

BY THE NUMBERS: 2014 WSIB STATISTICAL REPORT



Schedule 2

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INTRODUCTION

By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report

By the Numbers: WSIB Statistical Report is released annually to provide a wealth of useful information for both the wider prevention system and individual workplaces.

Based on feedback we received via our online survey and focus group sessions, we have enhanced By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report to meet Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act (AODA) requirements and have increased the data available through our downloadable tables.

The contents of this report can provide more insight into what is happening in Ontario workplaces. It provides a valuable resource for workers and employers as they continue the important work of making their workplaces safer and healthier. This is part of our ongoing commitment to an open and transparent approach to the way we do business.

Who We Are and What We Do

We are legislated by the Provincial Government of Ontario and are responsible for administering the Workplace Safety and Insurance Act, 1997 (WSIA). We are completely funded by employer premiums, and to a lesser degree, income earned on our investments. The province does not provide us with any funding. We are a trust agency which is governed by an independent Board of Directors made up of representatives from employers, workers and others.

The WSIB administers the province's no-fault workplace insurance system for Ontario workplaces. We provide return to work, medical coverage, and wage loss benefits for workers injured on the job or contracting occupational diseases for Schedule 1 and 2 employers.



Schedules 1 and 2

Employers who are registered with the WSIB, are covered under either Schedule 1 or Schedule 2 of the Workplace Safety and Insurance Act, 1997 (WSIA). By the Numbers presents 10 years of statistics on Schedule 1 and 2 separately.

Schedule 1 employers are:

- those for which the WSIB is liable to pay benefit compensation for workers' claims.
- required by legislation to pay premiums to the WSIB and are protected by a system of collective liability.
- relieved of individual responsibility for actual claim costs, since the WSIB pays benefits to injured workers out of money pooled in the insurance fund.

Schedule 2 employers are:

- employers that self-insure the provisions of benefits under the WSIA.
- liable to pay all benefit compensation and administration costs for workers' claims. The WSIB administers the payment of benefits for workers of Schedule 2 employers and recovers the cost of these benefits plus administration fees from the employers.

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DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The WSIB is one of the most comprehensive workers' compensation benefit systems in North America. Under Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 combined, we cover 16 industries and employers that are self-insured within the province of Ontario. In 2014, we served over 5.1 million workers and more than 300,000 employers, registered almost 234,000 claims, and issued \$2,660 million in benefit payments. The WSIB is committed to ensuring a sustainable insurance system for employers and workers, and improving outcomes for injured workers.

Summary of Performance for Schedule 2

The WSIB's integrated recovery and return to work approach continues to result in positive outcomes for both workers and employers. Overall, more injured workers are able to safely return to work and recover sooner. The 2014 lost time injury rate increased to 1.90 from 1.85 in the prior year. However, the lost time injury rate continues to remain lower than 2005. Over the past decade, the covered workforce has grown by 17% while the number of registered claims has decreased by 14%. In 2014, registered claim volumes increased by less than 1% (294 claims) compared to 2013.

Workers and Claims

Common characteristics of allowed lost time claims in 2014:

- Males represent 52% of allowed lost time claims
- Age group: 25 to 44 (43%)
- Nature of Injury: Sprains and strains (46%)
- Event: Fall on same level (21%)
- Part of Body: Low back (17%)
- Occupation: secondary and elementary school teachers and counsellors (11%)

High Impact Claims

High impact claims are a subset of allowed lost time claims identified by WSIB that have significant impacts on workers and employers in terms of recovery and return to work time resulting in increased costs. These claims involve injuries related to the low back, shoulder and fractures, and represent, on average, one third of all lost time benefit payments, and almost 30% of all lost time claims over the past five years. While the average days lost for all high impact claims within three and six months post injury or illness continues to remain higher than all other lost time claims combined, we have seen a noted reduction in the number of low back claims since 2011. Having recognized that access to high quality and timely health care is an important factor in supporting return to work and recovery for injured workers and employers, the WSIB continued to enhance the network of specialized assessment and treatment services across the province for low back and shoulder injuries. These improvements in health care approaches have enhanced our overall case management of high impact claims.

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DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our Commitment to Improved Recovery and Return to Work Outcomes

Compared to 2005, there has been a decline in the average number of days lost within one and three months post injury or illness. In addition, more workers are returning to work and recovering faster, as is evident from the decrease in the percentage of claims receiving Loss of Earnings (LOE) benefits at three and six months.

WSIB has adopted the “Better at Work” principle, and is focusing on three key areas:

- Enhancing the speed and efficiency of administrative processes such as claims registration and eligibility decisions,
- Ensuring effective case management practices that integrate return to work and the recovery process,
- Providing early, expert medical services.

In 2014, WSIB’s Return to Work staff made over 25,000 visits to employers to build case specific plans on behalf of workers. Return to Work Specialists (RTWS) meet with injured or ill workers at an employer’s premises to help develop plans to return to pre-injury jobs. These visits are improving RTW outcomes as in 2014, approximately 87% of Schedule 1 and 2 injured workers were off full LOE benefits within a month of a Return to Work Specialists visit. In addition, we have more than 200 professionally designated Work Transition Specialists who provide additional return to work support in circumstances where the worker requires a longer plan. Our vision is to return injured/ill workers back to productive and safe employment. For employers, our approach ensures minimal disruption to their workforce as they continue to have an experienced and productive employee stay within their company. The WSIB is proud of the improvements we’ve achieved in improved RTW and recovery outcomes.

Improved Outcomes for Workers and Employers

We know we can meet the challenges ahead as we continue to introduce enhanced programs for employers and injured workers. Our customer service improvements have enabled efficient and accessible services to workers and employers. As we look towards the future, we are on-track to create a modern, financially sustainable system that not only promotes economic growth and productivity, but also enables workers to recover and get back to what matters to them.

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2014 HIGHLIGHTS

WORKPLACES



600

EMPLOYERS COVERED



38K

CLAIMS REGISTERED

WORKERS



FEMALES

REPRESENT **48%** OF THE
WORKFORCE & **51%** OF
LOST TIME CLAIMS



691K

WORKERS COVERED

CLAIMS

6.8

AVERAGE DAYS LOST
WITHIN ONE MONTH POST
INJURY DATE



1.90

LOST TIME INJURY RATE

HIGH IMPACT CLAIMS:

29%

OF ALL ALLOWED
LOST TIME CLAIMS



32%

OF ALL LOST TIME
BENEFIT PAYMENTS

INJURY

ALLOWED LOST
TIME CLAIMS

NATURE

46%

SPRAINS &
STRAINS

EVENT

21%

FALL ON SAME
LEVEL

PART OF
BODY

17%

LOW BACK

RETURN TO WORK*



RETURN TO WORK STAFF
MADE MORE THAN
25,000
WORKPLACE VISITS

87%

OF INJURED WORKERS WERE
OFF FULL LOE BENEFITS
ONE MONTH
AFTER RETURN TO WORK STAFF
MEMBER'S INVOLVEMENT

*Represents Schedule 1 and 2 combined.

BENEFIT PAYMENTS

\$240M

TOTAL BENEFIT
PAYMENTS



FOCUS

DON'T MISS
THE FOCUS CHAPTER
HIGHLIGHTING
INJURY TRENDS
BY AGE GROUP



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WORKPLACES - EMPLOYERS

Overview

In general, the number of claims registered with the WSIB has been on the decline since 2008 until 2014, when registered claims increased by less than 1%.

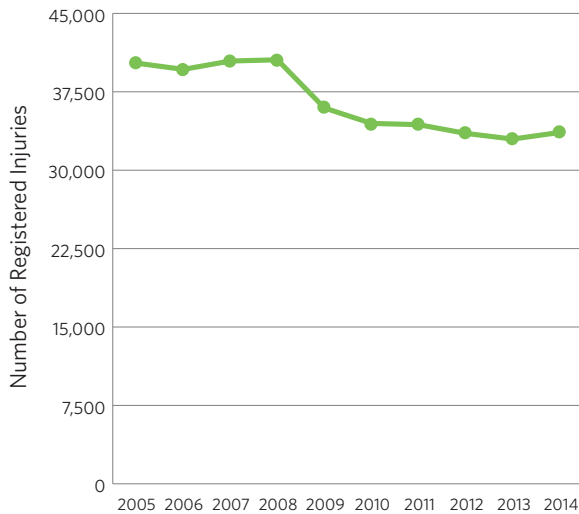
Illness claims, unlike injuries, have continued to increase overall in the last 10 years including the number of claims resulting from occupational Noise Induced Hearing Loss (NIHL).

Comparing 2014 to 2013, there has been a decrease in WSIB covered employment while registered claims have increased. The number of employers has remained stable.

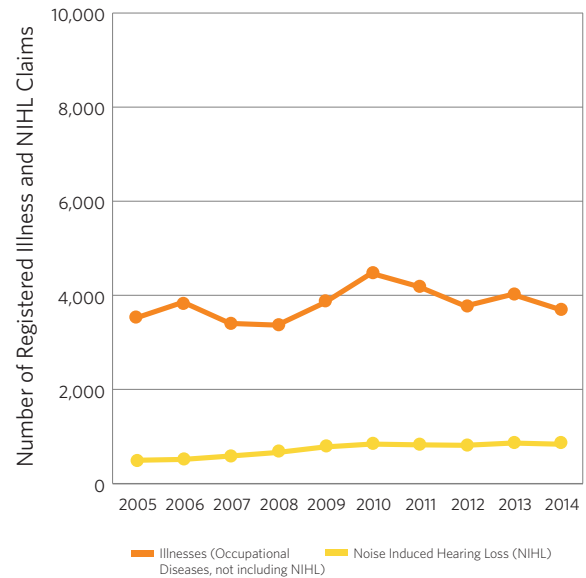
WSIB Covered Employment and Registered Claims

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of Employers	639	636	638	629	634	611	606	600	602	600
WSIB Covered Employment	590,923	608,088	615,509	636,083	700,205	702,383	695,358	694,335	698,452	690,942
% Workforce Covered	9.20%	9.40%	9.30%	9.50%	10.70%	10.60%	10.30%	10.20%	10.20%	10.0%
Registered Claims	44,255	44,010	44,430	44,584	40,566	39,781	39,366	38,108	37,856	38,150

**Injury Claims
by Registration Year**
Schedule 2



**Illness and Noise Induced Hearing Loss
Claims by Registration Year**
Schedule 2



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CLAIMS

Overview

The Lost Time Injury Rate (LTI) takes into account the number of allowed lost time claims and the number of workers employed in order to represent the number of lost time claims per 100 workers.

Since 2005, the lost time and no lost time injury rates have both declined by approximately 29%, while the number of workers covered by WSIB has increased by approximately 17%.

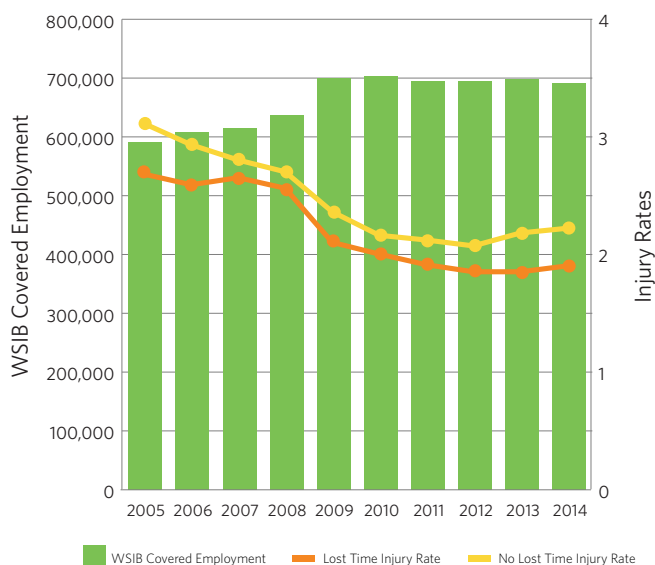
Unlike Schedule 1, WSIB covered employment for Schedule 2 experienced steady increases until 2010 after which levels have declined.

Comparing 2014 to 2013, Allowed lost time and no lost time claims have increased. Subsequently, the LTI rate and the no lost time injury rate both increased this year by 3% and 2% respectively.

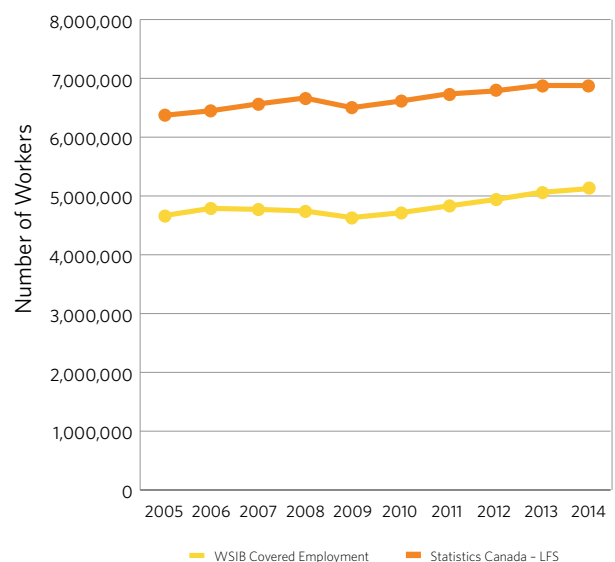
Allowed Claims and Injury Rates by Injury/Illness Year

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Allowed Lost Time Claims	15,850	15,778	16,339	16,268	14,739	14,040	13,301	12,823	12,922	13,103
Allowed No Lost Time Claims	18,355	17,816	17,220	17,182	16,503	15,192	14,721	14,371	15,208	15,328
WSIB Covered Employment	590,923	608,088	615,509	636,083	700,205	702,383	695,358	694,335	698,452	690,942
Lost Time Injury Rate	2.68	2.59	2.65	2.56	2.10	2.00	1.91	1.85	1.85	1.90
No Lost Time Injury Rate	3.11	2.93	2.8	2.7	2.36	2.16	2.12	2.07	2.18	2.22

WSIB Covered Employment and Injury Rates Schedule 2



Employment Trends Schedule 1 & 2

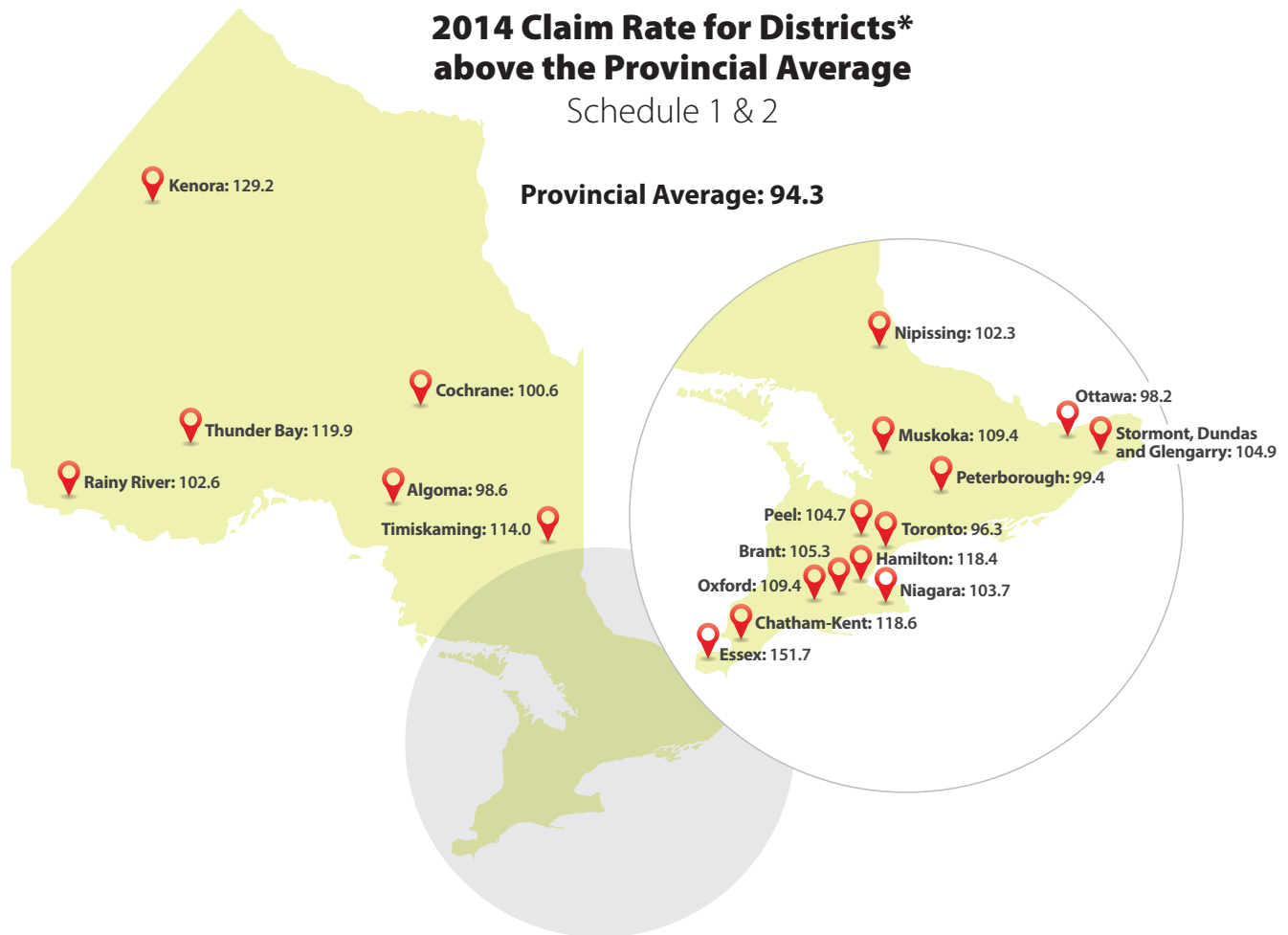


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CLAIMS – LOCATION

2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Location

The map below highlights the 2014 Schedule 1 and 2 claim rate which is defined as the number of allowed lost time claims per 10,000 employed workers by claim location. The number of employed workers used in this calculation is sourced from the Statistics Canada 2011 National Household Survey. WSIB claim location has been mapped to Statistics Canada 2011 Census Divisions for the province of Ontario. The 2014 Provincial Average for Ontario is 94.3 allowed lost time claims per 10,000 employed workers.



See Appendix for additional data on the claim rate per 10,000 employed workers by location (district) and leading industry sectors.

Data source:

Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse

2011 National Household Survey: Data Tables: Statistics Canada. 2014. Place of Work Status (5), Industry – North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2007 (102), Sex (3) and Age Groups (11) for the Employed Labour Force Aged 15 Years and Over, in Private Households of Canada, Provinces, Territories and Census Divisions, 2011 National Household Survey. Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 99-012-X2011049. Ottawa. Released March 4, 2014.

Data Maturity:

Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: 2014 Injury Year as at March 2015

Data Exclusions:

Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: Allowed lost time claims where claim location is Unknown, Ontario Navigational Waters and Outside of Ontario
Employed Worker Census Count: Employed workers identified as having 'No Fixed Place of Work'

***Data notations:**

District refers to Statistics Canada Census Divisions for Ontario

Claim Rate is defined as the Number of Lost Time Claims per 10,000 Employed Workers:

$$\left(\frac{\text{Number of Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims}}{\text{Statistics Canada Employed Worker Census Count}} \right) \times 10,000$$

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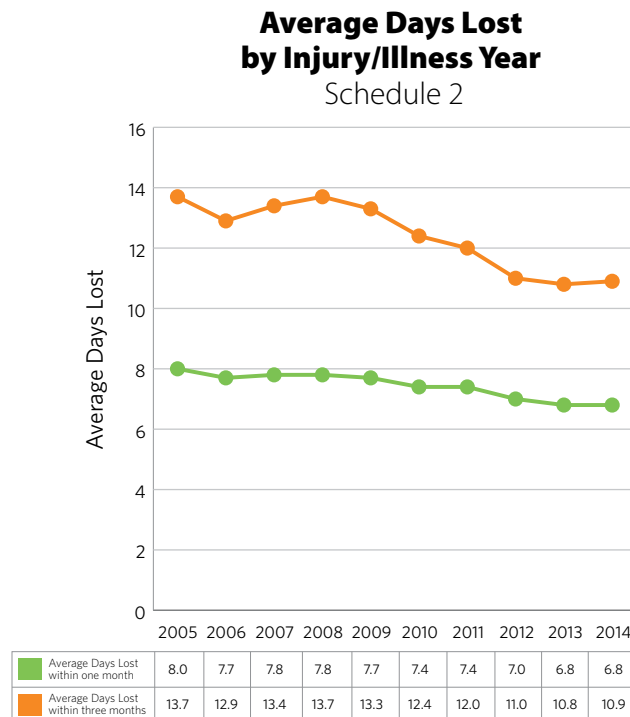
CLAIMS – AVERAGE DAYS LOST

Allowed Lost Time Claims Average Days Lost

The average days lost is the average number of days for which wage loss benefits were paid. Improved recovery and return to work outcomes will be reflected in both the one and three month measures.

Since 2005, the average days lost within one month post injury or illness has been on a gradual decline. The average days lost within three months post injury or illness has experienced more significant decreases, specifically since 2008.

Comparing 2014 to 2013, the average days lost within one month and three months post injury or illness remained steady.



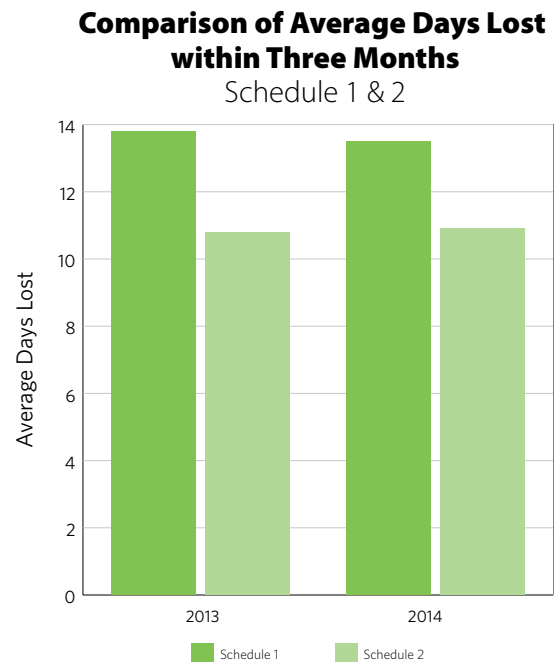
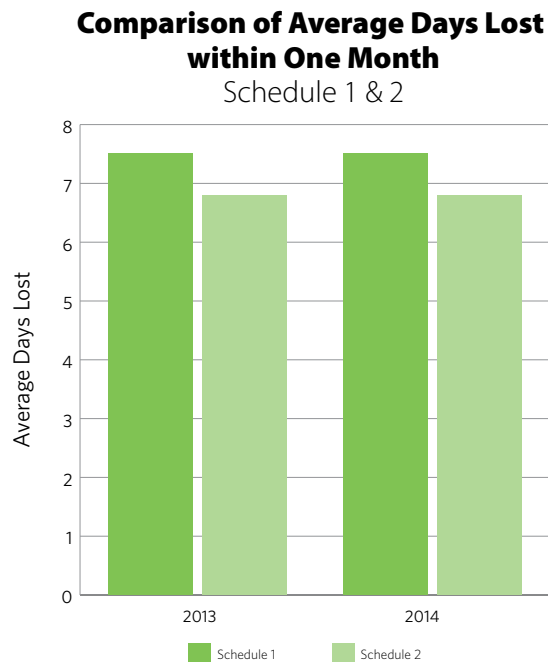
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CLAIMS – AVERAGE DAYS LOST

Comparison of Allowed Lost Time Claims Average Days Lost

Comparing 2014 to 2013, the average days lost within one month post injury or illness for both Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 has remained unchanged at 7.5 and 6.8 respectively. The average days lost within three months post injury or illness has decreased for Schedule 1 compared to the slight increase observed for Schedule 2.

Schedule 2 continues to experience lower than average days lost within one month and three months post injury or illness, when compared to Schedule 1.



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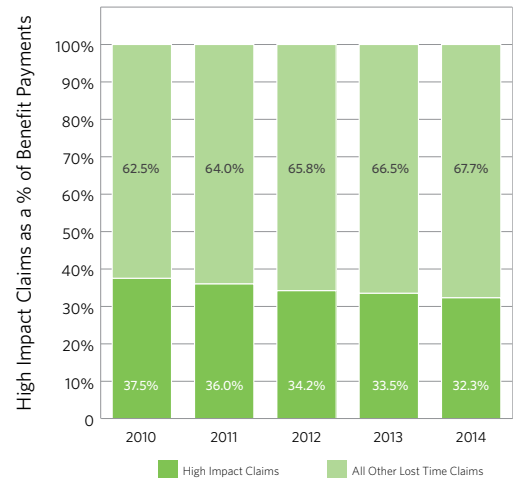
CLAIMS – HIGH IMPACT CLAIMS

High Impact Claims by Benefit Payment Percentage

High impact claims is a term used to identify allowed lost time claims that have been shown to have significant impacts on workers and employers. The WSIB is focused on mitigating the risks for these claims by maximizing return to work and recovery outcomes. The WSIB has implemented many initiatives to improve outcomes in these claims, including specialized case management teams, new evidence-based health services and expedited access to expert medical intervention.

We have identified three types of high impact claims, those involving the low back, shoulder, and fractures. These claim types represent nearly 35% of all benefits payments and approximately 30% of all allowed lost time claims.

High Impact Claims as a Percentage of Total Benefit Payments
Schedule 2

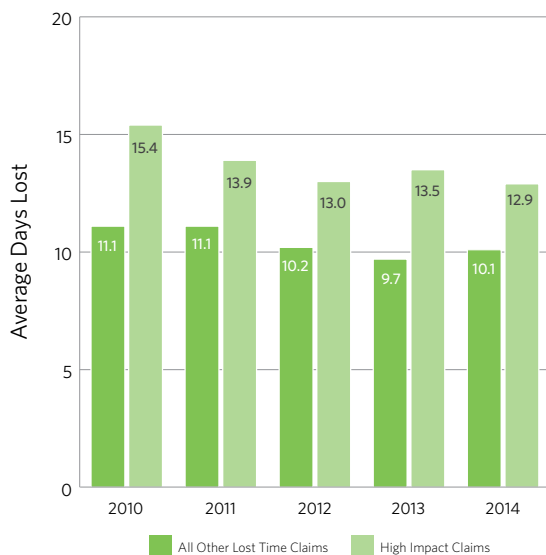


High Impact Claims Average Days Lost

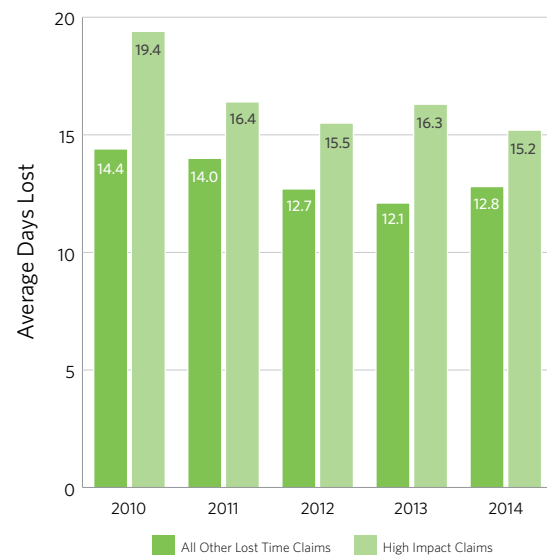
Since 2010, the average days lost within three and six months post injury or illness has been higher for high impact claims in comparison to all other lost time claims combined. Comparing 2010 to 2014, the average days lost within three and six months decreased for both high impact claims as well as all other lost time claims. In 2014, there was a slight decrease in the average days lost for high impact claims within both three and six months post injury or illness compared to the previous year. At the same time, the average days lost for all other lost time claims experienced a slight increase.

The WSIB continues to focus on programs aimed at improving recovery and return to work outcomes for high impact claims.

High Impact Claims Average Days Lost within Three Months by Injury Year
Schedule 2



High Impact Claims Average Days Lost within Six Months by Injury Year
Schedule 2



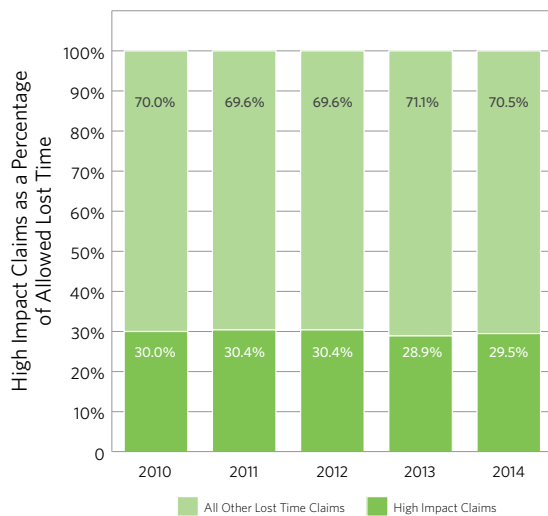
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CLAIMS – HIGH IMPACT CLAIMS

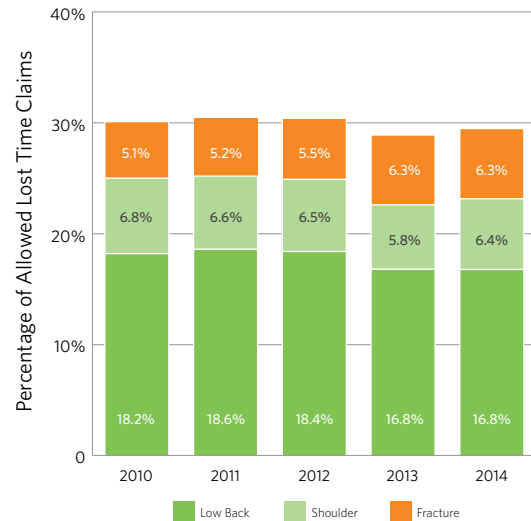
High Impact Claims as a Percentage of All Lost Time Claims

In 2014, the three types of high impact claims represented approximately 30% of all lost time claims, of which low back claims represented 17%. When comparing 2014 to 2010, the percentage of lost time claims that are low back continues to decrease year over year. Unlike Schedule 1, the number of high impact claims for Schedule 2 have increased for the past two years. Compared to 2013, shoulder injuries experienced an increase as a percentage of all allowed lost time claims while low back and fractures remained relatively stable.

High Impact Claims as a Percentage of all Lost Time Claims by Injury Year
Schedule 2



High Impact Claim Types as a Percentage of all Lost Time Claims by Injury Year
Schedule 2



In 2014, the percentage of high impact claims experienced by male and female workers was 53% and 47%, respectively. This trend is similar to the overall lost time claim distribution for Schedule 2, but slightly different to that of Schedule 1, where in 2014, males represented just over 65% of high impact injuries. In 2014 workers aged 50 to 54 are the leading age group for high impact injuries at 17%.

Leading High Impact Claim Characteristics by Injury Year

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Leading Age Groups	35 to 39 12.4%	35 to 39 12.0%	35 to 39 12.2%	40 to 44 14.8%	40 to 44 14.3%
	40 to 44 14.4%	40 to 44 14.6%	40 to 44 13.9%	45 to 49 16.0%	45 to 49 16.1%
	45 to 49 18.1%	45 to 49 17.8%	45 to 49 17.8%	50 to 54 18.2%	50 to 54 17.1%
	50 to 54 16.5%	50 to 54 17.5%	50 to 54 17.7%	55 to 59 12.6%	55 to 59 13.4%
Gender	Male - 55.5%	Male - 55.6%	Male - 55.4%	Male - 53.0%	Male - 53.0%
	Female - 44.5%	Female - 44.4%	Female - 44.6%	Female - 47.0%	Female - 47.0%

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WORKERS - AGE AND GENDER

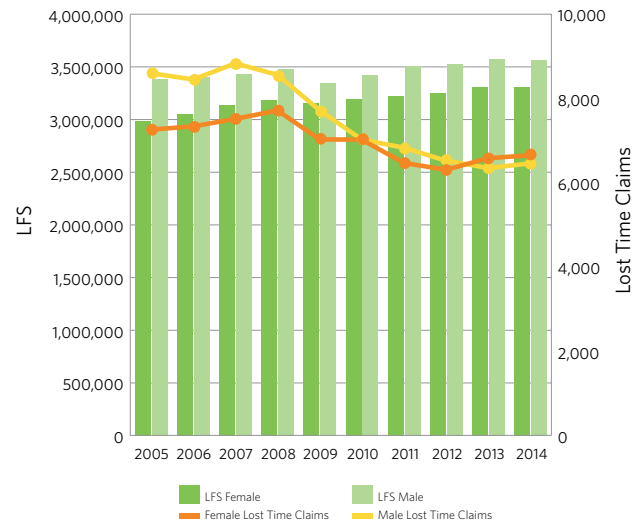
Allowed Lost Time Claims by Age and Gender

Over the last 10 years, the average percentage for all allowed lost time claims for males and females was 52% and 48% respectively. While Schedule 1 had a greater proportion of lost time claims from male workers (63%), Schedule 2 presents a more even distribution of allowed lost time claims by gender over the same time period. Statistics Canada's Labour Force Survey (LFS) on employment shows that over the past decade, the average gender distribution of Ontario's employed workforce was 52% male and 48% female. This distribution is identical to the proportion of allowed lost time claims for Schedule 2 covered workforce.

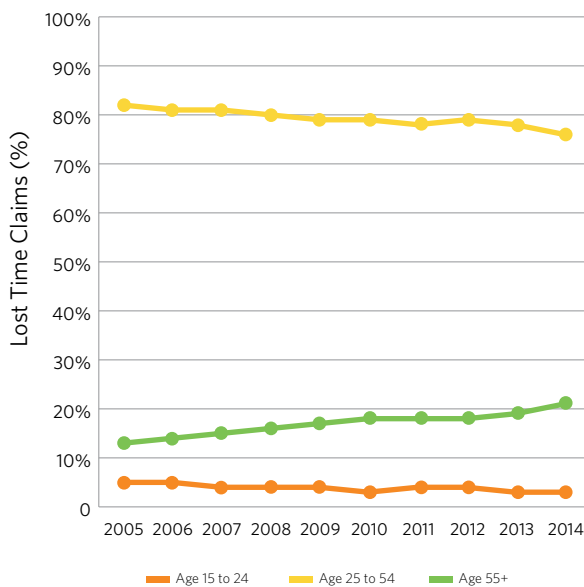
Over the past 10 years, workers aged 55 and older continue to represent a growing proportion of all allowed lost time claims, in comparison to the other age groups (15 to 24 and 25 to 54). This is a reflection of the continued aging of Ontario's workforce, and is consistent with Statistics Canada's employment trends.

Those aged 25 to 54 continue to represent the majority of lost time claims in 2014.

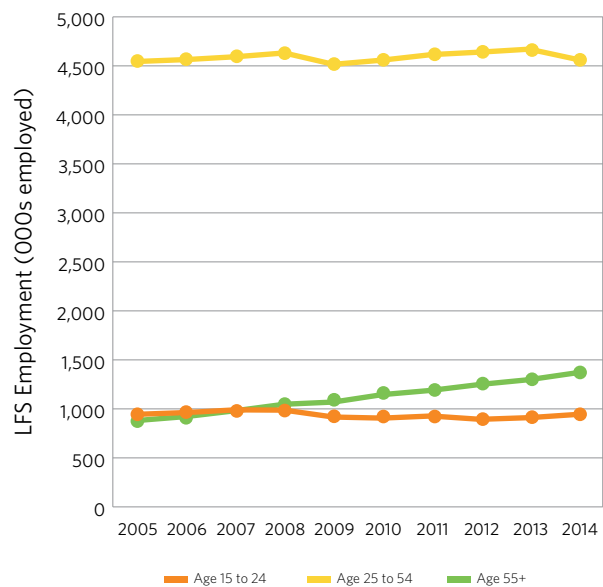
Allowed Lost Time Claims by Gender and Statistics Canada's LFS Employment Trends
Schedule 2



Lost Time Claims by Age Group by Injury/Illness Year
Schedule 2



Statistics Canada's LFS Employment by Age Group by Calendar Year
Schedule 2



See Appendix for historical and additional information on age and gender.

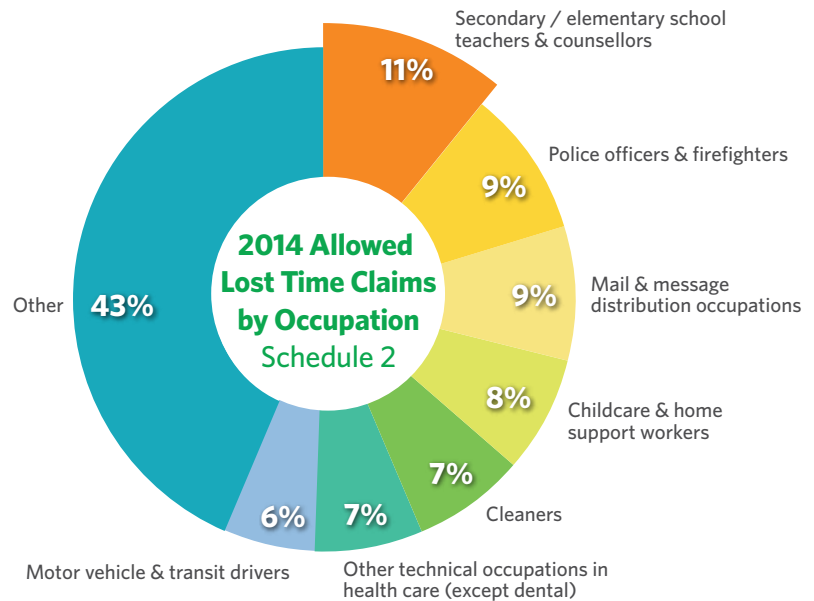
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WORKERS – LEADING OCCUPATIONS

2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Leading Occupations

The WSIB covers a diverse workforce in a wide variety of occupations. Over the past 10 years, lost time claims were spread across more than 150 occupations, with secondary/elementary school teachers/counsellors and police officers and firefighters representing the two occupations with the highest number of lost time claims.

In 2014, of the seven leading occupations, workers between the ages of 50 to 54 represented the leading age group for four of these occupations. The leading occupation for female workers was secondary and elementary school teachers and counsellors, whereas police officers and firefighters represented the leading occupation for male workers. In all cases the leading nature of injury was sprains and strains.



2014 Leading Occupation Characteristics

	Leading Age Group	Leading Gender	Leading Event	Leading Source	Leading Part of Body	Leading Nature of Injury
Secondary and elementary school teachers and counsellors	40-44	Female	Fall on same level	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Cranial region, including skulls	Sprains and strains
Police officers and firefighters	40-44	Male	Bodily reaction	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Leg(s)	Sprains and strains
Mail and message distribution occupations	50-54	Male	Fall on same level	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Sprains and strains
Childcare and home support workers	50-54	Female	Assaults, violent acts, harassment and acts of war or terrorism	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Multiple body parts	Sprains and strains
Cleaners	50-54	Male	Overexertion	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Sprains and strains
Other technical occupations in health care (except dental)	30-34	Male	Overexertion	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Sprains and strains
Motor vehicle and transit drivers	50-54	Male	Highway accidents	Highway vehicle	Body systems	Sprains and strains

See Appendix for historical and additional information on occupations.

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RETURN TO WORK – REFERRALS

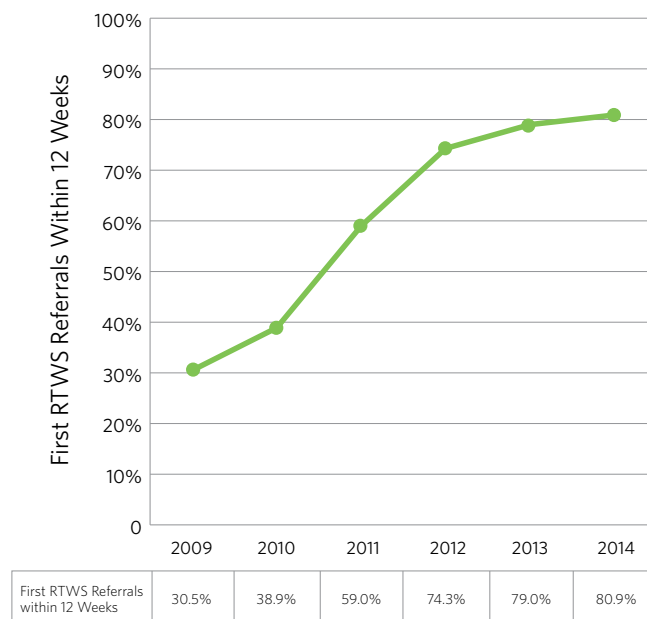
In 2014, our Return to Work staff made over 25,000 Schedule 1 and 2 workplace visits to help workers and employers negotiate a successful, safe return to work.

Referrals to Return to Work Specialists

Initial referrals to a Return to Work Specialist within 12 weeks of the date of injury or latest recurrence have increased steadily over the past five years to 81% in 2014 from 31% in 2009 when the role was first introduced. This increase is due in part to improved referral processes and recognition of the value of early return to work planning with the worker and employer at the employer's premises.

In 2014, approximately 87% of Schedule 1 and 2 injured workers were off full Loss of Earnings (LOE) benefits within a month of a Return to Work Specialist's involvement.

Percentage of First Return to Work Specialist (RTWS) Referrals within 12 Weeks
Schedule 2



Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

RETURN TO WORK – LOSS OF EARNINGS BENEFITS

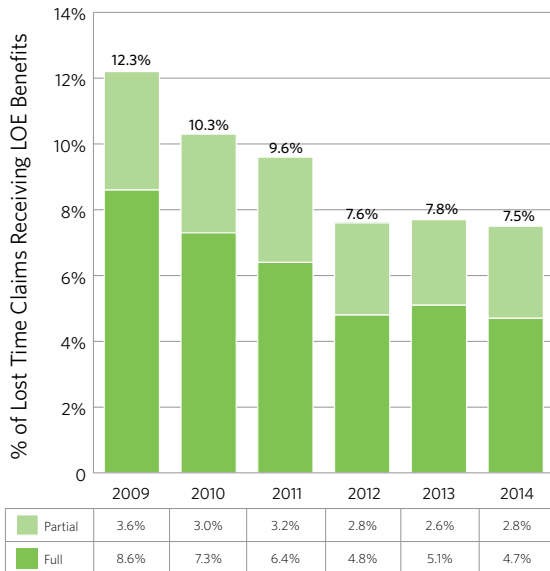
Allowed Lost Time Claims Receiving Loss of Earnings (LOE) Benefits

Loss of Earnings (LOE) benefits are the wage loss benefits for time lost from work due to a work related injury or illness occurring on or after January 1, 1998. Improved recovery and return to work outcomes will be reflected in this measure.

The bar graphs below illustrate the percentage of claims receiving LOE benefits at three and six months post injury or illness. Each bar is split by level of LOE benefits – full and partial. Over the past six years, there has been a steady improvement in claim durations.

Percentage of Lost Time Claims Receiving Loss of Earning (LOE) Benefits at Three Months by Report Year

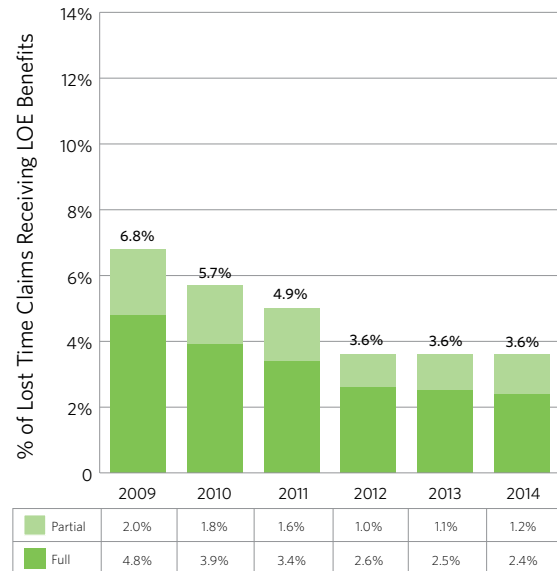
Schedule 2



Each year is based on a 12 month period from October to September, as of December 31st.

Percentage of Lost Time Claims Receiving Loss of Earning (LOE) Benefits at Six Months by Report Year

Schedule 2



Each year is based on a 12 month period from July to June, as of December 31st.

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

RETURN TO WORK – WORK TRANSITION

Work Transition (WT)/Labour Market Re-Entry (LMR)

The WSIB's "Better at Work" philosophy guides our Return to Work Services Strategy, comprising of our Return to Work and Work Transition programs. The Work Transition program replaced the Labour Market Re-Entry (LMR) program with enhanced services for workers and employers. Statistics show that this new strategy is working to improve outcomes for injured workers and reduce costs.

This strategy, first launched in 2010, recognizes that:

- Workers and employers know their workplaces best, but they may benefit from help to understand their roles and responsibilities in the creation of fair, mutually beneficial return to work plans
- We need to take a more active role in cases where return to work is not possible
- We need to provide injured workers with more choices in their Work Transition plans, and we need to play an active role in making sure these plans give them the retraining they need

In addition to the introduction of new roles to support return to work, we have significantly increased program oversight of return to work since 2009 – meaning improved quality management and accountability for ourselves and our providers.

Continuous improvement of Return to Work Services over the last three years has shown improved return to work outcomes for workers through earlier and integrated case management while reducing overall program costs.

Work Transition/Labour Market Re-Entry Program Costs – Schedule 1 and 2
(in thousands)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
WT/LMR Program Costs	\$167,913	\$155,546	\$88,951	\$66,544	\$53,771	\$46,054
Assessments/Evaluations	\$14,854	\$10,905	\$5,520	\$5,488	\$5,625	\$5,813
Education/Training	\$77,748	\$73,257	\$38,850	\$36,220	\$30,056	\$26,216
Placement & Retention	\$4,898	\$6,738	\$8,224	\$6,500	\$4,855	\$4,095
Provider Related	\$32,258	\$30,865	\$11,867	\$(75)	\$(13)	\$(1)
Supplies & Equipment	\$8,985	\$7,966	\$5,205	\$4,159	\$3,011	\$2,325
Travel Related	\$24,652	\$24,589	\$17,419	\$12,538	\$9,032	\$6,508
Other*	\$4,518	\$1,225	\$1,866	\$1,714	\$1,204	\$1,097
WT Administrative Costs	N/A	N/A	\$20,700	\$24,600	\$25,038	\$26,193
Total	\$167,913	\$155,546	\$109,651	\$91,144	\$78,809	\$72,247

*Other Category includes GL Adjustment, Other, Support Services, and Miscellaneous Expenses.

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RETURN TO WORK – WORK TRANSITION

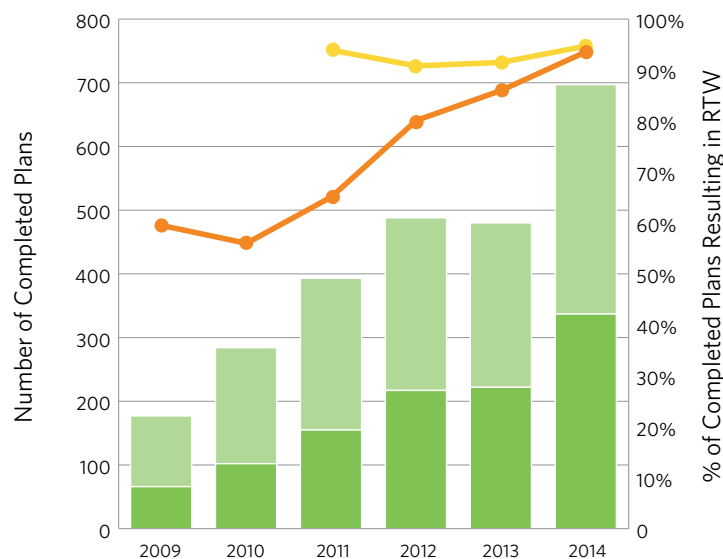
Completed Work Transition/Labour Market Re-Entry Plans

Since the implementation of the Work Transition (WT) program, the percentage of cases with completed plans resulting in return to work either with the injury employer or a new employer is showing a steady increase from employment outcomes achieved under the earlier Labour Market Re-entry (LMR) program.

As a number of cases were transitioned from the LMR program to the WT program, results over the past six years demonstrate employment outcomes achieved by both programs. Since 2011, the number of cases that originated under the LMR program have significantly decreased. This trend is evident in the percentage of completed plans for the combined WT/LMR program becoming more closely aligned with that of the WT program alone.

Cases exclusively serviced by the WT program continue to show significantly better results (94.7% in 2014 and 91.5% in 2013) compared to the combined results of the WT/LMR programs (93.6% in 2014 and 86.0% in 2013).

**Work Transition/Labour Market Re-Entry
Plans Completed Resulting in Return to Work**
Schedule 2

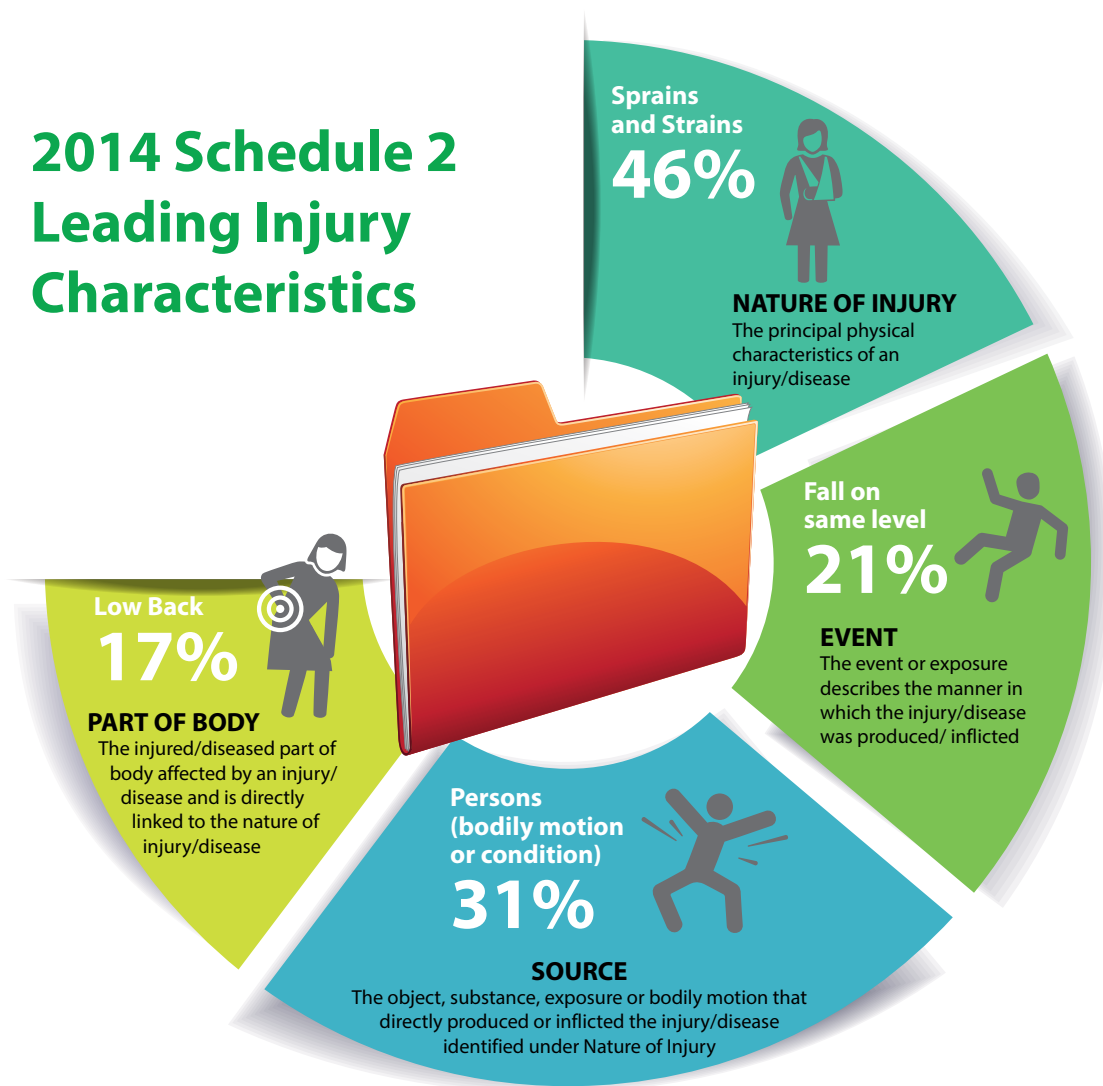


WT/LMR Plans Completed Resulting in RTW	66	102	155	217	222	337
WT/LMR Plans Completed	111	182	238	271	258	360
% of WT/LMR Plans Completed Resulting in RTW	59.5%	56.0%	65.1%	80.1%	86.0%	93.6%
% of WT Plans Completed Resulting in RTW	Not Applicable		93.9%	90.8%	91.5%	94.7%

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2014 Leading Injury Characteristics

Most Workers' Compensation Boards and Commissions in Canada code the injury details of a claim using the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding of injury details. The WSIB adheres to this standard and codes all lost time claims using four categories: nature of injury, event, source, and part of body.



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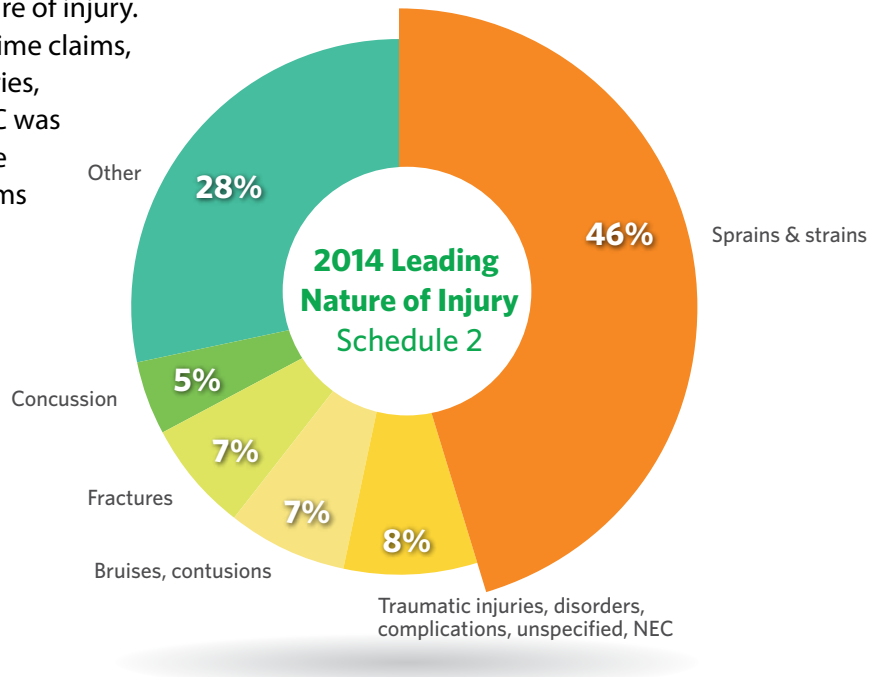
INJURIES – NATURE

2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Leading Nature of Injury

Over the past 10 years, sprains and strains have consistently represented the leading nature of injury. In 2014, they represented 46% of all lost time claims, compared to 55% in 2005. Traumatic injuries, disorders, complications, unspecified, NEC was the nature of injury that accounted for the next greatest percentage of lost time claims in 2014, with 8%.

Unlike Schedule 1, female workers in Schedule 2 represented the greatest percentage of lost time claims in four of the five leading nature of injury categories in 2014. These types of injuries tended to be highest among the 50 to 54 age group, and concentrated within two occupations: secondary/elementary school teachers and counsellors (female workers), and mail and message distribution occupations (male workers).

Of the five leading natures of injury, the leading event causing all but one of these was fall on same level.



2014 Leading Nature of Injury Characteristics

	Leading Age Group	Leading Gender	Leading Occupation	Leading Event	Leading Source	Leading Part of Body
Sprains and strains	50-54	Male	Mail and message distribution occupations	Overexertion	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Traumatic injuries, disorders, complications, unspecified, NEC	50-54	Female	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Fall on same level	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Multiple body parts
Bruises, contusions	45-49	Female	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Fall on same level	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Multiple body parts
Fractures	50-54	Female	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Fall on same level	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Ankle(s)
Concussion	40-44	Female	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Fall on same level	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Cranial region, including skull

See Appendix for historical and additional information on nature of injury.

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

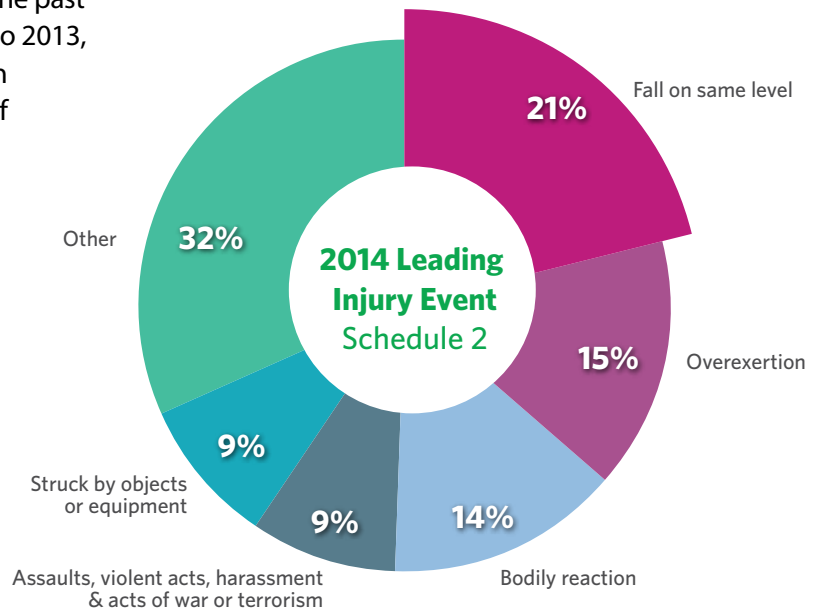
INJURIES – EVENT

2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Leading Injury Event

The leading injury event for Schedule 2, for the past two years, has been fall on same level. Prior to 2013, overexertion trended as the leading event. In 2014, fall on same level accounted for 21% of all lost time claims, up 3% from prior year. Overexertion (the second leading injury event) accounted for 15%, down 2% from prior year.

When comparing Schedule 1 and 2, assaults and violent acts was a leading event for Schedule 2, representing 9% of all lost time claims in 2014, whereas in Schedule 1 they represented less than 3%.

In 2014, female workers in Schedule 2 accounted for the greatest percentage of lost time claims for the following three leading injury events: fall on same level, assaults and violent acts and struck by objects or equipment. Of the five leading injury event categories, workers aged 45 to 49 and 50 to 54 represented the highest number of lost time claims, compared to 2013 where 50 to 54 represented the majority.



2014 Leading Injury Event Characteristics

	Leading Age Group	Leading Gender	Leading Occupation	Leading Nature of Injury	Leading Source	Leading Part of Body
Fall on same level	50-54	Female	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Sprains and strains	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Multiple body parts
Overexertion	45-49	Male	Other technical occupations in health care (except dental)	Sprains and strains	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Bodily reaction	50-54	Male	Mail and message distribution occupations	Sprains and strains	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Leg(s)
Assaults, violent acts, harassment and acts of war or terrorism	40-44	Female	Childcare and home support workers	Sprains and strains	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Multiple body parts
Struck by objects or equipment	45-49	Female	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Concussion	Recreational/Athletic Equipment	Cranial region, including skull

See Appendix for historical and additional information on injury event.

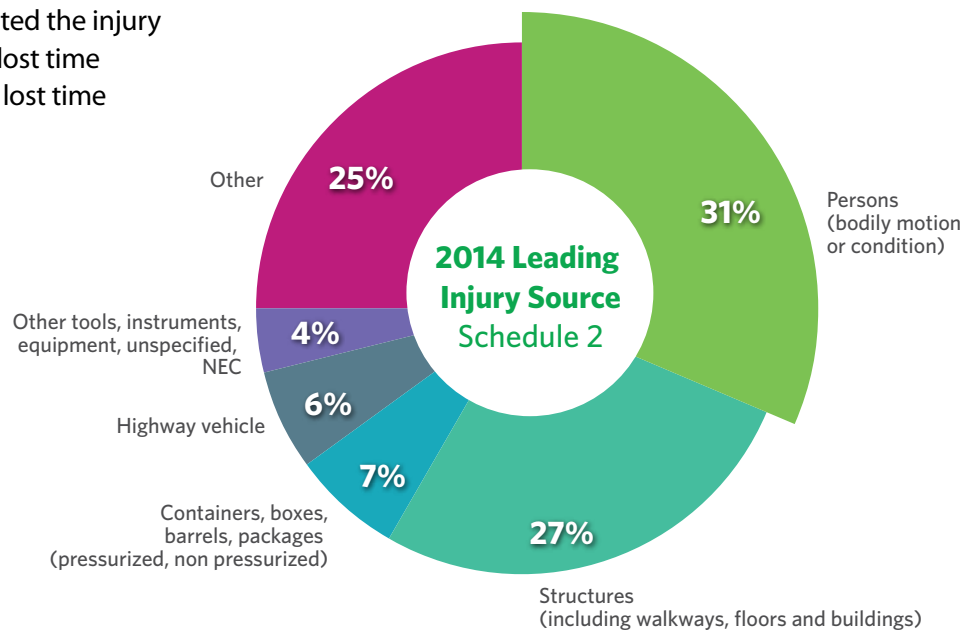
Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

INJURIES – SOURCE

2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Leading Injury Source

Over the past 10 years, persons (bodily motion or condition) has consistently represented the injury source with the greatest number of lost time claims, and accounted for 31% of all lost time claims in 2014.

In 2014, among the three leading sources of injury, female workers represented the greatest percentage of lost time claims for two of these (Persons and Structures). For both Schedule 1 and Schedule 2, the leading injury sources were highest among the 50 to 54 age group, and the leading nature of injury for all three leading sources was sprains and strains.



2014 Leading Injury Source Characteristics

	Leading Age Group	Leading Gender	Leading Occupation	Leading Event	Leading Nature of Injury	Leading Part of Body
Persons (bodily motion or condition)	40-44	Female	Police officers and firefighters	Bodily reaction	Sprains and strains	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	50-54	Female	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Fall on same level	Sprains and strains	Multiple body parts
Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	50-54	Male	Mail and message distribution occupations	Overexertion	Sprains and strains	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Highway vehicle	50-54	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Highway accidents	Sprains and strains	Multiple body parts
Other tools, instruments, equipment, unspecified, NEC	30-34	Male	Other technical occupations in health care (except dental)	Overexertion	Sprains and strains	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)

See Appendix for historical and additional information on injury source.

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INJURIES – PART OF BODY

2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Part of Body

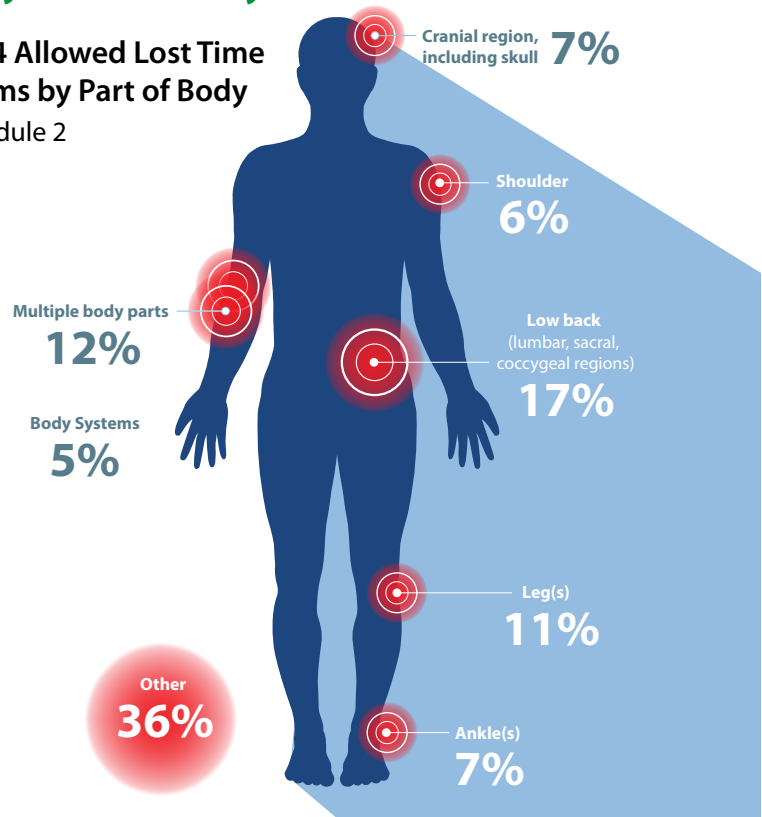
Similar to Schedule 1, the low back has consistently represented the leading part of body injured over the past 10 years.

In 2014, injuries to the low back accounted for 17% of all Schedule 2 lost time claims, followed by multiple body parts, and leg(s), accounting for 12% and 11% respectively.

In 2014, injuries to these parts of body were the highest among male workers and affected workers in older age groups (40 to 44, 50 to 54).

The leading nature of injury for these seven parts of body was sprains and strains, and the leading source was persons.

2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Part of Body Schedule 2



2014 Leading Part of Body Characteristics

	Leading Age Group	Leading Gender	Leading Occupation	Leading Event	Leading Nature of Injury	Leading Source
Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	45-49	Male	Other technical occupations in health care (except dental)	Overexertion	Sprains and strains	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Multiple body parts	50-54	Female	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Fall on same level	Sprains and strains	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Leg(s)	50-54	Male	Police officers and firefighters	Bodily reaction	Sprains and strains	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Cranial region, including skull	40-44	Female	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	Struck by objects or equipment	Concussion	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Ankle(s)	40-44	Male	Mail and message distribution occupations	Bodily reaction	Sprains and strains	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Shoulder	50-54	Male	Other technical occupations in health care (except dental)	Overexertion	Sprains and strains	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Body systems	40-44	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances	Mental disorders or syndromes	Persons (bodily motion or condition)

See Appendix for historical and additional information on part of body.

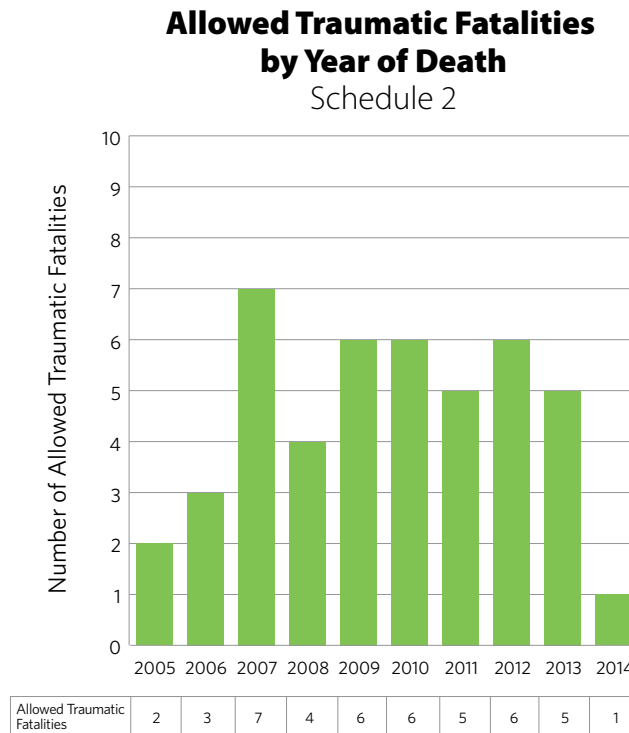
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FATALITIES – TRAUMATIC

Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Year of Death

Traumatic fatalities are allowed claims for workers who died of a work-related traumatic incident. For Schedule 2 employers in 2014, one worker lost their life due to a workplace traumatic fatality.

Over the past 10 years, 84% of all traumatic fatalities occurred among males, with the predominant age group being 50 to 54. A significant cause of traumatic fatalities continues to be motor vehicle incidents, which accounted for 40% of these deaths over the 10 year period.



Over the 10 year period from 2004 to 2014, the following age groups, events and gender accounted for the highest traumatic fatality percentages:

- Age Groups: 50 to 54 (22.2%), 30 to 34 (13.3%), 40 to 44 (13.3%), 45 to 49 (13.3%)
- Events: Motor Vehicle Incidents (40.0%), Other Transportation Incidents (24.4%)
- Gender: Males (84.4%)

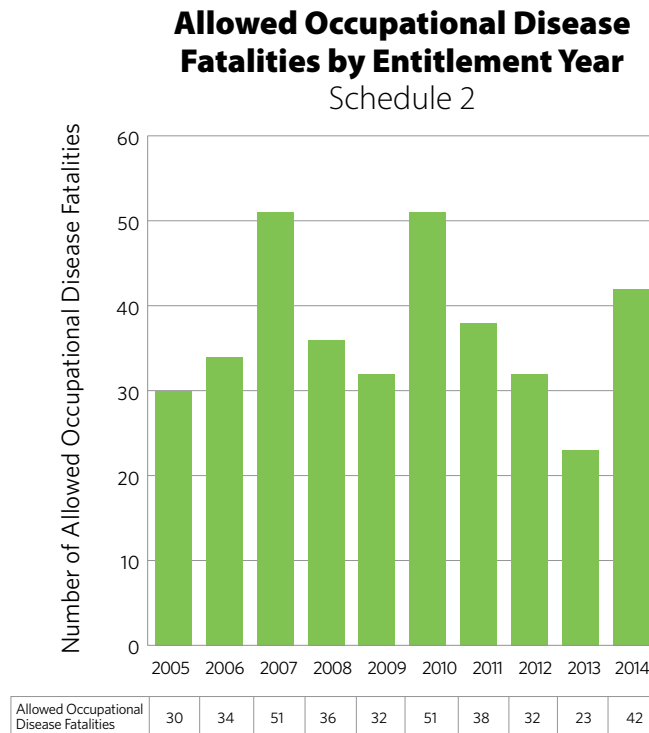
See Appendix for historical and additional data on traumatic fatalities.

FATALITIES – OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE

Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Entitlement Year

Occupational disease fatalities are allowed claims for workers who died of a work-related disease or condition. In 2014, 42 fatality claims were allowed for workers who lost their lives due to an occupational disease within Schedule 2.

Over the past 10 years, occupational disease fatalities predominantly occurred among males. During this period, more than 25% of occupational disease deaths were caused by mesothelioma.



Over the 10 year period from 2005 to 2014, the following age groups, events and gender accounted for the highest occupational disease fatality percentages:

- Diseases: Mesothelioma (25.2%), Lung Cancer (8.1%), Other Lymphomas (6.8%), Esophageal Cancer (6.5%), Rectal Cancer (5.1%), Brain Cancer (5.1%), Colon Cancer (4.1%)
- Gender: Males (97.3%)

See Appendix for historical and additional data on occupational disease fatalities.

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BENEFIT PAYMENTS

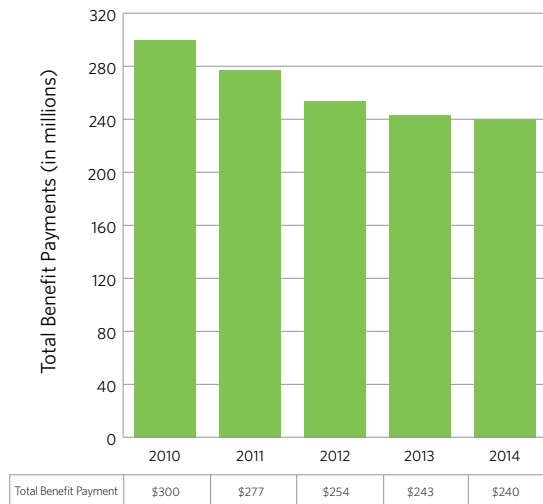
Benefit Payments by Benefit Category

The WSIB administers the payment of benefits to injured workers of Schedule 2 employers. The WSIB recovers the cost of these benefits from those Schedule 2 employers. Benefit payments are payments made during a specific year to or on behalf of injured workers and are detailed by the eight benefit categories found in the table below.

Since 2010 benefit payments have been decreasing year over year. This trend reflects improvements in return to work and recovery outcomes.

Loss of Earnings (LOE), workers' pensions and health care continue to represent the greatest percentage of benefits paid to injured workers. In 2014 these three benefit categories contributed to 82% of all benefit payments made to or on behalf of injured workers (excluding Loss of Retirement Income Fund expense).

Total Benefit Payments by Payment Year
Schedule 2



Benefit Categories by Payment Year

	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Benefit Category	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments
Workers' Pension	\$61	20%	\$58	21%	\$56	22%	\$54	22%	\$52	22%
Loss of Earnings	\$110	37%	\$102	37%	\$88	35%	\$84	35%	\$86	36%
Health Care	\$65	22%	\$60	22%	\$59	23%	\$57	23%	\$59	24%
External Providers	\$5	2%	\$3	1%	\$2	1%	\$2	1%	\$2	1%
Non-Economic Loss	\$16	5%	\$11	4%	\$7	3%	\$5	2%	\$6	2%
Future Economic Loss	\$20	7%	\$18	6%	\$18	7%	\$17	7%	\$14	6%
Survivor Benefits	\$21	7%	\$22	8%	\$20	8%	\$21	9%	\$18	8%
Other	\$2	1%	\$3	1%	\$4	1%	\$3	1%	\$3	1%
Total Benefit Payments	\$300	100%	\$277	100%	\$254	100%	\$243	100%	\$240	100%

Prior to 2011, all publications referenced five benefit payment categories. As of 2011 these categories were reclassified into eight categories. As such, prior year's have been reclassified in this report to reflect the new Benefit Categories.

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BENEFIT PAYMENTS – LOSS OF EARNINGS

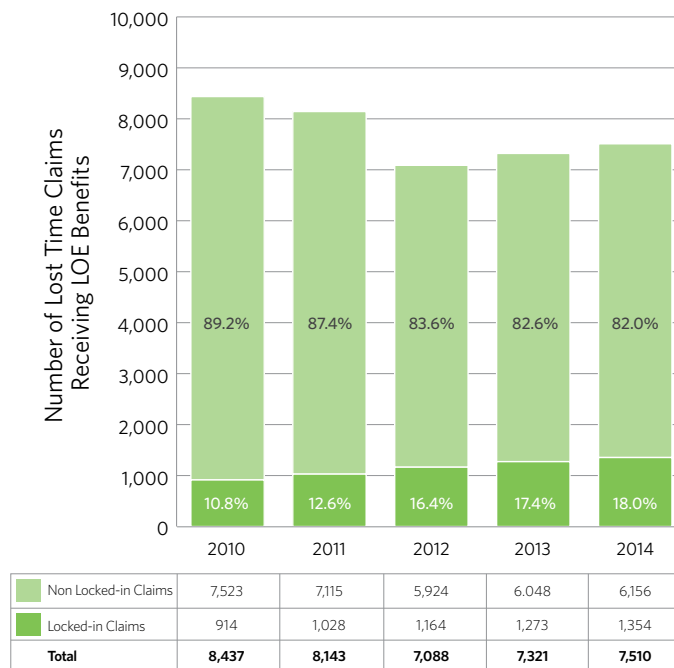
Loss of Earnings Benefit Payments

Similar to Schedule 1, Loss of Earnings (LOE) was consistently the leading benefit category for payments administered by the WSIB on behalf of Schedule 2 employers. LOE benefits represent wage loss benefits for time lost from work due to a work-related injury or illness occurring on or after January 1, 1998.

Over the past five years, Locked-in claims have increased as a percentage of all claims receiving an LOE benefit; however, with improved return to work outcomes, over time fewer claims will require a locked-in loss of earnings award.

Loss of Earnings Claims by Payment Year

Schedule 2



A claim is considered locked-in if a lock-in payment occurred at any point within the benefit payment year. The claim population includes Bill 99 Legislation only.

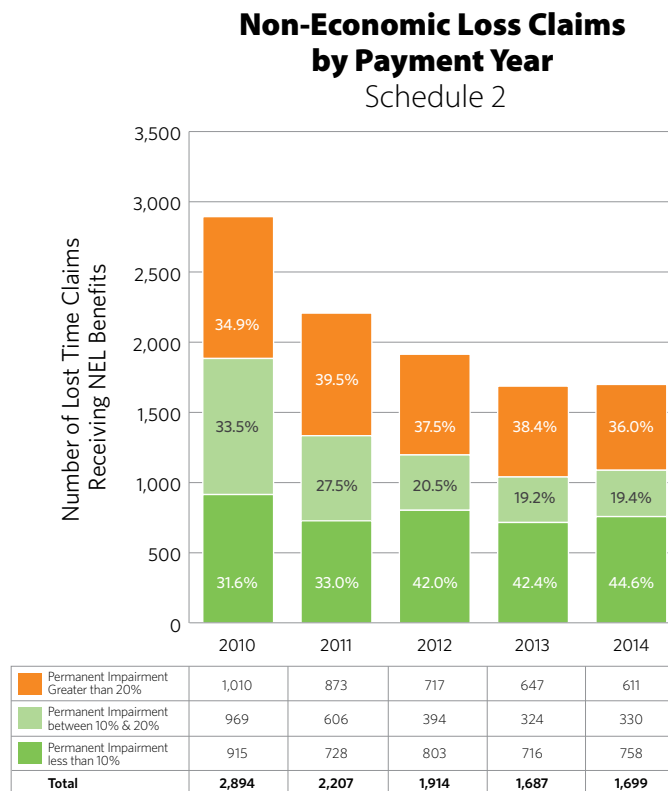
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BENEFIT PAYMENTS – NON-ECONOMIC LOSS

Non-Economic Loss Benefit Payments

Non-Economic Loss (NEL) benefits are based on the age of the worker and the severity of the permanent impairment sustained by the injured worker. They are awarded to recognize that, beyond a wage loss, an injured worker has also suffered a physical, functional or psychological loss and are calculated as a percentage of whole body impairment.

The yearly total of allowed claims receiving a NEL benefit has decreased by 41% since 2010. This decrease is a reflection of improved injured worker recovery, and also reflects the decrease in new claims entering the system in recent years.



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BENEFIT PAYMENTS – HEALTH CARE

Health Care Payments

Health care payments are made to, or on behalf of, injured or ill workers for Schedule 2 employers and in 2014 represented 24% of total payments. For the first time since 2010, Health Care payments for Schedule 2 employers increased compared to the year prior. This can mainly be attributed to the increased expenditures related to the Specialized Clinical Services and Programs. These services and programs are associated with the overall Health Care Strategy, an important systemic change that has had a large impact on recovery outcomes for injured workers. Our expanded province-wide network of expert, specialized medical assessment and treatment services ensure that injured workers have access to high quality providers and, when needed, specialized hospital-based clinics for more complex injuries or occupational illnesses.

Health Care Benefit Payments by Service Categories by Payment Year

Service Category	2013 (000s)	% of 2013 Total	2014 (000s)	% of 2014 Total
Specialized Clinical Services and Programs	\$14,188	25%	\$15,243	26.0%
Drug Benefits	\$5,272	9.3%	\$5,015	8.6%
Allowances (Clothing, Independent Living, Personal Care)	\$4,450	7.9%	\$4,465	7.6%
Physiotherapy, Chiropractic, and other Non-Physician Treatment	\$5,835	10.3%	\$5,367	9.2%
Physician Services via Ministry of Health & Long Term Care	\$4,848	8.6%	\$4,717	8.1%
Hospital In/Out Patient	\$4,251	7.5%	\$4,925	8.4%
Hearing Aid Devices and Services	\$4,650	8.2%	\$5,083	8.7%
Travel and Accommodations	\$3,362	5.9%	\$3,403	5.8%
Reports and Information	\$4,054	7.2%	\$3,903	6.7%
Medical Devices	\$2,057	3.6%	\$2,558	4.4%
Others	\$3,706	6.5%	\$3,914	6.7%
Total	57 (\$M)	100.0%	59 (\$M)	100.0%

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BENEFIT PAYMENTS – EXTERNAL PROVIDER

External Provider Expense Payments

Since the implementation of the Work Reintegration Program in November 2010, there has been a significant decrease in the payments for external providers. Education/training continues to be the largest category, representing approximately 47% of external provider payments in 2014.

External Provider Payments by Service Categories by Payment Year

Service Category	2013 (000s)	% of 2013 Total	2014 (000s)	% of 2014 Total
Assessments/Evaluations	\$459	24.1%	\$351	19.5%
Education/Training	\$915	48.0%	\$850	47.4%
Placement & Retention	\$129	6.8%	\$133	7.4%
Provider Related	-	0.0%	-	-
Supplies & Equipment	\$112	5.9%	\$102	5.7%
Travel Related	\$229	12.0%	\$217	12.1%
Other	\$61	3.2%	\$142	7.9%
Total	2 (\$M)	100%	2 (\$M)	100%

Data in By the Numbers: 2014 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

FOCUS – AGE GROUP INJURY TRENDS

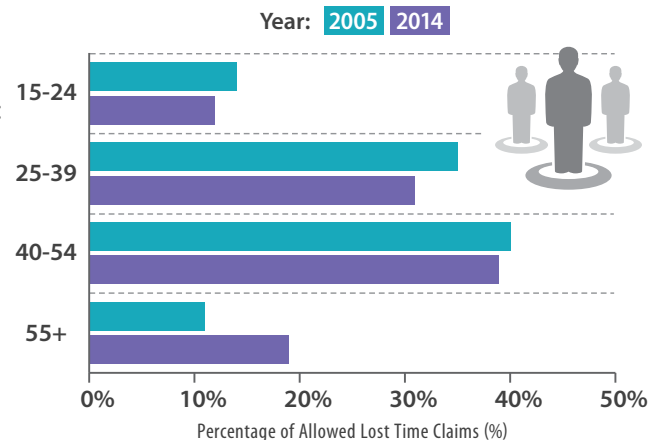
Overview – Schedule 1 and 2

Having a deeper understanding of the many types of workplace injuries is critical to improving the safety of workplaces in Ontario. In reviewing our latest 10 year statistics, we have identified interesting injury trends by age group for six key measures.

Percentage of Allowed Lost Time Claims

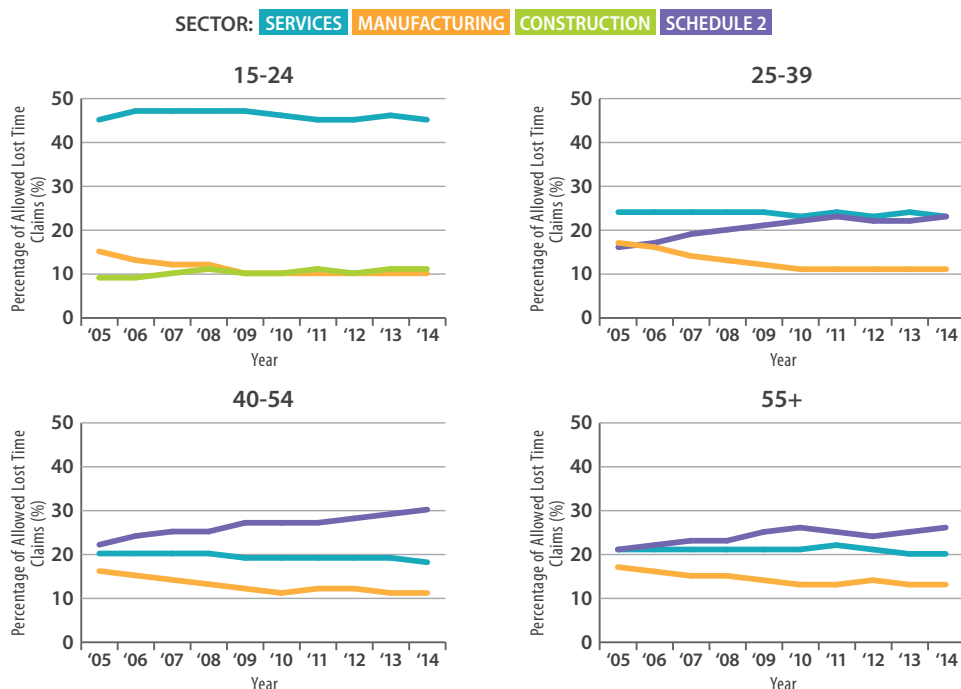
Our analysis of allowed lost time claims data for four age groups: 15 to 24, 25 to 39, 40 to 54 and 55+, demonstrates that the 25 to 54 age groups consistently represent the largest proportion of claims. Age groups 15 to 24 and 55+ represent the smallest proportion; however, claims for those age 55 and over, have grown more significantly. The growth in this age group is expected given Ontario's aging workforce.

Between 2005 and 2014, we observed a decrease in the percentage of allowed lost time claims for injured workers between the age of 15 to 24 and 25 to 39 while older workers aged 50 and over had an increase. The percentage of allowed lost time claims for injured workers between the age of 40 to 54 remained fairly stable. Overall, the trend shows a decrease in the allowed lost time claims and is reflective of improved health and safety efforts.



Leading Industry Sectors

Since 2005, Services continues to be the leading sector for allowed lost time claims for injured workers under 25 and represent 45% of allowed lost time claims. Comparatively, Schedule 2 has remained the leading sector for those aged 40 to 54 and those 55 and over. Over the past decade, allowed lost time claims for injured workers 25 to 39 have undergone a gradual shift from Services as the leading sector for this age group to Schedule 2.



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FOCUS – AGE GROUP INJURY TRENDS

Our 2014 analysis demonstrates that there are differences in the leading occupation, part of body, and injury event between those aged 15 to 24 and the remaining three age groups. These factors can contribute to the recovery time for injured workers.

Leading Occupation

Young workers (15-24)

Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities



All other age groups (25-55+)

Motor Vehicle and Transit Drivers



Leading Part of Body

Young workers (15-24)

Finger & Fingernail incidents



All other age groups (25-55+)

Low back injuries



Leading Injury Event

Young workers (15-24)

Struck by objects or equipment



Age groups (25-54)

Overexertion

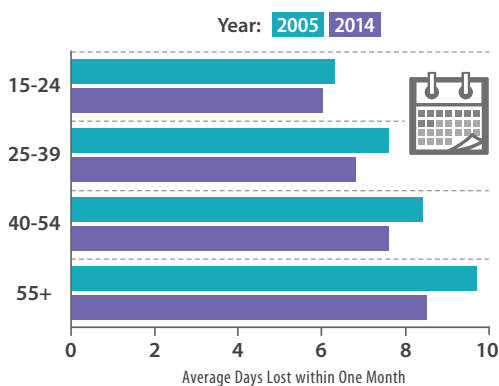


Age group (55+)

Fall on same level



Average Days Lost within One Month



Since 2005, the average days lost within one month post injury or illness has decreased for all four age groups; an indication that the WSIB's improvement in case management and providing early and expert medical services are having a positive impact on injured worker's return to work and recovery. The correlation of longer recovery time with increasing age and injury severity continues to be represented in the data. Injured workers 25 and older predominantly experience lower back injuries as a result of an overexertion or fall. These types of injuries tend to result in longer recovery times and higher costs.

Unsurprisingly, recovery time increases with each incremental age group. Since 2014, young workers under the age of 25, who represent 12% of all lost time claims, have the lowest average days lost (6 days) within one month. Injuries in this age group predominantly relate to fingers from being struck by objects or equipment. Injured workers aged 25 to 39 experience lower average days lost of 6.8 within one month, compared to 7.6 for those aged 40 to 54. The longest recovery period is noted in older workers who experience on average 8.5 days lost within one month, an increase of 42% or 2.5 days compared to the younger age group.

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GLOSSARY

100% Permanent Disability Fatalities	Allowed claims for workers who passed away while in receipt of 100% permanent disability benefits which were granted under a previous (Pre-1990) legislative framework.
Allowed Lost Time Claim	A lost time claim is created when a worker suffers a work-related injury/disease which results in one of the following: • being off work past the day of accident • loss of wages/earnings, or • a permanent disability/impairment.
Allowed No Lost Time Claim	A no lost time claim results from a work-related injury where no time is lost from work, other than on the day of accident, but where health care is required. The health care costs resulting from the injury are paid by the WSIB.
Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Entitlement year	Allowed claims for workers who died of a work-related disease or condition for which entitlement has been granted for survivor benefits in the year specified (excludes 100% Permanent Disabilities Fatalities).
Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by year of Death	Allowed claims for workers who died of a work-related traumatic incident in the year specified (excludes 100% Permanent Disabilities Fatalities).
Average Days Lost	The average number of days lost for which wage loss benefits were paid for claims within 1 month, 3 months or 6 months after the injury/illness occurred.
Average Loss of Earnings (LOE) per Full Paid Day	Average amount paid for an entire day off work, adjusted for inflation.
Benefit Payment Year	Payments made to or on behalf of injured and ill workers. Includes Loss of Earnings (LOE), Workers' Pension, Health Care, Future Economic Loss (FEL), Survivor Benefits, External Providers and Non-Economic Loss (NEL). Excludes benefit liabilities and claims administration costs.
Benefit Payments	Payments made to or on behalf of injured and ill workers. Includes Loss of Earnings (LOE), Workers' Pension, Health Care, Future Economic Loss (FEL), Survivor Benefits, External Providers and Non-Economic Loss (NEL). Excludes benefit liabilities and claims administration costs.
Claim Rate	The number of lost time claims per 10,000 employed workers: $\left(\frac{\text{Number of Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims}}{\text{Statistics Canada Employed Worker Census Count}} \right) \times 10,000$
Data Maturity	Data continues to be revised after the year has concluded as additional claims are reported and decisions on complex claims are made. The revision of data after the year has concluded is called "maturing". All data contained in this report is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end.
District	Statistics Canada 2011 Census Divisions for the province of Ontario.
Employer	An employer means every person having in his, her or its service under a contract of service or apprenticeship another person engaged in work in or about an industry and includes, 1. a trustee, receiver, liquidator, executor or administrator who carries on an industry, 2. a person who authorizes or permits a learner to be in or about an industry for the purpose of undergoing training or probationary work, or 3. a deemed employer. Coverage under the WSIA only applies to those employers: • whose operations are compulsorily covered by Schedules 1 or 2 of the Act, or • whose operations have been added to Schedule 1 of the Act by application, or • who have optional insurance only.
External Provider Payments	These are payments associated with the reintegration program and represent payments to external agencies providing rehabilitation services, such as training programs to assist an injured worker's return to work and the costs of work transition assessments and plans, in the case of injured workers not returning to work with their pre-injury employer.

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GLOSSARY

First Return to Work Specialist Referrals Within 12 Weeks	Cases with a first referral received by the Return to Work program within 12 weeks of either the case's date of injury or latest recurrence date.
Future Economic Loss Benefit Payment	Compensation to a worker, who was injured after January 1, 1990 and prior to January 1, 1998 and suffers a workplace injury resulting in a permanent impairment or temporary disability for 12 continuous months.
Health Care Payment	Payments made on behalf of an injured or ill worker for professional services provided by health care practitioners, hospitals and health facilities as well as the cost of drugs, attendant services, home or vehicle modifications, assistive devices and prostheses, extraordinary transportation costs to obtain health care and other measures to facilitate independent living and to improve the quality of an injured or ill worker's life.
High Impact Claims	WSIB has identified a group of allowed lost time claims that have been shown to have significant impacts on workers and employers. These claims are those involving the low back, shoulder and fractures.
Illnesses	An occupational disease is a health problem caused by exposure to a workplace health hazard.
Industry Sector	The WSIB's operations are organized into 17 industry sectors (Schedule 2 is a separate industry sector).
Injury	A worker who sustains a personal injury by accident arising out of and in the course of his or her employment is entitled to benefits under the insurance plan.
Injury Event	Describes the manner in which the injury/disease was produced/inflicted and is based on the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding injury details.
Injury Source	The object, substance, exposure or bodily motion that directly produced or inflicted the injury/disease identified under Nature of Injury and is based on the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding injury details.
Injury/Illness Year	The year in which injury or illness occurred.
Labour Market Re-entry (LMR) Program	The Labour Market Re-entry (LMR) Program was introduced January 1, 1998 as part of Bill 99. LMR services were outsourced to primary service providers who provided assessments, LMR planning, and case management services. These primary service providers used a variety of secondary service providers (public, not for profit, and private) to deliver education and training programs. The WSIB established a new integrated return to work and LMR program in November 2010 called the Work Reintegration program.
Locked-In Claim	Those claims, with an injury/illness date on or after January 1, 1998 (Bill 99), where a final review of the loss of earnings benefit at 72 months post injury/illness has been completed and the benefit will continue to be paid to age 65, with few exceptions.
Loss of Earnings Benefits (LOE)	Wage loss benefits for time lost from work due to a work-related injury or illness occurring on or after January 1, 1998.
Lost Time Injury Rate (LTI)	The number of allowed lost-time injury and illness claims per 100 Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) workers for the injury year specified.
Nature of Injury	The principal physical characteristics of an injury/disease and based on the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding injury details.
No Lost Time Injury Rate (NLTI)	The number of allowed no lost-time injury and illness claims per 100 Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) workers for the injury year specified.

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GLOSSARY

Noise Induced Hearing Loss (NIHL)	Noise-induced hearing loss (NIHL) is a permanent loss of hearing in both ears resulting from sensorineural (inner ear) damage due to prolonged, continuous, hazardous noise exposure.
Non-Economic Loss Benefits (NEL)	Compensation paid to a worker, beyond wage loss who suffers a permanent impairment as a result of an injury based on the severity of the permanent impairment and the age of the worker.
Non Locked-In Claim	Those claims, with an injury/illness date on or after January 1, 1998 (Bill 99), receiving loss of earnings benefits that may not be reviewed at the 72 month post injury/illness date.
Occupation	A major grouping of occupations that are coded based on National Occupational Classification standards.
Other Benefit	Payments made to or on behalf of injured and ill workers. Includes situational payments such as Temporary Total and Temporary Partial for Bill 162 claims (accident dates between January 2, 1990 and December 31, 1997) and pre-1990 claims.
Part of Body	The injured/disease part of body affected by an injury/disease and is directly linked to the nature of injury/disease which is based on the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding injury details.
Percentage of Workforce Covered	Percentage of the employed labour force that is covered under the WSIA.
Percentage Receiving Loss of Earnings Benefits	The percentage of injured or ill workers that continue to receive full or partial Loss of Earnings (LOE) benefits on the specified anniversary.
Permanent Impairment	Any permanent physical or functional abnormality or loss (including disfigurement) which results from an injury, and any psychological damage arising from the abnormality or loss. A worker's degree of permanent impairment is expressed as a percentage of total permanent impairment of the whole person.
Registered Claims	Registered claims for injuries, illnesses or fatalities reported to the WSIB in the year (as some claims are registered with the WSIB after the year in which the injury, illness or fatality occurred) and includes all allowed, denied, abandoned and pending claims.
Registration Year	Total number of claims registered with the WSIB by year. Some claims are registered with the WSIB after the year in which the injury, illness or fatality occurred.
Return to Work Program (Work Reintegration Program)	The Work Reintegration program is a comprehensive and integrated approach to returning injured workers to employment. Early and ongoing support is provided to the workplace parties to create work reintegration plans. The focus is on return to the injury employer, and where that isn't possible, to provide high quality training and placement services that enable the worker to find a job with a new employer. The Work Reintegration program, launched in November 2010, integrates Return to Work and Work Transition programs.
Return to Work Specialist (RTWS)	Provide expert advice, vocational rehabilitation planning, and support workers and employers to co-ordinate work reintegration which may include accommodation and transition to a different job if necessary
Schedule 1	Schedule 1 employers are those for which the WSIB is liable to pay benefit compensation for workers' claims. Schedule 1 employers are required by legislation to pay premiums to the WSIB and are protected by a system of collective liability. Since the WSIB pays benefits to injured workers out of money pooled in the insurance fund, Schedule 1 employers are relieved of individual responsibility for actual accident costs.
Schedule 2	Schedule 2 employers are employers that self-insure the provisions of benefits under the WSIA. Schedule 2 employers are liable to pay all benefit compensation and administration costs for the workers' claims. The WSIB administers the payment of the benefits for workers of Schedule 2 employers and recovers the cost of these benefits plus administration fees from the employers.
Statistics Canada – Labour Force Employment	Statistics Canada. Table 282-0008 – Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), sex and age group, annual (persons unless otherwise noted). (accessed: April 29, 2013)

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GLOSSARY

Survivor Benefit Payment	Benefits payments provided to a spouse, dependent children and other dependants when an injured worker suffers a fatality in the workplace or as a result of an occupational disease. Benefits include lump sum payments, monthly payments, bereavement counselling and burial expenses.
Work Transition (WT) Program	The Work Transition program replaced the outsourced Labour Market Re-entry (LMR) Program. Unlike the LMR program, Work Transition focuses first on helping the injured workers and employers find suitable and available work with the injury employer. The Work Transition Program provides new options to help workers remain with their employer including re-training and the alternative of part time employment in appropriate cases. When it is not possible for a worker to return to work with the injury employer, the Work Transition Program offers a broad range of services including high quality assessment, training and placement services to support workers to find a job with a new employer.
Work Transition Administrative Costs	Total administrative costs of the Work Transition Program.
Work Transition Plans Completed Resulting in Return to Work	Work Transition plans where the injured worker is employed at the conclusion of the plan. This measure excludes cases with prior Labour Market Re-entry plan services.
Work Transition Specialist (WTS)	Provide expert advice, vocational rehabilitation planning, and support workers and employers to co-ordinate work reintegration which may include accommodation and transition to a different job if necessary.
Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry Plans Completed	Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry plans where the injured worker is employed or employable at the conclusion of the plan.
Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry Plans Completed Resulting in Return to Work	Work Transition plans where the injured worker is employed at the conclusion of the plan. This measure excludes cases with prior Labour Market Re-entry plan services.
Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry Program Costs	Totals costs by service category (Assessment Evaluations, Education/Training, Placement & Retention, Provider Related, Supplies & Equipment, Travel Related, and Other) for the Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry programs.
Worker's Pension Benefit Payment	Pensions for injured workers suffering a workplace injury prior to January 1, 1990 based on the degree of the injured worker's permanent disability.
WSIB Covered Employment Schedule 1	The number of full time equivalent workers is an estimate based on employer reported insurable earnings divided by the average hourly wage for the rate group divided by 2,000 hours, it is assumed a person works 2,000 hours per year.
WSIB Covered Employment Schedule 2	The number of full time equivalent workers is an estimate based on data from Statistics Canada's Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH).

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APPENDIX – SCHEDULE 2

The WSIB is committed to providing accessible information in accordance with the *Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act (AODA)*, 2005. To view the information in this Appendix in an AODA-compliant format, please visit <http://www.wsibstatistics.ca/>.

CLAIM PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1 & 2

Schedule 1 & 2 - Claim Rate Per 10,000 Employed Workers by Statistics Canada Census District*

Census District Name	2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims- Schedule 1	2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims - Schedule 2	Claim Rate per 10,000 Employed Workers	Leading Industry for Schedule 1 and 2	% of Claims by District for Leading Industry
Algoma	323	115	98.6	SCHEDULE 2	26.30%
Brant	539	81	105.3	SERVICES	19.50%
Bruce	174	44	76	SCHEDULE 2	20.20%
Chatham-Kent	446	43	118.6	SERVICES	17.20%
Cochrane	288	40	100.6	SERVICES	20.40%
Dufferin	145	9	58.7	SERVICES	33.10%
Durham	1,388	437	66.3	SERVICES	24.90%
Elgin	205	29	66.1	AGRICULTURE	18.40%
Essex	2,023	305	151.7	SERVICES	18.00%
Frontenac	439	175	93.9	SCHEDULE 2	28.50%
Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury	515	128	94	HEALTH CARE	22.10%
Grey	228	73	77	SCHEDULE 2	24.30%
Haldimand-Norfolk	261	56	69.1	SCHEDULE 2	17.70%
Haliburton	41	2	74.6	SERVICES	37.20%
Halton	1,804	425	92.8	SERVICES	29.40%
Hamilton	1,696	871	118.4	SCHEDULE 2	33.90%
Hastings	421	87	93.7	SERVICES	20.10%
Huron	150	26	66.2	SERVICES	17.60%
Kawartha Lakes	133	67	69	SCHEDULE 2	33.50%
Kenora	234	40	129.2	SERVICES	24.50%
Lambton	233	67	60.3	SCHEDULE 2	22.30%
Lanark	178	25	71.6	SERVICES	23.20%
Leeds and Grenville	239	85	76.2	SCHEDULE 2	26.20%
Lennox and Addington	75	52	75.6	SCHEDULE 2	40.90%
Manitoulin	31	2	72.6	HEALTH CARE	39.40%

Data source:

Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse
 2011 National Household Survey: Data Tables: Statistics Canada. 2014. Place of Work Status (5), Industry – North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2007 (102), Sex (3) and Age Groups (11) for the Employed Labour Force Aged 15 Years and Over, in Private Households of Canada, Provinces, Territories and Census Divisions, 2011 National Household Survey. Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 99-012-X2011049. Ottawa. Released March 4, 2014.

Data Maturity:

Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: 2014 Injury Year as at March 2015

Data Exclusions:

Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: Allowed lost time claims where claim location is Unknown, Ontario Navigational Waters and Outside of Ontario Employed Worker Census Count: Employed workers identified as having 'No Fixed Place of Work'

Census District Name	2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims- Schedule 1	2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims - Schedule 2	Claim Rate per 10,000 Employed Workers	Leading Industry for Schedule 1 and 2	% of Claims by District for Leading Industry
Middlesex	1,228	452	86.7	SCHEDULE 2	26.90%
Muskoka	218	29	109.4	SERVICES	26.70%
Niagara	1,529	356	103.7	SERVICES	27.70%
Nipissing	294	54	102.3	SERVICES	22.70%
Northumberland	180	78	77.3	SCHEDULE 2	30.20%
Ottawa	2,672	1,510	98.2	SCHEDULE 2	36.10%
Oxford	489	40	109.4	AUTOMOTIVE	22.10%
Parry Sound	102	18	80.1	SERVICES	20.80%
Peel	4,662	1,380	104.7	SERVICES	26.00%
Perth	262	28	80.2	SERVICES	19.70%
Peterborough	415	126	99.4	SERVICES	30.90%
Prescott and Russell	246	55	75.1	SERVICES	28.20%
Prince Edward	73	2	80.3	HEALTH CARE	49.30%
Rainy River	73	7	102.6	SERVICES	20.00%
Renfrew	233	86	74.9	SCHEDULE 2	27.00%
Simcoe	1,398	254	86.9	SERVICES	25.00%
Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry	422	52	104.9	SERVICES	24.30%
Sudbury	63	8	88.5	TRANSPORTATION	18.30%
Thunder Bay	528	191	119.9	SCHEDULE 2	26.60%
Timiskaming	130	11	114	HEALTH CARE	19.90%
Toronto	6,999	3,866	96.3	SCHEDULE 2	35.60%
Waterloo	1,844	330	90.7	SERVICES	22.10%
Wellington	770	135	90.5	SERVICES	19.10%
York	3,011	631	77.6	SERVICES	28.10%
Total	40,050	12,983			

*Data notations:

District refers to Statistics Canada Census Districts for Ontario

Claim Rate is defined as the Number of Lost Time Claims per 10,000 Employed Workers:

(Number of Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims/Statistics Canada Employed Worker Census Count) x 10,000

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Age and Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

*Not Available includes all lost time claims where age and/or gender was not available

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Age Group	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
15-19	56	92	70	73	64	76	62	63	53	56	45	54	50	43	38	45	52	40	61	43
20-24	304	303	279	297	247	287	237	277	185	258	178	214	181	209	158	219	187	161	180	165
25-29	614	599	592	572	635	633	586	599	499	530	500	498	462	490	410	532	412	450	435	439
30-34	751	933	682	887	730	928	758	901	664	808	618	779	627	764	578	697	615	675	619	750
35-39	917	1,186	865	1,178	903	1,153	886	1,166	812	989	846	966	781	888	751	911	796	808	798	769
40-44	1,239	1,581	1,272	1,526	1,232	1,569	1,228	1,423	1,057	1,180	991	1,022	892	1,003	858	921	892	974	892	910
45-49	1,260	1,522	1,274	1,555	1,323	1,621	1,415	1,512	1,366	1,429	1,326	1,223	1,104	1,214	1,086	1,114	1,066	1,041	1,094	1,038
50-54	1,076	1,304	1,172	1,210	1,188	1,334	1,259	1,346	1,144	1,227	1,171	1,106	1,126	1,077	1,193	1,030	1,232	1,055	1,137	1,082
55-59	748	755	827	812	810	838	839	830	793	780	849	741	761	710	751	670	813	686	892	739
60-64	259	287	262	299	341	330	384	375	375	364	424	333	389	334	391	289	391	336	405	382
65+	31	31	37	36	36	58	55	65	76	90	67	83	92	94	88	88	117	115	135	137
Sub-Total	7,255	8,593	7,332	8,445	7,509	8,827	7,709	8,557	7,024	7,711	7,015	7,019	6,465	6,826	6,302	6,516	6,573	6,341	6,648	6,454
Not Available	2		1		3		2		4		6		10		5		8		1	
Total	15,850		15,778		16,339		16,268		14,739		14,040		13,301		12,823		12,922		13,103	

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed No Lost Time Claims by Age and Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

*Not Available includes all lost time claims where age and/or gender was not available

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Age Group	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
15-19	174	211	162	188	162	152	148	164	125	152	125	113	123	94	136	82	126	99	143	98
20-24	509	583	506	540	470	505	497	474	397	450	378	392	346	357	329	353	372	321	339	343
25-29	815	974	858	926	745	864	808	832	707	877	608	800	598	621	539	709	595	632	589	647
30-34	899	1,149	776	1,169	816	1,070	817	1,015	783	982	721	886	714	827	702	816	721	928	748	869
35-39	992	1,349	906	1,294	910	1,165	894	1,174	832	1,068	843	1,004	822	911	736	871	851	983	916	934
40-44	1,315	1,640	1,331	1,528	1,239	1,406	1,197	1,258	1,075	1,161	972	944	979	986	921	950	958	1,056	1,035	995
45-49	1,361	1,602	1,315	1,526	1,362	1,376	1,388	1,372	1,335	1,288	1,197	1,216	1,218	1,100	1,197	1,110	1,175	1,104	1,151	1,071
50-54	1,180	1,303	1,215	1,256	1,244	1,249	1,268	1,241	1,310	1,194	1,246	1,037	1,235	1,044	1,211	1,049	1,256	1,078	1,278	1,126
55-59	756	829	808	778	805	804	843	771	856	720	823	716	833	736	775	677	901	773	946	760
60-64	230	309	275	296	310	348	311	426	348	378	347	342	360	346	367	390	402	377	414	382
65+	38	120	36	116	35	173	50	218	69	179	74	207	79	192	99	222	120	256	140	294
Sub-Total	8,269	10,069	8,188	9,617	8,098	9,112	8,221	8,945	7,837	8,449	7,334	7,657	7,307	7,214	7,012	7,229	7,477	7,607	7,699	7,519
Not Available	17		11		10		16		217		201		200		130		124		110	
Total	18,355		17,816		17,220		17,182		16,503		15,192		14,721		14,371		15,208		15,328	

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Intermediate Sales and Service Occupations																				
Childcare and home support workers	645	4.1%	612	3.9%	655	4.0%	622	3.8%	702	4.8%	811	5.8%	845	6.4%	899	7.0%	964	7.5%	986	7.5%
Other occupations in protective service	530	3.3%	481	3.0%	468	2.9%	556	3.4%	434	2.9%	394	2.8%	470	3.5%	424	3.3%	481	3.7%	469	3.6%
Occupations in travel and accommodation	229	1.4%	289	1.8%	319	2.0%	338	2.1%	280	1.9%	255	1.8%	241	1.8%	216	1.7%	201	1.6%	166	1.3%
Tour and recreational guides and amusement occupations	93	0.6%	84	0.5%	54	0.3%	48	0.3%	30	0.2%	36	0.3%	31	0.2%	34	0.3%	23	0.2%	16	0.1%
Retail salespersons and sales clerks	55	0.3%	53	0.3%	53	0.3%	87	0.5%	54	0.4%	33	0.2%	41	0.3%	44	0.3%	22	0.2%	22	0.2%
Occupations in food and beverage service	44	0.3%	35	0.2%	19	0.1%	39	0.2%	21	0.1%	19	0.1%	25	0.2%	30	0.2%	18	0.1%	36	0.3%
Other occupations in personal service	9	0.1%	11	0.1%	6	0.0%	7	0.0%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%	9	0.1%	13	0.1%	8	0.1%	4	0.0%
Sales representatives, wholesale trade	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	8	0.0%	2	0.0%	6	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%
Subtotal	1,607	10.1%	1,569	9.9%	1,578	9.7%	1,705	10.5%	1,529	10.4%	1,559	11.1%	1,665	12.5%	1,662	13.0%	1,718	13.3%	1,700	13.0%
Clerical Occupations																				
Mail and message distribution occupations	1,391	8.8%	1,379	8.7%	1,559	9.5%	1,525	9.4%	1,344	9.1%	1,071	7.6%	862	6.5%	894	7.0%	989	7.7%	1,144	8.7%
Library, correspondence and related information clerks	267	1.7%	304	1.9%	353	2.2%	337	2.1%	354	2.4%	312	2.2%	317	2.4%	209	1.6%	208	1.6%	187	1.4%
Clerical occupations, general office skills	253	1.6%	236	1.5%	265	1.6%	258	1.6%	239	1.6%	197	1.4%	195	1.5%	150	1.2%	174	1.3%	133	1.0%
Recording, scheduling and distributing occupations	147	0.9%	120	0.8%	150	0.9%	119	0.7%	83	0.6%	86	0.6%	90	0.7%	74	0.6%	76	0.6%	64	0.5%
Administrative support clerks	82	0.5%	74	0.5%	82	0.5%	87	0.5%	66	0.4%	67	0.5%	75	0.6%	46	0.4%	67	0.5%	59	0.5%
Finance and insurance clerks	72	0.5%	77	0.5%	92	0.6%	99	0.6%	75	0.5%	75	0.5%	52	0.4%	53	0.4%	62	0.5%	50	0.4%
Office equipment operators	32	0.2%	33	0.2%	22	0.1%	28	0.2%	24	0.2%	20	0.1%	20	0.2%	15	0.1%	10	0.1%	12	0.1%
Subtotal	2,244	14.2%	2,223	14.1%	2,523	15.4%	2,453	15.1%	2,185	14.8%	1,828	13.0%	1,611	12.1%	1,441	11.2%	1,586	12.3%	1,649	12.6%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Professional Occupations in Social Science, Education, Government Services and Religion																				
Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	1,253	7.9%	1,096	6.9%	1,216	7.4%	1,253	7.7%	1,184	8.0%	1,117	8.0%	1,169	8.8%	1,199	9.4%	1,343	10.4%	1,422	10.9%
Psychologists, social workers, counsellors, clergy & probation officers	84	0.5%	100	0.6%	98	0.6%	87	0.5%	120	0.8%	120	0.9%	103	0.8%	131	1.0%	107	0.8%	98	0.7%
Policy and program officers, researchers and consultants	96	0.6%	112	0.7%	79	0.5%	121	0.7%	105	0.7%	100	0.7%	78	0.6%	75	0.6%	76	0.6%	92	0.7%
University professors and assistants	146	0.9%	131	0.8%	120	0.7%	115	0.7%	118	0.8%	63	0.4%	16	0.1%	13	0.1%	26	0.2%	36	0.3%
College and other vocational instructors	35	0.2%	36	0.2%	34	0.2%	36	0.2%	27	0.2%	39	0.3%	24	0.2%	26	0.2%	21	0.2%	28	0.2%
Judges, lawyers and quebec notaries	4	0.0%	8	0.1%	6	0.0%	9	0.1%	11	0.1%	12	0.1%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%	13	0.1%	12	0.1%
Subtotal	1,618	10.2%	1,483	9.4%	1,553	9.5%	1,621	10.0%	1,565	10.6%	1,451	10.3%	1,395	10.5%	1,449	11.3%	1,586	12.3%	1,688	12.9%
Skilled Sales and Service Occupations																				
Police officers and firefighters	1,673	10.6%	1,609	10.2%	1,677	10.3%	1,520	9.3%	1,407	9.5%	1,398	10.0%	1,328	10.0%	1,360	10.6%	1,317	10.2%	1,244	9.5%
Sales and service supervisors	156	1.0%	150	1.0%	146	0.9%	146	0.9%	122	0.8%	103	0.7%	87	0.7%	89	0.7%	135	1.0%	148	1.1%
Chefs and cooks	95	0.6%	86	0.5%	88	0.5%	85	0.5%	74	0.5%	76	0.5%	54	0.4%	69	0.5%	59	0.5%	64	0.5%
Technical sales specialists, wholesale trade	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%
Butchers and bakers	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%
Insurance and real estate sales occupations and buyers	4	0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%
Technical occupations in personal service		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Occupation	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Subtotal	1,933	12.2%	1,851	11.7%	1,917	11.7%	1,757	10.8%	1,606	10.9%	1,581	11.3%	1,476	11.1%	1,522	11.9%	1,513	11.7%	1,461	11.2%
Intermediate Occupations in Transport, Equipment Operation, Installation and Maintenance																				
Motor vehicle and transit drivers	768	4.8%	856	5.4%	884	5.4%	888	5.5%	858	5.8%	806	5.7%	799	6.0%	777	6.1%	765	5.9%	780	6.0%
Other transport equipment operators and related workers	511	3.2%	569	3.6%	696	4.3%	633	3.9%	529	3.6%	481	3.4%	495	3.7%	482	3.8%	389	3.0%	348	2.7%
Heavy equipment operators	225	1.4%	249	1.6%	242	1.5%	219	1.3%	211	1.4%	186	1.3%	161	1.2%	134	1.0%	115	0.9%	137	1.0%
Other installers, repairers and servicers	73	0.5%	87	0.6%	70	0.4%	81	0.5%	69	0.5%	73	0.5%	80	0.6%	63	0.5%	64	0.5%	60	0.5%
Longshore workers and material handlers	136	0.9%	121	0.8%	103	0.6%	123	0.8%	102	0.7%	83	0.6%	72	0.5%	58	0.5%	49	0.4%	38	0.3%
Subtotal	1,713	10.8%	1,882	11.9%	1,995	12.2%	1,944	11.9%	1,769	12.0%	1,629	11.6%	1,607	12.1%	1,514	11.8%	1,382	10.7%	1,363	10.4%
Elemental Sales and Service Occupations																				
Cleaners	1,474	9.3%	1,470	9.3%	1,408	8.6%	1,355	8.3%	1,225	8.3%	1,117	8.0%	1,090	8.2%	1,008	7.9%	956	7.4%	955	7.3%
Food counter attendants and kitchen helpers	150	0.9%	142	0.9%	122	0.7%	101	0.6%	128	0.9%	104	0.7%	90	0.7%	66	0.5%	68	0.5%	65	0.5%
Other attendants in travel, accommodation and recreation	68	0.4%	53	0.3%	72	0.4%	80	0.5%	57	0.4%	54	0.4%	54	0.4%	46	0.4%	54	0.4%	65	0.5%
Security guards and related occupations	81	0.5%	71	0.4%	98	0.6%	71	0.4%	86	0.6%	61	0.4%	68	0.5%	57	0.4%	53	0.4%	59	0.5%
Elemental medical and hospital assistants	50	0.3%	46	0.3%	57	0.3%	37	0.2%	58	0.4%	37	0.3%	28	0.2%	26	0.2%	25	0.2%	24	0.2%
Other elemental service occupations	26	0.2%	38	0.2%	44	0.3%	35	0.2%	33	0.2%	32	0.2%	40	0.3%	22	0.2%	25	0.2%	26	0.2%
Other sales and related occupations	18	0.1%	18	0.1%	13	0.1%	17	0.1%	22	0.1%	16	0.1%	15	0.1%	6	0.0%	12	0.1%	10	0.1%
Cashiers	112	0.7%	96	0.6%	38	0.2%	21	0.1%	14	0.1%	16	0.1%	11	0.1%	10	0.1%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Subtotal	1,979	12.5%	1,934	12.3%	1,852	11.3%	1,717	10.6%	1,623	11.0%	1,437	10.2%	1,396	10.5%	1,241	9.7%	1,198	9.3%	1,207	9.2%
Technical and Skilled Occupations in Health																				
Other technical occupations in health care (except dental)	830	5.2%	846	5.4%	912	5.6%	910	5.6%	776	5.3%	771	5.5%	768	5.8%	808	6.3%	812	6.3%	894	6.8%
Medical technologists and technicians (except dental health)	11	0.1%	8	0.1%	9	0.1%	15	0.1%	11	0.1%	3	0.0%	7	0.1%	5	0.0%	7	0.1%	4	0.0%
Technical occupations in dental health care	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%
Subtotal	844	5.3%	857	5.4%	922	5.6%	927	5.7%	790	5.4%	777	5.5%	778	5.8%	814	6.3%	819	6.3%	899	6.9%
Trades and Skilled Transport and Equipment Operators																				
Motor vehicle mechanics	165	1.0%	175	1.1%	187	1.1%	172	1.1%	164	1.1%	162	1.2%	148	1.1%	120	0.9%	158	1.2%	166	1.3%
Electrical trades and telecommunication occupations	135	0.9%	151	1.0%	156	1.0%	209	1.3%	146	1.0%	150	1.1%	143	1.1%	136	1.1%	147	1.1%	138	1.1%
Machinery & transportation equipment mechanics (except motor vehicle)	203	1.3%	168	1.1%	163	1.0%	171	1.1%	148	1.0%	129	0.9%	145	1.1%	122	1.0%	83	0.6%	96	0.7%
Train crew operating occupations	80	0.5%	86	0.5%	67	0.4%	64	0.4%	54	0.4%	55	0.4%	48	0.4%	43	0.3%	42	0.3%	41	0.3%
Contractors and supervisors, trades and related workers	43	0.3%	27	0.2%	45	0.3%	46	0.3%	43	0.3%	25	0.2%	29	0.2%	24	0.2%	30	0.2%	28	0.2%
Plumbers, pipefitters and gas fitters	35	0.2%	28	0.2%	39	0.2%	37	0.2%	39	0.3%	28	0.2%	31	0.2%	28	0.2%	27	0.2%	32	0.2%
Carpenters and cabinetmakers	46	0.3%	51	0.3%	54	0.3%	55	0.3%	49	0.3%	35	0.2%	28	0.2%	36	0.3%	27	0.2%	49	0.4%
Other construction trades	19	0.1%	24	0.2%	13	0.1%	14	0.1%	20	0.1%	21	0.1%	7	0.1%	17	0.1%	19	0.1%	4	0.0%
Metal forming, shaping and erecting occupations	29	0.2%	42	0.3%	26	0.2%	24	0.1%	25	0.2%	25	0.2%	31	0.2%	25	0.2%	18	0.1%	25	0.2%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Masonry and plastering trades	10	0.1%	8	0.1%	8	0.0%	16	0.1%	16	0.1%	6	0.0%	11	0.1%	9	0.1%	11	0.1%	11	0.1%
Stationary engineers & power station & system operators	20	0.1%	21	0.1%	19	0.1%	17	0.1%	13	0.1%	10	0.1%	13	0.1%	11	0.1%	8	0.1%	3	0.0%
Supervisors, railway and motor transportation operations	20	0.1%	12	0.1%	12	0.1%	12	0.1%	16	0.1%	6	0.0%	9	0.1%	12	0.1%	8	0.1%	7	0.1%
Other mechanics	10	0.1%	4	0.0%	9	0.1%	8	0.0%	18	0.1%	15	0.1%	9	0.1%	13	0.1%	8	0.1%	10	0.1%
Machinists and related occupations	16	0.1%	12	0.1%	15	0.1%	9	0.1%	7	0.0%	6	0.0%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%
Printing press operators, commercial divers & other trades & related occupations, NEC	7	0.0%	10	0.1%	3	0.0%	7	0.0%	3	0.0%	8	0.1%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%
Upholsterers, tailors, shoe repairers, jewellers & related occupations		0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%	5	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%
Crane operators, drillers and blasters	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	6	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%
Subtotal	840	5.3%	823	5.2%	819	5.0%	865	5.3%	765	5.2%	682	4.9%	675	5.1%	609	4.7%	597	4.6%	616	4.7%
Assisting Occupations in Support of Health Services	423	2.7%	475	3.0%	514	3.1%	549	3.4%	499	3.4%	645	4.6%	372	2.8%	441	3.4%	389	3.0%	394	3.0%
Skilled Administrative and Business Occupations																				
Administrative and regulatory occupations	200	1.3%	222	1.4%	217	1.3%	246	1.5%	225	1.5%	191	1.4%	208	1.6%	193	1.5%	236	1.8%	240	1.8%
Secretaries, recorders and transcriptionists	108	0.7%	81	0.5%	76	0.5%	97	0.6%	88	0.6%	50	0.4%	78	0.6%	73	0.6%	66	0.5%	65	0.5%
Clerical supervisors	28	0.2%	28	0.2%	42	0.3%	42	0.3%	30	0.2%	23	0.2%	36	0.3%	27	0.2%	32	0.2%	36	0.3%
Finance and insurance administrative occupations	11	0.1%	17	0.1%	15	0.1%	11	0.1%	22	0.1%	12	0.1%	10	0.1%	7	0.1%	4	0.0%	6	0.0%
Subtotal	347	2.2%	348	2.2%	350	2.1%	396	2.4%	365	2.5%	276	2.0%	332	2.5%	300	2.3%	338	2.6%	347	2.6%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Occupation	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Paraprofessional Occupations in Law, Social Services, Education and Religion	395	2.5%	428	2.7%	432	2.6%	369	2.3%	289	2.0%	384	2.7%	310	2.3%	316	2.5%	336	2.6%	335	2.6%
Occupation Not Stated	238	1.5%	200	1.3%	228	1.4%	293	1.8%	251	1.7%	346	2.5%	265	2.0%	276	2.2%	219	1.7%	110	0.8%
Trades Helpers, Construction Labourers and Related Occupations																				
Public works and other labourers, NEC	325	2.1%	318	2.0%	374	2.3%	320	2.0%	302	2.0%	259	1.8%	226	1.7%	163	1.3%	182	1.4%	192	1.5%
Trades helpers and labourers	77	0.5%	82	0.5%	97	0.6%	62	0.4%	59	0.4%	46	0.3%	51	0.4%	32	0.2%	33	0.3%	38	0.3%
Subtotal	402	2.5%	400	2.5%	471	2.9%	382	2.3%	361	2.4%	305	2.2%	277	2.1%	195	1.5%	215	1.7%	230	1.8%
Technical Occupations Related to Natural and Applied Sciences																				
Technical occupations in life sciences	80	0.5%	88	0.6%	64	0.4%	92	0.6%	85	0.6%	82	0.6%	77	0.6%	62	0.5%	82	0.6%	70	0.5%
Other technical inspectors and regulatory officers	59	0.4%	57	0.4%	72	0.4%	64	0.4%	57	0.4%	62	0.4%	57	0.4%	45	0.4%	41	0.3%	51	0.4%
Technical occupations in electronics and electrical engineering	36	0.2%	40	0.3%	29	0.2%	32	0.2%	25	0.2%	22	0.2%	27	0.2%	23	0.2%	28	0.2%	29	0.2%
Transportation officers and controllers	22	0.1%	12	0.1%	14	0.1%	25	0.2%	24	0.2%	25	0.2%	31	0.2%	25	0.2%	16	0.1%	31	0.2%
Technical occupations in physical sciences	9	0.1%	8	0.1%	13	0.1%	5	0.0%	6	0.0%	7	0.0%	10	0.1%	6	0.0%	13	0.1%	9	0.1%
Technical occupations in civil, mechanical & industrial engineering	18	0.1%	16	0.1%	25	0.2%	12	0.1%	16	0.1%	18	0.1%	17	0.1%	12	0.1%	12	0.1%	20	0.2%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Technical occupations in architecture, drafting, surveying & mapping	7	0.0%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%	12	0.1%	10	0.1%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	6	0.0%	19	0.1%
Subtotal	231	1.5%	227	1.4%	222	1.4%	242	1.5%	223	1.5%	220	1.6%	223	1.7%	176	1.4%	198	1.5%	229	1.7%
Middle and Other Management Occupations																				
Managers in health, education, social and community services	63	0.4%	72	0.5%	70	0.4%	80	0.5%	52	0.4%	69	0.5%	80	0.6%	65	0.5%	84	0.7%	73	0.6%
Administrative services managers	19	0.1%	11	0.1%	19	0.1%	26	0.2%	16	0.1%	21	0.1%	24	0.2%	20	0.2%	22	0.2%	18	0.1%
Managers in protective service	11	0.1%	10	0.1%	16	0.1%	16	0.1%	13	0.1%	10	0.1%	10	0.1%	22	0.2%	14	0.1%	16	0.1%
Managers in public administration	24	0.2%	17	0.1%	19	0.1%	19	0.1%	20	0.1%	28	0.2%	26	0.2%	13	0.1%	13	0.1%	26	0.2%
Managers in retail trade	35	0.2%	30	0.2%	36	0.2%	44	0.3%	36	0.2%	25	0.2%	24	0.2%	16	0.1%	11	0.1%	14	0.1%
Managers in construction and transportation	6	0.0%	13	0.1%	12	0.1%	9	0.1%	9	0.1%	11	0.1%	11	0.1%	8	0.1%	10	0.1%	15	0.1%
Facility operation and maintenance managers	8	0.1%	10	0.1%	15	0.1%	8	0.0%	11	0.1%	10	0.1%	5	0.0%	11	0.1%	10	0.1%	9	0.1%
Managers in food service and accommodation	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	6	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	11	0.1%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	9	0.1%	6	0.0%
Managers in art, culture, recreation and sport	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	5	0.0%	7	0.0%	3	0.0%	8	0.1%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%	7	0.1%	3	0.0%
Sales, marketing and advertising managers	2	0.0%	5	0.0%	6	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%
Managers in other services	5	0.0%	5	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%
Managers in manufacturing and utilities	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%		0.0%	3	0.0%		0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%
Managers in financial and business services	3	0.0%	7	0.0%	4	0.0%	8	0.0%	8	0.1%	3	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Occupation	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Managers in engineering, architecture, science and information systems	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	9	0.1%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%
Managers in primary production (except agriculture)		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%
Managers in communications (except broadcasting)	8	0.1%	3	0.0%		0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%		0.0%	6	0.0%
Subtotal	200	1.3%	194	1.2%	213	1.3%	234	1.4%	182	1.2%	212	1.5%	209	1.6%	178	1.4%	196	1.5%	196	1.5%
Technical and Skilled Occupations in Art, Culture, Recreation and Sport																				
Athletes, coaches, referees and related occupations	73	0.5%	75	0.5%	66	0.4%	78	0.5%	65	0.4%	79	0.6%	96	0.7%	109	0.9%	87	0.7%	107	0.8%
Technical occupations in libraries, archives, museums & galleries	34	0.2%	33	0.2%	42	0.3%	31	0.2%	35	0.2%	34	0.2%	23	0.2%	20	0.2%	25	0.2%	29	0.2%
Photographers, graphic arts technicians & technical occupations in motion pictures, broadcasting & the performing arts	20	0.1%	15	0.1%	11	0.1%	14	0.1%	14	0.1%	7	0.0%	8	0.1%	15	0.1%	8	0.1%	9	0.1%
Creative designers and craftpersons	4	0.0%	5	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%
Announcers and other performers		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%	0	0.0%
Subtotal	131	0.8%	128	0.8%	120	0.7%	126	0.8%	117	0.8%	123	0.9%	130	1.0%	146	1.1%	121	0.9%	148	1.1%
Professional Occupations in Health																				
Nurse supervisors and registered nurses	147	0.9%	182	1.2%	133	0.8%	157	1.0%	147	1.0%	146	1.0%	90	0.7%	99	0.8%	68	0.5%	80	0.6%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Therapy and assessment professionals	19	0.1%	25	0.2%	14	0.1%	12	0.1%	12	0.1%	8	0.1%	10	0.1%	7	0.1%	7	0.1%	7	0.1%
Pharmacists, dietitians and nutritionists	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%
Physicians, dentists and veterinarians	3	0.0%	11	0.1%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%		0.0%	10	0.1%	5	0.0%	7	0.1%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%
Subtotal	171	1.1%	220	1.4%	154	0.9%	178	1.1%	160	1.1%	169	1.2%	110	0.8%	119	0.9%	84	0.7%	97	0.7%
Primary Production Labourers	94	0.6%	81	0.5%	73	0.4%	83	0.5%	64	0.4%	55	0.4%	69	0.5%	85	0.7%	83	0.6%	100	0.8%
Professional Occupations in Business and Finance																				
Human resources and business service professionals	38	0.2%	38	0.2%	35	0.2%	37	0.2%	36	0.2%	30	0.2%	32	0.2%	23	0.2%	38	0.3%	22	0.2%
Auditors, accountants and investment professionals	35	0.2%	50	0.3%	40	0.2%	41	0.3%	27	0.2%	38	0.3%	47	0.4%	33	0.3%	36	0.3%	27	0.2%
Subtotal	73	0.5%	88	0.6%	75	0.5%	78	0.5%	63	0.4%	68	0.5%	79	0.6%	56	0.4%	74	0.6%	49	0.4%
Professional Occupations in Natural and Applied Sciences																				
Mathematicians, systems analysts and computer programmers	53	0.3%	65	0.4%	56	0.3%	62	0.4%	52	0.4%	31	0.2%	55	0.4%	39	0.3%	38	0.3%	52	0.4%
Life science professionals	15	0.1%	6	0.0%	11	0.1%	17	0.1%	9	0.1%	16	0.1%	23	0.2%	9	0.1%	13	0.1%	4	0.0%
Civil, mechanical, electrical and chemical engineers	6	0.0%	18	0.1%	20	0.1%	16	0.1%	15	0.1%	11	0.1%	8	0.1%	13	0.1%	10	0.1%	11	0.1%
Other engineers	9	0.1%	12	0.1%	15	0.1%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%	9	0.1%	4	0.0%	13	0.1%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%
Architects, urban planners and land surveyors	7	0.0%	8	0.1%	9	0.1%	13	0.1%	5	0.0%	9	0.1%	8	0.1%	7	0.1%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%
Physical science professionals	2	0.0%	9	0.1%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%
Subtotal	92	0.6%	118	0.7%	117	0.7%	118	0.7%	86	0.6%	77	0.5%	101	0.8%	82	0.6%	73	0.6%	77	0.6%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	116	0.7%	76	0.5%	72	0.4%	56	0.3%	70	0.5%	51	0.4%	60	0.5%	67	0.5%	62	0.5%	59	0.5%
Processing and Manufacturing Machine Operators and Assemblers																				
Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber processing	33	0.2%	18	0.1%	17	0.1%	29	0.2%	29	0.2%	25	0.2%	29	0.2%	23	0.2%	23	0.2%	23	0.2%
Machining, metalworking, woodworking & related machine operators	13	0.1%	12	0.1%	8	0.0%	17	0.1%	12	0.1%	7	0.0%	16	0.1%	10	0.1%	5	0.0%	6	0.0%
Machine operators & related workers in food, beverage, & tobacco processing	2	0.0%	16	0.1%	5	0.0%	8	0.0%	9	0.1%	10	0.1%	15	0.1%	7	0.1%	5	0.0%	9	0.1%
Mechanical, electrical and electronics assemblers	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	8	0.1%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%
Printing machine operators and related occupations	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	7	0.0%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	7	0.1%
Other assembly and related occupations	5	0.0%	7	0.0%	14	0.1%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%		0.0%	6	0.0%
Machine operators & related workers in fabric, fur & leather	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	0	0.0%
Machine operators & related workers in textile processing	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	0	0.0%
Machine operators & related workers in metal & mineral products processing	1	0.0%	5	0.0%		0.0%	9	0.1%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	0	0.0%
Subtotal	65	0.4%	66	0.4%	49	0.3%	81	0.5%	68	0.5%	64	0.5%	69	0.5%	49	0.4%	38	0.3%	54	0.4%
Professional Occupations in Art and Culture																				
Writing, translating and public relations professionals	21	0.1%	19	0.1%	23	0.1%	23	0.1%	22	0.1%	13	0.1%	11	0.1%	4	0.0%	15	0.1%	17	0.1%
Librarians, archivists, conservators and curators	14	0.1%	15	0.1%	8	0.0%	9	0.1%	14	0.1%	7	0.0%	10	0.1%	11	0.1%	15	0.1%	12	0.1%
Creative and performing artists	4	0.0%	8	0.1%	14	0.1%	7	0.0%	9	0.1%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%	10	0.1%	6	0.0%	3	0.0%
Subtotal	39	0.2%	42	0.3%	45	0.3%	39	0.2%	45	0.3%	26	0.2%	25	0.2%	25	0.2%	36	0.3%	32	0.2%
Skilled Occupations in Primary Industry																				
Contractors, operators & supervisors in agriculture, horticulture & aquaculture	16	0.1%	11	0.1%	9	0.1%	14	0.1%	14	0.1%	21	0.1%	8	0.1%	12	0.1%	18	0.1%	16	0.1%
Supervisors, logging and forestry	1	0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%
Supervisors, mining, oil and gas		0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%
Fishing vessel masters and skippers and fishermen/women		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%
Logging machinery operators	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%
Underground miners, oil & gas drillers & related workers	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%
Subtotal	20	0.1%	14	0.1%	11	0.1%	14	0.1%	18	0.1%	22	0.2%	10	0.1%	14	0.1%	22	0.2%	20	0.2%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Senior Management Occupations	12	0.1%	16	0.1%	12	0.1%	20	0.1%	17	0.1%	24	0.2%	21	0.2%	20	0.2%	21	0.2%	23	0.2%
Intermediate Occupations in Primary Industry																				
Agriculture and horticulture workers	10	0.1%	15	0.1%	10	0.1%	8	0.0%	9	0.1%	7	0.0%	7	0.1%	6	0.0%	8	0.1%	6	0.0%
Logging and forestry workers	7	0.0%	11	0.1%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	8	0.1%	9	0.1%	20	0.2%	16	0.1%	5	0.0%	7	0.1%
Other fishing and trapping occupations		0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%
Mine service workers and operators in oil and gas drilling	2	0.0%	3	0.0%		0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	8	0.1%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%		0.0%	0	0.0%
Subtotal	19	0.1%	29	0.2%	15	0.1%	14	0.1%	20	0.1%	25	0.2%	33	0.2%	24	0.2%	15	0.1%	16	0.1%
Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities Supervisors and Skilled Operators																				
Supervisors, processing occupations	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%		0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%
Central control & process operators in manufacturing & processing	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%
Supervisors, assembly and fabrication	1	0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%
Subtotal	4	0.0%	6	0.0%	7	0.0%	7	0.0%	9	0.1%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%
Grand Total	15,850	100.0%	15,778	100.0%	16,339	100.0%	16,268	100.0%	14,739	100.0%	14,040	100.0%	13,301	100.0%	12,823	100.0%	12,922	100.0%	13,103	100.0%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Occupations by Age Groups

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

		Injury/Illness Year								
Schedule 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
15-19	Athletes, Coaches, Referees And Related Occupations	Athletes, Coaches, Referees And Related Occupations	Athletes, Coaches, Referees And Related Occupations	Athletes, Coaches, Referees And Related Occupations	Athletes, Coaches, Referees And Related Occupations	Athletes, Coaches, Referees And Related Occupations	Athletes, Coaches, Referees And Related Occupations	Athletes, Coaches, Referees And Related Occupations	Athletes, Coaches, Referees And Related Occupations	Athletes, coaches, referees and related occupations
20-24	Other Technical Occupations In Health Care (Except Dental)	Other Technical Occupations In Health Care (Except Dental)	Other Technical Occupations In Health Care (Except Dental); Other Transport Equipment Operators And Related Workers	Police Officers And Firefighters	Other Technical Occupations In Health Care (Except Dental)	Police Officers And Firefighters	Other Transport Equipment Operators And Related Workers	Athletes, Coaches, Referees And Related Occupations; Other Transport Equipment Operators And Related Workers	Athletes, Coaches, Referees And Related Occupations	Other technical occupations in health care (except dental)
25-29	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Other technical occupations in health care (except dental)
30-34	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters
35-39	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors
40-44	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters
45-49	Cleaners; Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Cleaners; Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Cleaners	Police Officers And Firefighters	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations
50-54	Cleaners	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Cleaners	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Secondary and Elementary School Teachers & Counsellors	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations
55-59	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations
60-64	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners
65+	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Cleaners	Cleaners	Childcare And Home Support Workers	Cleaners	Cleaners

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Occupations

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Mail and Message Distribution Occupations	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Secondary and Elementary School Teachers & Counsellors	Secondary and Elementary School Teachers & Counsellors

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Occupations by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Female	Secondary And Elementary School Teachers & Counsellors	Secondary And Elementary School Teachers & Counsellors	Secondary And Elementary School Teachers & Counsellors	Secondary And Elementary School Teachers & Counsellors	Secondary And Elementary School Teachers & Counsellors	Secondary And Elementary School Teachers & Counsellors	Secondary And Elementary School Teachers & Counsellors	Secondary And Elementary School Teachers & Counsellors	Secondary and Elementary School Teachers & Counsellors	Secondary and Elementary School Teachers & Counsellors
Male	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers and Firefighters	Police Officers and Firefighters

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Nature of Injury

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Diagnosis/description of nature of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Sprains and strains	8,721	55.0%	8,320	52.7%	9,067	55.5%	9,034	55.5%	8,213	55.7%	7,395	52.7%	6,975	52.4%	6,351	49.5%	6,066	46.9%	5,965	45.5%
Traumatic injuries, disorders, complications, unspecified, NEC	75	0.5%	90	0.6%	81	0.5%	140	0.9%	227	1.5%	291	2.1%	601	4.5%	905	7.1%	793	6.1%	1,030	7.9%
Bruises, contusions	1,948	12.3%	1,908	12.1%	1,961	12.0%	1,840	11.3%	1,490	10.1%	1,262	9.0%	1,279	9.6%	943	7.4%	928	7.2%	949	7.2%
Fractures	866	5.5%	832	5.3%	874	5.3%	924	5.7%	763	5.2%	760	5.4%	735	5.5%	763	6.0%	870	6.7%	878	6.7%
Concussion	142	0.9%	138	0.9%	153	0.9%	157	1.0%	158	1.1%	180	1.3%	229	1.7%	321	2.5%	420	3.3%	586	4.5%
Multiple traumatic injuries	615	3.9%	653	4.1%	695	4.3%	573	3.5%	529	3.6%	590	4.2%	512	3.8%	451	3.5%	558	4.3%	479	3.7%
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	603	3.8%	581	3.7%	557	3.4%	559	3.4%	491	3.3%	439	3.1%	424	3.2%	422	3.3%	404	3.1%	439	3.4%
Mental disorders or syndromes	255	1.6%	294	1.9%	283	1.7%	295	1.8%	301	2.0%	323	2.3%	370	2.8%	386	3.0%	399	3.1%	401	3.1%
Soreness, pain, hurt, except the back	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	14	0.1%	5	0.0%	7	0.0%	12	0.1%	102	0.8%	201	1.6%	442	3.4%	343	2.6%
Back pain, hurt back	7	0.0%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	6	0.0%	17	0.1%	77	0.6%	112	0.9%	181	1.4%	278	2.1%
Tendonitis	340	2.1%	361	2.3%	385	2.4%	326	2.0%	324	2.2%	320	2.3%	252	1.9%	262	2.0%	230	1.8%	246	1.9%
Abrasions, scratches and other superficial injuries	263	1.7%	228	1.4%	209	1.3%	230	1.4%	196	1.3%	168	1.2%	160	1.2%	202	1.6%	160	1.2%	183	1.4%
Poisonings, systemic	193	1.2%	251	1.6%	224	1.4%	186	1.1%	180	1.2%	185	1.3%	171	1.3%	172	1.3%	236	1.8%	180	1.4%
Infectious and parasitic diseases	111	0.7%	225	1.4%	162	1.0%	256	1.6%	232	1.6%	605	4.3%	104	0.8%	212	1.7%	204	1.6%	159	1.2%
Signs and symptoms including contacts/carriers of disease	89	0.6%	118	0.7%	109	0.7%	128	0.8%	114	0.8%	136	1.0%	112	0.8%	109	0.9%	112	0.9%	128	1.0%
Intracranial injuries excluding concussions	145	0.9%	172	1.1%	153	0.9%	143	0.9%	158	1.1%	106	0.8%	120	0.9%	76	0.6%	94	0.7%	116	0.9%
Dislocation	164	1.0%	182	1.2%	156	1.0%	153	0.9%	120	0.8%	97	0.7%	95	0.7%	65	0.5%	42	0.3%	81	0.6%
Epicondylitis	153	1.0%	138	0.9%	134	0.8%	131	0.8%	103	0.7%	116	0.8%	99	0.7%	84	0.7%	57	0.4%	67	0.5%

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Nature of Injury

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Diagnosis/description of nature of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Hernia	100	0.6%	94	0.6%	75	0.5%	76	0.5%	92	0.6%	65	0.5%	84	0.6%	70	0.5%	59	0.5%	59	0.5%
Intervertebral herniated, slipped disc including disc syndrome	139	0.9%	155	1.0%	165	1.0%	163	1.0%	143	1.0%	104	0.7%	87	0.7%	76	0.6%	66	0.5%	52	0.4%
Crushing injuries	41	0.3%	76	0.5%	73	0.4%	55	0.3%	59	0.4%	71	0.5%	58	0.4%	65	0.5%	51	0.4%	49	0.4%
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders, including dermatitis	58	0.4%	59	0.4%	57	0.3%	54	0.3%	46	0.3%	60	0.4%	55	0.4%	52	0.4%	60	0.5%	46	0.4%
Respiratory system diseases	110	0.7%	130	0.8%	99	0.6%	154	0.9%	138	0.9%	114	0.8%	49	0.4%	53	0.4%	37	0.3%	39	0.3%
Burn or scald (heat)	85	0.5%	66	0.4%	61	0.4%	78	0.5%	66	0.4%	59	0.4%	58	0.4%	50	0.4%	65	0.5%	35	0.3%
Bursitis	36	0.2%	37	0.2%	40	0.2%	47	0.3%	44	0.3%	41	0.3%	40	0.3%	42	0.3%	42	0.3%	34	0.3%
Carpal tunnel syndrome	130	0.8%	139	0.9%	118	0.7%	139	0.9%	115	0.8%	97	0.7%	62	0.5%	59	0.5%	49	0.4%	32	0.2%
Rotator cuff tear or syndrome	46	0.3%	68	0.4%	58	0.4%	47	0.3%	79	0.5%	56	0.4%	62	0.5%	52	0.4%	49	0.4%	31	0.2%
Tenosynovitis	41	0.3%	31	0.2%	39	0.2%	23	0.1%	37	0.3%	30	0.2%	21	0.2%	25	0.2%	21	0.2%	25	0.2%
Burns (chemicals)	27	0.2%	41	0.3%	26	0.2%	22	0.1%	25	0.2%	26	0.2%	33	0.2%	31	0.2%	23	0.2%	24	0.2%
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue, diseases and disorders unspecified, NEC	82	0.5%	119	0.8%	73	0.4%	99	0.6%	79	0.5%	58	0.4%	54	0.4%	34	0.3%	35	0.3%	23	0.2%
Sciatica	35	0.2%	20	0.1%	21	0.1%	21	0.1%	33	0.2%	28	0.2%	15	0.1%	17	0.1%	14	0.1%	20	0.2%
Amputations or enucleations	13	0.1%	6	0.0%	10	0.1%	18	0.1%	20	0.1%	17	0.1%	8	0.1%	11	0.1%	15	0.1%	17	0.1%
Disorders of the eye, adnexa, vision, unspecified, NEC	18	0.1%	22	0.1%	16	0.1%	20	0.1%	19	0.1%	13	0.1%	26	0.2%	13	0.1%	8	0.1%	16	0.1%
Disorders of ear including deafness	14	0.1%	20	0.1%	13	0.1%	17	0.1%	13	0.1%	18	0.1%	17	0.1%	16	0.1%	12	0.1%	13	0.1%

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Nature of Injury

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Diagnosis/description of nature of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Circulatory system diseases	7	0.0%	9	0.1%	10	0.1%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	7	0.1%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%	13	0.1%
Conjunctivitis	30	0.2%	33	0.2%	21	0.1%	15	0.1%	15	0.1%	17	0.1%	22	0.2%	26	0.2%	21	0.2%	11	0.1%
Heat and light effects including heat stroke, fatigue and syncope	36	0.2%	21	0.1%	19	0.1%	8	0.0%	14	0.1%	31	0.2%	24	0.2%	24	0.2%	23	0.2%	8	0.1%
Avulsion	21	0.1%	29	0.2%	20	0.1%	27	0.2%	10	0.1%	18	0.1%	22	0.2%	14	0.1%	14	0.1%	5	0.0%
Freezing effects including frostbite	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%
Electrocutions, electric shock	9	0.1%	8	0.1%	12	0.1%	5	0.0%	7	0.0%	8	0.1%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%
Nervous system and sense organs diseases	6	0.0%	8	0.1%	10	0.1%	14	0.1%	12	0.1%	8	0.1%	7	0.1%	7	0.1%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%
Burns (electrical)	6	0.0%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%	9	0.1%	1	0.0%	8	0.1%	2	0.0%	5	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%
Capsulitis	3	0.0%	6	0.0%	8	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%
Facet syndrome	17	0.1%	21	0.1%	8	0.0%	8	0.0%	6	0.0%	2	0.0%	9	0.1%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%
Welder's flash	3	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%
Neoplasms, tumors and cancer, excluding mesothelioma	1	0.0%	8	0.1%	7	0.0%	12	0.1%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%	8	0.1%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%
Digestive system diseases	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	5	0.0%	1	0.0%
Ganglion	7	0.0%	9	0.1%	10	0.1%	9	0.1%	4	0.0%	7	0.0%	5	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%
Synovitis	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%
Air pressure effects including other environmental conditions	6	0.0%	5	0.0%	7	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%
Mesothelioma	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%
Non-personal damage	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	7	0.0%	6	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	0	0.0%

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Nature of Injury

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Diagnosis/description of nature of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Diseases and disorders multiple, unspecified, NEC	0	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%
Myositis	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%
Burns multiple, unspecified, NEC	10	0.1%	7	0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	5	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%
Diseases of blood and blood-forming organs	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Genitourinary system diseases and disorders	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Back pain	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	13	0.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Unknown	3	0.0%	8	0.1%	0	0.0%	7	0.0%	9	0.1%	58	0.4%	23	0.2%	9	0.1%	17	0.1%	15	0.1%
Grand Total	15,850	100.0%	15,778	100.0%	16,339	100.0%	16,268	100.0%	14,739	100.0%	14,040	100.0%	13,301	100.0%	12,823	100.0%	12,922	100.0%	13,103	100.0%

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Nature of Injury by Age Groups

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Injury/Illness Year										
Schedule 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
15-19	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
20-24	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
25-29	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
30-34	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
35-39	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
40-44	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
45-49	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
50-54	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
55-59	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
60-64	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
65+	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Nature of Injury by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Injury/Illness Year										
Schedule 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Nature of Injury by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Injury/Illness Year										
Schedule 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Female	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Male	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Event

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Event	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Bodily reaction and exertion																				
Overexertion	3,386	21.4%	3,339	21.2%	3,553	21.7%	3,414	21.0%	3,029	20.6%	2,718	19.4%	2,368	17.8%	2,349	18.3%	2,147	16.6%	2,008	15.3%
Bodily reaction	2,592	16.4%	2,534	16.1%	2,824	17.3%	2,546	15.7%	2,498	16.9%	2,146	15.3%	2,005	15.1%	1,997	15.6%	2,072	16.0%	1,862	14.2%
Repetitive motion	641	4.0%	718	4.6%	698	4.3%	793	4.9%	652	4.4%	580	4.1%	530	4.0%	423	3.3%	313	2.4%	277	2.1%
Static posture and sustained viewing	9	0.1%	19	0.1%	10	0.1%	3	0.0%	10	0.1%	16	0.1%	19	0.1%	16	0.1%	19	0.1%	23	0.2%
Bodily reaction and exertion (combined), including unspecified, NEC	708	4.5%	816	5.2%	749	4.6%	703	4.3%	731	5.0%	711	5.1%	975	7.3%	843	6.6%	724	5.6%	889	6.8%
Subtotal	7,336	46.3%	7,426	47.1%	7,834	47.9%	7,459	45.9%	6,920	47.0%	6,171	44.0%	5,897	44.3%	5,628	43.9%	5,275	40.8%	5,059	38.6%
Falls																				
Fall on same level	2,767	17.5%	2,398	15.2%	2,655	16.2%	2,948	18.1%	2,409	16.3%	2,140	15.2%	2,316	17.4%	2,049	16.0%	2,449	19.0%	2,791	21.3%
Fall/jump to lower level	721	4.5%	677	4.3%	700	4.3%	686	4.2%	634	4.3%	540	3.8%	586	4.4%	520	4.1%	540	4.2%	556	4.2%
Falls, unspecified, NEC	21	0.1%	23	0.1%	18	0.1%	21	0.1%	29	0.2%	22	0.2%	41	0.3%	27	0.2%	32	0.2%	27	0.2%
Subtotal	3,509	22.1%	3,098	19.6%	3,373	20.6%	3,655	22.5%	3,072	20.8%	2,702	19.2%	2,943	22.1%	2,596	20.2%	3,021	23.4%	3,374	25.7%
Contact with objects and equipment																				
Struck by objects or equipment	1,249	7.9%	1,212	7.7%	1,308	8.0%	1,287	7.9%	1,151	7.8%	1,106	7.9%	1,035	7.8%	1,192	9.3%	1,088	8.4%	1,144	8.7%
Struck against objects or equipment	541	3.4%	549	3.5%	620	3.8%	586	3.6%	534	3.6%	517	3.7%	498	3.7%	507	4.0%	524	4.1%	506	3.9%
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects or collapsing material	282	1.8%	308	2.0%	275	1.7%	270	1.7%	229	1.6%	199	1.4%	195	1.5%	181	1.4%	182	1.4%	185	1.4%

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INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Event

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Event	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Rubbed or abraded by friction, pressure or jarred by vibration	136	0.9%	131	0.8%	79	0.5%	77	0.5%	76	0.5%	77	0.5%	74	0.6%	64	0.5%	58	0.4%	86	0.7%
Contact with objects and equipment, unspecified,	16	0.1%	18	0.1%	13	0.1%	17	0.1%	25	0.2%	22	0.2%	35	0.3%	36	0.3%	48	0.4%	42	0.3%
Subtotal	2,224	14.0%	2,218	14.1%	2,295	14.0%	2,237	13.8%	2,015	13.7%	1,921	13.7%	1,837	13.8%	1,980	15.4%	1,900	14.7%	1,963	15.0%
Assaults, violent acts, harassment and acts of war or terrorism	974	6.1%	1,051	6.7%	1,048	6.4%	1,053	6.5%	999	6.8%	1,109	7.9%	1,079	8.1%	1,040	8.1%	1,100	8.5%	1,161	8.9%
Exposure to harmful substances or environments																				
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic	544	3.4%	782	5.0%	644	3.9%	751	4.6%	699	4.7%	1,100	7.8%	496	3.7%	608	4.7%	645	5.0%	537	4.1%
Contact with temperature extremes	115	0.7%	89	0.6%	76	0.5%	82	0.5%	75	0.5%	94	0.7%	74	0.6%	85	0.7%	97	0.8%	53	0.4%
Exposure to noise	7	0.0%	7	0.0%	5	0.0%	7	0.0%	7	0.0%	11	0.1%	9	0.1%	9	0.1%	8	0.1%	10	0.1%
Contact with electric current	17	0.1%	11	0.1%	16	0.1%	9	0.1%	8	0.1%	15	0.1%	7	0.1%	11	0.1%	10	0.1%	8	0.1%
Exposure to radiation	6	0.0%	9	0.1%	9	0.1%	8	0.0%	9	0.1%	5	0.0%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	6	0.0%
Exposure to air pressure changes	11	0.1%	12	0.1%	13	0.1%	13	0.1%	7	0.0%	4	0.0%	7	0.1%	6	0.0%	8	0.1%	4	0.0%
Exposure to harmful substances or environments, unspecified, NEC	114	0.7%	103	0.7%	91	0.6%	118	0.7%	126	0.9%	133	0.9%	158	1.2%	194	1.5%	195	1.5%	210	1.6%
Subtotal	814	5.1%	1,013	6.4%	854	5.2%	988	6.1%	931	6.3%	1,362	9.7%	757	5.7%	917	7.2%	967	7.5%	828	6.3%
Transportation accidents																				

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Event

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Event	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Highway accidents	492	3.1%	507	3.2%	492	3.0%	457	2.8%	435	3.0%	423	3.0%	436	3.3%	441	3.4%	422	3.3%	456	3.5%
Non-highway accidents	238	1.5%	246	1.6%	223	1.4%	221	1.4%	216	1.5%	210	1.5%	199	1.5%	184	1.4%	190	1.5%	214	1.6%
Transportation accidents, unspecified, NEC	3	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	5	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%
Subtotal	733	4.6%	753	4.8%	717	4.4%	680	4.2%	656	4.5%	636	4.5%	640	4.8%	626	4.9%	614	4.8%	673	5.1%
Fires and explosions																				
Fire - unintended or uncontrolled	218	1.4%	180	1.1%	187	1.1%	158	1.0%	120	0.8%	99	0.7%	117	0.9%	7	0.1%	15	0.1%	14	0.1%
Explosion	7	0.0%	9	0.1%	9	0.1%	11	0.1%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	7	0.1%	6	0.0%	2	0.0%	9	0.1%
Fire or explosion, unspecified, NEC	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	0.0%
Subtotal	227	1.4%	189	1.2%	196	1.2%	170	1.0%	125	0.8%	104	0.7%	126	0.9%	13	0.1%	17	0.1%	25	0.2%
Other events or exposures unknown / unidentified	33	0.2%	30	0.2%	22	0.1%	26	0.2%	21	0.1%	35	0.2%	22	0.2%	23	0.2%	28	0.2%	20	0.2%
Total	15,850	100.0%	15,778	100.0%	16,339	100.0%	16,268	100.0%	14,739	100.0%	14,040	100.0%	13,301	100.0%	12,823	100.0%	12,922	100.0%	13,103	100.0%

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Event by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
15-19	Struck by objects or equipment	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Fall on same level	Fall on same level; Bodily reaction	Bodily reaction	Struck by objects or equipment; Bodily reaction	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment
20-24	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment
25-29	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
30-34	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
35-39	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Bodily reaction	Bodily reaction
40-44	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Bodily reaction	Fall on same level
45-49	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Fall on same level	Fall on same level
50-54	Fall on same level	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Fall on same level	Overexertion	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level
55-59	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level
60-64	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level
65+	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Event by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Fall on same level	Fall on same level

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Event by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Female	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level
Male	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Source

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2	Injury/IllnessYear																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Source of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Persons (bodily motion or condition)	5,082	32.1%	5,191	32.9%	5,417	33.2%	5,284	32.5%	4,889	33.2%	4,580	32.6%	4,381	32.9%	4,308	33.6%	4,265	33.0%	4,111	31.4%
Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	3,781	23.9%	3,390	21.5%	3,612	22.1%	3,833	23.6%	3,310	22.5%	2,957	21.1%	3,161	23.8%	2,772	21.6%	3,177	24.6%	3,554	27.1%
Other tools, instruments, equipment																				
Recreational/Athletic Equipment	180	1.1%	153	1.0%	189	1.2%	171	1.1%	176	1.2%	191	1.4%	204	1.5%	237	1.8%	228	1.8%	293	2.2%
Hand tools, non-powered	330	2.1%	294	1.9%	331	2.0%	316	1.9%	278	1.9%	242	1.7%	255	1.9%	228	1.8%	260	2.0%	236	1.8%
Hand tools, powered	74	0.5%	75	0.5%	59	0.4%	63	0.4%	61	0.4%	52	0.4%	56	0.4%	43	0.3%	46	0.4%	53	0.4%
Hand tools, power not determined	17	0.1%	18	0.1%	14	0.1%	9	0.1%	18	0.1%	9	0.1%	9	0.1%	17	0.1%	12	0.1%	34	0.3%
Medical and surgical instruments	29	0.2%	27	0.2%	40	0.2%	33	0.2%	26	0.2%	24	0.2%	31	0.2%	25	0.2%	27	0.2%	33	0.3%
Ladders	32	0.2%	30	0.2%	33	0.2%	29	0.2%	26	0.2%	29	0.2%	18	0.1%	31	0.2%	25	0.2%	19	0.1%
Protective equipment, except clothing	11	0.1%	9	0.1%	14	0.1%	15	0.1%	8	0.1%	8	0.1%	8	0.1%	13	0.1%	14	0.1%	15	0.1%
Photographic equipment	7	0.0%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	7	0.1%	11	0.1%	4	0.0%
Other tools, instruments, equipment, unspecified, NEC	480	3.0%	491	3.1%	514	3.1%	484	3.0%	461	3.1%	453	3.2%	423	3.2%	498	3.9%	419	3.2%	500	3.8%
Subtotal	1,160	7.3%	1,103	7.0%	1,199	7.3%	1,122	6.9%	1,058	7.2%	1,013	7.2%	1,007	7.6%	1,099	8.6%	1,042	8.1%	1,187	9.1%
Vehicles																				
Highway vehicle	863	5.4%	887	5.6%	862	5.3%	826	5.1%	740	5.0%	696	5.0%	727	5.5%	751	5.9%	727	5.6%	813	6.2%
Plant and industrial vehicles, tractors	255	1.6%	279	1.8%	307	1.9%	284	1.7%	267	1.8%	201	1.4%	201	1.5%	171	1.3%	157	1.2%	204	1.6%
Air, water, rail vehicles	149	0.9%	158	1.0%	177	1.1%	170	1.0%	158	1.1%	157	1.1%	173	1.3%	158	1.2%	136	1.1%	143	1.1%
Vehicles, unspecified, NEC	22	0.1%	25	0.2%	39	0.2%	35	0.2%	28	0.2%	36	0.3%	27	0.2%	20	0.2%	16	0.1%	27	0.2%
Subtotal	1,289	8.1%	1,349	8.5%	1,385	8.5%	1,315	8.1%	1,193	8.1%	1,090	7.8%	1,128	8.5%	1,100	8.6%	1,036	8.0%	1,187	9.1%

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INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Source

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2	Injury/IllnessYear																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Source of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	1,687	10.6%	1,681	10.7%	1,779	10.9%	1,646	10.1%	1,499	10.2%	1,340	9.5%	1,232	9.3%	1,154	9.0%	1,007	7.8%	870	6.6%
Furniture and fixtures	532	3.4%	542	3.4%	562	3.4%	508	3.1%	493	3.3%	457	3.3%	449	3.4%	472	3.7%	461	3.6%	456	3.5%
Parts and materials																				
Building materials	137	0.9%	185	1.2%	173	1.1%	173	1.1%	153	1.0%	142	1.0%	152	1.1%	157	1.2%	132	1.0%	132	1.0%
Vehicle and mobile equipment parts	104	0.7%	94	0.6%	90	0.6%	91	0.6%	103	0.7%	111	0.8%	76	0.6%	75	0.6%	65	0.5%	52	0.4%
Machine tool and electric parts	65	0.4%	61	0.4%	71	0.4%	51	0.3%	57	0.4%	54	0.4%	68	0.5%	50	0.4%	50	0.4%	39	0.3%
Fasteners, connectors, ropes, ties	58	0.4%	53	0.3%	52	0.3%	48	0.3%	65	0.4%	48	0.3%	45	0.3%	46	0.4%	38	0.3%	37	0.3%
Tars, sealants, caulking, insulating materials	9	0.1%	18	0.1%	13	0.1%	8	0.0%	9	0.1%	11	0.1%	2	0.0%	8	0.1%	7	0.1%	8	0.1%
Metal materials	20	0.1%	21	0.1%	14	0.1%	30	0.2%	17	0.1%	23	0.2%	14	0.1%	7	0.1%	10	0.1%	7	0.1%
Hoisting accessories	6	0.0%	11	0.1%	11	0.1%	16	0.1%	8	0.1%	15	0.1%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	6	0.0%	2	0.0%
Tarps and sheeting (non-metal)	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Parts and materials unspecified, NEC	33	0.2%	41	0.3%	36	0.2%	59	0.4%	48	0.3%	62	0.4%	44	0.3%	48	0.4%	45	0.3%	22	0.2%
Subtotal	433	2.7%	488	3.1%	464	2.8%	479	2.9%	464	3.1%	467	3.3%	408	3.1%	395	3.1%	353	2.7%	299	2.3%
Machinery																				
Miscellaneous machinery (including audio, video, televisions, telephones, snowblowers)	90	0.6%	77	0.5%	86	0.5%	95	0.6%	63	0.4%	71	0.5%	69	0.5%	48	0.4%	62	0.5%	74	0.6%
Heating, cooling and cleaning machinery	87	0.5%	72	0.5%	66	0.4%	49	0.3%	58	0.4%	56	0.4%	76	0.6%	76	0.6%	55	0.4%	70	0.5%
Agricultural, construction, logging and mining	44	0.3%	47	0.3%	35	0.2%	42	0.3%	44	0.3%	42	0.3%	35	0.3%	25	0.2%	27	0.2%	34	0.3%

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INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Source

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2	Injury/IllnessYear																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Source of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Cranes, derricks, elevators, jacks and overhead hoists (excludes hoisting accessories)	26	0.2%	33	0.2%	29	0.2%	31	0.2%	30	0.2%	20	0.1%	21	0.2%	30	0.2%	18	0.1%	30	0.2%
Office and business machines	63	0.4%	51	0.3%	48	0.3%	36	0.2%	43	0.3%	31	0.2%	20	0.2%	28	0.2%	15	0.1%	27	0.2%
Special process machinery (including food slicers, paper, printing, wrapping, sewing, pumps)	38	0.2%	38	0.2%	36	0.2%	29	0.2%	27	0.2%	33	0.2%	26	0.2%	29	0.2%	19	0.1%	23	0.2%
Metal woodworking and plastic, rubber concrete and other processing	20	0.1%	22	0.1%	19	0.1%	27	0.2%	16	0.1%	20	0.1%	10	0.1%	13	0.1%	12	0.1%	12	0.1%
Conveyors	16	0.1%	13	0.1%	13	0.1%	13	0.1%	8	0.1%	11	0.1%	8	0.1%	9	0.1%	10	0.1%	11	0.1%
Machinery, unspecified, NEC	11	0.1%	11	0.1%	8	0.0%	9	0.1%	6	0.0%	14	0.1%	11	0.1%	8	0.1%	10	0.1%	7	0.1%
Subtotal	395	2.5%	364	2.3%	340	2.1%	331	2.0%	295	2.0%	298	2.1%	276	2.1%	266	2.1%	228	1.8%	288	2.2%
Infectious and parasitic agents	205	1.3%	313	2.0%	266	1.6%	373	2.3%	363	2.5%	728	5.2%	170	1.3%	269	2.1%	276	2.1%	236	1.8%
Chemicals and chemical products	195	1.2%	269	1.7%	231	1.4%	220	1.4%	183	1.2%	219	1.6%	213	1.6%	178	1.4%	193	1.5%	179	1.4%
Scrap, waste, debris	143	0.9%	149	0.9%	125	0.8%	150	0.9%	131	0.9%	110	0.8%	102	0.8%	120	0.9%	112	0.9%	100	0.8%
Plants, trees, vegetation	86	0.5%	92	0.6%	84	0.5%	73	0.4%	61	0.4%	77	0.5%	76	0.6%	94	0.7%	91	0.7%	82	0.6%
Animals and animal products	98	0.6%	125	0.8%	104	0.6%	108	0.7%	83	0.6%	79	0.6%	77	0.6%	84	0.7%	95	0.7%	71	0.5%
Apparel and textiles	38	0.2%	47	0.3%	70	0.4%	32	0.2%	43	0.3%	40	0.3%	48	0.4%	45	0.4%	50	0.4%	70	0.5%
Paper, books and magazines	73	0.5%	48	0.3%	86	0.5%	76	0.5%	71	0.5%	52	0.4%	63	0.5%	46	0.4%	59	0.5%	61	0.5%
Fire, flame and smoke	53	0.3%	53	0.3%	52	0.3%	70	0.4%	32	0.2%	36	0.3%	50	0.4%	25	0.2%	42	0.3%	45	0.3%
Steam, vapour, liquids, NEC	48	0.3%	22	0.1%	24	0.1%	38	0.2%	34	0.2%	39	0.3%	27	0.2%	31	0.2%	37	0.3%	25	0.2%

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INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Source

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2	Injury/IllnessYear																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
Source of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Atmospheric and environmental conditions (including weather)	53	0.3%	15	0.1%	52	0.3%	71	0.4%	41	0.3%	24	0.2%	27	0.2%	22	0.2%	28	0.2%	24	0.2%
Minerals, metallic and non-metallic	17	0.1%	30	0.2%	40	0.2%	34	0.2%	40	0.3%	27	0.2%	26	0.2%	21	0.2%	23	0.2%	22	0.2%
Food products	31	0.2%	44	0.3%	27	0.2%	40	0.2%	40	0.3%	37	0.3%	36	0.3%	38	0.3%	44	0.3%	20	0.2%
Temperature extremes (heat, cold) environmental	38	0.2%	23	0.1%	20	0.1%	9	0.1%	9	0.1%	27	0.2%	22	0.2%	14	0.1%	23	0.2%	12	0.1%
Noise	6	0.0%	8	0.1%	6	0.0%	7	0.0%	7	0.0%	12	0.1%	9	0.1%	7	0.1%	8	0.1%	12	0.1%
Air pressure	6	0.0%	12	0.1%	14	0.1%	12	0.1%	7	0.0%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%	8	0.1%	9	0.1%	4	0.0%
Other sources, unclassified, NEC	332	2.1%	337	2.1%	306	1.9%	356	2.2%	321	2.2%	242	1.7%	235	1.8%	176	1.4%	199	1.5%	137	1.0%
Unknown	69	0.4%	83	0.5%	74	0.5%	81	0.5%	72	0.5%	85	0.6%	73	0.5%	79	0.6%	64	0.5%	51	0.4%
Total	15,850	100.0%	15,778	100.0%	16,339	100.0%	16,268	100.0%	14,739	100.0%	14,040	100.0%	13,301	100.0%	12,823	100.0%	12,922	100.0%	13,103	100.0%

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Source by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
15-19	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
20-24	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
25-29	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
30-34	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
35-39	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
40-44	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
45-49	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
50-54	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Source by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
55-59	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
60-64	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
65+	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Source by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Source by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Female	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Male	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Part of Body

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Part of Body affected																				
Back (including spine, spinal cord, neck)																				
Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	3,254	20.5%	3,274	20.8%	3,407	20.9%	3,317	20.4%	2,975	20.2%	2,553	18.2%	2,476	18.6%	2,356	18.4%	2,168	16.8%	2,199	16.8%
Upper back (cervical, thoracic regions)	883	5.6%	848	5.4%	866	5.3%	846	5.2%	703	4.8%	631	4.5%	614	4.6%	504	3.9%	537	4.2%	566	4.3%
Multiple back regions	404	2.5%	369	2.3%	356	2.2%	324	2.0%	298	2.0%	335	2.4%	294	2.2%	250	1.9%	276	2.1%	303	2.3%
Back, unspecified, NEC	174	1.1%	157	1.0%	143	0.9%	152	0.9%	123	0.8%	62	0.4%	66	0.5%	96	0.7%	85	0.7%	35	0.3%
Subtotal	4,715	29.7%	4,648	29.5%	4,772	29.2%	4,639	28.5%	4,099	27.8%	3,581	25.5%	3,450	25.9%	3,206	25.0%	3,066	23.7%	3,103	23.7%
Lower extremities																				
Leg(s)	1,635	10.3%	1,620	10.3%	1,752	10.7%	1,685	10.4%	1,649	11.2%	1,436	10.2%	1,361	10.2%	1,401	10.9%	1,384	10.7%	1,399	10.7%
Ankle(s)	1,122	7.1%	976	6.2%	1,081	6.6%	1,114	6.8%	988	6.7%	934	6.7%	880	6.6%	847	6.6%	904	7.0%	850	6.5%
Foot (feet), except toe(s)	403	2.5%	373	2.4%	372	2.3%	388	2.4%	348	2.4%	352	2.5%	341	2.6%	318	2.5%	296	2.3%	320	2.4%
Multiple lower extremities locations	128	0.8%	134	0.8%	159	1.0%	144	0.9%	138	0.9%	127	0.9%	125	0.9%	111	0.9%	140	1.1%	138	1.1%
Toe(s), toenail(s)	73	0.5%	90	0.6%	113	0.7%	100	0.6%	72	0.5%	85	0.6%	66	0.5%	73	0.6%	83	0.6%	69	0.5%
Lower extremities, unspecified, NEC	5	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	7	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	11	0.1%	4	0.0%	9	0.1%
Subtotal	3,366	21.2%	3,195	20.2%	3,478	21.3%	3,435	21.1%	3,202	21.7%	2,939	20.9%	2,776	20.9%	2,761	21.5%	2,811	21.8%	2,785	21.3%
Upper extremities																				
Arm(s)	674	4.3%	634	4.0%	646	4.0%	622	3.8%	570	3.9%	536	3.8%	541	4.1%	547	4.3%	514	4.0%	515	3.9%
Finger(s), fingernail(s)	651	4.1%	656	4.2%	612	3.7%	609	3.7%	556	3.8%	501	3.6%	510	3.8%	496	3.9%	458	3.5%	475	3.6%
Wrist(s)	606	3.8%	592	3.8%	590	3.6%	570	3.5%	534	3.6%	447	3.2%	458	3.4%	428	3.3%	417	3.2%	427	3.3%
Hand(s), except finger(s)	392	2.5%	409	2.6%	340	2.1%	395	2.4%	319	2.2%	316	2.3%	282	2.1%	269	2.1%	275	2.1%	237	1.8%
Upper extremities, unspecified, NEC	133	0.8%	193	1.2%	202	1.2%	172	1.1%	168	1.1%	157	1.1%	175	1.3%	182	1.4%	169	1.3%	162	1.2%
Subtotal	2,456	15.5%	2,484	15.7%	2,390	14.6%	2,368	14.6%	2,147	14.6%	1,957	13.9%	1,966	14.8%	1,922	15.0%	1,833	14.2%	1,816	13.9%

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Part of Body

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Trunk (excluding back)																				
Shoulder	1,040	6.6%	1,000	6.3%	1,092	6.7%	1,173	7.2%	1,005	6.8%	948	6.8%	872	6.6%	831	6.5%	754	5.8%	835	6.4%
Multiple trunk locations	295	1.9%	309	2.0%	352	2.2%	365	2.2%	327	2.2%	313	2.2%	255	1.9%	216	1.7%	288	2.2%	259	2.0%
Chest, including ribs, internal organs	331	2.1%	320	2.0%	336	2.1%	296	1.8%	272	1.8%	235	1.7%	214	1.6%	205	1.6%	253	2.0%	248	1.9%
Pelvic region	314	2.0%	297	1.9%	300	1.8%	291	1.8%	278	1.9%	217	1.5%	251	1.9%	240	1.9%	211	1.6%	228	1.7%
Abdomen	146	0.9%	274	1.7%	212	1.3%	312	1.9%	297	2.0%	659	4.7%	170	1.3%	271	2.1%	257	2.0%	212	1.6%
Trunk, unspecified, NEC	7	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%
Subtotal	2,133	13.5%	2,202	14.0%	2,294	14.0%	2,441	15.0%	2,181	14.8%	2,375	16.9%	1,763	13.3%	1,763	13.7%	1,764	13.7%	1,782	13.6%
Multiple body parts	1,590	10.0%	1,611	10.2%	1,802	11.0%	1,760	10.8%	1,577	10.7%	1,569	11.2%	1,735	13.0%	1,507	11.8%	1,589	12.3%	1,624	12.4%
Head																				
Cranial region, including skull	415	2.6%	430	2.7%	425	2.6%	443	2.7%	443	3.0%	378	2.7%	479	3.6%	525	4.1%	692	5.4%	896	6.8%
Eye(s)	314	2.0%	300	1.9%	266	1.6%	251	1.5%	224	1.5%	220	1.6%	223	1.7%	245	1.9%	229	1.8%	206	1.6%
Face	203	1.3%	173	1.1%	190	1.2%	202	1.2%	174	1.2%	183	1.3%	160	1.2%	175	1.4%	196	1.5%	177	1.4%
Ear(s)	28	0.2%	27	0.2%	25	0.2%	23	0.1%	22	0.1%	22	0.2%	24	0.2%	25	0.2%	17	0.1%	25	0.2%
Multiple head locations	10	0.1%	5	0.0%	20	0.1%	12	0.1%	12	0.1%	9	0.1%	15	0.1%	18	0.1%	17	0.1%	20	0.2%
Head, unspecified, NEC	28	0.2%	21	0.1%	22	0.1%	25	0.2%	38	0.3%	48	0.3%	22	0.2%	23	0.2%	0	0.0%	7	0.1%
Subtotal	998	6.3%	956	6.1%	948	5.8%	956	5.9%	913	6.2%	860	6.1%	923	6.9%	1,011	7.9%	1,151	8.9%	1,331	10.2%
Body systems	563	3.6%	655	4.2%	616	3.8%	649	4.0%	607	4.1%	679	4.8%	667	5.0%	636	5.0%	671	5.2%	646	4.9%
Other body parts including unclassified, NEC	29	0.2%	27	0.2%	39	0.2%	20	0.1%	13	0.1%	80	0.6%	21	0.2%	17	0.1%	37	0.3%	16	0.1%
Total	15,850	100.0%	15,778	100.0%	16,339	100.0%	16,268	100.0%	14,739	100.0%	14,040	100.0%	13,301	100.0%	12,823	100.0%	12,922	100.0%	13,103	100.0%

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INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Part of Body by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Injury/Illness Year										
Schedule 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
15-19	Leg(s)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Leg(s)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Leg(s)	Ankle(s)	Ankle(s)	Ankle(s)	Cranial region, including skull	Cranial region, including skull
20-24	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
25-29	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
30-34	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
35-39	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
40-44	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
45-49	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)

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INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Part of Body by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

		Injury/Illness Year								
Schedule 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
50-54	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
55-59	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Multiple body parts	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
60-64	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions); Multiple body parts	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Multiple body parts	Multiple body parts
65+	Leg(s)	Leg(s); Multiple body parts	Leg(s)	Multiple body parts	Multiple body parts	Leg(s); Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Multiple body parts	Multiple body parts	Multiple body parts	Multiple body parts

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Part of Body by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Injury/Illness Year										
Schedule 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)

Schedule 2 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Part of Body by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Injury/Illness Year										
Schedule 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Female	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Multiple body parts	Multiple body parts	Multiple body parts	Multiple body parts
Male	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)

FATALITIES – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each year of death

Schedule 2	Year of Death										
Age Group	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Total
15-19	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
20-24	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2
25-29	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	5
30-34	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	1	0	6
35-39	0	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	5
40-44	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	2	1	0	6
45-49	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	6
50-54	0	1	1	2	3	0	2	1	0	0	10
55-59	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3
60-64	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
65+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	2	3	7	4	6	6	5	6	5	1	45

Schedule 2 - Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each year of death

	Year of Death										
Schedule 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Total
	2	3	7	4	6	6	5	6	5	1	45
Total	2	3	7	4	6	6	5	6	5	1	45

Schedule 2- Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each year of death

Schedule 2	Year of Death										
Gender	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Total
Female	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	3	0	7
Male	1	3	6	4	6	6	4	5	2	1	38
Total	2	3	7	4	6	6	5	6	5	1	45

FATALITIES – SCHEDULE 2

Schedule 2 - Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each entitlement year

Schedule 2	Entitlement Year										
Age Group	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Total
15-19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20-24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25-29	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
30-34	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
35-39	0	2	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	8
40-44	1	4	3	1	1	2	2	2	1	0	17
45-49	4	4	4	3	1	5	0	1	1	1	24
50-54	3	3	5	8	4	4	5	2	1	2	37
55-59	2	5	9	4	2	2	1	3	5	1	34
60-64	8	5	9	5	4	10	5	3	2	9	60
65+	11	10	19	15	19	28	24	20	13	27	186
Total	30	34	51	36	32	51	38	32	23	42	369

Schedule 2- Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each entitlement year

	Entitlement Year										
Schedule 2	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Total
	30	34	51	36	32	51	38	32	23	42	369
Total	30	34	51	36	32	51	38	32	23	42	369

Schedule 2 - Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each entitlement year

Schedule 2	Entitlement Year										
Gender	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Total
Female	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	2	2	1	9
Male	30	32	51	35	32	50	37	30	21	41	359
Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Total	30	34	51	36	32	51	38	32	23	42	369

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