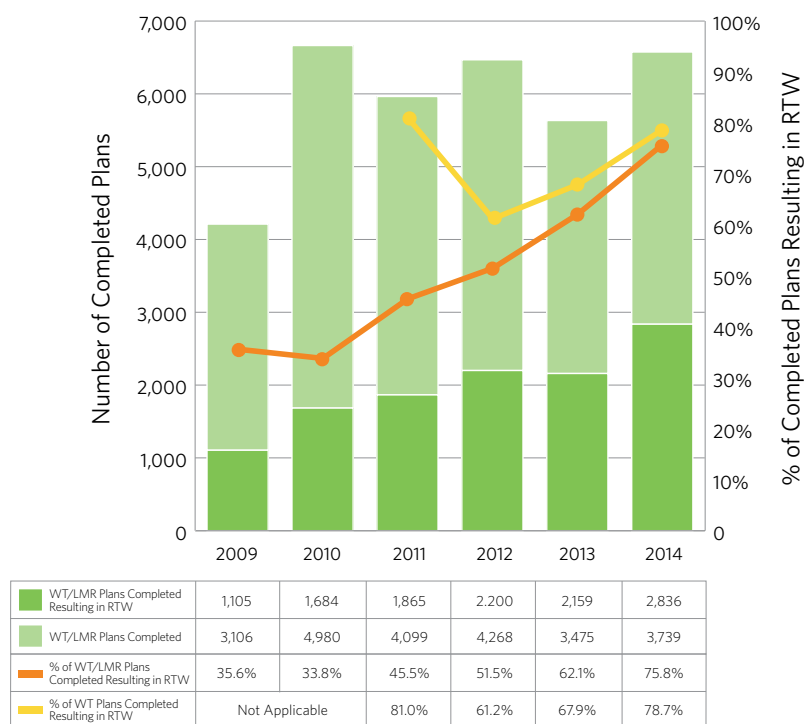
Completed Work Transition/Labour Market Re-Entry Plans

Since the implementation of the Work Transition (WT) program, the percentage of cases with completed plans resulting in return to work either with the injury employer or a new employer is showing a steady increase from employment outcomes achieved under the earlier Labour Market Re-entry (LMR) program.

As a number of cases were transitioned from the LMR program to the WT program, results over the past six years demonstrate employment outcomes achieved by both programs. Since 2011, the number of cases that originated under the LMR program have significantly decreased. This trend is evident in the percentage of completed plans for the combined WT/LMR program becoming more closely aligned with that of the WT program alone.

Cases serviced exclusively by the WT program continue to show significantly better results (79% in 2014 and 68% in 2013) compared to the combined results of the WT/LMR programs (76% in 2014 and 62% in 2013).

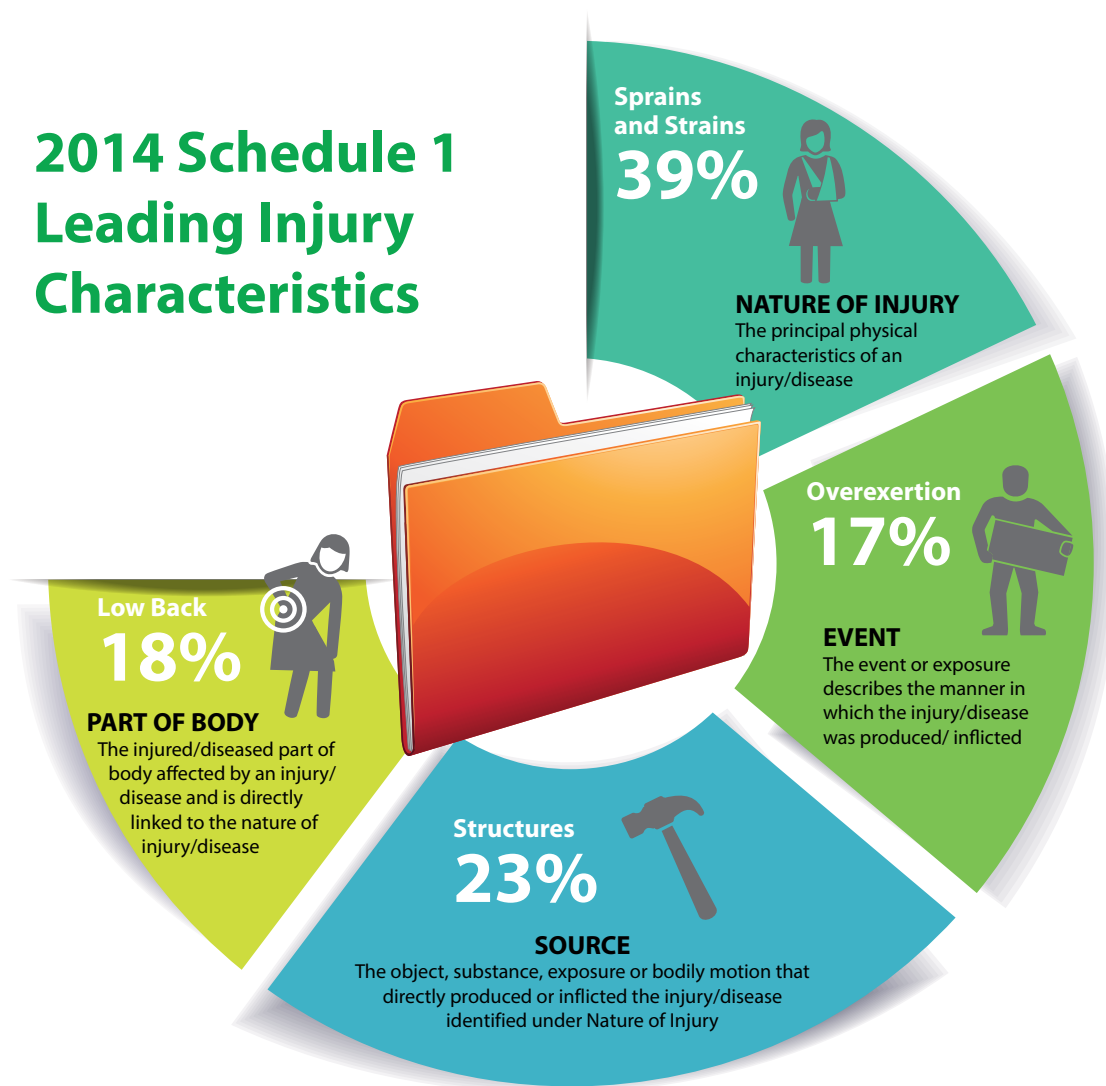
**Work Transition/Labour Market Re-Entry
Plans Completed Resulting in Return to Work**
Schedule 1



Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

2014 Leading Injury Characteristics

Most Workers' Compensation Boards and Commissions in Canada code the injury details of a claim using the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding of injury details. The WSIB adheres to this standard and codes all lost time claims using four categories: nature of injury, event, source and part of body.



Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

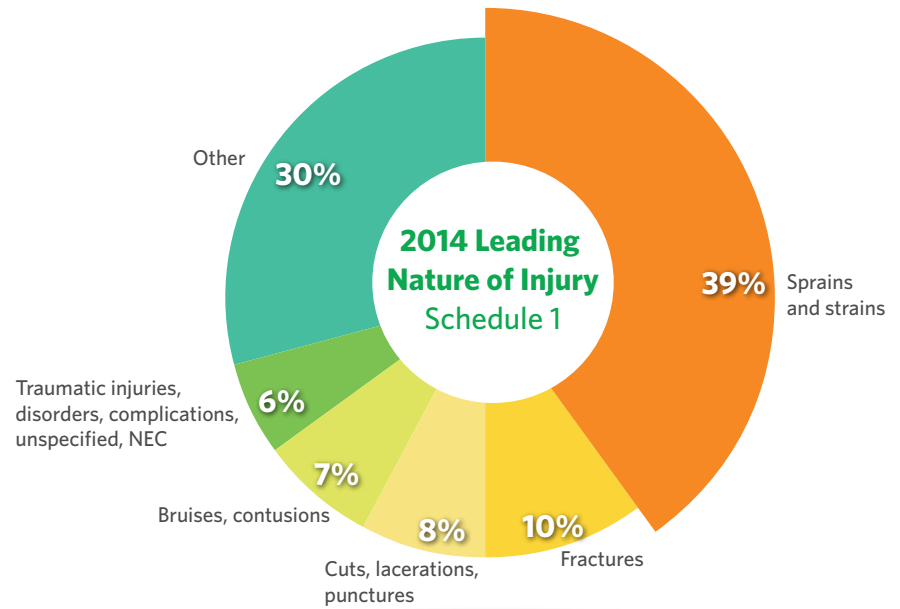
INJURIES –NATURE

2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Leading Nature of Injury

Over the past 10 years, sprains and strains has continued to be the leading nature of injury and in 2014 represented 39% of all allowed lost time claims.

In 2014 fractures represented 10% of all allowed lost time claims and accounted for the second greatest nature of injury since 2012.

In 2014, the workers who were most prone to experiencing one of the five leading nature of injuries were male workers and those workers employed in the Services sector. The majority of these injuries occurred in the motor vehicle and transit drivers occupation.



2014 Leading Injury Nature Characteristics

	Leading Age Group	Leading Industry Sector	Leading Gender	Leading Occupation	Leading Event	Leading Source	Leading Part of Body
Sprains and strains	50-54	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Overexertion	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Fractures	50-54	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Fall on same level	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	20-24	Services	Male	Labourers in processing, manufacturing and utilities	Struck by objects or equipment	Hand tools, non-powered	Finger(s), fingernail(s)
Bruises, contusions	50-54	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Struck by objects or equipment	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Leg(s)
Traumatic injuries, disorders, complications, unspecified, NEC	50-54	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Struck by objects or equipment	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Multiple body parts

See Appendix for historical and additional data on nature of injury.

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

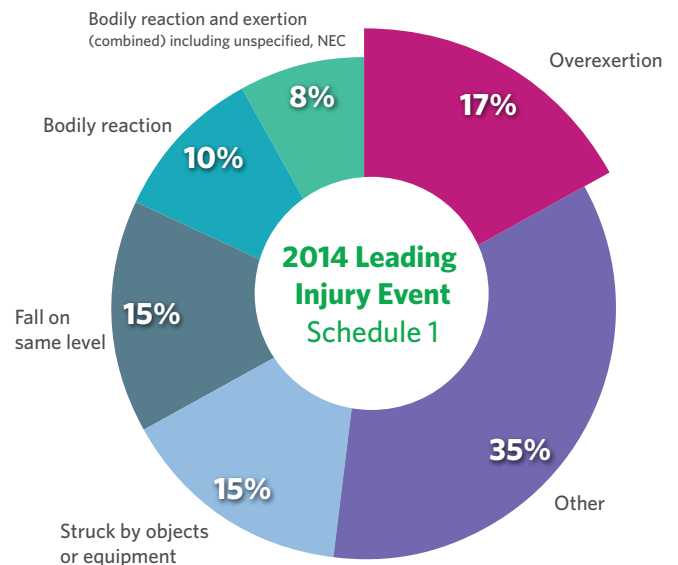
INJURIES – EVENT

2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Leading Injury Event

Over the past 10 years, overexertion has consistently represented the leading injury event and in 2014 accounted for 17% of all lost time claims, down from 23% in 2005. Both struck by objects/equipment and fall on same level represented 15% of all allowed lost time claims in 2014.

In 2014, workers in the Services sector (the largest sector in terms of number of covered workers) were most prone to experiencing one of the five leading injury events. While male workers represented the majority of lost time claims for these injury events, female workers represented the greatest percentage of fall on same level lost time claims.

These leading injury events also tended to be highest among the older age groups (50 to 54), in varied occupations.



2014 Leading Injury Event Characteristics

	Leading Age Group	Leading Industry Sector	Leading Gender	Leading Occupation	Leading Nature of Injury	Leading Source	Leading Part of Body
Overexertion	50-54	Services	Male	Assisting occupations in support of health services	Sprains and strains	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Struck by objects or equipment	20-24	Services	Male	Labourers in processing, manufacturing and utilities	Cuts, lacerations, punctures	Hand tools, non-powered	Finger(s), fingernail(s)
Fall on same level	50-54	Services	Female	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Sprains and strains	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Multiple body parts
Bodily reaction	50-54	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Sprains and strains	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Ankle(s)
Bodily reaction and exertion (combined), including unspecified, NEC	50-54	Services	Male	Assisting occupations in support of health services	Sprains and strains	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)

See Appendix for historical and additional data on injury event.

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

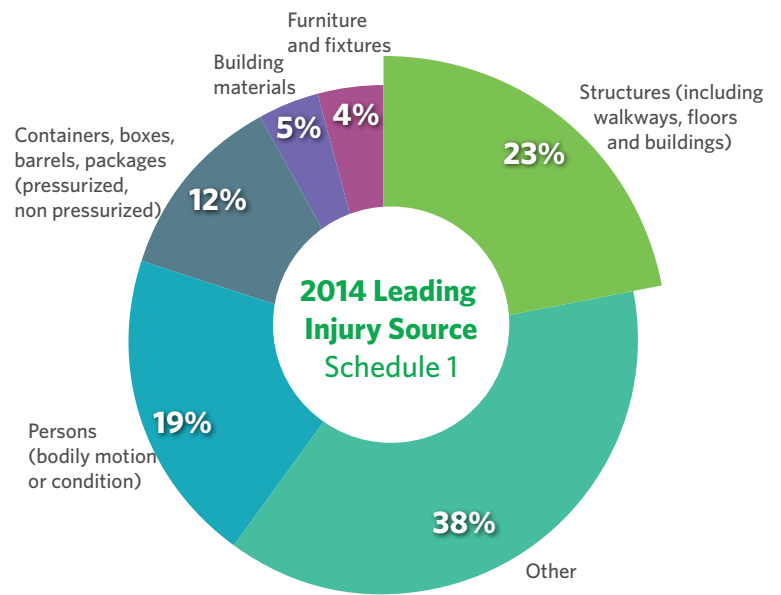
INJURIES – SOURCE

2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Leading Injury Source

Over the past 10 years, structures (including walkways, floors and buildings) and persons (bodily motion or condition) have consistently represented the leading sources for all lost time claims. In 2014, these two sources of injury accounted for 23% and 18% respectively, of all lost time claims.

Where persons was the source of injury, female workers and workers in the Health Care sector represented the greatest percentage of these lost time claims in 2014. Four of the five leading injury sources were highest among those aged 50 to 54, in varied occupations.

The leading nature of injury for all five leading injury sources was sprains and strains and the part of body most often injured was the low back.



2014 Leading Injury Source Characteristics

	Leading Age Group	Leading Industry Sector	Leading Gender	Leading Occupation	Leading Event	Leading Nature of Injury	Leading Part of Body
Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	50-54	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Fall on same level	Sprains and strains	Multiple body parts
Persons (bodily motion or condition)	50-54	Health Care	Female	Assisting occupations in support of health services	Bodily reaction	Sprains and strains	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	50-54	Services	Male	Longshore workers and material handlers	Overexertion	Sprains and strains	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Building materials	25-29	Construction	Male	Trades helpers and labourers	Struck by objects or equipment	Sprains and strains	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Highway vehicle	50-54	Transportation	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Highway accidents	Sprains and strains	Multiple body parts

See Appendix for historical and additional data on injury source.

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

INJURIES – PART OF BODY

2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Part of Body

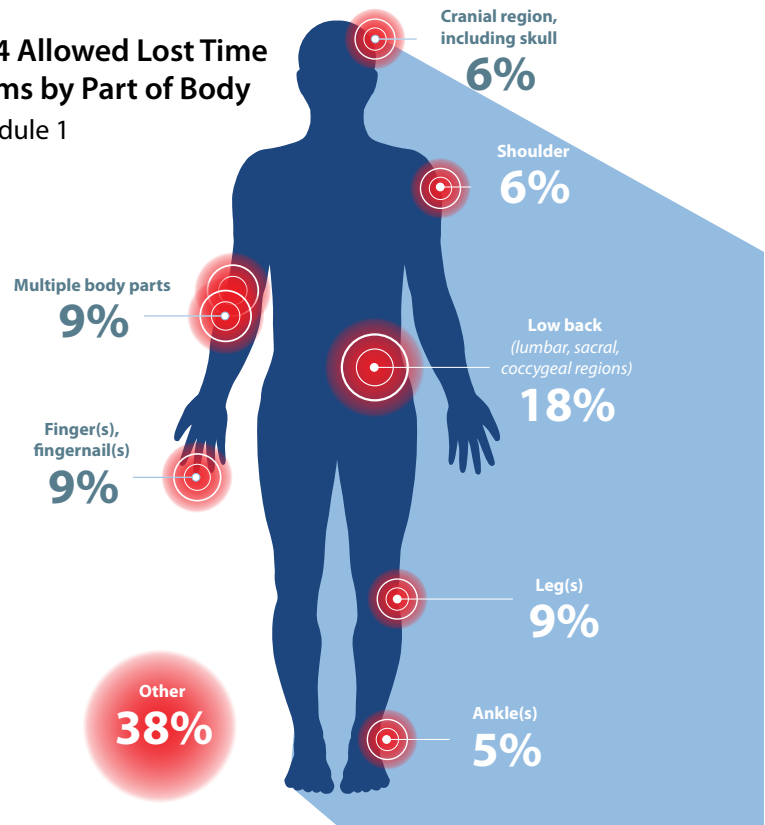
Over the past 10 years, the low back has consistently represented the leading part of body injured. In 2014, low back injuries accounted for approximately 18% of all lost time claims and has been on the decline since 2009 (21.6%).

In 2014, workers in the Services sector (the largest sector in terms of number of covered workers) were most prone to injuring one of the seven leading parts of body. Injuries to these parts of body tended to be the highest among male workers, across most age groups and among motor vehicle and transit drivers. The leading nature of injury for most of these incidents was sprains and strains.

Where the leading injury part of body was the cranial region, young workers (20 to 24) experienced the greatest percentage of these lost time claims in 2014.

2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Part of Body

Schedule 1



2014 Leading Part of Body Characteristics

	Leading Age Group	Leading Industry Sector	Leading Gender	Leading Occupation	Leading Injury Event	Leading Nature	Leading Source
Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	45-49	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Overexertion	Sprains and strains	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Leg(s)	50-54	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Bodily reaction	Sprains and strains	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Finger(s), fingernail(s)	20-24	Services	Male	Labourers in processing, manufacturing and utilities	Struck by objects or equipment	Cuts, lacerations, punctures	Hand tools, non-powered
Multiple body parts	50-54	Services	Female	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Fall on same level	Sprains and strains	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Shoulder	50-54	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Overexertion	Sprains and strains	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Cranial region, including skull	20-24	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Struck by objects or equipment	Concussion	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Ankle(s)	25-29	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Bodily reaction	Sprains and strains	Persons (bodily motion or condition)

See Appendix for historical and additional data on part of body.

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

FATALITIES – TRAUMATIC

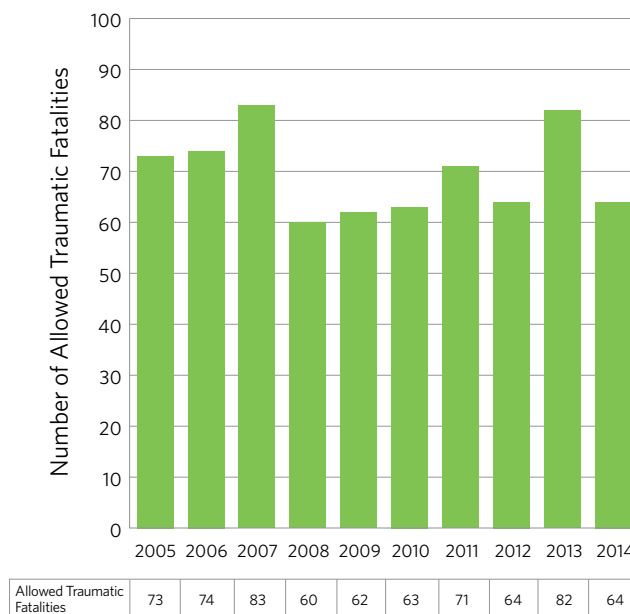
Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Year of Death

Traumatic fatalities are allowed claims for workers who died of a work-related traumatic incident. Over the past 10 years, 91% of all traumatic fatalities occurred among males, with the predominant age group being 45 to 49. During this period, three industry sectors (Construction, Transportation, and Services) accounted for more than 65% of these tragic workplace incidents.

For Schedule 1 employers in 2014, 64 workers lost their lives due to a workplace traumatic fatality. Motor vehicle incidents were the cause of 38% of the deaths in 2014 and have remained the leading cause of traumatic fatalities since 2004.

Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Year of Death

Schedule 1



Over the 10 year period from 2005 to 2014, the following age groups, industry sectors, events and gender accounted for the highest traumatic fatality percentages:

- Age Groups: 45 to 49 (12.9%), 55 to 59 (11.4%), 25 to 29 (11.2%), 35 to 39 (10.9%), 40 to 44 (10.6%), 50 to 54 (10.3%)
- Industry Sectors: Construction (28.3%), Transportation (24.1%), Services (12.8%)
- Events: Motor Vehicle Incidents (37.5%), Falls (17.1%), Struck By/Caught in Objects (12.2%)
- Gender: Males (91.4%)

See Appendix for historical and additional data on traumatic fatalities.

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

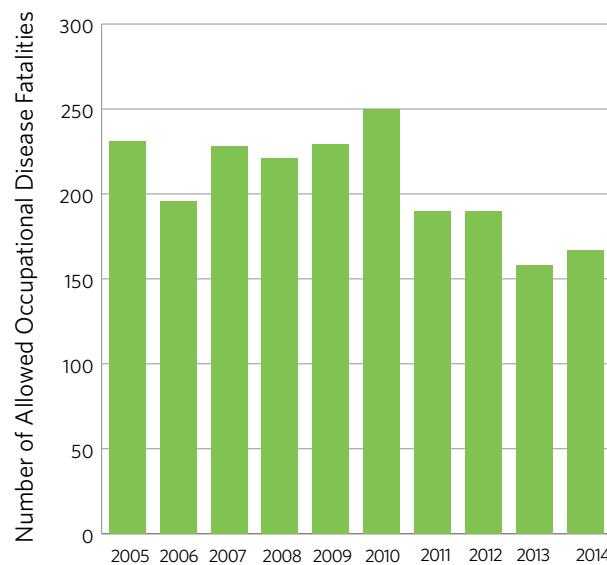
FATALITIES – OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE

Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Entitlement Year

Occupational disease fatalities are allowed claims for workers who died of a work-related disease or condition. Over the past 10 years, occupational disease fatalities predominantly occurred among males, with a significant number in the Construction and Manufacturing sectors.

In 2014, 167 fatality claims were allowed for workers from Schedule 1 employers who lost their lives due to an occupational disease. Approximately 60% of the 167 deaths in 2014 were caused by cancers, including mesothelioma and lung cancer.

**Allowed Occupational Disease
Fatalities by Entitlement Year**
Schedule 1



Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities	231	196	228	221	229	250	190	190	158	167
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

Over the 10 year period from 2005 to 2014, the following industry sectors, disease types and gender accounted for the highest occupational disease fatality percentages:

- Industry Sectors: Construction (28.0%), Manufacturing (21.7%), Primary Metals (12.2%)
- Diseases: Mesothelioma (33.6%), Lung Cancer (27.2%)
- Gender: Males (96.5%)

See Appendix for historical and additional data on occupational disease fatalities.

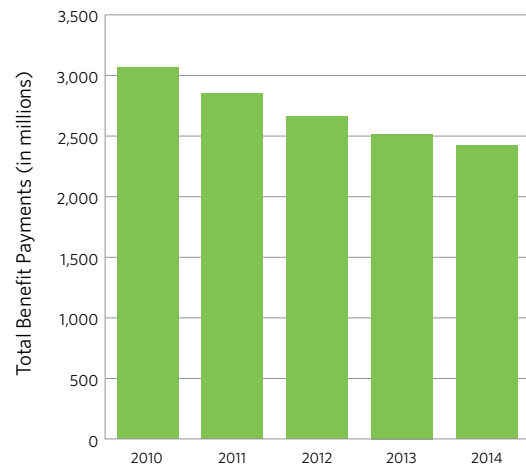
BENEFIT PAYMENTS

Benefit Payments by Benefit Category

Benefits are payments made during a specific year to or on behalf of injured workers and are detailed by the eight benefit categories found in the table below. Since 2010 benefit payments have been decreasing year over year. This trend reflects both a decrease in new lost time claim volumes and improved return to work and recovery outcomes.

Loss of Earnings (LOE), workers' pensions and health care continue to represent the greatest percentage of benefits paid to injured workers. In 2014 these three benefit categories contributed to 80% of all benefit payments made to or on behalf of injured workers (excluding Loss of Retirement Income Fund expense).

Total Benefit Payments by Payment Year
Schedule 1



Total Benefit Payment	\$3,067	\$2,850	\$2,664	\$2,518	\$2,420
-----------------------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------

Benefit Categories by Payment Year

	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Benefit Category	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments
Workers' Pension	\$701	23%	\$678	24%	\$652	24%	\$624	25%	\$596	25%
Loss of Earnings	\$1,117	36%	\$1,069	38%	\$968	36%	\$908	36%	\$863	36%
Health Care	\$497	16%	\$468	16%	\$457	17%	\$455	18%	\$452	19%
External Providers	\$151	5%	\$86	3%	\$65	3%	\$52	2%	\$44	2%
Non-Economic Loss	\$126	4%	\$88	3%	\$60	2%	\$48	2%	\$48	2%
Future Economic Loss	\$292	10%	\$278	10%	\$259	10%	\$242	10%	\$230	9%
Survivor Benefits	\$178	6%	\$172	6%	\$176	7%	\$178	7%	\$184	7%
Other	\$5	0%	\$11	0%	\$27	1%	\$11	0%	\$3	0%
Total Benefit Payments	\$3,067	100%	\$2,850	100%	\$2,664	100%	\$2,518	100%	\$2,420	100%

Prior to 2011, all publications referenced five benefit payment categories. As of 2011 these categories were reclassified into eight categories. As such, prior years have been reclassified in this report to reflect the new Benefit Categories.

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

BENEFIT PAYMENTS - LOSS OF EARNINGS

Loss of Earnings Benefit Payments

Over the past five years, Loss of Earnings (LOE) accounted for the greatest percentage of benefit payments made to injured workers. LOE benefits represent wage loss benefits for time lost from work due to a work-related injury or illness occurring on or after January 1, 1998. The number of allowed lost time claims receiving LOE benefits has been steadily decreasing since 2010. Factors that are contributing to this trend include fewer new lost time claims, improved claims management, and shorter claims durations – a reflection of more workers recovering, returning to work and mitigating their wage loss.

After adjusting for inflation, the amount of loss of earnings paid for a single day off work for an injured worker has remained relatively stable over the last five years.

Locked-in claims continue to increase as a percentage of all claims receiving a LOE benefit; however, with fewer lost time claims entering the system and improved return to work outcomes, it is expected that over time fewer claims will require a locked-in loss of earnings award.

**Loss of Earnings Claims and
Average Loss of Earnings per Full Paid Day
by Benefit Payment Year**

Schedule 1



A claim is considered locked-in if a lock-in payment occurred at any point within the Benefit Payment year. The claim population includes Bill 99 Legislation only.

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

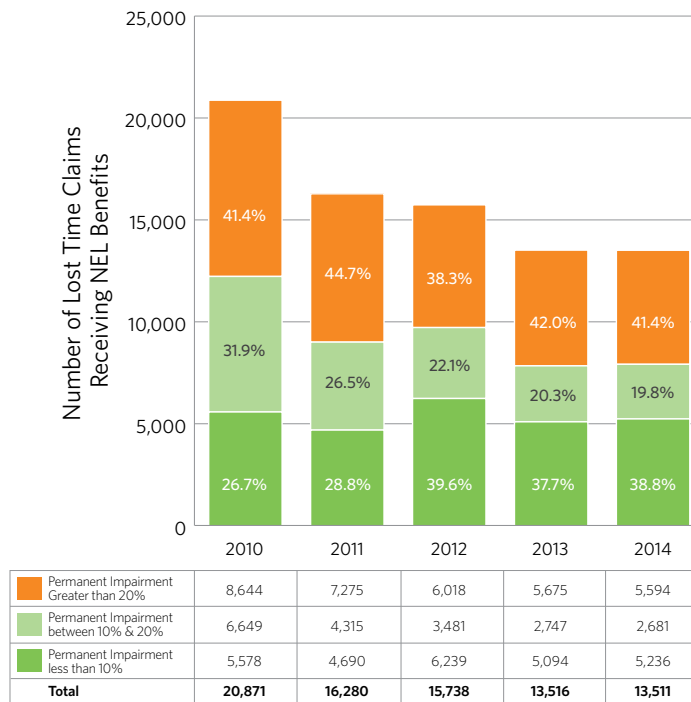
BENEFIT PAYMENTS – NON-ECONOMIC LOSS

Non-Economic Loss Benefit Payments

Non-Economic Loss (NEL) benefits are based on the age of the worker and the severity of the permanent impairment sustained by the injured worker. They are awarded to recognize that, beyond a wage loss, an injured worker has also suffered a physical, functional or psychological loss and are calculated as a percentage of whole body impairment.

The yearly total of allowed claims currently receiving a NEL benefit has decreased by 35% since 2010. This decrease is a reflection of improved injured worker recovery, and also reflects the decrease in new claims entering the system in recent years.

**Non-Economic Loss Claims
by Payment Year**
Schedule 1



Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

BENEFIT PAYMENTS – HEALTH CARE

Health Care Payments

Health care payments are made to or on behalf of injured or ill workers and in 2014 they represented 19% of total payments. Health Care payments have been steadily decreasing since 2010 which can mainly be attributed to a decrease in the overall number of claims entering the system, and the implementation of the Health Care and Narcotics Strategies. The Health Care Strategy was an important systemic change that has had a large impact on recovery outcomes for injured workers. Our expanded province-wide network of expert, specialized medical assessment and treatment services ensure that injured workers have access to high quality providers and, when needed, specialized hospital-based clinics for more complex injuries or occupational illnesses. The Narcotics Strategy includes increased oversight of how narcotics support treatment goals, including quality of function, quality of life, and safe and sustained return to work.

Health Care Benefit Payments by Service Categories by Payment Year

Service Category	2013 (000s)	% of 2013 Total	2014 (000s)	% of 2014 Total
Specialized Clinical Services and Programs	\$89,502	19.7%	\$93,025	20.6%
Drug Benefits	\$64,456	14.2%	\$61,883	13.7%
Allowances (Clothing, Independent Living, Personal Care)	\$54,315	11.9%	\$53,951	11.9%
Physiotherapy, Chiropractic, and other Non-Physician Treatment	\$24,701	5.4%	\$21,675	4.8%
Physician Services via Ministry of Health & Long Term Care	\$37,825	8.3%	\$37,285	8.2%
Hospital In/Out Patient	\$40,155	8.8%	\$38,596	8.5%
Hearing Aid Devices and Services	\$34,511	7.6%	\$37,131	8.2%
Travel and Accommodations	\$23,788	5.2%	\$23,700	5.2%
Reports and Information	\$25,773	5.7%	\$24,841	5.5%
Medical Devices	\$19,374	4.3%	\$20,557	4.5%
Other	\$40,528	8.9%	\$39,602	8.8%
TOTAL	\$455 (\$M)	100.0%	\$452 (\$M)	100.0%

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

BENEFIT PAYMENTS – EXTERNAL PROVIDER

External Provider Expense Payments

Since the implementation of the Work Reintegration Program in November 2010, there has been a significant decrease in the payments for external providers. This decrease is a reflection of improved return to work outcomes for injured workers, and also due to fewer claims entering the system in recent years. In 2014, Schedule 1 claims experienced a 15% decrease in external provider payments compared to prior year. Education/training continues to be the largest category, representing approximately 57% of external provider payments in 2014.

External Provider Benefit Payments by Service Categories by Payment Year

Service Category	2013 (000s)	% of 2013 Total	2014 (000s)	% of 2014 Total
Assessments/Evaluations	\$5,166	9.9%	\$5,462	12.3%
Education/Training	\$29,142	56.2%	\$25,365	57.3%
Placement & Retention	\$4,726	9.1%	\$3,962	9.0%
Provider Related	-\$13	0.0%	-\$1	0.0%
Supplies & Equipment	\$2,899	5.6%	\$2,223	5.0%
Travel Related	\$8,804	17.0%	\$6,292	14.2%
Other	\$1,143	2.2%	\$955	2.2%
TOTAL	\$52 (\$M)	100.0%	\$44 (\$M)	100.0%

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

FOCUS – AGE GROUP INJURY TRENDS

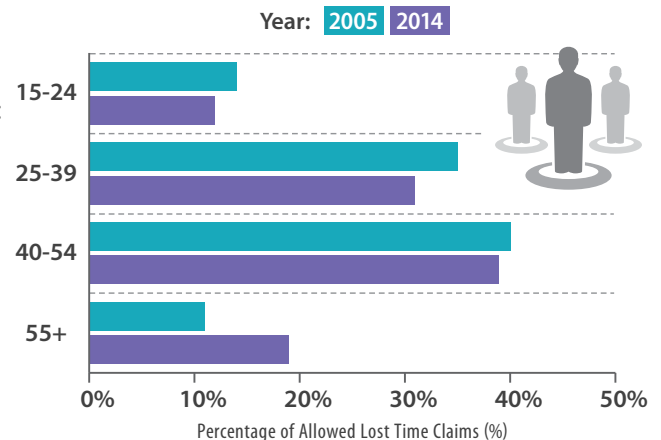
Overview – Schedule 1 and 2

Having a deeper understanding of the many types of workplace injuries is critical to improving the safety of workplaces in Ontario. In reviewing our latest 10 year statistics, we have identified interesting injury trends by age group for six key measures.

Percentage of Allowed Lost Time Claims

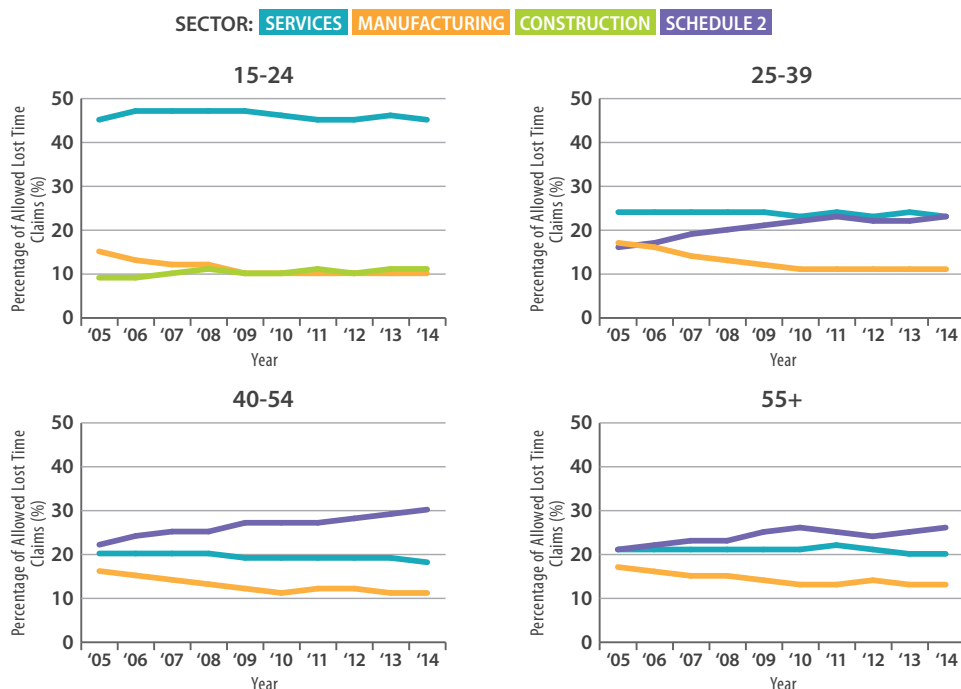
Our analysis of allowed lost time claims data for four age groups: 15 to 24, 25 to 39, 40 to 54 and 55+, demonstrates that the 25 to 54 age groups consistently represent the largest proportion of claims. Age groups 15 to 24 and 55+ represent the smallest proportion; however, claims for those age 55 and over, have grown more significantly. The growth in this age group is expected given Ontario's aging workforce.

Between 2005 and 2014, we observed a decrease in the percentage of allowed lost time claims for injured workers between the age of 15 to 24 and 25 to 39 while older workers aged 50 and over had an increase. The percentage of allowed lost time claims for injured workers between the age of 40 to 54 remained fairly stable. Overall, the trend shows a decrease in the allowed lost time claims and is reflective of improved health and safety efforts.



Leading Industry Sectors

Since 2005, Services continues to be the leading sector for allowed lost time claims for injured workers under 25 and represent 45% of allowed lost time claims. Comparatively, Schedule 2 has remained the leading sector for those aged 40 to 54 and those 55 and over. Over the past decade, allowed lost time claims for injured workers 25 to 39 have undergone a gradual shift from Services as the leading sector for this age group to Schedule 2.



Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

FOCUS – AGE GROUP INJURY TRENDS

Our 2014 analysis demonstrates that there are differences in the leading occupation, part of body, and injury event between those aged 15 to 24 and the remaining three age groups. These factors can contribute to the recovery time for injured workers.

Leading Occupation

Young workers (15-24)

Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities



All other age groups (25-55+)

Motor Vehicle and Transit Drivers



Leading Part of Body

Young workers (15-24)

Finger & Fingernail incidents



All other age groups (25-55+)

Low back injuries



Leading Injury Event

Young workers (15-24)

Struck by objects or equipment



Age groups (25-54)

Overexertion

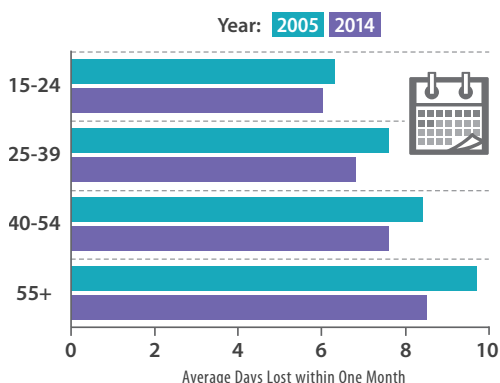


Age group (55+)

Fall on same level



Average Days Lost within One Month



Since 2005, the average days lost within one month post injury or illness has decreased for all four age groups; an indication that the WSIB's improvement in case management and providing early and expert medical services are having a positive impact on injured worker's return to work and recovery. The correlation of longer recovery time with increasing age and injury severity continues to be represented in the data. Injured workers 25 and older predominantly experience lower back injuries as a result of an overexertion or fall. These types of injuries tend to result in longer recovery times and higher costs.

Unsurprisingly, recovery time increases with each incremental age group. Since 2014, young workers under the age of 25, who represent 12% of all lost time claims, have the lowest average days lost (6 days) within one month. Injuries in this age group predominantly relate to fingers from being struck by objects or equipment. Injured workers aged 25 to 39 experience lower average days lost of 6.8 within one month, compared to 7.6 for those aged 40 to 54. The longest recovery period is noted in older workers who experience on average 8.5 days lost within one month, an increase of 42% or 2.5 days compared to the younger age group.

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

GLOSSARY

100% Permanent Disability Fatalities	Allowed claims for workers who passed away while in receipt of 100% permanent disability benefits which were granted under a previous (Pre-1990) legislative framework.
Allowed Lost Time Claim	A lost time claim is created when a worker suffers a work-related injury/disease which results in one of the following: • being off work past the day of accident • loss of wages/earnings, or • a permanent disability/impairment.
Allowed No Lost Time Claim	A no lost time claim results from a work-related injury where no time is lost from work, other than on the day of accident, but where health care is required. The health care costs resulting from the injury are paid by the WSIB.
Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Entitlement year	Allowed claims for workers who died of a work-related disease or condition for which entitlement has been granted for survivor benefits in the year specified (excludes 100% Permanent Disabilities Fatalities).
Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by year of Death	Allowed claims for workers who died of a work-related traumatic incident in the year specified (excludes 100% Permanent Disabilities Fatalities).
Average Days Lost	The average number of days lost for which wage loss benefits were paid for claims within 1 month, 3 months or 6 months after the injury/illness occurred.
Average Loss of Earnings (LOE) per Full Paid Day	Average amount paid for an entire day off work, adjusted for inflation.
Benefit Payment Year	Payments made to or on behalf of injured and ill workers. Includes Loss of Earnings (LOE), Workers' Pension, Health Care, Future Economic Loss (FEL), Survivor Benefits, External Providers and Non-Economic Loss (NEL). Excludes benefit liabilities and claims administration costs.
Benefit Payments	Payments made to or on behalf of injured and ill workers. Includes Loss of Earnings (LOE), Workers' Pension, Health Care, Future Economic Loss (FEL), Survivor Benefits, External Providers and Non-Economic Loss (NEL). Excludes benefit liabilities and claims administration costs.
Claim Rate	The number of lost time claims per 10,000 employed workers: $\text{Claim Rate} = \frac{\text{Number of Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims}}{\text{Statistics Canada Employed Worker Census Count}} \times 10,000$
Data Maturity	Data continues to be revised after the year has concluded as additional claims are reported and decisions on complex claims are made. The revision of data after the year has concluded is called "maturing". All data contained in this report is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end.
District	Statistics Canada 2011 Census Divisions for the province of Ontario.
Employer	An employer means every person having in his, her or its service under a contract of service or apprenticeship another person engaged in work in or about an industry and includes, 1. a trustee, receiver, liquidator, executor or administrator who carries on an industry, 2. a person who authorizes or permits a learner to be in or about an industry for the purpose of undergoing training or probationary work, or 3. a deemed employer. Coverage under the WSIA only applies to those employers: • whose operations are compulsorily covered by Schedules 1 or 2 of the Act, or • whose operations have been added to Schedule 1 of the Act by application, or • who have optional insurance only .
External Provider Payments	These are payments associated with the reintegration program and represent payments to external agencies providing rehabilitation services, such as training programs to assist an injured worker's return to work and the costs of work transition assessments and plans, in the case of injured workers not returning to work with their pre-injury employer.

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

GLOSSARY

First Return to Work Specialist Referrals Within 12 Weeks	Cases with a first referral received by the Return to Work program within 12 weeks of either the case's date of injury or latest recurrence date.
Future Economic Loss Benefit Payment	Compensation to a worker, who was injured after January 1, 1990 and prior to January 1, 1998 and suffers a workplace injury resulting in a permanent impairment or temporary disability for 12 continuous months.
Health Care Payment	Payments made on behalf of an injured or ill worker for professional services provided by health care practitioners, hospitals and health facilities as well as the cost of drugs, attendant services, home or vehicle modifications, assistive devices and prostheses, extraordinary transportation costs to obtain health care and other measures to facilitate independent living and to improve the quality of an injured or ill worker's life.
High Impact Claims	WSIB has identified a group of allowed lost time claims that have been shown to have significant impacts on workers and employers. These claims are those involving the low back, shoulder and fractures.
Illnesses	An occupational disease is a health problem caused by exposure to a workplace health hazard.
Industry Sector	The WSIB's operations are organized into 17 industry sectors (Schedule 2 is a separate industry sector).
Injury	A worker who sustains a personal injury by accident arising out of and in the course of his or her employment is entitled to benefits under the insurance plan.
Injury Event	Describes the manner in which the injury/disease was produced/inflicted and is based on the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding injury details.
Injury Source	The object, substance, exposure or bodily motion that directly produced or inflicted the injury/disease identified under Nature of Injury and is based on the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding injury details.
Injury/Illness Year	The year in which injury or illness occurred.
Labour Market Re-entry (LMR) Program	The Labour Market Re-entry (LMR) Program was introduced January 1, 1998 as part of Bill 99. LMR services were outsourced to primary service providers who provided assessments, LMR planning, and case management services. These primary service providers used a variety of secondary service providers (public, not for profit, and private) to deliver education and training programs. The WSIB established a new integrated return to work and LMR program in November 2010 called the Work Reintegration program.
Locked-In Claim	Those claims, with an injury/illness date on or after January 1, 1998 (Bill 99), where a final review of the loss of earnings benefit at 72 months post injury/illness has been completed and the benefit will continue to be paid to age 65, with few exceptions.
Loss of Earnings Benefits (LOE)	Wage loss benefits for time lost from work due to a work-related injury or illness occurring on or after January 1, 1998.
Lost Time Injury Rate (LTI)	The number of allowed lost-time injury and illness claims per 100 Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) workers for the injury year specified.
Nature of Injury	The principal physical characteristics of an injury/disease and based on the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding injury details.
No Lost Time Injury Rate (NLTIR)	The number of allowed no lost-time injury and illness claims per 100 Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) workers for the injury year specified.

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

GLOSSARY

Noise Induced Hearing Loss (NIHL)	Noise-induced hearing loss (NIHL) is a permanent loss of hearing in both ears resulting from sensorineural (inner ear) damage due to prolonged, continuous, hazardous noise exposure.
Non-Economic Loss Benefits (NEL)	Compensation paid to a worker, beyond wage loss who suffers a permanent impairment as a result of an injury based on the severity of the permanent impairment and the age of the worker.
Non Locked-In Claim	Those claims, with an injury/illness date on or after January 1, 1998 (Bill 99), receiving loss of earnings benefits that may not be reviewed at the 72 month post injury/illness date.
Occupation	A major grouping of occupations that are coded based on National Occupational Classification standards.
Other Benefit	Payments made to or on behalf of injured and ill workers. Includes situational payments such as Temporary Total and Temporary Partial for Bill 162 claims (accident dates between January 2, 1990 and December 31, 1997) and pre-1990 claims.
Part of Body	The injured/disease part of body affected by an injury/disease and is directly linked to the nature of injury/disease which is based on the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding injury details.
Percentage of Workforce Covered	Percentage of the employed labour force that is covered under the WSIA.
Percentage Receiving Loss of Earnings Benefits	The percentage of injured or ill workers that continue to receive full or partial Loss of Earnings (LOE) benefits on the specified anniversary.
Permanent Impairment	Any permanent physical or functional abnormality or loss (including disfigurement) which results from an injury, and any psychological damage arising from the abnormality or loss. A worker's degree of permanent impairment is expressed as a percentage of total permanent impairment of the whole person.
Registered Claims	Registered claims for injuries, illnesses or fatalities reported to the WSIB in the year (as some claims are registered with the WSIB after the year in which the injury, illness or fatality occurred) and includes all allowed, denied, abandoned and pending claims.
Registration Year	Total number of claims registered with the WSIB by year. Some claims are registered with the WSIB after the year in which the injury, illness or fatality occurred.
Return to Work Program (Work Reintegration Program)	The Work Reintegration program is a comprehensive and integrated approach to returning injured workers to employment. Early and ongoing support is provided to the workplace parties to create work reintegration plans. The focus is on return to the injury employer, and where that isn't possible, to provide high quality training and placement services that enable the worker to find a job with a new employer. The Work Reintegration program, launched in November 2010, integrates Return to Work and Work Transition programs.
Return to Work Specialist (RTWS)	Provide expert advice, vocational rehabilitation planning, and support workers and employers to co-ordinate work reintegration which may include accommodation and transition to a different job if necessary
Schedule 1	Schedule 1 employers are those for which the WSIB is liable to pay benefit compensation for workers' claims. Schedule 1 employers are required by legislation to pay premiums to the WSIB and are protected by a system of collective liability. Since the WSIB pays benefits to injured workers out of money pooled in the insurance fund, Schedule 1 employers are relieved of individual responsibility for actual accident costs.
Schedule 2	Schedule 2 employers are employers that self-insure the provisions of benefits under the WSIA. Schedule 2 employers are liable to pay all benefit compensation and administration costs for the workers' claims. The WSIB administers the payment of the benefits for workers of Schedule 2 employers and recovers the cost of these benefits plus administration fees from the employers.
Statistics Canada – Labour Force Employment	Statistics Canada. Table 282-0008 – Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), sex and age group, annual (persons unless otherwise noted). (accessed: April 29, 2013)

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

GLOSSARY

Survivor Benefit Payment	Benefits payments provided to a spouse, dependent children and other dependants when an injured worker suffers a fatality in the workplace or as a result of an occupational disease. Benefits include lump sum payments, monthly payments, bereavement counselling and burial expenses.
Work Transition (WT) Program	The Work Transition program replaced the outsourced Labour Market Re-entry (LMR) Program. Unlike the LMR program, Work Transition focuses first on helping the injured workers and employers find suitable and available work with the injury employer. The Work Transition Program provides new options to help workers remain with their employer including re-training and the alternative of part time employment in appropriate cases. When it is not possible for a worker to return to work with the injury employer, the Work Transition Program offers a broad range of services including high quality assessment, training and placement services to support workers to find a job with a new employer.
Work Transition Administrative Costs	Total administrative costs of the Work Transition Program.
Work Transition Plans Completed Resulting in Return to Work	Work Transition plans where the injured worker is employed at the conclusion of the plan. This measure excludes cases with prior Labour Market Re-entry plan services.
Work Transition Specialist (WTS)	Provide expert advice, vocational rehabilitation planning, and support workers and employers to co-ordinate work reintegration which may include accommodation and transition to a different job if necessary.
Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry Plans Completed	Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry plans where the injured worker is employed or employable at the conclusion of the plan.
Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry Plans Completed Resulting in Return to Work	Work Transition plans where the injured worker is employed at the conclusion of the plan. This measure excludes cases with prior Labour Market Re-entry plan services.
Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry Program Costs	Totals costs by service category (Assessment Evaluations, Education/Training, Placement & Retention, Provider Related, Supplies & Equipment, Travel Related, and Other) for the Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry programs.
Worker's Pension Benefit Payment	Pensions for injured workers suffering a workplace injury prior to January 1, 1990 based on the degree of the injured worker's permanent disability.
WSIB Covered Employment Schedule 1	The number of full time equivalent workers is an estimate based on employer reported insurable earnings divided by the average hourly wage for the rate group divided by 2,000 hours, it is assumed a person works 2,000 hours per year.
WSIB Covered Employment Schedule 2	The number of full time equivalent workers is an estimate based on data from Statistics Canada's Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH).

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

APPENDIX – SCHEDULE 1

The WSIB is committed to providing accessible information in accordance with the *Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act (AODA)*, 2005. To view the information in this Appendix in an AODA-compliant format, please visit <http://www.wsibstatistics.ca/>.

CLAIM PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1 & 2

Schedule 1 & 2 - Claim Rate Per 10,000 Employed Workers by Statistics Canada Census District*

Census District Name	2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims- Schedule 1	2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims - Schedule 2	Claim Rate per 10,000 Employed Workers	Leading Industry for Schedule 1 and 2	% of Claims by District for Leading Industry
Algoma	323	115	98.6	SCHEDULE 2	26.30%
Brant	539	81	105.3	SERVICES	19.50%
Bruce	174	44	76	SCHEDULE 2	20.20%
Chatham-Kent	446	43	118.6	SERVICES	17.20%
Cochrane	288	40	100.6	SERVICES	20.40%
Dufferin	145	9	58.7	SERVICES	33.10%
Durham	1,388	437	66.3	SERVICES	24.90%
Elgin	205	29	66.1	AGRICULTURE	18.40%
Essex	2,023	305	151.7	SERVICES	18.00%
Frontenac	439	175	93.9	SCHEDULE 2	28.50%
Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury	515	128	94	HEALTH CARE	22.10%
Grey	228	73	77	SCHEDULE 2	24.30%
Haldimand-Norfolk	261	56	69.1	SCHEDULE 2	17.70%
Haliburton	41	2	74.6	SERVICES	37.20%
Halton	1,804	425	92.8	SERVICES	29.40%
Hamilton	1,696	871	118.4	SCHEDULE 2	33.90%
Hastings	421	87	93.7	SERVICES	20.10%
Huron	150	26	66.2	SERVICES	17.60%
Kawartha Lakes	133	67	69	SCHEDULE 2	33.50%
Kenora	234	40	129.2	SERVICES	24.50%
Lambton	233	67	60.3	SCHEDULE 2	22.30%
Lanark	178	25	71.6	SERVICES	23.20%
Leeds and Grenville	239	85	76.2	SCHEDULE 2	26.20%
Lennox and Addington	75	52	75.6	SCHEDULE 2	40.90%
Manitoulin	31	2	72.6	HEALTH CARE	39.40%

Census District Name	2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims- Schedule 1	2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims - Schedule 2	Claim Rate per 10,000 Employed Workers	Leading Industry for Schedule 1 and 2	% of Claims by District for Leading Industry
Middlesex	1,228	452	86.7	SCHEDULE 2	26.90%
Muskoka	218	29	109.4	SERVICES	26.70%
Niagara	1,529	356	103.7	SERVICES	27.70%
Nipissing	294	54	102.3	SERVICES	22.70%
Northumberland	180	78	77.3	SCHEDULE 2	30.20%
Ottawa	2,672	1,510	98.2	SCHEDULE 2	36.10%
Oxford	489	40	109.4	AUTOMOTIVE	22.10%
Parry Sound	102	18	80.1	SERVICES	20.80%
Peel	4,662	1,380	104.7	SERVICES	26.00%
Perth	262	28	80.2	SERVICES	19.70%
Peterborough	415	126	99.4	SERVICES	30.90%
Prescott and Russell	246	55	75.1	SERVICES	28.20%
Prince Edward	73	2	80.3	HEALTH CARE	49.30%
Rainy River	73	7	102.6	SERVICES	20.00%
Renfrew	233	86	74.9	SCHEDULE 2	27.00%
Simcoe	1,398	254	86.9	SERVICES	25.00%
Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry	422	52	104.9	SERVICES	24.30%
Sudbury	63	8	88.5	TRANSPORTATION	18.30%
Thunder Bay	528	191	119.9	SCHEDULE 2	26.60%
Timiskaming	130	11	114	HEALTH CARE	19.90%
Toronto	6,999	3,866	96.3	SCHEDULE 2	35.60%
Waterloo	1,844	330	90.7	SERVICES	22.10%
Wellington	770	135	90.5	SERVICES	19.10%
York	3,011	631	77.6	SERVICES	28.10%
Total	40,050	12,983			

Data source:

Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse
 2011 National Household Survey: Data Tables: Statistics Canada. 2014. Place of Work Status (5), Industry – North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2007 (102), Sex (3) and Age Groups (11) for the Employed Labour Force Aged 15 Years and Over, in Private Households of Canada, Provinces, Territories and Census Divisions, 2011 National Household Survey. Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 99-012-X2011049. Ottawa. Released March 4, 2014.

Data Maturity:

Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: 2014 Injury Year as at March 2015

Data Exclusions:

Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: Allowed lost time claims where claim location is Unknown, Ontario Navigational Waters and Outside of Ontario Employed Worker Census Count: Employed workers identified as having 'No Fixed Place of Work'

*Data notations:

District refers to Statistics Canada Census Districts for Ontario

Claim Rate is defined as the Number of Lost Time Claims per 10,000 Employed Workers:

(Number of Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims/Statistics Canada Employed Worker Census Count) x 10,000

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Age and Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

*Not Available includes all lost time claims where age and/or gender was not available

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Age Group	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
15-19	1,107	2,350	1,037	2,232	944	2,033	887	1,938	734	1,241	577	1,091	525	989	545	1,000	592	979	576	1,019
20-24	2,384	6,025	2,189	5,208	1,990	4,860	2,030	4,511	1,607	3,382	1,457	3,087	1,347	2,854	1,434	3,004	1,431	2,886	1,499	2,699
25-29	2,386	5,614	2,217	5,001	2,146	4,636	2,093	4,348	1,806	3,420	1,628	3,263	1,573	3,025	1,624	3,018	1,541	2,925	1,462	2,928
30-34	2,668	5,831	2,447	5,010	2,209	4,637	2,099	4,213	1,821	3,296	1,651	3,046	1,434	2,918	1,348	2,829	1,480	2,883	1,382	2,757
35-39	3,233	6,240	2,785	5,340	2,675	4,889	2,610	4,547	1,985	3,375	1,803	3,103	1,704	2,969	1,700	2,860	1,529	2,658	1,425	2,613
40-44	4,154	7,108	3,764	6,184	3,442	5,496	3,338	4,988	2,666	3,782	2,297	3,461	2,021	3,166	1,960	2,987	1,742	2,816	1,719	2,664
45-49	3,705	5,684	3,689	5,334	3,778	5,319	3,750	5,162	3,088	4,134	2,946	3,813	2,520	3,549	2,375	3,390	2,135	3,096	1,980	2,846
50-54	3,062	4,193	3,056	3,994	3,154	4,001	3,127	3,970	2,756	3,439	2,688	3,195	2,414	3,272	2,370	3,163	2,296	3,089	2,284	3,106
55-59	2,125	3,061	2,101	2,871	2,134	2,942	2,084	2,792	1,965	2,328	1,754	2,309	1,761	2,245	1,723	2,286	1,682	2,376	1,737	2,493
60-64	880	1,494	868	1,523	1,018	1,569	1,046	1,674	1,047	1,411	927	1,334	926	1,347	933	1,377	986	1,437	946	1,456
65+	144	405	135	389	195	440	235	521	256	495	239	435	264	496	274	468	322	600	311	656
Sub-Total	25,848	48,005	24,288	43,086	23,685	40,822	23,299	38,664	19,731	30,303	17,967	28,137	16,489	26,830	16,286	26,382	15,736	25,745	15,321	25,237
Not Available	35		32		24		29		70		56		52		34		27		27	
Total	73,888		67,406		64,531		61,992		50,104		46,160		43,371		42,702		41,508		40,585	

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed No Lost Time Claims by Age and Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

*Not Available includes all no lost time claims where age and/or gender was not available

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Age Group	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
15-19	3,127	7,431	2,948	6,841	2,907	6,791	2,837	6,271	1,894	3,932	1,579	3,416	1,481	3,435	1,703	3,596	1,638	3,411	1,704	3,589
20-24	5,487	17,672	5,330	16,357	4,932	15,314	4,693	14,044	3,756	9,762	3,229	9,052	3,231	9,288	3,576	9,685	3,627	9,737	3,802	9,670
25-29	4,886	15,916	4,495	14,760	4,498	13,761	4,228	12,909	3,596	9,891	3,401	9,248	3,386	9,292	3,472	9,467	3,651	9,560	3,640	9,410
30-34	4,901	15,059	4,489	13,438	4,296	12,462	4,095	11,656	3,434	8,980	3,219	8,204	3,085	8,511	3,160	8,479	3,233	8,441	3,313	8,394
35-39	5,363	14,583	5,139	13,575	4,947	12,452	4,686	11,511	3,889	8,686	3,518	7,955	3,543	7,904	3,377	7,904	3,389	7,886	3,437	7,723
40-44	7,010	16,064	6,571	14,567	6,283	13,435	5,687	11,889	4,674	8,927	4,284	8,210	4,014	7,913	3,973	7,763	3,978	7,722	3,961	7,518
45-49	6,242	13,471	6,181	12,922	6,581	12,671	6,383	11,885	5,515	9,417	5,212	9,116	5,182	8,968	4,804	8,557	4,592	8,238	4,392	7,546
50-54	4,848	9,595	5,104	9,198	5,182	9,414	5,375	9,364	4,767	7,478	4,765	7,652	4,741	7,920	4,753	7,952	4,959	7,906	4,864	8,104
55-59	3,168	6,747	3,168	6,465	3,253	6,483	3,430	6,227	3,181	5,145	3,188	5,046	3,195	5,290	3,418	5,554	3,465	5,958	3,666	6,063
60-64	1,227	3,175	1,230	3,167	1,389	3,425	1,591	3,454	1,483	3,007	1,527	3,026	1,577	3,062	1,660	3,187	1,727	3,305	1,837	3,458
65+	205	1,031	237	1,130	258	1,440	363	1,729	381	1,576	427	1,627	482	1,769	496	1,961	590	2,057	655	2,279
Sub-Total	46,464	120,744	44,892	112,420	44,526	107,648	43,368	100,939	36,570	76,801	34,349	72,552	33,917	73,352	34,392	74,105	34,849	74,221	35,271	73,754
Not Available	174		175		244		182		1,969		1,759		1,685		1,151		1,050		1,171	
Total	167,382		157,487		152,418		144,489		115,340		108,660		108,954		109,648		110,120		110,196	

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Intermediate Occupations in Transport, Equipment Operation, Installation and Maintenance																				
Motor vehicle and Transit drivers	5,308	7.2%	4,735	7.0%	4,822	7.5%	4,710	7.6%	3,612	7.2%	3,328	7.2%	3,184	7.3%	3,120	7.3%	3,239	7.8%	3,283	8.1%
Longshore workers and material handlers	3,570	4.8%	3,148	4.7%	3,145	4.9%	3,121	5.0%	2,298	4.6%	1,966	4.3%	1,877	4.3%	1,868	4.4%	1,819	4.4%	1,732	4.3%
Other installers, repairers and servicers	711	1.0%	716	1.1%	619	1.0%	694	1.1%	614	1.2%	488	1.1%	474	1.1%	450	1.1%	523	1.3%	498	1.2%
Heavy equipment operators	350	0.5%	356	0.5%	351	0.5%	366	0.6%	295	0.6%	251	0.5%	250	0.6%	209	0.5%	246	0.6%	249	0.6%
Other transport equipment operators and related workers	242	0.3%	223	0.3%	235	0.4%	270	0.4%	237	0.5%	179	0.4%	184	0.4%	202	0.5%	183	0.4%	195	0.5%
Subtotal	10,181	13.8%	9,178	13.6%	9,172	14.2%	9,161	14.8%	7,056	14.1%	6,212	13.5%	5,969	13.8%	5,849	13.7%	6,010	14.5%	5,957	14.7%
Trades and Skilled Transport and Equipment Operators																				
Motor vehicle mechanics	1,674	2.3%	1,481	2.2%	1,435	2.2%	1,322	2.1%	1,240	2.5%	1,068	2.3%	1,026	2.4%	1,026	2.4%	1,045	2.5%	1,030	2.5%
Metal forming, shaping and erecting occupations	1,421	1.9%	1,290	1.9%	1,172	1.8%	1,221	2.0%	822	1.6%	764	1.7%	777	1.8%	855	2.0%	804	1.9%	750	1.8%
Machinery & transportation equipment mechanics (except motor vehicle)	1,505	2.0%	1,360	2.0%	1,234	1.9%	1,003	1.6%	832	1.7%	732	1.6%	640	1.5%	612	1.4%	670	1.6%	622	1.5%
Carpenters and cabinetmakers	909	1.2%	830	1.2%	785	1.2%	841	1.4%	635	1.3%	649	1.4%	606	1.4%	592	1.4%	616	1.5%	657	1.6%
Electrical trades and telecommunication occupations	837	1.1%	751	1.1%	691	1.1%	711	1.1%	569	1.1%	542	1.2%	537	1.2%	520	1.2%	529	1.3%	508	1.3%
Other construction trades	487	0.7%	497	0.7%	468	0.7%	483	0.8%	401	0.8%	347	0.8%	345	0.8%	421	1.0%	411	1.0%	446	1.1%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Masonry and plastering trades	436	0.6%	366	0.5%	333	0.5%	380	0.6%	322	0.6%	288	0.6%	292	0.7%	283	0.7%	298	0.7%	298	0.7%
Machinists and related occupations	839	1.1%	740	1.1%	600	0.9%	522	0.8%	319	0.6%	300	0.6%	268	0.6%	327	0.8%	291	0.7%	248	0.6%
Plumbers, pipefitters and gas fitters	384	0.5%	359	0.5%	342	0.5%	346	0.6%	275	0.5%	266	0.6%	268	0.6%	253	0.6%	279	0.7%	271	0.7%
Contractors and supervisors, trades and related workers	334	0.5%	318	0.5%	338	0.5%	355	0.6%	267	0.5%	233	0.5%	259	0.6%	248	0.6%	265	0.6%	247	0.6%
Other mechanics	207	0.3%	236	0.4%	218	0.3%	193	0.3%	190	0.4%	215	0.5%	223	0.5%	194	0.5%	156	0.4%	171	0.4%
Printing press operators, commercial divers & other trades & related occupations, NEC	183	0.2%	195	0.3%	163	0.3%	153	0.2%	122	0.2%	107	0.2%	80	0.2%	78	0.2%	53	0.1%	61	0.2%
Crane operators, drillers and blasters	107	0.1%	133	0.2%	116	0.2%	98	0.2%	75	0.1%	64	0.1%	69	0.2%	75	0.2%	48	0.1%	70	0.2%
Upholsterers, tailors, shoe repairers, jewellers & related occupations	80	0.1%	79	0.1%	70	0.1%	52	0.1%	24	0.0%	19	0.0%	19	0.0%	25	0.1%	27	0.1%	19	0.0%
Stationary engineers & power station & system operators	53	0.1%	69	0.1%	57	0.1%	48	0.1%	45	0.1%	28	0.1%	34	0.1%	25	0.1%	27	0.1%	19	0.0%
Supervisors, railway and motor transportation operations	27	0.0%	19	0.0%	25	0.0%	31	0.1%	21	0.0%	8	0.0%	15	0.0%	10	0.0%	7	0.0%	8	0.0%
Train crew operating occupations	5	0.0%	10	0.0%	10	0.0%	14	0.0%	6	0.0%	8	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%		0.0%	9	0.0%
Subtotal	9,488	12.8%	8,733	13.0%	8,057	12.5%	7,773	12.5%	6,165	12.3%	5,638	12.2%	5,462	12.6%	5,548	13.0%	5,526	13.3%	5,434	13.4%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Elemental Sales and Service Occupations																				
Cleaners	2,979	4.0%	2,777	4.1%	2,672	4.1%	2,539	4.1%	2,352	4.7%	1,935	4.2%	1,955	4.5%	1,911	4.5%	1,845	4.4%	1,906	4.7%
Other sales and related occupations	2,003	2.7%	1,984	2.9%	1,772	2.7%	1,699	2.7%	1,444	2.9%	1,257	2.7%	1,236	2.8%	1,020	2.4%	1,095	2.6%	1,069	2.6%
Food counter attendants and kitchen helpers	1,761	2.4%	1,793	2.7%	1,617	2.5%	1,581	2.6%	1,254	2.5%	1,008	2.2%	1,020	2.4%	941	2.2%	1,074	2.6%	939	2.3%
Security guards and related occupations	504	0.7%	432	0.6%	482	0.7%	560	0.9%	486	1.0%	433	0.9%	378	0.9%	393	0.9%	395	1.0%	384	0.9%
Cashiers	845	1.1%	741	1.1%	740	1.1%	691	1.1%	589	1.2%	488	1.1%	488	1.1%	418	1.0%	370	0.9%	425	1.0%
Elemental medical and hospital assistants	395	0.5%	357	0.5%	405	0.6%	339	0.5%	334	0.7%	311	0.7%	246	0.6%	239	0.6%	170	0.4%	179	0.4%
Other elemental service occupations	362	0.5%	360	0.5%	300	0.5%	311	0.5%	282	0.6%	254	0.6%	253	0.6%	193	0.5%	167	0.4%	228	0.6%
Other attendants in travel, accommodation and recreation	135	0.2%	126	0.2%	137	0.2%	131	0.2%	116	0.2%	110	0.2%	89	0.2%	95	0.2%	99	0.2%	96	0.2%
Subtotal	8,984	12.2%	8,570	12.7%	8,125	12.6%	7,851	12.7%	6,857	13.7%	5,796	12.6%	5,665	13.1%	5,210	12.2%	5,215	12.6%	5,226	12.9%
Intermediate Sales and Service Occupations																				
Retail salespersons and sales clerks	2,958	4.0%	2,836	4.2%	2,839	4.4%	2,708	4.4%	2,592	5.2%	2,336	5.1%	2,006	4.6%	1,976	4.6%	1,745	4.2%	1,560	3.8%
Childcare and home support workers	1,679	2.3%	1,429	2.1%	1,180	1.8%	1,104	1.8%	1,120	2.2%	1,044	2.3%	859	2.0%	948	2.2%	959	2.3%	629	1.5%
Occupations in food and beverage service	771	1.0%	745	1.1%	785	1.2%	769	1.2%	682	1.4%	590	1.3%	592	1.4%	679	1.6%	628	1.5%	641	1.6%
Occupations in travel and accommodation	125	0.2%	165	0.2%	162	0.3%	140	0.2%	122	0.2%	106	0.2%	126	0.3%	129	0.3%	139	0.3%	158	0.4%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Other occupations in personal service	82	0.1%	112	0.2%	123	0.2%	144	0.2%	131	0.3%	119	0.3%	126	0.3%	120	0.3%	129	0.3%	136	0.3%
Sales representatives, wholesale trade	120	0.2%	90	0.1%	83	0.1%	137	0.2%	80	0.2%	87	0.2%	89	0.2%	66	0.2%	64	0.2%	87	0.2%
Other occupations in protective service	81	0.1%	63	0.1%	75	0.1%	78	0.1%	51	0.1%	37	0.1%	41	0.1%	45	0.1%	45	0.1%	29	0.1%
Tour and recreational guides and amusement occupations	53	0.1%	62	0.1%	57	0.1%	61	0.1%	47	0.1%	41	0.1%	36	0.1%	42	0.1%	40	0.1%	34	0.1%
Subtotal	5,869	7.9%	5,502	8.2%	5,304	8.2%	5,141	8.3%	4,825	9.6%	4,360	9.4%	3,875	8.9%	4,005	9.4%	3,749	9.0%	3,274	8.1%
Processing and Manufacturing Machine Operators and Assemblers																				
Mechanical, electrical and electronics assemblers	2,796	3.8%	2,540	3.8%	2,197	3.4%	2,014	3.2%	1,165	2.3%	1,192	2.6%	1,094	2.5%	1,023	2.4%	885	2.1%	894	2.2%
Machining, metalworking, woodworking & related machine operators	2,790	3.8%	2,499	3.7%	2,023	3.1%	1,481	2.4%	1,027	2.0%	913	2.0%	965	2.2%	1,007	2.4%	880	2.1%	857	2.1%
Other assembly and related occupations	1,311	1.8%	1,048	1.6%	809	1.3%	767	1.2%	462	0.9%	427	0.9%	396	0.9%	390	0.9%	358	0.9%	382	0.9%
Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber processing	880	1.2%	857	1.3%	733	1.1%	656	1.1%	454	0.9%	445	1.0%	399	0.9%	298	0.7%	320	0.8%	347	0.9%
Machine operators & related workers in food, beverage, & tobacco processing	703	1.0%	597	0.9%	526	0.8%	463	0.7%	406	0.8%	364	0.8%	332	0.8%	288	0.7%	307	0.7%	223	0.5%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Machine operators & related workers in metal & mineral products processing	505	0.7%	452	0.7%	377	0.6%	349	0.6%	202	0.4%	216	0.5%	207	0.5%	208	0.5%	178	0.4%	208	0.5%
Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	307	0.4%	262	0.4%	223	0.3%	182	0.3%	129	0.3%	95	0.2%	99	0.2%	65	0.2%	77	0.2%	87	0.2%
Printing machine operators and related occupations	174	0.2%	172	0.3%	152	0.2%	147	0.2%	92	0.2%	86	0.2%	107	0.2%	65	0.2%	66	0.2%	80	0.2%
Machine operators & related workers in fabric, fur & leather products manufacturing	174	0.2%	142	0.2%	145	0.2%	81	0.1%	63	0.1%	50	0.1%	44	0.1%	52	0.1%	52	0.1%	42	0.1%
Machine operators & related workers in textile processing	135	0.2%	118	0.2%	89	0.1%	74	0.1%	43	0.1%	39	0.1%	43	0.1%	37	0.1%	36	0.1%	37	0.1%
Subtotal	9,775	13.2%	8,687	12.9%	7,274	11.3%	6,214	10.0%	4,043	8.1%	3,827	8.3%	3,686	8.5%	3,433	8.0%	3,159	7.6%	3,157	7.8%
Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	6,693	9.1%	5,232	7.8%	4,861	7.5%	4,158	6.7%	2,617	5.2%	2,578	5.6%	2,786	6.4%	3,046	7.1%	2,603	6.3%	2,439	6.0%
Skilled Sales and Service Occupations																				
Chefs and cooks	1,322	1.8%	1,390	2.1%	1,305	2.0%	1,325	2.1%	1,085	2.2%	988	2.1%	953	2.2%	1,044	2.4%	984	2.4%	1,037	2.6%
Sales and service supervisors	451	0.6%	462	0.7%	412	0.6%	383	0.6%	321	0.6%	343	0.7%	324	0.7%	227	0.5%	350	0.8%	365	0.9%
Butchers and bakers	353	0.5%	326	0.5%	353	0.5%	336	0.5%	255	0.5%	250	0.5%	228	0.5%	225	0.5%	240	0.6%	211	0.5%
Police officers and firefighters	180	0.2%	165	0.2%	174	0.3%	168	0.3%	146	0.3%	176	0.4%	182	0.4%	154	0.4%	184	0.4%	190	0.5%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Insurance and real estate sales occupations and buyers	164	0.2%	206	0.3%	257	0.4%	227	0.4%	212	0.4%	159	0.3%	166	0.4%	144	0.3%	149	0.4%	136	0.3%
Technical sales specialists, wholesale trade	24	0.0%	44	0.1%	31	0.0%	39	0.1%	42	0.1%	30	0.1%	58	0.1%	26	0.1%	33	0.1%	34	0.1%
Technical occupations in personal service	15	0.0%	7	0.0%	8	0.0%	19	0.0%	11	0.0%	19	0.0%	7	0.0%	10	0.0%	8	0.0%	13	0.0%
Subtotal	2,509	3.4%	2,600	3.9%	2,540	3.9%	2,497	4.0%	2,072	4.1%	1,965	4.3%	1,918	4.4%	1,830	4.3%	1,948	4.7%	1,986	4.9%
Assisting Occupations in Support of Health Services	1,906	2.6%	2,042	3.0%	2,260	3.5%	2,383	3.8%	2,152	4.3%	2,231	4.8%	1,978	4.6%	2,279	5.3%	1,932	4.7%	2,270	5.6%
Trades Helpers, Construction Labourers and Related Occupations																				
Trades helpers and labourers	2,726	3.7%	2,460	3.6%	2,603	4.0%	2,184	3.5%	1,934	3.9%	1,815	3.9%	1,581	3.6%	1,367	3.2%	1,534	3.7%	1,523	3.8%
Public works and other labourers, NEC	438	0.6%	450	0.7%	395	0.6%	494	0.8%	357	0.7%	334	0.7%	312	0.7%	253	0.6%	263	0.6%	327	0.8%
Subtotal	3,164	4.3%	2,910	4.3%	2,998	4.6%	2,678	4.3%	2,291	4.6%	2,149	4.7%	1,893	4.4%	1,620	3.8%	1,797	4.3%	1,850	4.6%
Clerical Occupations																				
Recording, scheduling and distributing occupations	1,764	2.4%	1,563	2.3%	1,525	2.4%	1,380	2.2%	962	1.9%	899	1.9%	793	1.8%	771	1.8%	729	1.8%	717	1.8%
Library, correspondence and related information clerks	571	0.8%	531	0.8%	512	0.8%	486	0.8%	494	1.0%	429	0.9%	400	0.9%	358	0.8%	392	0.9%	367	0.9%
Clerical occupations, general office skills	357	0.5%	352	0.5%	341	0.5%	364	0.6%	289	0.6%	227	0.5%	221	0.5%	224	0.5%	238	0.6%	213	0.5%
Mail and message distribution occupations	474	0.6%	503	0.7%	461	0.7%	450	0.7%	374	0.7%	310	0.7%	270	0.6%	244	0.6%	230	0.6%	178	0.4%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Finance and insurance clerks	139	0.2%	131	0.2%	145	0.2%	122	0.2%	114	0.2%	101	0.2%	111	0.3%	79	0.2%	119	0.3%	84	0.2%
Administrative support clerks	85	0.1%	100	0.1%	97	0.2%	87	0.1%	94	0.2%	79	0.2%	67	0.2%	74	0.2%	51	0.1%	61	0.2%
Office equipment operators	69	0.1%	60	0.1%	42	0.1%	56	0.1%	35	0.1%	30	0.1%	31	0.1%	30	0.1%	18	0.0%	19	0.0%
Subtotal	3,459	4.7%	3,240	4.8%	3,123	4.8%	2,945	4.8%	2,362	4.7%	2,075	4.5%	1,893	4.4%	1,780	4.2%	1,777	4.3%	1,639	4.0%
Professional Occupations in Health																				
Nurse supervisors and registered nurses	1,726	2.3%	1,744	2.6%	1,671	2.6%	1,804	2.9%	1,685	3.4%	1,506	3.3%	1,237	2.9%	1,240	2.9%	1,113	2.7%	1,015	2.5%
Therapy and assessment professionals	88	0.1%	79	0.1%	94	0.1%	99	0.2%	84	0.2%	90	0.2%	63	0.1%	76	0.2%	63	0.2%	69	0.2%
Pharmacists, dietitians and nutritionists	22	0.0%	29	0.0%	31	0.0%	29	0.0%	22	0.0%	33	0.1%	59	0.1%	66	0.2%	48	0.1%	69	0.2%
Physicians, dentists and veterinarians	16	0.0%	8	0.0%	13	0.0%	15	0.0%	12	0.0%	27	0.1%	7	0.0%	9	0.0%	9	0.0%	9	0.0%
Optometrists, chiropractors & other health diagnosing & treating professionals		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%
Subtotal	1,852	2.5%	1,860	2.8%	1,809	2.8%	1,949	3.1%	1,804	3.6%	1,656	3.6%	1,366	3.1%	1,392	3.3%	1,237	3.0%	1,164	2.9%
Middle and Other Management Occupations																				
Managers in retail trade	735	1.0%	683	1.0%	777	1.2%	805	1.3%	724	1.4%	576	1.2%	597	1.4%	544	1.3%	507	1.2%	465	1.1%
Managers in food service and accommodation	244	0.3%	218	0.3%	244	0.4%	205	0.3%	190	0.4%	195	0.4%	144	0.3%	156	0.4%	164	0.4%	190	0.5%
Managers in construction and transportation	40	0.1%	34	0.1%	41	0.1%	48	0.1%	41	0.1%	24	0.1%	40	0.1%	38	0.1%	63	0.2%	75	0.2%
Facility operation and maintenance managers	73	0.1%	79	0.1%	80	0.1%	93	0.2%	86	0.2%	73	0.2%	70	0.2%	71	0.2%	59	0.1%	62	0.2%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Occupation	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Administrative services managers	52	0.1%	35	0.1%	46	0.1%	49	0.1%	43	0.1%	43	0.1%	36	0.1%	46	0.1%	41	0.1%	33	0.1%
Managers in other services	18	0.0%	25	0.0%	14	0.0%	29	0.0%	25	0.0%	25	0.1%	34	0.1%	23	0.1%	34	0.1%	15	0.0%
Managers in manufacturing and utilities	42	0.1%	56	0.1%	36	0.1%	50	0.1%	53	0.1%	25	0.1%	31	0.1%	31	0.1%	25	0.1%	30	0.1%
Managers in health, education, social and community services	35	0.0%	26	0.0%	23	0.0%	34	0.1%	31	0.1%	41	0.1%	42	0.1%	30	0.1%	25	0.1%	27	0.1%
Sales, marketing and advertising managers	36	0.0%	23	0.0%	24	0.0%	36	0.1%	42	0.1%	43	0.1%	38	0.1%	28	0.1%	24	0.1%	34	0.1%
Managers in communications (except broadcasting)	6	0.0%	11	0.0%	9	0.0%	8	0.0%	5	0.0%	8	0.0%	9	0.0%	10	0.0%	17	0.0%	10	0.0%
Managers in engineering, architecture, science and information systems	18	0.0%	16	0.0%	13	0.0%	21	0.0%	16	0.0%	12	0.0%	7	0.0%	13	0.0%	13	0.0%	15	0.0%
Managers in public administration	13	0.0%	15	0.0%	11	0.0%	13	0.0%	10	0.0%	17	0.0%	10	0.0%	11	0.0%	12	0.0%	12	0.0%
Managers in art, culture, recreation and sport	5	0.0%	8	0.0%	11	0.0%	7	0.0%	10	0.0%	9	0.0%	12	0.0%	11	0.0%	7	0.0%	4	0.0%
Managers in financial and business services	11	0.0%	14	0.0%	9	0.0%	31	0.1%	11	0.0%	11	0.0%	16	0.0%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%
Managers in protective service	3	0.0%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%	6	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%
Managers in primary production (except agriculture)	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0	0.0%
Subtotal	1,334	1.8%	1,251	1.9%	1,344	2.1%	1,434	2.3%	1,289	2.6%	1,106	2.4%	1,092	2.5%	1,023	2.4%	999	2.4%	977	2.4%
Occupation Not Stated	2,704	3.7%	2,009	3.0%	2,179	3.4%	2,072	3.3%	1,492	3.0%	1,647	3.6%	1,151	2.7%	1,086	2.5%	888	2.1%	498	1.2%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Occupation	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Technical and Skilled Occupations in Health																				
Other technical occupations in health care (except dental)	646	0.9%	678	1.0%	802	1.2%	729	1.2%	773	1.5%	835	1.8%	611	1.4%	722	1.7%	660	1.6%	741	1.8%
Medical technologists and technicians (except dental health)	267	0.4%	236	0.4%	220	0.3%	280	0.5%	220	0.4%	177	0.4%	176	0.4%	175	0.4%	170	0.4%	184	0.5%
Technical occupations in dental health care	8	0.0%	15	0.0%	15	0.0%	16	0.0%	13	0.0%	14	0.0%	8	0.0%	15	0.0%	5	0.0%	11	0.0%
Subtotal	921	1.2%	929	1.4%	1,037	1.6%	1,025	1.7%	1,006	2.0%	1,026	2.2%	795	1.8%	912	2.1%	835	2.0%	936	2.3%
Occupations in Law, Social Services, Education and Religion	804	1.1%	741	1.1%	778	1.2%	836	1.3%	808	1.6%	779	1.7%	810	1.9%	794	1.9%	800	1.9%	761	1.9%
Intermediate Occupations in Primary Industry																				
Agriculture and horticulture workers	669	0.9%	589	0.9%	524	0.8%	507	0.8%	478	1.0%	450	1.0%	400	0.9%	422	1.0%	480	1.2%	473	1.2%
Logging and forestry workers	80	0.1%	59	0.1%	45	0.1%	53	0.1%	31	0.1%	34	0.1%	41	0.1%	22	0.1%	35	0.1%	19	0.0%
Mine service workers and operators in oil and gas drilling	24	0.0%	21	0.0%	37	0.1%	36	0.1%	20	0.0%	38	0.1%	64	0.1%	40	0.1%	17	0.0%	38	0.1%
Other fishing and trapping occupations	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	7	0.0%	3	0.0%
Subtotal	777	1.1%	673	1.0%	611	0.9%	598	1.0%	533	1.1%	523	1.1%	506	1.2%	486	1.1%	539	1.3%	533	1.3%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Technical Occupations Related to Natural and Applied Sciences																				
Technical occupations in electronics and electrical engineering	277	0.4%	253	0.4%	212	0.3%	222	0.4%	213	0.4%	174	0.4%	181	0.4%	137	0.3%	177	0.4%	147	0.4%
Technical occupations in life sciences	148	0.2%	119	0.2%	137	0.2%	154	0.2%	131	0.3%	134	0.3%	120	0.3%	153	0.4%	137	0.3%	117	0.3%
Technical occupations in civil, mechanical & industrial engineering	108	0.1%	122	0.2%	110	0.2%	131	0.2%	100	0.2%	91	0.2%	87	0.2%	51	0.1%	82	0.2%	53	0.1%
Technical occupations in physical sciences	89	0.1%	65	0.1%	70	0.1%	81	0.1%	52	0.1%	68	0.1%	69	0.2%	61	0.1%	53	0.1%	64	0.2%
Other technical inspectors and regulatory officers	49	0.1%	35	0.1%	47	0.1%	49	0.1%	35	0.1%	49	0.1%	29	0.1%	27	0.1%	35	0.1%	37	0.1%
Transportation officers and controllers	31	0.0%	30	0.0%	25	0.0%	30	0.0%	15	0.0%	15	0.0%	27	0.1%	38	0.1%	27	0.1%	36	0.1%
Technical occupations in architecture, drafting, surveying & mapping	40	0.1%	20	0.0%	30	0.0%	41	0.1%	25	0.0%	21	0.0%	35	0.1%	37	0.1%	25	0.1%	15	0.0%
Subtotal	742	1.0%	644	1.0%	631	1.0%	708	1.1%	571	1.1%	552	1.2%	548	1.3%	504	1.2%	536	1.3%	469	1.2%
Primary Production Labourers	632	0.9%	528	0.8%	495	0.8%	542	0.9%	444	0.9%	445	1.0%	355	0.8%	349	0.8%	417	1.0%	430	1.1%
Professional Occupations in Social Science, Education, Government Services and Religion																				
Psychologists, social workers, counsellors, clergy & probation officers	209	0.3%	213	0.3%	157	0.2%	153	0.2%	181	0.4%	189	0.4%	153	0.4%	166	0.4%	156	0.4%	149	0.4%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Policy and program officers, researchers and consultants	93	0.1%	104	0.2%	101	0.2%	98	0.2%	91	0.2%	94	0.2%	79	0.2%	76	0.2%	100	0.2%	94	0.2%
Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	72	0.1%	48	0.1%	49	0.1%	50	0.1%	72	0.1%	47	0.1%	34	0.1%	51	0.1%	39	0.1%	48	0.1%
College and other vocational instructors	23	0.0%	26	0.0%	27	0.0%	17	0.0%	13	0.0%	24	0.1%	18	0.0%	15	0.0%	21	0.1%	18	0.0%
University professors and assistants	22	0.0%	20	0.0%	21	0.0%	26	0.0%	27	0.1%	22	0.0%	18	0.0%	19	0.0%	17	0.0%	25	0.1%
Judges, lawyers and quebec notaries	1	0.0%	2	0.0%		0.0%	4	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%	5	0.0%	2	0.0%
Subtotal	420	0.6%	413	0.6%	355	0.6%	348	0.6%	384	0.8%	376	0.8%	302	0.7%	329	0.8%	338	0.8%	336	0.8%
Skilled Administrative and Business Occupations																				
Administrative and regulatory occupations	108	0.1%	99	0.1%	130	0.2%	143	0.2%	131	0.3%	117	0.3%	117	0.3%	118	0.3%	126	0.3%	120	0.3%
Clerical supervisors	185	0.3%	186	0.3%	185	0.3%	188	0.3%	141	0.3%	121	0.3%	140	0.3%	108	0.3%	112	0.3%	147	0.4%
Secretaries, recorders and transcriptionists	67	0.1%	78	0.1%	66	0.1%	85	0.1%	70	0.1%	55	0.1%	46	0.1%	48	0.1%	47	0.1%	27	0.1%
Finance and insurance administrative occupations	27	0.0%	31	0.0%	34	0.1%	33	0.1%	29	0.1%	30	0.1%	15	0.0%	17	0.0%	20	0.0%	18	0.0%
Subtotal	387	0.5%	394	0.6%	415	0.6%	449	0.7%	371	0.7%	323	0.7%	318	0.7%	291	0.7%	305	0.7%	312	0.8%
Skilled Occupations in Primary Industry																				
Contractors, operators & supervisors in agriculture, horticulture & aquaculture	151	0.2%	139	0.2%	140	0.2%	164	0.3%	120	0.2%	122	0.3%	115	0.3%	123	0.3%	133	0.3%	159	0.4%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Underground miners, oil & gas drillers & related workers	119	0.2%	112	0.2%	118	0.2%	103	0.2%	80	0.2%	60	0.1%	129	0.3%	126	0.3%	96	0.2%	65	0.2%
Logging machinery operators	33	0.0%	37	0.1%	19	0.0%	27	0.0%	10	0.0%	15	0.0%	17	0.0%	8	0.0%	12	0.0%	12	0.0%
Supervisors, mining, oil and gas	7	0.0%	8	0.0%	5	0.0%	7	0.0%	12	0.0%	4	0.0%	9	0.0%	5	0.0%	8	0.0%	5	0.0%
Fishing vessel masters and skippers and fishermen/women	10	0.0%	3	0.0%	5	0.0%	8	0.0%	6	0.0%	6	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	6	0.0%
Supervisors, logging and forestry	2	0.0%	2	0.0%		0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%
Subtotal	322	0.4%	301	0.4%	287	0.4%	313	0.5%	231	0.5%	210	0.5%	275	0.6%	267	0.6%	254	0.6%	251	0.6%
Technical and Skilled Occupations in Art, Culture, Recreation and Sport																				
Photographers, graphic arts technicians & technical occupations in motion pictures, broadcasting & the performing arts	75	0.1%	80	0.1%	77	0.1%	90	0.1%	75	0.1%	95	0.2%	101	0.2%	105	0.2%	99	0.2%	96	0.2%
Athletes, coaches, referees and related occupations	66	0.1%	96	0.1%	65	0.1%	61	0.1%	83	0.2%	58	0.1%	90	0.2%	84	0.2%	76	0.2%	96	0.2%
Creative designers and craftpersons	44	0.1%	48	0.1%	58	0.1%	51	0.1%	38	0.1%	39	0.1%	32	0.1%	18	0.0%	34	0.1%	21	0.1%
Technical occupations in libraries, archives, museums & galleries	25	0.0%	21	0.0%	25	0.0%	27	0.0%	21	0.0%	21	0.0%	22	0.1%	25	0.1%	22	0.1%	20	0.0%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Occupation	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Announcers and other performers	1	0.0%	6	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%
Subtotal	211	0.3%	251	0.4%	227	0.4%	231	0.4%	221	0.4%	216	0.5%	246	0.6%	232	0.5%	234	0.6%	235	0.6%
Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities Supervisors and Skilled Operators																				
Supervisors, processing occupations	156	0.2%	146	0.2%	114	0.2%	112	0.2%	81	0.2%	71	0.2%	75	0.2%	63	0.1%	70	0.2%	100	0.2%
Supervisors, assembly and fabrication	158	0.2%	153	0.2%	136	0.2%	134	0.2%	88	0.2%	91	0.2%	102	0.2%	62	0.1%	59	0.1%	69	0.2%
Central control & process operators in manufacturing & processing	89	0.1%	102	0.2%	88	0.1%	89	0.1%	61	0.1%	72	0.2%	77	0.2%	36	0.1%	46	0.1%	36	0.1%
Subtotal	403	0.5%	401	0.6%	338	0.5%	335	0.5%	230	0.5%	234	0.5%	254	0.6%	161	0.4%	175	0.4%	205	0.5%
Professional Occupations in Natural and Applied Sciences																				
Mathematicians, systems analysts and computer programmers	62	0.1%	69	0.1%	65	0.1%	79	0.1%	60	0.1%	42	0.1%	50	0.1%	43	0.1%	44	0.1%	45	0.1%
Civil, mechanical, electrical and chemical engineers	49	0.1%	46	0.1%	46	0.1%	47	0.1%	40	0.1%	37	0.1%	21	0.0%	40	0.1%	26	0.1%	25	0.1%
Architects, urban planners and land surveyors	25	0.0%	18	0.0%	30	0.0%	28	0.0%	20	0.0%	17	0.0%	22	0.1%	21	0.0%	24	0.1%	20	0.0%
Other engineers	29	0.0%	19	0.0%	27	0.0%	26	0.0%	22	0.0%	21	0.0%	16	0.0%	28	0.1%	12	0.0%	17	0.0%
Physical science professionals	16	0.0%	17	0.0%	19	0.0%	21	0.0%	5	0.0%	15	0.0%	14	0.0%	7	0.0%	12	0.0%	5	0.0%
Life science professionals	17	0.0%	13	0.0%	15	0.0%	12	0.0%	7	0.0%	15	0.0%	9	0.0%	23	0.1%	11	0.0%	10	0.0%
Subtotal	198	0.3%	182	0.3%	202	0.3%	213	0.3%	154	0.3%	147	0.3%	132	0.3%	162	0.4%	129	0.3%	122	0.3%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Occupation	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Professional Occupations in Business and Finance																				
Human resources and business service professionals	30	0.0%	25	0.0%	29	0.0%	41	0.1%	33	0.1%	15	0.0%	38	0.1%	37	0.1%	30	0.1%	25	0.1%
Auditors, accountants and investment professionals	49	0.1%	33	0.0%	28	0.0%	30	0.0%	29	0.1%	23	0.0%	25	0.1%	26	0.1%	28	0.1%	43	0.1%
Subtotal	79	0.1%	58	0.1%	57	0.1%	71	0.1%	62	0.1%	38	0.1%	63	0.1%	63	0.1%	58	0.1%	68	0.2%
Professional Occupations in Art and Culture																				
Writing, translating and public relations professionals	24	0.0%	22	0.0%	13	0.0%	17	0.0%	19	0.0%	26	0.1%	11	0.0%	11	0.0%	15	0.0%	14	0.0%
Creative and performing artists	21	0.0%	19	0.0%	15	0.0%	22	0.0%	23	0.0%	9	0.0%	8	0.0%	14	0.0%	13	0.0%	11	0.0%
Librarians, archivists, conservators and curators	7	0.0%	7	0.0%	11	0.0%	10	0.0%	8	0.0%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%	11	0.0%	6	0.0%	8	0.0%
Subtotal	52	0.1%	48	0.1%	39	0.1%	49	0.1%	50	0.1%	40	0.1%	24	0.1%	36	0.1%	34	0.1%	33	0.1%
Senior Management Occupations	22	0.0%	29	0.0%	13	0.0%	18	0.0%	14	0.0%	11	0.0%	9	0.0%	15	0.0%	14	0.0%	23	0.1%
Grand Total	73,888	100.0%	67,406	100.0%	64,531	100.0%	61,992	100.0%	50,104	100.0%	46,160	100.0%	43,371	100.0%	42,702	100.0%	41,508	100.0%	40,585	100.0%

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Occupations by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
15-19	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Food Counter Attendants And Kitchen Helpers	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Food Counter Attendants And Kitchen Helpers	Food Counter Attendants And Kitchen Helpers	Food counter attendants and kitchen helpers	Food counter attendants and kitchen helpers
20-24	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities
25-29	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Trades Helpers And Labourers	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities
30-34	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Motor vehicle and transit drivers
35-39	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor vehicle and Transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers
40-44	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor vehicle and Transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers
45-49	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor vehicle and Transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers
50-54	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor vehicle and Transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Occupations by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
55-59	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor vehicle and Transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers
60-64	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor vehicle and Transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers
65+	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor vehicle and Transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Occupations by Industry Sectors

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Agriculture	Agriculture And Horticulture Workers	Agriculture And Horticulture Workers	Agriculture And Horticulture Workers	Agriculture And Horticulture Workers	Agriculture And Horticulture Workers	Agriculture And Horticulture Workers	Agriculture And Horticulture Workers	Agriculture And Horticulture Workers	Agriculture and horticulture workers	Agriculture and horticulture workers
Automotive	Mechanical, Electrical And Electronics Assemblers	Mechanical, Electrical And Electronics Assemblers	Mechanical, Electrical And Electronics Assemblers	Mechanical, Electrical And Electronics Assemblers	Mechanical, Electrical And Electronics Assemblers	Mechanical, Electrical And Electronics Assemblers	Mechanical, Electrical And Electronics Assemblers	Mechanical, Electrical And Electronics Assemblers	Mechanical, electrical and electronics assemblers	Mechanical, electrical and electronics assemblers
Chemicals/ Process	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber processing	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber processing	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber processing	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber processing	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber processing	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber processing	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber processing	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber processing	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber processing	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber processing
Construction	Trades Helpers And Labourers	Trades Helpers And Labourers	Trades Helpers And Labourers	Trades Helpers And Labourers	Trades Helpers And Labourers	Trades Helpers And Labourers	Trades Helpers And Labourers	Trades Helpers And Labourers	Trades helpers and labourers	Trades helpers and labourers
Education	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners
Electrical	Electrical Trades And Telecom-munication Occupations	Electrical Trades And Telecom-munication Occupations	Electrical Trades And Telecom-munication Occupations	Electrical Trades And Telecom-munication Occupations	Electrical Trades And Telecom-munication Occupations	Electrical Trades And Telecom-munication Occupations	Electrical Trades And Telecom-munication Occupations	Electrical Trades And Telecom-munication Occupations	Electrical trades and telecom-munication occupations	Electrical trades and telecom-munication occupations
Food	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities
Forestry	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Occupations by Industry Sectors

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

		Injury/Illness Year								
Schedule 1	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Health Care	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations in Support of Health Services	Assisting Occupations in Support of Health Services
Manufacturing	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities
Mining	Underground Miners, Oil & Gas Drillers & Related Workers	Underground Miners, Oil & Gas Drillers & Related Workers	Underground Miners, Oil & Gas Drillers & Related Workers	Underground Miners, Oil & Gas Drillers & Related Workers	Underground Miners, Oil & Gas Drillers & Related Workers	Underground Miners, Oil & Gas Drillers & Related Workers	Underground Miners, Oil & Gas Drillers & Related Workers	Underground Miners, Oil & Gas Drillers & Related Workers	Underground miners, oil & gas drillers & related workers	Underground miners, oil & gas drillers & related workers
Municipal	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters
Primary Metals	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Machine operators & related workers in metal & mineral products processing	Machine operators & related workers in metal & mineral products processing	Machine operators & related workers in metal & mineral products processing	Machine operators & related workers in metal & mineral products processing	Machine operators & related workers in metal & mineral products processing	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Machine operators & related workers in metal & mineral products processing	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities
Pulp & Paper	Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing
Services	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks
Transportation	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Occupations by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

		Injury/Illness Year								
Schedule 1	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Female	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations in Support of Health Services	Assisting Occupations in Support of Health Services
Male	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor vehicle and Transit drivers	Motor vehicle and Transit drivers

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Nature of Injury

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Diagnosis/description of nature of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Sprains and strains	34,475	46.7%	31,312	46.5%	30,768	47.7%	30,530	49.2%	24,468	48.8%	21,805	47.2%	19,647	45.3%	18,292	42.8%	16,633	40.1%	15,898	39.2%
Fractures	5,423	7.3%	4,913	7.3%	4,785	7.4%	4,647	7.5%	3,684	7.4%	3,594	7.8%	3,598	8.3%	3,781	8.9%	4,089	9.9%	4,060	10.0%
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	6,933	9.4%	5,948	8.8%	5,552	8.6%	5,153	8.3%	3,778	7.5%	3,617	7.8%	3,254	7.5%	3,290	7.7%	3,152	7.6%	3,282	8.1%
Bruises, contusions	8,893	12.0%	7,943	11.8%	7,517	11.6%	6,878	11.1%	4,996	10.0%	4,131	8.9%	3,934	9.1%	2,983	7.0%	2,913	7.0%	2,825	7.0%
Traumatic injuries, disorders, complications, unspecified, NEC	298	0.4%	333	0.5%	335	0.5%	426	0.7%	942	1.9%	1,013	2.2%	1,881	4.3%	2,822	6.6%	2,516	6.1%	2,514	6.2%
Concussion	625	0.8%	540	0.8%	625	1.0%	577	0.9%	538	1.1%	552	1.2%	726	1.7%	971	2.3%	1,229	3.0%	1,535	3.8%
Multiple traumatic injuries	2,537	3.4%	2,570	3.8%	2,111	3.3%	1,834	3.0%	1,811	3.6%	1,857	4.0%	1,446	3.3%	1,271	3.0%	1,354	3.3%	1,216	3.0%
Soreness, pain, hurt, except the back	7	0.0%	8	0.0%	18	0.0%	23	0.0%	12	0.0%	44	0.1%	343	0.8%	655	1.5%	1,386	3.3%	878	2.2%
Abrasions, scratches and other superficial injuries	2,069	2.8%	1,809	2.7%	1,647	2.6%	1,447	2.3%	1,037	2.1%	996	2.2%	846	2.0%	947	2.2%	902	2.2%	867	2.1%
Infectious and parasitic diseases	130	0.2%	321	0.5%	327	0.5%	268	0.4%	648	1.3%	949	2.1%	620	1.4%	983	2.3%	682	1.6%	855	2.1%
Burn or scald (heat)	1,328	1.8%	1,257	1.9%	1,036	1.6%	1,000	1.6%	841	1.7%	725	1.6%	750	1.7%	708	1.7%	673	1.6%	756	1.9%
Tendonitis	1,788	2.4%	1,588	2.4%	1,488	2.3%	1,349	2.2%	1,040	2.1%	917	2.0%	808	1.9%	915	2.1%	743	1.8%	732	1.8%
Back pain, hurt back	17	0.0%	4	0.0%	14	0.0%	11	0.0%	6	0.0%	45	0.1%	261	0.6%	356	0.8%	638	1.5%	717	1.8%
Intracranial injuries excluding concussions	741	1.0%	763	1.1%	655	1.0%	643	1.0%	545	1.1%	398	0.9%	390	0.9%	276	0.6%	382	0.9%	401	1.0%
Crushing injuries	541	0.7%	603	0.9%	693	1.1%	556	0.9%	442	0.9%	479	1.0%	477	1.1%	432	1.0%	379	0.9%	392	1.0%
Amputations or enucleations	416	0.6%	428	0.6%	360	0.6%	442	0.7%	341	0.7%	294	0.6%	356	0.8%	356	0.8%	316	0.8%	386	1.0%
Hernia	782	1.1%	677	1.0%	694	1.1%	642	1.0%	516	1.0%	497	1.1%	507	1.2%	426	1.0%	412	1.0%	345	0.9%
Dislocation	634	0.9%	668	1.0%	625	1.0%	642	1.0%	350	0.7%	326	0.7%	311	0.7%	296	0.7%	273	0.7%	332	0.8%
Mental disorders or syndromes	163	0.2%	180	0.3%	153	0.2%	158	0.3%	179	0.4%	189	0.4%	213	0.5%	215	0.5%	179	0.4%	252	0.6%
Poisonings, systemic	439	0.6%	341	0.5%	351	0.5%	306	0.5%	326	0.7%	301	0.7%	237	0.5%	285	0.7%	270	0.7%	240	0.6%
Intervertebral herniated, slipped disc including disc syndrome	766	1.0%	715	1.1%	726	1.1%	670	1.1%	601	1.2%	479	1.0%	307	0.7%	259	0.6%	304	0.7%	222	0.5%
Burns (chemicals)	354	0.5%	274	0.4%	311	0.5%	244	0.4%	193	0.4%	208	0.5%	146	0.3%	193	0.5%	179	0.4%	196	0.5%

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Nature of Injury

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Diagnosis/description of nature of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Rotator cuff tear or syndrome	215	0.3%	229	0.3%	227	0.4%	213	0.3%	241	0.5%	211	0.5%	208	0.5%	204	0.5%	187	0.5%	188	0.5%
Carpal tunnel syndrome	729	1.0%	676	1.0%	607	0.9%	550	0.9%	432	0.9%	368	0.8%	314	0.7%	233	0.5%	212	0.5%	166	0.4%
Epicondylitis	539	0.7%	509	0.8%	454	0.7%	457	0.7%	315	0.6%	272	0.6%	226	0.5%	204	0.5%	190	0.5%	162	0.4%
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders, including dermatitis	301	0.4%	261	0.4%	234	0.4%	205	0.3%	164	0.3%	146	0.3%	172	0.4%	165	0.4%	147	0.4%	142	0.3%
Signs and symptoms including contacts/carriers of disease	206	0.3%	211	0.3%	172	0.3%	191	0.3%	157	0.3%	185	0.4%	141	0.3%	132	0.3%	137	0.3%	117	0.3%
Avulsion	414	0.6%	364	0.5%	295	0.5%	243	0.4%	194	0.4%	193	0.4%	144	0.3%	118	0.3%	152	0.4%	109	0.3%
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue, diseases and disorders unspecified, NEC	334	0.5%	382	0.6%	306	0.5%	338	0.5%	231	0.5%	201	0.4%	164	0.4%	112	0.3%	108	0.3%	102	0.3%
Bursitis	187	0.3%	161	0.2%	140	0.2%	135	0.2%	119	0.2%	101	0.2%	102	0.2%	77	0.2%	103	0.2%	90	0.2%
Tenosynovitis	168	0.2%	178	0.3%	134	0.2%	130	0.2%	116	0.2%	100	0.2%	92	0.2%	87	0.2%	102	0.2%	81	0.2%
Sciatica	182	0.2%	132	0.2%	130	0.2%	116	0.2%	140	0.3%	124	0.3%	88	0.2%	56	0.1%	69	0.2%	79	0.2%
Disorders of the eye, adnexa, vision, unspecified, NEC	111	0.2%	114	0.2%	86	0.1%	109	0.2%	56	0.1%	77	0.2%	115	0.3%	75	0.2%	43	0.1%	46	0.1%
Welder's flash	190	0.3%	167	0.2%	145	0.2%	98	0.2%	61	0.1%	70	0.2%	65	0.1%	66	0.2%	43	0.1%	45	0.1%
Respiratory system diseases	159	0.2%	105	0.2%	114	0.2%	150	0.2%	148	0.3%	121	0.3%	94	0.2%	85	0.2%	69	0.2%	44	0.1%
Disorders of ear including deafness	29	0.0%	29	0.0%	26	0.0%	40	0.1%	18	0.0%	26	0.1%	21	0.0%	11	0.0%	15	0.0%	38	0.1%
Conjunctivitis	114	0.2%	91	0.1%	96	0.1%	75	0.1%	66	0.1%	55	0.1%	51	0.1%	72	0.2%	53	0.1%	37	0.1%
Electrocutions, electric shock	64	0.1%	107	0.2%	71	0.1%	63	0.1%	53	0.1%	46	0.1%	38	0.1%	40	0.1%	46	0.1%	32	0.1%
Freezing effects including frostbite	15	0.0%	9	0.0%	9	0.0%	10	0.0%	18	0.0%	10	0.0%	10	0.0%	6	0.0%	10	0.0%	31	0.1%
Burns (electrical)	73	0.1%	54	0.1%	42	0.1%	28	0.0%	35	0.1%	26	0.1%	25	0.1%	31	0.1%	30	0.1%	23	0.1%
Heat and light effects including heat stroke, fatigue and syncope	96	0.1%	87	0.1%	60	0.1%	18	0.0%	21	0.0%	83	0.2%	51	0.1%	47	0.1%	62	0.1%	16	0.0%

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Nature of Injury

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Diagnosis/description of nature of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Neoplasms, tumors and cancer, excluding mesothelioma	25	0.0%	19	0.0%	26	0.0%	40	0.1%	10	0.0%	8	0.0%	7	0.0%	7	0.0%	8	0.0%	14	0.0%
Circulatory system diseases	26	0.0%	31	0.0%	38	0.1%	31	0.1%	19	0.0%	19	0.0%	28	0.1%	17	0.0%	12	0.0%	11	0.0%
Facet syndrome	36	0.0%	46	0.1%	29	0.0%	25	0.0%	20	0.0%	10	0.0%	11	0.0%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%	10	0.0%
Burns multiple, unspecified, NEC	87	0.1%	43	0.1%	115	0.2%	119	0.2%	27	0.1%	35	0.1%	12	0.0%	45	0.1%	13	0.0%	10	0.0%
Nervous system and sense organs diseases	23	0.0%	14	0.0%	14	0.0%	10	0.0%	27	0.1%	18	0.0%	10	0.0%	20	0.0%	13	0.0%	7	0.0%
Mesothelioma	49	0.1%	39	0.1%	42	0.1%	39	0.1%	29	0.1%	4	0.0%	12	0.0%	8	0.0%	3	0.0%	5	0.0%
Capsulitis	30	0.0%	22	0.0%	12	0.0%	14	0.0%	15	0.0%	14	0.0%	10	0.0%	3	0.0%	9	0.0%	5	0.0%
Ganglion	47	0.1%	40	0.1%	39	0.1%	30	0.0%	24	0.0%	22	0.0%	10	0.0%	13	0.0%	13	0.0%	3	0.0%
Synovitis	6	0.0%	15	0.0%	12	0.0%	5	0.0%	7	0.0%	0	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%
Air pressure effects including other environmental conditions	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	8	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	0.0%
Non-personal damage	4	0.0%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	6	0.0%	0	0.0%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%
Myositis	5	0.0%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%
Digestive system diseases	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%
Diseases and disorders multiple, unspecified, NEC	7	0.0%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%
Genitourinary system diseases and disorders	10	0.0%	6	0.0%	6	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%
Diseases of blood and blood-forming organs	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Back pain	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	44	0.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Unknown	43	0.1%	52	0.1%	0	0.0%	44	0.1%	33	0.1%	186	0.4%	72	0.2%	37	0.1%	43	0.1%	64	0.2%
Total	73,888	100.0%	67,406	100.0%	64,531	100.0%	61,992	100.0%	50,104	100.0%	46,160	100.0%	43,371	100.0%	42,702	100.0%	41,508	100.0%	40,585	100.0%

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Nature of Injury by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
15-19	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
20-24	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
25-29	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
30-34	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
35-39	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
40-44	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
45-49	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
50-54	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
55-59	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
60-64	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
65+	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Nature of Injury by Industry Sectors

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Agriculture	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Automotive	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Chemicals/Process	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Construction	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Education	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Electrical	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Food	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Forestry	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Health Care	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Manufacturing	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Mining	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Municipal	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Primary Metals	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Pulp & Paper	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Nature of Injury by Industry Sectors

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Services	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Transportation	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Nature of Injury by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

		Injury/Illness Year								
Schedule 1	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Female	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Male	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Event

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Event	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Bodily reaction and exertion																				
Overexertion	17,014	23.0%	15,241	22.6%	14,643	22.7%	14,366	23.2%	11,420	22.8%	10,399	22.5%	8,491	19.6%	8,280	19.4%	7,990	19.2%	7,020	17.3%
Bodily reaction	8,937	12.1%	8,009	11.9%	8,225	12.7%	7,363	11.9%	6,593	13.2%	5,309	11.5%	4,683	10.8%	5,001	11.7%	4,695	11.3%	3,896	9.6%
Repetitive motion	3,801	5.1%	3,611	5.4%	3,381	5.2%	3,464	5.6%	2,535	5.1%	2,123	4.6%	1,883	4.3%	1,679	3.9%	1,300	3.1%	1,125	2.8%
Static posture and sustained viewing	35	0.0%	49	0.1%	28	0.0%	20	0.0%	20	0.0%	14	0.0%	32	0.1%	35	0.1%	21	0.1%	44	0.1%
Bodily reaction and exertion (combined), including unspecified, NEC	3,606	4.9%	3,770	5.6%	3,150	4.9%	3,144	5.1%	2,804	5.6%	2,696	5.8%	3,542	8.2%	2,876	6.7%	2,539	6.1%	3,091	7.6%
Subtotal	33,393	45.2%	30,680	45.5%	29,427	45.6%	28,357	45.7%	23,372	46.6%	20,541	44.5%	18,631	43.0%	17,871	41.9%	16,545	39.9%	15,176	37.4%
Contact with objects and equipment																				
Struck by objects or equipment	11,706	15.8%	10,571	15.7%	10,128	15.7%	9,259	14.9%	7,105	14.2%	6,732	14.6%	6,197	14.3%	6,786	15.9%	6,531	15.7%	6,141	15.1%
Struck against objects or equipment	3,781	5.1%	3,471	5.1%	3,354	5.2%	3,124	5.0%	2,420	4.8%	2,389	5.2%	2,264	5.2%	2,479	5.8%	2,389	5.8%	2,311	5.7%
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects or collapsing material	3,587	4.9%	3,304	4.9%	2,944	4.6%	2,655	4.3%	1,948	3.9%	1,664	3.6%	1,824	4.2%	1,735	4.1%	1,641	4.0%	1,714	4.2%
Rubbed or abraded by friction, pressure or jarred by vibration	931	1.3%	911	1.4%	536	0.8%	404	0.7%	340	0.7%	300	0.6%	335	0.8%	241	0.6%	246	0.6%	344	0.8%
Contact with objects and equipment, unspecified, NEC	207	0.3%	162	0.2%	116	0.2%	133	0.2%	147	0.3%	148	0.3%	238	0.5%	266	0.6%	275	0.7%	356	0.9%
Subtotal	20,212	27.4%	18,419	27.3%	17,078	26.5%	15,575	25.1%	11,960	23.9%	11,233	24.3%	10,858	25.0%	11,507	26.9%	11,082	26.7%	10,866	26.8%
Falls																				
Fall on same level	8,730	11.8%	7,500	11.1%	7,816	12.1%	8,441	13.6%	6,219	12.4%	5,531	12.0%	5,699	13.1%	5,136	12.0%	5,901	14.2%	6,115	15.1%
Fall/jump to lower level	4,301	5.8%	3,905	5.8%	3,693	5.7%	3,607	5.8%	3,008	6.0%	3,037	6.6%	3,050	7.0%	2,740	6.4%	2,853	6.9%	2,852	7.0%
Falls, unspecified, NEC	36	0.0%	43	0.1%	26	0.0%	24	0.0%	19	0.0%	29	0.1%	41	0.1%	34	0.1%	39	0.1%	27	0.1%
Subtotal	13,067	17.7%	11,448	17.0%	11,535	17.9%	12,072	19.5%	9,246	18.5%	8,597	18.6%	8,790	20.3%	7,910	18.5%	8,793	21.2%	8,994	22.2%
Exposure to harmful substances or environments																				
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances	1,729	2.3%	1,545	2.3%	1,570	2.4%	1,386	2.2%	1,643	3.3%	1,912	4.1%	1,441	3.3%	1,871	4.4%	1,474	3.6%	1,636	4.0%
Contact with temperature extremes	1,296	1.8%	1,357	2.0%	1,174	1.8%	1,089	1.8%	882	1.8%	815	1.8%	768	1.8%	766	1.8%	786	1.9%	789	1.9%

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Event

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

	Injury/Illness Year																			
Schedule 1	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Exposure to radiation	232	0.3%	191	0.3%	168	0.3%	117	0.2%	76	0.2%	77	0.2%	86	0.2%	93	0.2%	68	0.2%	93	0.2%
Contact with electric current	118	0.2%	148	0.2%	97	0.2%	89	0.1%	85	0.2%	62	0.1%	61	0.1%	76	0.2%	82	0.2%	57	0.1%
Exposure to noise	19	0.0%	17	0.0%	20	0.0%	26	0.0%	13	0.0%	23	0.0%	14	0.0%	12	0.0%	11	0.0%	30	0.1%
Exposure to air pressure changes	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	7	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%
Exposure to harmful substances or environments, unspecified, NEC	69	0.1%	69	0.1%	61	0.1%	81	0.1%	66	0.1%	62	0.1%	83	0.2%	100	0.2%	75	0.2%	128	0.3%
Subtotal	3,465	4.7%	3,329	4.9%	3,090	4.8%	2,795	4.5%	2,769	5.5%	2,952	6.4%	2,455	5.7%	2,918	6.8%	2,498	6.0%	2,737	6.7%
Transportation accidents																				
Highway accidents	1,131	1.5%	1,004	1.5%	1,016	1.6%	956	1.5%	767	1.5%	778	1.7%	724	1.7%	723	1.7%	795	1.9%	850	2.1%
Non-highway accidents	1,078	1.5%	1,098	1.6%	953	1.5%	831	1.3%	643	1.3%	686	1.5%	673	1.6%	648	1.5%	637	1.5%	722	1.8%
Transportation accidents, unspecified, NEC	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	8	0.0%	6	0.0%	6	0.0%	7	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%
Subtotal	2,211	3.0%	2,106	3.1%	1,977	3.1%	1,793	2.9%	1,416	2.8%	1,471	3.2%	1,402	3.2%	1,374	3.2%	1,436	3.5%	1,574	3.9%
Assaults, violent acts, harassment and acts of war or terrorism	1,165	1.6%	1,106	1.6%	1,105	1.7%	1,061	1.7%	1,086	2.2%	1,102	2.4%	1,003	2.3%	954	2.2%	976	2.4%	1,029	2.5%
Fires and explosions																				
Fire - unintended or uncontrolled	107	0.1%	94	0.1%	93	0.1%	108	0.2%	75	0.1%	81	0.2%	104	0.2%	67	0.2%	64	0.2%	70	0.2%
Explosion	63	0.1%	64	0.1%	50	0.1%	62	0.1%	51	0.1%	49	0.1%	45	0.1%	47	0.1%	42	0.1%	50	0.1%
Fire or explosion, unspecified, NEC	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	6	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	5	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%
Subtotal	174	0.2%	160	0.2%	146	0.2%	176	0.3%	127	0.3%	132	0.3%	154	0.4%	115	0.3%	108	0.3%	121	0.3%
Other events or exposures unknown / unidentified	201	0.3%	158	0.2%	173	0.3%	163	0.3%	128	0.3%	132	0.3%	78	0.2%	53	0.1%	70	0.2%	88	0.2%
Total	73,888	100.0%	67,406	100.0%	64,531	100.0%	61,992	100.0%	50,104	100.0%	46,160	100.0%	43,371	100.0%	42,702	100.0%	41,508	100.0%	40,585	100.0%

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Event by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
15-19	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment
20-24	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment
25-29	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment
30-34	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
35-39	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
40-44	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
45-49	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
50-54	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Fall on same level
55-59	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level
60-64	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level
65+	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Event by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Agriculture	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment
Automotive	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
Chemicals/Process	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
Construction	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment
Education	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Overexertion	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level
Electrical	Bodily reaction	Overexertion	Bodily reaction	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Bodily reaction	Bodily reaction	Bodily reaction	Fall on same level
Food	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
Forestry	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment
Health Care	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
Manufacturing	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment
Mining	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment
Municipal	Bodily reaction	Overexertion	Overexertion	Bodily reaction	Bodily reaction	Overexertion	Overexertion	Bodily reaction	Bodily reaction	Fall on same level
Primary Metals	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment	Overexertion	Overexertion
Pulp & Paper	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Bodily reaction	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment
Services	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment
Transportation	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Event by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Female	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Fall on same level	Fall on same level
Male	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Source

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Source of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	13,575	18.4%	11,811	17.5%	11,819	18.3%	12,249	19.8%	9,623	19.2%	8,833	19.1%	9,177	21.2%	8,333	19.5%	9,015	21.7%	9,324	23.0%
Persons (bodily motion or condition)	16,484	22.3%	15,299	22.7%	15,031	23.3%	14,439	23.3%	12,266	24.5%	10,512	22.8%	9,196	21.2%	9,314	21.8%	8,444	20.3%	7,552	18.6%
Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	9,828	13.3%	9,031	13.4%	8,681	13.5%	8,148	13.1%	6,595	13.2%	5,966	12.9%	5,595	12.9%	5,312	12.4%	4,935	11.9%	4,718	11.6%
Parts and materials																				
Building materials	3,194	4.3%	2,925	4.3%	2,678	4.1%	2,493	4.0%	1,898	3.8%	1,914	4.1%	1,822	4.2%	2,002	4.7%	1,771	4.3%	1,880	4.6%
Vehicle and mobile equipment parts	1,556	2.1%	1,385	2.1%	1,234	1.9%	1,125	1.8%	898	1.8%	854	1.9%	788	1.8%	831	1.9%	801	1.9%	742	1.8%
Fasteners, connectors, ropes, ties	847	1.1%	719	1.1%	712	1.1%	696	1.1%	480	1.0%	512	1.1%	436	1.0%	444	1.0%	454	1.1%	422	1.0%
Machine tool and electric parts	1,121	1.5%	878	1.3%	857	1.3%	631	1.0%	577	1.2%	530	1.1%	442	1.0%	433	1.0%	417	1.0%	390	1.0%
Metal materials	680	0.9%	594	0.9%	469	0.7%	406	0.7%	279	0.6%	360	0.8%	259	0.6%	216	0.5%	188	0.5%	234	0.6%
Hoisting accessories	91	0.1%	67	0.1%	62	0.1%	46	0.1%	37	0.1%	52	0.1%	46	0.1%	40	0.1%	46	0.1%	38	0.1%
Tars, sealants, caulking, insulating materials	56	0.1%	62	0.1%	54	0.1%	51	0.1%	40	0.1%	35	0.1%	38	0.1%	32	0.1%	34	0.1%	36	0.1%
Tarps and sheeting (non-metal)	64	0.1%	54	0.1%	58	0.1%	50	0.1%	41	0.1%	36	0.1%	35	0.1%	40	0.1%	19	0.0%	28	0.1%
Parts and materials unspecified, NEC	709	1.0%	729	1.1%	673	1.0%	715	1.2%	482	1.0%	522	1.1%	459	1.1%	417	1.0%	505	1.2%	334	0.8%
Subtotal	8,318	11.3%	7,413	11.0%	6,797	10.5%	6,213	10.0%	4,732	9.4%	4,815	10.4%	4,325	10.0%	4,455	10.4%	4,235	10.2%	4,104	10.1%
Vehicles																				
Highway vehicle	2,424	3.3%	2,179	3.2%	2,210	3.4%	2,028	3.3%	1,695	3.4%	1,540	3.3%	1,580	3.6%	1,518	3.6%	1,686	4.1%	1,717	4.2%
Plant and industrial vehicles, tractors	2,412	3.3%	2,352	3.5%	2,080	3.2%	1,903	3.1%	1,490	3.0%	1,341	2.9%	1,352	3.1%	1,244	2.9%	1,239	3.0%	1,343	3.3%
Air, water, rail vehicles	70	0.1%	77	0.1%	93	0.1%	81	0.1%	72	0.1%	59	0.1%	71	0.2%	84	0.2%	102	0.2%	103	0.3%
Vehicles, unspecified, NEC	84	0.1%	85	0.1%	101	0.2%	133	0.2%	70	0.1%	77	0.2%	79	0.2%	67	0.2%	46	0.1%	69	0.2%
Subtotal	4,990	6.8%	4,693	7.0%	4,484	6.9%	4,145	6.7%	3,327	6.6%	3,017	6.5%	3,082	7.1%	2,913	6.8%	3,073	7.4%	3,232	8.0%
Other tools, instruments, equipment																				
Hand tools, non-powered	2,816	3.8%	2,597	3.9%	2,363	3.7%	2,236	3.6%	1,836	3.7%	1,567	3.4%	1,440	3.3%	1,456	3.4%	1,505	3.6%	1,306	3.2%

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Source

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Source of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Hand tools, powered	806	1.1%	767	1.1%	666	1.0%	641	1.0%	479	1.0%	422	0.9%	352	0.8%	347	0.8%	406	1.0%	382	0.9%
Hand tools, power not determined	230	0.3%	152	0.2%	223	0.3%	130	0.2%	109	0.2%	90	0.2%	69	0.2%	112	0.3%	85	0.2%	251	0.6%
Ladders	217	0.3%	191	0.3%	192	0.3%	217	0.4%	157	0.3%	142	0.3%	137	0.3%	150	0.4%	138	0.3%	135	0.3%
Recreational/Athletic Equipment	91	0.1%	121	0.2%	104	0.2%	83	0.1%	82	0.2%	67	0.1%	86	0.2%	82	0.2%	100	0.2%	95	0.2%
Medical and surgical instruments	106	0.1%	136	0.2%	107	0.2%	110	0.2%	105	0.2%	91	0.2%	80	0.2%	95	0.2%	82	0.2%	74	0.2%
Protective equipment, except clothing	21	0.0%	18	0.0%	28	0.0%	16	0.0%	13	0.0%	14	0.0%	13	0.0%	18	0.0%	10	0.0%	17	0.0%
Photographic equipment	13	0.0%	10	0.0%	14	0.0%	10	0.0%	9	0.0%	8	0.0%	9	0.0%	21	0.0%	12	0.0%	8	0.0%
Other tools, instruments, equipment, unspecified, NEC	730	1.0%	752	1.1%	720	1.1%	673	1.1%	619	1.2%	611	1.3%	506	1.2%	542	1.3%	572	1.4%	585	1.4%
Subtotal	5,030	6.8%	4,744	7.0%	4,417	6.8%	4,116	6.6%	3,409	6.8%	3,012	6.5%	2,692	6.2%	2,823	6.6%	2,910	7.0%	2,853	7.0%
Machinery																				
Metal woodworking and plastic, rubber concrete and other processing	1,354	1.8%	1,214	1.8%	946	1.5%	830	1.3%	556	1.1%	534	1.2%	619	1.4%	658	1.5%	525	1.3%	593	1.5%
Heating, cooling and cleaning machinery	784	1.1%	711	1.1%	692	1.1%	642	1.0%	525	1.0%	496	1.1%	450	1.0%	463	1.1%	418	1.0%	453	1.1%
Special process machinery (including food slicers, paper, printing, wrapping, sewing, pumps)	926	1.3%	906	1.3%	791	1.2%	632	1.0%	577	1.2%	477	1.0%	508	1.2%	488	1.1%	418	1.0%	435	1.1%
Miscellaneous machinery (including audio, video, televisions, telephones, snowblowers)	651	0.9%	610	0.9%	442	0.7%	433	0.7%	315	0.6%	318	0.7%	280	0.6%	221	0.5%	232	0.6%	256	0.6%
Agricultural, construction, logging and mining	315	0.4%	311	0.5%	306	0.5%	300	0.5%	246	0.5%	219	0.5%	234	0.5%	219	0.5%	214	0.5%	235	0.6%
Cranes, derricks, elevators, jacks and overhead hoists (excludes hoisting accessories)	372	0.5%	303	0.4%	312	0.5%	274	0.4%	206	0.4%	215	0.5%	213	0.5%	189	0.4%	191	0.5%	205	0.5%
Conveyors	285	0.4%	290	0.4%	269	0.4%	197	0.3%	155	0.3%	145	0.3%	147	0.3%	137	0.3%	137	0.3%	150	0.4%

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Source

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Source of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Office and business machines	128	0.2%	116	0.2%	89	0.1%	103	0.2%	93	0.2%	80	0.2%	81	0.2%	74	0.2%	81	0.2%	72	0.2%
Machinery, unspecified, NEC	450	0.6%	344	0.5%	368	0.6%	421	0.7%	199	0.4%	243	0.5%	223	0.5%	293	0.7%	252	0.6%	156	0.4%
Subtotal	5,265	7.1%	4,805	7.1%	4,215	6.5%	3,832	6.2%	2,872	5.7%	2,727	5.9%	2,755	6.4%	2,742	6.4%	2,468	5.9%	2,555	6.3%
Furniture and fixtures	2,673	3.6%	2,506	3.7%	2,329	3.6%	2,285	3.7%	1,876	3.7%	1,749	3.8%	1,676	3.9%	1,802	4.2%	1,715	4.1%	1,676	4.1%
Infectious and parasitic agents	246	0.3%	373	0.6%	424	0.7%	360	0.6%	766	1.5%	1,082	2.3%	660	1.5%	1,079	2.5%	753	1.8%	803	2.0%
Scrap, waste, debris	1,511	2.0%	1,332	2.0%	1,197	1.9%	1,046	1.7%	743	1.5%	689	1.5%	696	1.6%	772	1.8%	750	1.8%	684	1.7%
Chemicals and chemical products	1,118	1.5%	944	1.4%	899	1.4%	805	1.3%	652	1.3%	658	1.4%	582	1.3%	597	1.4%	556	1.3%	582	1.4%
Food products	670	0.9%	631	0.9%	602	0.9%	525	0.8%	436	0.9%	370	0.8%	385	0.9%	410	1.0%	408	1.0%	418	1.0%
Animals and animal products	292	0.4%	255	0.4%	249	0.4%	257	0.4%	232	0.5%	259	0.6%	255	0.6%	247	0.6%	230	0.6%	345	0.9%
Steam, vapour, liquids, NEC	378	0.5%	338	0.5%	332	0.5%	362	0.6%	251	0.5%	233	0.5%	211	0.5%	226	0.5%	199	0.5%	249	0.6%
Plants, trees, vegetation	246	0.3%	245	0.4%	211	0.3%	194	0.3%	156	0.3%	189	0.4%	167	0.4%	205	0.5%	153	0.4%	150	0.4%
Apparel and textiles	200	0.3%	188	0.3%	218	0.3%	203	0.3%	178	0.4%	151	0.3%	175	0.4%	148	0.3%	159	0.4%	134	0.3%
Minerals, metallic and non-metallic	275	0.4%	238	0.4%	259	0.4%	241	0.4%	184	0.4%	189	0.4%	156	0.4%	103	0.2%	132	0.3%	122	0.3%
Fire, flame and smoke	153	0.2%	171	0.3%	137	0.2%	156	0.3%	99	0.2%	115	0.2%	123	0.3%	119	0.3%	112	0.3%	109	0.3%
Paper, books and magazines	119	0.2%	104	0.2%	114	0.2%	96	0.2%	71	0.1%	69	0.1%	73	0.2%	57	0.1%	40	0.1%	48	0.1%
Atmospheric and environmental conditions (including weather)	84	0.1%	44	0.1%	68	0.1%	100	0.2%	42	0.1%	42	0.1%	52	0.1%	48	0.1%	62	0.1%	46	0.1%
Temperature extremes (heat, cold) environmental	103	0.1%	95	0.1%	69	0.1%	28	0.0%	31	0.1%	77	0.2%	45	0.1%	32	0.1%	49	0.1%	39	0.1%
Noise	20	0.0%	19	0.0%	20	0.0%	27	0.0%	13	0.0%	24	0.1%	14	0.0%	12	0.0%	12	0.0%	30	0.1%
Air pressure	6	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	0	0.0%	3	0.0%	5	0.0%
Other sources, unclassified, NEC	1,849	2.5%	1,678	2.5%	1,531	2.4%	1,746	2.8%	1,193	2.4%	1,038	2.2%	978	2.3%	692	1.6%	842	2.0%	550	1.4%
Unknown	455	0.6%	447	0.7%	427	0.7%	413	0.7%	353	0.7%	341	0.7%	297	0.7%	261	0.6%	253	0.6%	257	0.6%
Total	73,888	100.0%	67,406	100.0%	64,531	100.0%	61,992	100.0%	50,104	100.0%	46,160	100.0%	43,371	100.0%	42,702	100.0%	41,508	100.0%	40,585	100.0%

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Source by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
15-19	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
20-24	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
25-29	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
30-34	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
35-39	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
40-44	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
45-49	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
50-54	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
55-59	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Source by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
60-64	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
65+	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Source by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Agriculture	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Automotive	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Chemicals/Process	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Construction	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Education	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Electrical	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Food	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Forestry	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Health Care	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Source by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Manufacturing	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Mining	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Municipal	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings); Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Primary Metals	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Pulp & Paper	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Services	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Transportation	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Source by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

		Injury/Illness Year								
Schedule 1	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Female	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Male	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Part of Body

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Injury/Illness Year																				
Schedule 1	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Part of Body affected	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Back (including spine, spinal cord, neck)																				
Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	15,722	21.3%	14,238	21.1%	13,818	21.4%	13,237	21.4%	10,841	21.6%	9,523	20.6%	8,719	20.1%	8,382	19.6%	7,569	18.2%	7,183	17.7%
Upper back (cervical, thoracic regions)	3,190	4.3%	2,918	4.3%	2,830	4.4%	2,699	4.4%	2,132	4.3%	1,886	4.1%	1,526	3.5%	1,428	3.3%	1,389	3.3%	1,379	3.4%
Multiple back regions	1,485	2.0%	1,332	2.0%	1,298	2.0%	1,202	1.9%	978	2.0%	942	2.0%	812	1.9%	800	1.9%	851	2.1%	690	1.7%
Back, unspecified, NEC	808	1.1%	664	1.0%	553	0.9%	628	1.0%	398	0.8%	203	0.4%	233	0.5%	283	0.7%	262	0.6%	102	0.3%
Subtotal	21,205	28.7%	19,152	28.4%	18,499	28.7%	17,766	28.7%	14,349	28.6%	12,554	27.2%	11,290	26.0%	10,893	25.5%	10,071	24.3%	9,354	23.0%
Upper extremities																				
Finger(s), fingernail(s)	7,161	9.7%	6,326	9.4%	5,723	8.9%	5,339	8.6%	3,952	7.9%	3,738	8.1%	3,581	8.3%	3,651	8.5%	3,549	8.6%	3,580	8.8%
Arm(s)	3,426	4.6%	3,097	4.6%	2,901	4.5%	2,798	4.5%	2,136	4.3%	1,902	4.1%	1,825	4.2%	1,758	4.1%	1,884	4.5%	1,824	4.5%
Hand(s), except finger(s)	3,327	4.5%	2,918	4.3%	2,611	4.0%	2,538	4.1%	1,873	3.7%	1,700	3.7%	1,712	3.9%	1,580	3.7%	1,564	3.8%	1,535	3.8%
Wrist(s)	3,083	4.2%	2,920	4.3%	2,684	4.2%	2,593	4.2%	2,014	4.0%	1,779	3.9%	1,672	3.9%	1,559	3.7%	1,564	3.8%	1,506	3.7%
Upper extremities, unspecified, NEC	884	1.2%	914	1.4%	1,039	1.6%	778	1.3%	692	1.4%	629	1.4%	694	1.6%	700	1.6%	683	1.6%	631	1.6%
Subtotal	17,881	24.2%	16,175	24.0%	14,958	23.2%	14,046	22.7%	10,667	21.3%	9,748	21.1%	9,484	21.9%	9,248	21.7%	9,244	22.3%	9,076	22.4%
Lower extremities																				
Leg(s)	6,248	8.5%	5,572	8.3%	5,638	8.7%	5,436	8.8%	4,556	9.1%	4,010	8.7%	3,840	8.9%	3,727	8.7%	3,815	9.2%	3,678	9.1%
Ankle(s)	3,877	5.2%	3,435	5.1%	3,489	5.4%	3,311	5.3%	2,601	5.2%	2,393	5.2%	2,319	5.3%	2,287	5.4%	2,293	5.5%	2,195	5.4%
Foot (feet), except toe(s)	2,266	3.1%	2,105	3.1%	1,887	2.9%	1,910	3.1%	1,521	3.0%	1,420	3.1%	1,445	3.3%	1,419	3.3%	1,320	3.2%	1,306	3.2%
Multiple lower extremities locations	546	0.7%	583	0.9%	541	0.8%	461	0.7%	427	0.9%	403	0.9%	392	0.9%	401	0.9%	371	0.9%	378	0.9%
Toe(s), toenail(s)	468	0.6%	447	0.7%	370	0.6%	367	0.6%	275	0.5%	278	0.6%	258	0.6%	290	0.7%	273	0.7%	260	0.6%
Lower extremities, unspecified, NEC	14	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	5	0.0%	21	0.0%	34	0.1%	17	0.0%	32	0.1%	25	0.1%	29	0.1%
Subtotal	13,419	18.2%	12,147	18.0%	11,928	18.5%	11,490	18.5%	9,401	18.8%	8,538	18.5%	8,271	19.1%	8,156	19.1%	8,097	19.5%	7,846	19.3%
Trunk (excluding back)																				
Shoulder	4,466	6.0%	4,172	6.2%	4,108	6.4%	4,207	6.8%	3,273	6.5%	2,949	6.4%	2,750	6.3%	2,704	6.3%	2,568	6.2%	2,615	6.4%

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Part of Body

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Part of Body affected	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Abdomen	513	0.7%	696	1.0%	724	1.1%	595	1.0%	944	1.9%	1,252	2.7%	868	2.0%	1,271	3.0%	903	2.2%	972	2.4%
Chest, including ribs, internal organs	1,460	2.0%	1,289	1.9%	1,301	2.0%	1,201	1.9%	985	2.0%	848	1.8%	856	2.0%	773	1.8%	809	1.9%	811	2.0%
Pelvic region	1,633	2.2%	1,425	2.1%	1,353	2.1%	1,252	2.0%	1,076	2.1%	963	2.1%	966	2.2%	818	1.9%	897	2.2%	751	1.9%
Multiple trunk locations	1,299	1.8%	1,286	1.9%	1,078	1.7%	1,217	2.0%	1,063	2.1%	962	2.1%	766	1.8%	643	1.5%	772	1.9%	724	1.8%
Trunk, unspecified, NEC	17	0.0%	18	0.0%	20	0.0%	9	0.0%	4	0.0%	10	0.0%	9	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%
Subtotal	9,388	12.7%	8,886	13.2%	8,584	13.3%	8,481	13.7%	7,345	14.7%	6,984	15.1%	6,215	14.3%	6,210	14.5%	5,950	14.3%	5,875	14.5%
Head																				
Cranial region, including skull	1,907	2.6%	1,827	2.7%	1,726	2.7%	1,696	2.7%	1,475	2.9%	1,324	2.9%	1,541	3.6%	1,781	4.2%	2,181	5.3%	2,512	6.2%
Eye(s)	2,651	3.6%	2,284	3.4%	2,026	3.1%	1,763	2.8%	1,319	2.6%	1,333	2.9%	1,228	2.8%	1,343	3.1%	1,222	2.9%	1,202	3.0%
Face	905	1.2%	754	1.1%	718	1.1%	686	1.1%	581	1.2%	514	1.1%	487	1.1%	460	1.1%	480	1.2%	487	1.2%
Multiple head locations	33	0.0%	26	0.0%	36	0.1%	17	0.0%	32	0.1%	33	0.1%	51	0.1%	54	0.1%	50	0.1%	61	0.2%
Ear(s)	56	0.1%	64	0.1%	53	0.1%	78	0.1%	45	0.1%	42	0.1%	37	0.1%	25	0.1%	27	0.1%	60	0.1%
Head, unspecified, NEC	116	0.2%	64	0.1%	154	0.2%	183	0.3%	119	0.2%	142	0.3%	100	0.2%	120	0.3%	8	0.0%	7	0.0%
Subtotal	5,668	7.7%	5,019	7.4%	4,713	7.3%	4,423	7.1%	3,571	7.1%	3,388	7.3%	3,444	7.9%	3,783	8.9%	3,968	9.6%	4,329	10.7%
Multiple body parts	5,481	7.4%	5,258	7.8%	5,084	7.9%	5,093	8.2%	4,125	8.2%	4,042	8.8%	4,027	9.3%	3,702	8.7%	3,522	8.5%	3,477	8.6%
Body systems	738	1.0%	655	1.0%	646	1.0%	627	1.0%	614	1.2%	656	1.4%	561	1.3%	650	1.5%	576	1.4%	531	1.3%
Other body parts including unclassified, NEC	108	0.1%	114	0.2%	119	0.2%	66	0.1%	32	0.1%	250	0.5%	79	0.2%	60	0.1%	80	0.2%	97	0.2%
Total	73,888	100.0%	67,406	100.0%	64,531	100.0%	61,992	100.0%	50,104	100.0%	46,160	100.0%	43,371	100.0%	42,702	100.0%	41,508	100.0%	40,585	100.0%

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Part of Body by Age Groups

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Injury/Illness Year										
Schedule 1	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
15-19	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)
20-24	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)
25-29	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
30-34	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
35-39	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
40-44	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
45-49	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Part of Body by Age Groups

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Injury/Illness Year										
Schedule 1	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
50-54	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
55-59	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
60-64	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
65+	Leg(s)	Chest, including ribs, internal organs	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Multiple body parts	Multiple body parts	Leg(s)	Multiple body parts	Multiple body parts

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Part of Body by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Agriculture	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Automotive	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Chemicals/Process	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Construction	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Education	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Electrical	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Food	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Part of Body by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Forestry	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Leg(s)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Leg(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s); Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Health Care	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Manufacturing	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Mining	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Leg(s)	Leg(s); Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Leg(s); Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Municipal	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Primary Metals	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Part of Body by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Pulp & Paper	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Services	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Transportation	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Part of Body by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Injury/Illness Year										
Schedule 1	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Female	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Male	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)

FATALITIES – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each year of death

Schedule 1		Year of Death									
Age Group	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Total
15-19	4	1	2	0	3	2	1	1	0	2	16
20-24	3	8	5	6	1	3	5	8	4	5	48
25-29	8	7	10	6	5	8	9	7	13	5	78
30-34	10	6	8	6	4	6	7	6	10	6	69
35-39	7	13	3	7	7	9	8	4	10	8	76
40-44	13	8	5	5	4	10	5	8	9	7	74
45-49	7	10	15	11	7	7	10	12	5	6	90
50-54	8	6	13	4	10	5	4	4	9	9	72
55-59	2	7	10	9	8	4	8	9	11	11	79
60-64	7	5	7	4	9	5	4	3	8	2	54
65+	1	3	5	1	3	4	8	2	3	3	33
Not Available	3	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	7
Total	73	74	83	60	62	63	71	64	82	64	696

Schedule 1- Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each year of death

Schedule 1		Year of Death									
Industry Sector	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Total
Agriculture	2	6	6	3	3	3	3	15	8	3	52
Automotive	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	6
Chemicals/Process	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	6
Construction	18	27	16	14	21	20	20	14	23	24	197
Education	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	3
Electrical	1	0	4	3	0	4	1	1	2	2	18
Food	1	1	2	3	0	2	2	1	1	0	13
Forestry	1	2	0	3	0	2	3	1	2	0	14
Health Care	1	2	3	1	2	1	1	3	2	1	17
Manufacturing	12	8	7	3	7	5	8	7	9	4	70
Mining	1	2	6	3	2	1	6	3	2	3	29
Municipal	0	1	1	2	0	1	2	0	0	0	7
Primary Metals	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	4
Pulp & Paper	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	3
Services	16	7	12	5	6	7	13	7	9	7	89
Transportation	15	18	22	19	18	16	10	11	22	17	168
Total	73	74	83	60	62	63	71	64	82	64	696

Continued...

FATALITIES – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1- Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each year of death

Schedule 1		Year of Death									
Gender	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Total
Female	5	5	7	5	3	3	5	7	3	3	46
Male	68	69	76	55	57	59	61	56	78	57	636
Not Available	0	0	0	0	2	1	5	1	1	4	14
Total	73	74	83	60	62	63	71	64	82	64	696

FATALITIES – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each entitlement year

Schedule 1		Entitlement Year									
Age Group	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Total
15-19	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
20-24	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
25-29	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	7
30-34	1	0	3	0	1	1	3	1	1	0	11
35-39	6	3	3	2	4	2	2	3	1	1	27
40-44	7	3	5	5	3	14	7	2	4	1	51
45-49	10	7	10	7	11	15	11	7	3	3	84
50-54	20	21	14	13	19	16	14	19	8	4	148
55-59	27	21	27	21	24	27	21	21	12	25	226
60-64	32	22	26	33	29	38	27	23	17	19	266
65+	123	117	137	140	136	137	105	113	112	113	1233
Not Available	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Total	231	196	228	221	229	250	190	190	158	167	2060

Schedule 1 - Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each entitlement year

Schedule 1		Entitlement Year									
Industry Sector	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Total
Agriculture	0	0	2	3	1	2	0	1	0	2	11
Automotive	10	5	4	6	7	5	10	4	5	11	67
Chemicals/Process	18	22	19	23	11	15	17	12	21	10	168
Construction	60	42	56	67	81	60	46	57	47	60	576
Education	1	1	1	2	3	1	2	3	0	1	15
Electrical	2	4	2	0	2	5	2	2	2	1	22
Food	1	1	0	0	2	2	2	1	1	4	14
Forestry	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	6
Health Care	1	1	2	3	3	1	0	4	2	1	18
Manufacturing	50	53	62	49	46	52	40	46	24	25	447
Mining	37	15	23	19	21	21	16	10	11	11	184
Municipal	3	4	5	7	2	31	13	11	9	10	95
Primary Metals	23	25	28	25	33	40	24	14	20	20	252
Pulp & Paper	4	5	6	2	1	2	4	5	2	1	32
Services	15	13	11	7	10	5	7	13	8	7	96
Transportation	5	5	7	6	6	8	7	5	5	3	57
Total	231	196	228	221	229	250	190	190	158	167	2060

Continued...

FATALITIES – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1- Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each entitlement year

Schedule 1		Entitlement Year									
Gender	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Total
Female	8	7	6	2	8	6	4	8	5	6	60
Male	221	188	220	217	221	241	184	182	153	161	1988
Not Available	2	1	2	2	0	3	2	0	0	0	12
Total	231	196	228	221	229	250	190	190	158	167	2060

CONTACT US

Head Office

Simcoe Place
200 Front Street West
Toronto, ON M5V 3J1

(416) 344-1000
1-800-387-0750
Canada wide 1-800-387-5540

Teletypewriter (TTY)
1-800-387-0050

To view an online version of *By the Numbers* please visit:
www.wsibstatistics.ca

For any inquiries or a copy of the 2013 *By the Numbers* please e-mail:
bythenumbers@wsib.on.ca

The WSIB is committed to providing accessible information in accordance with the *Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act (AODA)*, 2005. To view the information in this PDF in an AODA-compliant format, please visit <http://www.wsibstatistics.ca/>.