

BY THE NUMBERS: 2015 WSIB STATISTICAL REPORT



Schedule 1

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INTRODUCTION

By the Numbers: 2015 WSIB Statistical Report

Being the leading compensation board means striving for and delivering excellence for injured workers and employers. Transforming the way the WSIB communicates information to maximize value for Ontarians is a meaningful step toward this goal. By the Numbers: WSIB Statistical Report provides a wealth of useful information for both the wider prevention system and individual workplaces. The contents of this annual report provide more insight into what is happening in Ontario workplaces. It is intended to be a valuable resource for workers and employers as they continue the important work of making their workplaces safer and healthier. By the Numbers helps fulfill our ongoing commitment to open and transparent data.

Starting with the 2015 report, we are including a page in the Fatalities chapter dedicated to Day of Mourning fatality statistics. We are also including a comparative analysis of lost-time injury (LTI) rates for each Canadian province, which affirms Ontario's place as one of the jurisdictions with the lowest LTI rate in Canada. In keeping with past years, we have increased the data available in our online downloadable tables as well.

Beyond necessary updates and content addition, we are developing innovative ways to add value for consumers of the By the Numbers report and WSIB stakeholders. This year, we are introducing a Report Builder on the By the Numbers website. This innovative feature lets you choose the information you need to build your own report, making it easy to customize our information to meet your needs and interests. In keeping with an overall shift toward more open and transparent data, we plan to expand and adapt this feature, making the Report Builder into a core part of the By the Numbers experience.

Who We Are and What We Do

We are legislated by the Provincial Government of Ontario and are responsible for administering the *Workplace Safety and Insurance Act, 1997 (WSIA)*. We are completely funded by employer premiums, and to a lesser degree, by income earned on our investments. The province does not provide us with any funding. We are a trust agency that is governed by an independent Board of Directors made up of representatives from employers, workers and others.

The WSIB administers the province's no-fault workplace insurance system for Ontario workplaces. We provide return to work, medical coverage, and wage loss benefits for workers injured on the job or contracting occupational diseases while working for Schedule 1 and 2 employers.

Schedules 1 and 2

Employers who are registered with the WSIB, are covered under either Schedule 1 or Schedule 2 of the Workplace Safety and Insurance Act, 1997 (WSIA). By the Numbers presents 10 years of statistics on Schedule 1 and 2 separately.

Schedule 1 employers are:

- those for whom the WSIB is liable to pay benefit compensation for workers' claims.
- required by legislation to pay premiums to the WSIB and protected by a system of collective liability
- relieved of individual responsibility for actual claim costs, since the WSIB pays benefits to injured workers out of money pooled in the insurance fund.

Schedule 2 employers are:

- employers who self-insure the provisions of benefits under the WSIA.
- liable to pay all benefit compensation and administration costs for workers' claims. The WSIB administers the payment of benefits for workers of Schedule 2 employers and recovers the cost of these benefits plus administration fees from the employers.

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DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

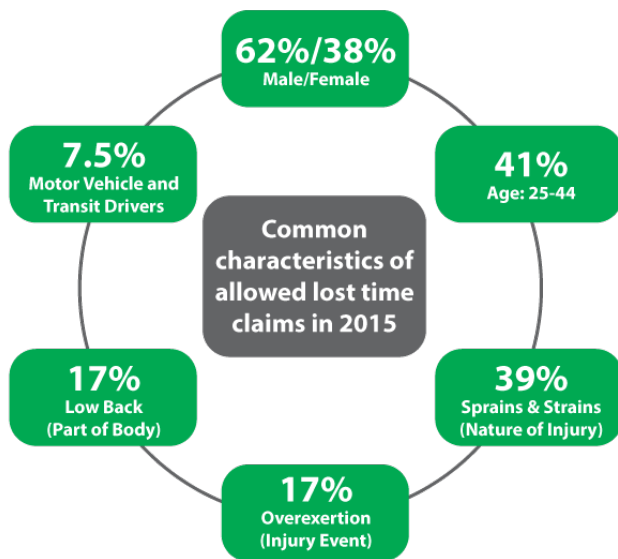
The WSIB is one of the most comprehensive workers' compensation benefit systems in North America. Under Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 combined, we cover 16 industries and employers that are self-insured within the province of Ontario. In 2015, we served almost 5.3 million workers and more than 300,000 employers, registered almost 230,000 claims, and issued \$2,582 million in benefit payments. The WSIB is committed to ensuring a sustainable insurance system for employers and workers, and to improving outcomes for injured workers.

Summary of Performance for Schedule 1

The WSIB's integrated recovery and return to work (RTW) approach continues to result in positive outcomes both for workers and for employers. Over the past 10 years, the workforce covered by WSIB has grown by 9%, while the number of registered claims has decreased by 34%. Registered claim volumes decreased by nearly 2% (approximately 3,400 claims) from 2014 to 2015 compared with the 0.6% increase (approximately 1,100 claims) seen between 2013 and 2014. The 2015 lost time injury rate was 0.85, and continues to be the lowest amongst all jurisdictions in Canada. These sustained trends seem to demonstrate that the workplaces of Ontario are becoming safer work environments.

Workplaces, Workers and Claims

Since 2006, five sectors (Services, Health Care, Manufacturing, Transportation and Construction) have accounted for over 80% of both WSIB covered employment and allowed lost time claims. Also since 2006, these industry sectors (except Manufacturing) have experienced an increase in covered employment. Of these, all five sectors experienced a decrease in the number of allowed lost time claims between 2014 and 2015.



Continued focus on High Impact Claims

High impact claims are a subset of allowed lost time claims identified by WSIB that have significant impacts on workers and employers in recovery and return to work time. These claims involve injuries related to the low back, shoulders and fractures; typically, costs are higher and recovery times are longer for high impact claims. Over the past five years, high impact claims continue to represent, on average, more than 40% of all lost time benefit payments, and almost 34% of all lost time claims. The WSIB recognizes that access to timely, quality

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DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

health care is an important factor in supporting return to work and recovery for injured workers and employers. We therefore continue to enhance the network of specialized assessment and treatment services across the province for low back and shoulder injuries.

These improvements in health care approaches have enhanced our overall case management of high impact claims. In addition, high impact claims as a percentage of both Schedule 1 total benefit payments and claims have been declining over the past five years. The average days lost for all high impact claims within three and six months post injury or illness continue to remain higher than all other lost time claims combined.

Another Solid Year for Recovery and Return to Work Outcomes

The average number of days lost within one and three months post injury or illness has fallen steadily in recent years. Relatively, more workers are returning to work and recovering faster, as is evident from the decrease in the percentage of claims receiving Loss of Earnings (LOE) benefits at three and six months.

Benefit payments have continued a decreasing trend since 2011. Changes to the Service Delivery Model, specialized and timely health care for injured workers, and positive improvements to the Return to Work Program have resulted in an 18% decrease in Schedule 1 total benefit payments from \$2,850M in 2011 to \$2,332M in 2015. At the same time, after adjusting for inflation, the amount of LOE paid to an injured worker for a single day off work has remained relatively stable.

Short and long-term durations have improved or remained stable compared with those of the previous year. The percentage of lost time claims receiving LOE benefits at three months of an injury or illness decreased slightly to 11.1% in 2015 from 11.2% in 2014; the percentage of lost time claims receiving LOE benefits at six months of an injury or illness decreased to 5.9% in 2015 from 6.4% in 2014.

Contributing to improved durations is the WSIB's ongoing emphasis on an integrated approach to recovery and return to work, including specialized medical assessment and treatment services. The WSIB's Work Transition ("WT") program also continues to result in positive outcomes. Approximately 79% of injured and ill workers returned to work upon completion of their WT plan in 2015.

In 2015, WSIB's Return to Work staff made more than 21,000 visits to Schedule 1 & 2 employers to build case specific plans on behalf of workers and employers early in the claim. This is approximately 16% fewer visits than in 2014. This reduction is in part a result of fewer lost time injury claims and an enhanced focus on return to work in case management. In addition, improved return to work outcomes by Return to Work Specialists has meant fewer cases have required a referral to Work Transition Services. In 2015, approximately 91% of Schedule 1 and 2 injured workers were off full LOE benefits within a month of a Return to Work Specialists visit, a 4% increase since 2014. In addition, we have more than 200 professionally designated Work Transition Specialists who provide additional return to work support in circumstances where the worker requires a longer plan. Our vision is to return injured and ill workers back to productive and safe employment. For employers, our approach ensures minimal disruption to their workforce as they continue to have an experienced and productive employee stay within their company. The WSIB is proud of the improvements we've achieved in improved RTW and recovery outcomes.

Looking Ahead

The WSIB continues to make investments in service quality and timeliness. We have an ongoing commitment to improving our systems and making a more sustainable and transparent compensation board that provides effective and efficient service to workers and employers.

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2015 HIGHLIGHTS

WORKPLACES



16

DIVERSE INDUSTRIES



308K

EMPLOYERS COVERED



192K

CLAIMS REGISTERED

WORKERS



FEMALES

REPRESENT 48% OF THE
WORKFORCE & 38% OF
LOST TIME CLAIMS



4.6M

WORKERS COVERED

CLAIMS

7.6

AVERAGE DAYS LOST
WITHIN ONE MONTH POST
INJURY DATE



0.85

LOST TIME INJURY RATE

HIGH IMPACT CLAIMS:

33%

OF ALL ALLOWED
LOST TIME CLAIMS



41%

OF ALL LOST TIME
BENEFIT PAYMENTS

INJURY

ALLOWED LOST
TIME CLAIMS

NATURE

39%
SPRAINS &
STRAINS

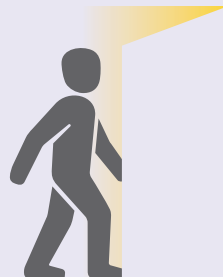
EVENT

17%
OVEREXERTION

PART OF
BODY

17%
LOW BACK

RETURN TO WORK*



RETURN TO WORK STAFF
MADE MORE THAN
21,000
WORKPLACE VISITS

91%
OF INJURED WORKERS WERE
OFF FULL LOE BENEFITS
ONE MONTH
AFTER RETURN TO WORK STAFF
MEMBER'S INVOLVEMENT

*Represents Schedule 1 and 2 combined.

BENEFIT PAYMENTS

\$2,332M
TOTAL BENEFIT
PAYMENTS

25%

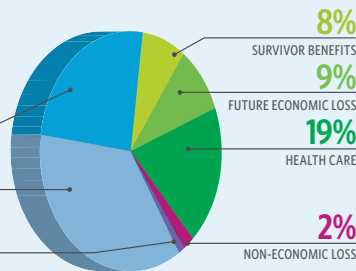
WORKERS' PENSION

36%

LOSS OF EARNINGS

1%

EXTERNAL PROVIDERS



FOCUS

DON'T MISS
THE FOCUS CHAPTER
HIGHLIGHTING
**OCCUPATIONAL
DISEASE**



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WORKPLACES – EMPLOYERS

Overview

Over the past 10 years the number of employers and covered workforce has increased. The WSIB covers approximately 65% of Ontario's Schedule 1 workforce. Despite the steady rise in covered employment, the number of registered claims continues to decline.

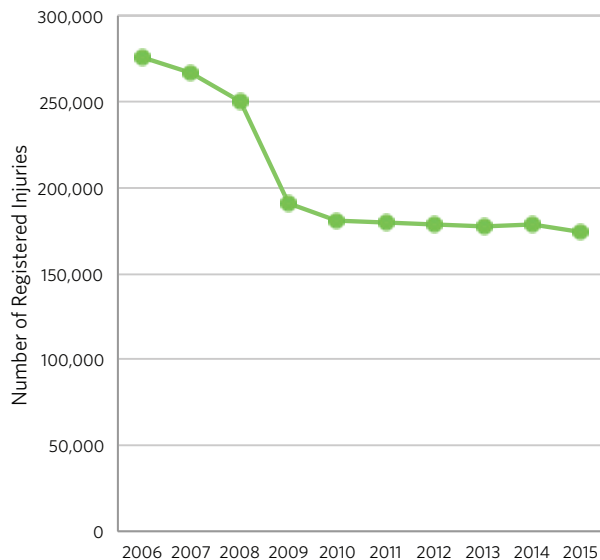
Illness claims, unlike injuries, have continued to increase over the last 10 years including the number of claims resulting from occupational Noise Induced Hearing Loss (NIHL).

Comparing 2015 with 2014, the number of employers, WSIB covered employment and the percentage of workforce increased, while registered claims decreased by 2%, their lowest percentage over the past decade.

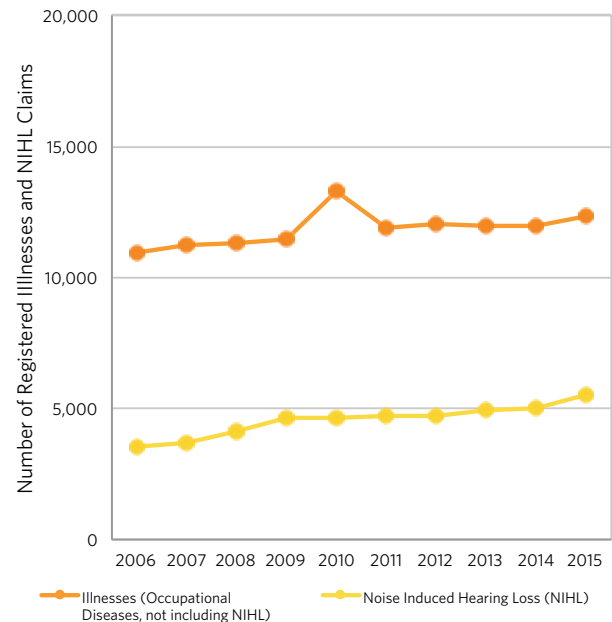
WSIB Covered Employment and Registered Claims

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Number of Employers	235,115	238,500	245,912	249,162	250,536	251,827	255,474	287,195	299,339	307,959
WSIB Covered Employment	4,180,817	4,156,585	4,108,618	3,932,241	4,009,201	4,128,939	4,239,440	4,361,029	4,431,674	4,556,888
% Workforce Covered	64.8%	63.3%	61.6%	60.5%	60.7%	61.3%	62.5%	63.4%	64.4%	65.8%
Registered Claims	290,390	281,676	265,890	207,296	198,617	196,449	195,128	194,393	195,495	192,077

**Injury Claims
by Registration year**
Schedule 1



**Illness and NIHL Claims
by Registration Year**
Schedule 1



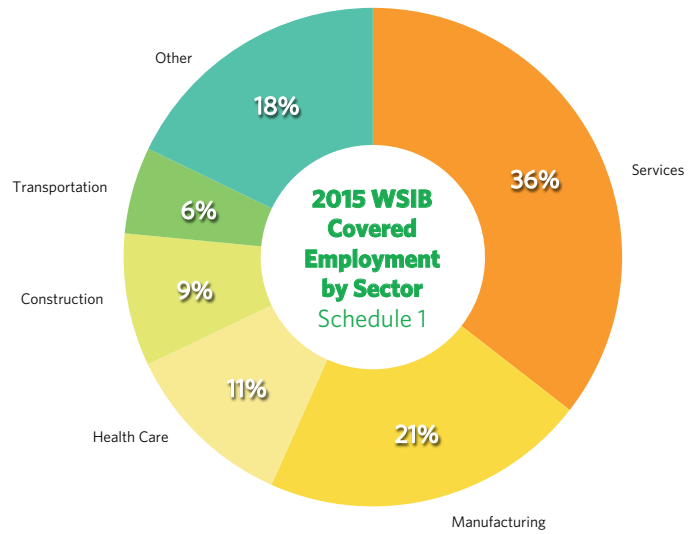
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WORKPLACES – INDUSTRIES

WSIB Covered Employment by Industry Sector

The distribution of workers among the industry sectors has remained fairly consistent over the past 10 years. Since 2006, five sectors (Services, Manufacturing, Health Care, Construction, and Transportation) accounted for over 80% of WSIB covered employment. The significant increases in employment in the Construction, Health Care, and Services industry sectors resulted in an overall 9% increase in the number of Schedule 1 workers over the last 10 years.

Comparing 2015 with 2014, the majority of industry sectors experienced an increase in covered employment with the exceptions of the Mining, Pulp and Paper, Electrical and Automotive sectors. Agriculture was the industry sector with the largest proportional increase of 7%.



WSIB Covered Employment by Industry Sector

Industry Sector	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment	WSIB Covered Employment	% of Covered Employment
Agriculture	46,916	1.1%	47,107	1.1%	49,014	1.2%	48,694	1.2%	50,270	1.3%	50,781	1.2%	52,524	1.2%	55,424	1.3%	57,437	1.3%	61,461	1.3%
Automotive	193,827	4.6%	179,488	4.3%	150,750	3.7%	108,884	2.8%	120,690	3.0%	131,634	3.2%	137,393	3.2%	145,799	3.3%	151,644	3.4%	150,946	3.3%
Chemicals/Process	126,851	3.0%	120,207	2.9%	116,028	2.8%	102,341	2.6%	103,799	2.6%	99,996	2.4%	104,224	2.5%	103,044	2.4%	99,435	2.2%	105,377	2.3%
Construction	255,917	6.1%	268,645	6.5%	282,717	6.9%	261,648	6.7%	280,028	7.0%	291,505	7.1%	306,990	7.2%	366,062	8.4%	382,560	8.6%	392,277	8.6%
Education	130,833	3.1%	134,442	3.2%	133,563	3.3%	138,371	3.5%	139,496	3.5%	152,617	3.7%	149,429	3.5%	149,394	3.4%	145,416	3.3%	150,682	3.3%
Electrical	73,202	1.8%	79,326	1.9%	81,753	2.0%	84,123	2.1%	88,686	2.2%	90,259	2.2%	92,119	2.2%	91,310	2.1%	91,197	2.1%	88,967	2.0%
Food	129,799	3.1%	127,584	3.1%	124,622	3.0%	121,550	3.1%	123,964	3.1%	125,625	3.0%	128,632	3.0%	128,714	3.0%	129,609	2.9%	131,901	2.9%
Forestry	17,179	0.4%	15,104	0.4%	12,006	0.3%	9,028	0.2%	9,250	0.2%	8,506	0.2%	7,981	0.2%	9,542	0.2%	9,455	0.2%	9,663	0.2%
Health Care	414,741	9.9%	426,275	10.3%	440,622	10.7%	453,431	11.5%	452,564	11.3%	461,761	11.2%	479,970	11.3%	481,801	11.0%	491,367	11.1%	512,636	11.2%
Manufacturing	1,019,718	24.4%	967,007	23.3%	931,898	22.7%	862,232	21.9%	874,529	21.8%	915,893	22.2%	918,009	21.7%	931,591	21.4%	933,228	21.1%	963,978	21.2%
Mining	22,994	0.5%	25,467	0.6%	27,581	0.7%	23,373	0.6%	25,594	0.6%	29,021	0.7%	29,934	0.7%	29,350	0.7%	28,748	0.6%	28,728	0.6%
Municipal	32,768	0.8%	33,946	0.8%	34,283	0.8%	37,363	1.0%	37,641	0.9%	37,973	0.9%	39,385	0.9%	39,314	0.9%	39,335	0.9%	39,999	0.9%
Primary Metals	42,753	1.0%	38,496	0.9%	36,345	0.9%	28,852	0.7%	29,543	0.7%	29,889	0.7%	30,256	0.7%	30,583	0.7%	30,474	0.7%	30,938	0.7%
Pulp & Paper	23,472	0.6%	20,979	0.5%	19,733	0.5%	16,272	0.4%	16,057	0.4%	15,424	0.4%	15,048	0.4%	15,606	0.4%	15,143	0.3%	14,563	0.3%
Services	1,427,693	34.1%	1,444,492	34.8%	1,434,854	34.9%	1,410,671	35.9%	1,430,059	35.7%	1,452,079	35.2%	1,505,172	35.5%	1,532,755	35.1%	1,572,750	35.5%	1,618,188	35.5%
Transportation	222,156	5.3%	228,022	5.5%	232,849	5.7%	225,410	5.7%	227,031	5.7%	235,975	5.7%	242,374	5.7%	250,740	5.7%	253,877	5.7%	256,586	5.6%
TOTAL	4,180,817	100.0%	4,156,585	100.0%	4,108,618	100.0%	3,932,241	100.0%	4,009,201	100.0%	4,128,939	100.0%	4,239,440	100.0%	4,361,029	100.0%	4,431,674	100.0%	4,556,888	100.0%

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CLAIMS

Overview

The lost time injury rate (LTI) takes into account the number of allowed lost time claims and the number of workers employed in order to represent the number of lost time claims per 100 workers.

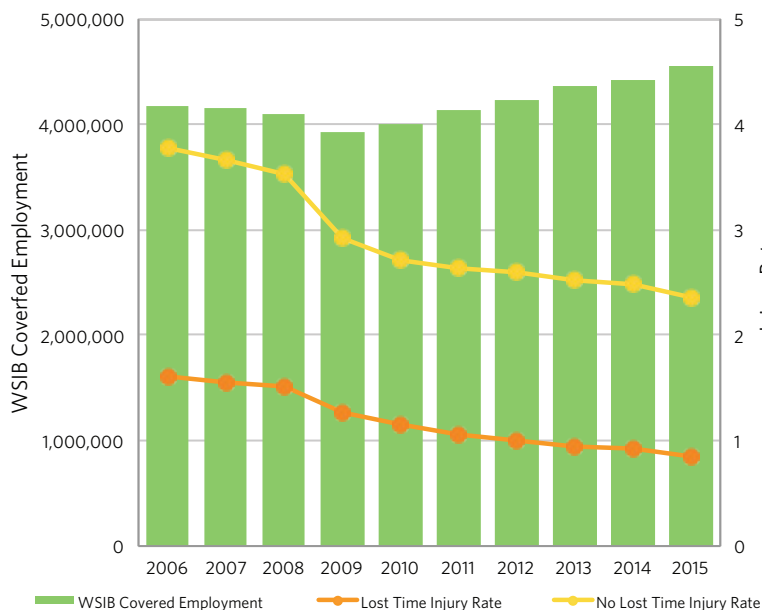
Since 2006, the number of workers covered by WSIB has increased by approximately 9% while the lost time and no lost time injury rates have also declined by approximately 47% and 37% respectively.

This year, covered employment at the WSIB increased by just 3% compared with 2014. Similarly, Statistics Canada's Labour Force Survey (LFS) on employment in Ontario showed a marginal 1% increase in employment over the same period. Despite the growing trend in covered workforce, allowed lost time claims continued to decline and for the first time since 2010, the number of allowed no lost time claims decreased by 2%.

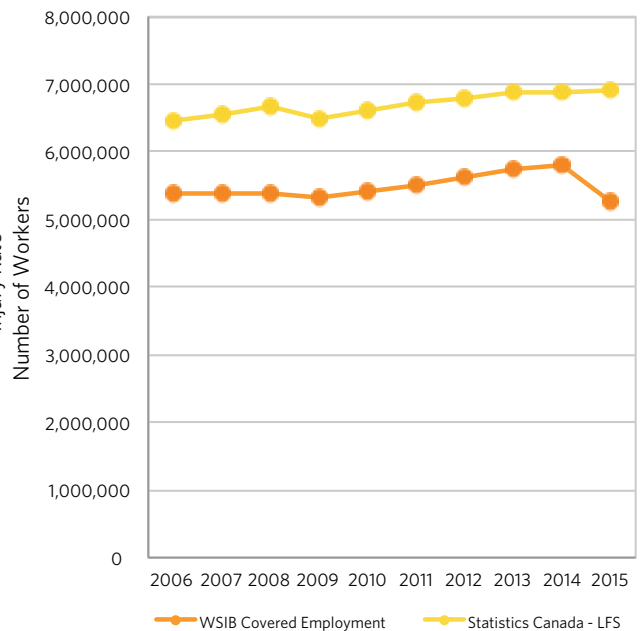
Allowed Claims and Injury Rates by Injury/Illness Year

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Allowed Lost Time Claims	67,406	64,531	61,992	50,104	46,160	43,371	42,702	41,508	40,585	38,953
Allowed No Lost Time Claims	157,487	152,418	144,489	115,340	108,660	108,954	109,648	110,120	110,196	107,504
WSIB Covered Employment	4,180,817	4,156,585	4,108,618	3,932,241	4,009,201	4,128,939	4,239,440	4,361,029	4,431,674	4,556,888
Lost Time Injury Rate	1.61	1.55	1.51	1.27	1.15	1.05	1.01	0.95	0.92	0.85
No Lost Time Injury Rate	3.77	3.67	3.52	2.93	2.71	2.64	2.59	2.53	2.49	2.36

WSIB Covered Employment and Injury Rates
Schedule 1



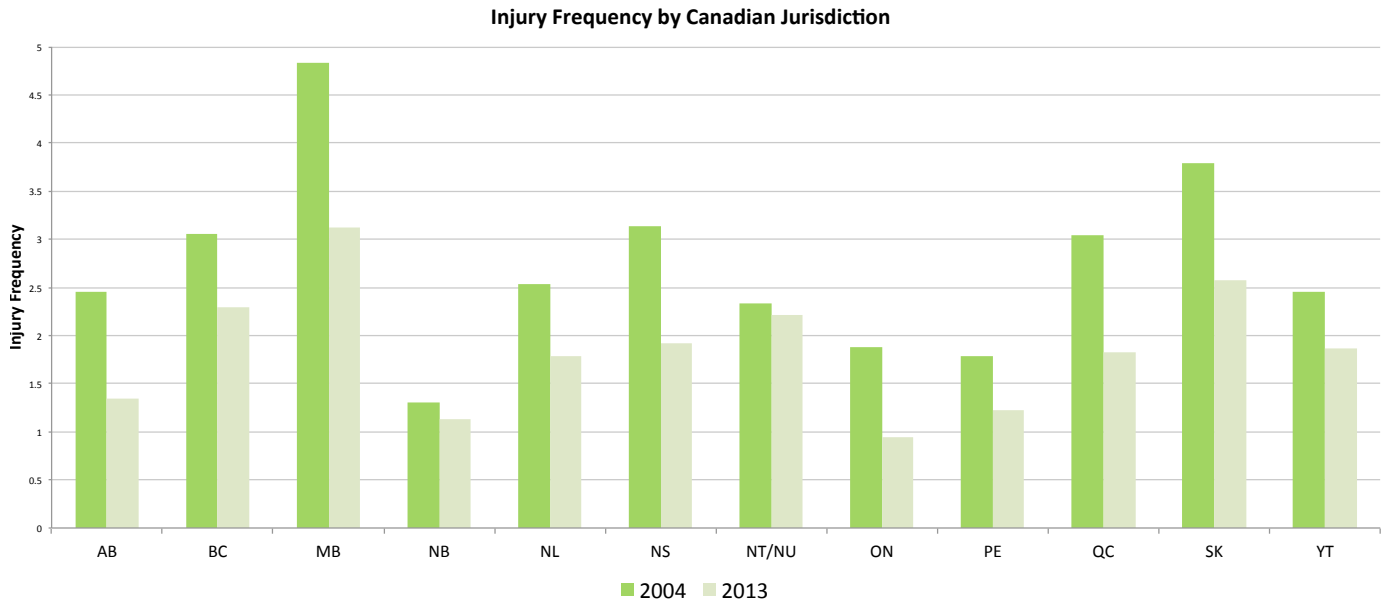
Employment Trends
Schedule 1 & 2



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Jurisdictional Comparisons

WSIB and its partner Workplace Compensation boards (WCBs) across Canada have been successful in reducing the Injury Frequency or Lost Time Injury Rates. Over the past 10 years injury rates have dropped signifying each jurisdiction is working to improve overall health and safety in the workplace.



Reporting Year	AB	BC	MB	NB	NL	NS	NT/NU	ON	PE	QC	SK	YT
2004	2.46	3.06	4.83	1.3	2.54	3.13	2.33	1.88	1.79	3.04	3.79	2.46
2013	1.34	2.3	3.12	1.13	1.78	1.92	2.21	0.95	1.22	1.82	2.57	1.87

Data source: Detailed Key Statistical Measures Report http://awcbc.org/?page_id=9759 on the AWCBC website pulled May 13, 2016.

Data notations: Differences in population, industry mixes, coverage and legislation/policy may affect comparability between jurisdictions. These measures use standard definitions as compiled by AWCBC that may differ from WCB reports.

WSIB uses the term LTI Rate which is equivalent to Injury frequency statistic that is reported by WSIB to AWCBC annually.

For all footnotes and definitions associated with these statistics above please visit the Detailed Key Statistical Measures Report http://awcbc.org/?page_id=9759 on the AWCBC website.

Data presented in the graph reflect the latest complete year due to the lag in reporting for all Canadian jurisdictions.

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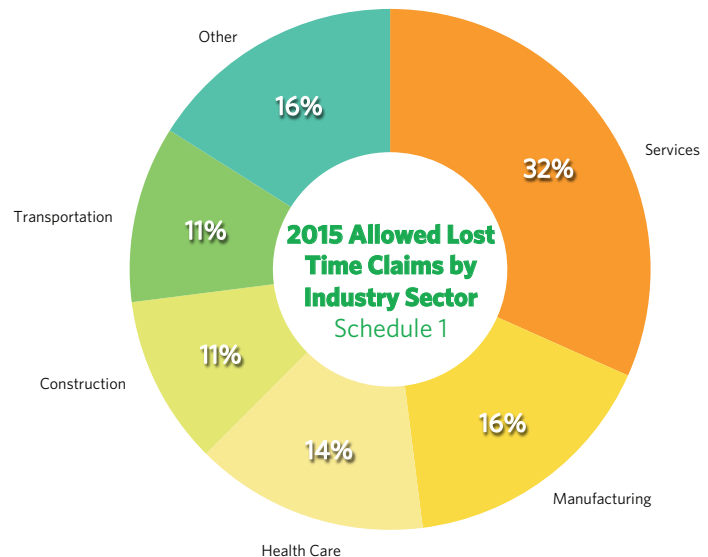
CLAIMS – INDUSTRY SECTOR CLAIMS AND LTI RATE

Allowed Lost Time Claims by Industry Sector

The distribution of lost time claims among the industry sectors has remained fairly consistent over the past 10 years. Over the same period, all sectors experienced significant decreases in the number of allowed lost time claims with the largest decreases occurring in the Services and Manufacturing sectors.

Services, Manufacturing, Health Care, Construction and Transportation sectors account for almost 84% of all Schedule 1 lost time claims in 2015. All of these industry sectors had a decrease in allowed lost time claims compared with 2014. Transportation and Manufacturing had the largest declines in allowed lost time claims of 11% and 9% respectively.

In 2015, the number of allowed lost time claims increased marginally, over that of the previous year for three industry sectors: Food, Electrical and Forestry. Of these, the Forestry sector showed the largest increase of 12% or 30 claims.



Industry Sector Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury/Illness Year

	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
Industry Sector	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Agriculture	1,225	1.8%	1,208	1.9%	1,206	1.9%	1,158	2.3%	1,150	2.5%	965	2.2%	1,078	2.5%	1,185	2.9%	1,198	3.00%	1,157	3.0%
Automotive	4,994	7.4%	4,231	6.6%	3,399	5.5%	1,933	3.9%	2,116	4.6%	1,961	4.5%	1,897	4.4%	1,666	4.0%	1,607	4.00%	1,425	3.7%
Chem/Process	1,470	2.2%	1,365	2.1%	1,195	1.9%	928	1.9%	881	1.9%	819	1.9%	725	1.7%	691	1.7%	683	1.70%	632	1.6%
Construction	5,473	8.1%	5,295	8.2%	5,705	9.2%	4,506	9.0%	4,269	9.2%	4,195	9.7%	4,212	9.9%	4,424	10.7%	4,331	10.70%	4,271	11.0%
Education	697	1.0%	662	1.0%	692	1.1%	653	1.3%	609	1.3%	597	1.4%	581	1.4%	560	1.3%	653	1.60%	517	1.3%
Electrical	477	0.7%	469	0.7%	473	0.8%	444	0.9%	386	0.8%	381	0.9%	321	0.8%	330	0.8%	315	0.80%	331	0.8%
Food	2,412	3.6%	2,332	3.6%	1,945	3.1%	1,585	3.2%	1,433	3.1%	1,192	2.7%	1,195	2.8%	1,106	2.7%	1,001	2.50%	1,023	2.6%
Forestry	459	0.7%	416	0.6%	278	0.4%	162	0.3%	190	0.4%	158	0.4%	132	0.3%	147	0.4%	135	0.30%	165	0.4%
Health Care	8,441	12.5%	8,461	13.1%	8,787	14.2%	8,184	16.3%	8,008	17.3%	6,762	15.6%	7,209	16.9%	6,584	15.9%	6,483	16.00%	6,357	16.3%
Manufacturing	12,540	18.6%	11,196	17.3%	10,404	16.8%	7,723	15.4%	6,786	14.7%	6,726	15.5%	6,442	15.1%	6,209	15.0%	6,018	14.80%	5,645	14.5%
Mining	289	0.4%	331	0.5%	313	0.5%	224	0.4%	250	0.5%	325	0.7%	261	0.6%	231	0.6%	184	0.50%	181	0.5%
Municipal	675	1.0%	648	1.0%	651	1.1%	682	1.4%	624	1.4%	611	1.4%	588	1.4%	598	1.4%	595	1.50%	577	1.5%
Primary Metals	723	1.1%	643	1.0%	460	0.7%	329	0.7%	321	0.7%	301	0.7%	258	0.6%	211	0.5%	217	0.50%	161	0.4%
Pulp & Paper	302	0.4%	237	0.4%	204	0.3%	171	0.3%	102	0.2%	126	0.3%	90	0.2%	83	0.2%	81	0.20%	83	0.2%
Services	20,680	30.7%	20,176	31.3%	19,361	31.2%	15,763	31.5%	14,067	30.5%	13,417	30.9%	13,024	30.5%	12,886	31.0%	12,428	30.60%	12,339	31.7%
Transportation	6,549	9.7%	6,861	10.6%	6,919	11.2%	5,659	11.3%	4,968	10.8%	4,835	11.1%	4,689	11.0%	4,597	11.1%	4,656	11.50%	4,091	10.5%
TOTAL	67,406	100.0%	64,531	100.0%	61,992	100.0%	50,104	100.0%	46,160	100.0%	43,371	100.0%	42,702	100.0%	41,508	100.0%	40,585	100.0%	38,953	100.0%

Please see www.wsibstatistics.ca – Industry profile for additional information on rate groups.

For a jurisdictional breakdown of Accepted Lost Time Claims by the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) please go to National Work Injury Statistics Program (NWISP) | AWCBC

Data in By the Numbers: 2015 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

CLAIMS – INDUSTRY SECTOR CLAIMS AND LTI RATE

Lost Time Injury Rates by Industry Sector

The lost time injury (LTI) rate takes into account the number of lost time claims and the number of workers employed in order to represent the number of lost time claims per 100 workers. Over the last decade, all 16 industry sectors experienced LTI rate reductions.

The 2015 Schedule 1 LTI rate was 0.85, a 7% reduction from that of 2014. Over the same period, only four of the 16 industry sectors experienced a slight LTI rate increase. The largest increase in LTI rate occurred in the Forestry sector while the largest decrease occurred in the Transportation sector.

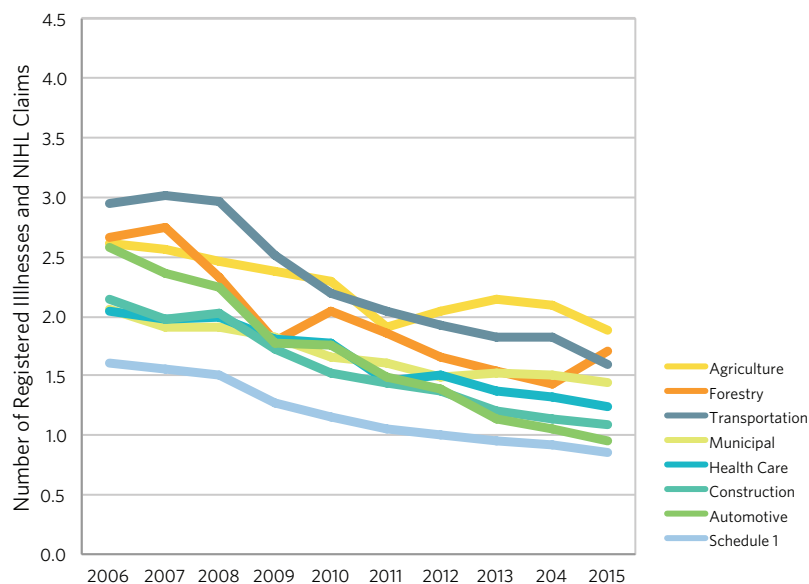
Of the 16 industry sectors, seven had a 2015 LTI rate above Schedule 1 and nine were below, with the Agriculture sector having the highest lost time injury rate and the Education sector having the lowest.

**Industry Sectors with Lost Time Injury Rates* Above Schedule 1
by Injury/Illness Year**

Industry Sector	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Agriculture	2.61	2.56	2.46	2.38	2.29	1.90	2.05	2.14	2.09	1.88
Automotive	2.58	2.36	2.25	1.78	1.75	1.49	1.38	1.14	1.06	0.94
Construction	2.14	1.97	2.02	1.72	1.52	1.44	1.37	1.21	1.13	1.09
Forestry	2.67	2.75	2.32	1.79	2.05	1.86	1.65	1.54	1.43	1.71
Health Care	2.04	1.98	1.99	1.80	1.77	1.46	1.50	1.37	1.32	1.24
Municipal	2.06	1.91	1.90	1.83	1.66	1.61	1.49	1.52	1.51	1.44
Transportation	2.95	3.01	2.97	2.51	2.19	2.05	1.93	1.83	1.83	1.59
Schedule 1	1.61	1.55	1.51	1.27	1.15	1.05	1.01	0.95	0.92	0.85

Please see www.wsibstatistics.ca – Claims for additional information on rate groups.

**Industry Sectors with Lost Time
Injury Rates* Above Schedule 1
by Injury/Illness Year**



*Based on 2015 Lost Time Injury Rates

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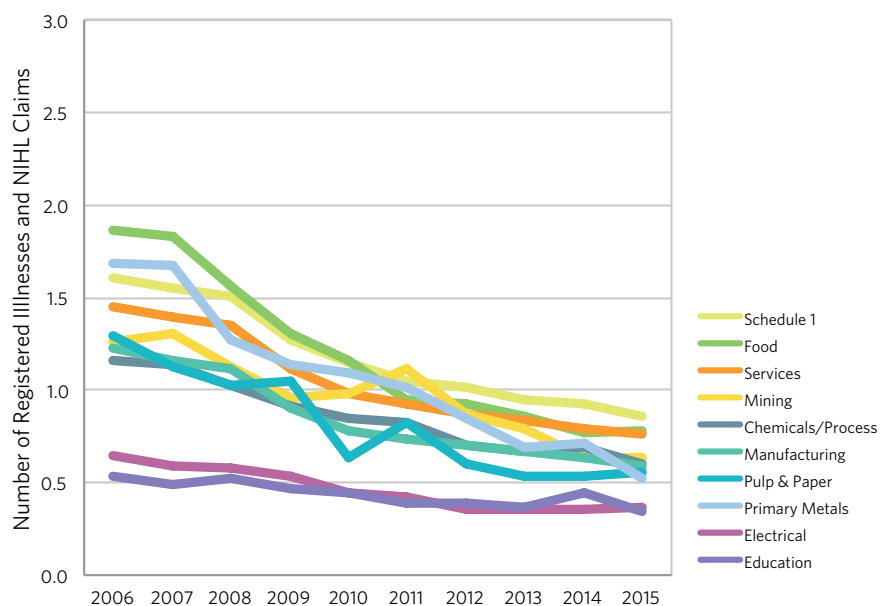
CLAIMS – INDUSTRY SECTOR CLAIMS AND LTI RATE

Industry Sectors with Lost Time Injury Rates* Below Schedule 1 by Injury/Illness Year

Industry Sector	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Chemicals/Process	1.16	1.14	1.03	0.91	0.85	0.82	0.7	0.67	0.69	0.60
Education	0.53	0.49	0.52	0.47	0.44	0.39	0.39	0.37	0.45	0.34
Electrical	0.65	0.59	0.58	0.53	0.44	0.42	0.35	0.36	0.35	0.37
Food	1.86	1.83	1.56	1.3	1.16	0.95	0.93	0.86	0.77	0.78
Manufacturing	1.23	1.16	1.12	0.9	0.78	0.73	0.7	0.67	0.64	0.59
Mining	1.26	1.3	1.13	0.96	0.98	1.12	0.87	0.79	0.64	0.63
Primary Metals	1.69	1.67	1.27	1.14	1.09	1.01	0.85	0.69	0.71	0.52
Pulp & Paper	1.29	1.13	1.03	1.05	0.64	0.82	0.6	0.53	0.53	0.56
Services	1.45	1.4	1.35	1.12	0.98	0.92	0.87	0.84	0.79	0.76
Schedule 1	1.61	1.55	1.51	1.27	1.15	1.05	1.01	0.95	0.92	0.85

Please see www.wsibstatistics.ca – Claims for additional information on rate groups.

Industry Sectors with Lost Time Injury Rates* Below Schedule 1 by Injury/Illness Year



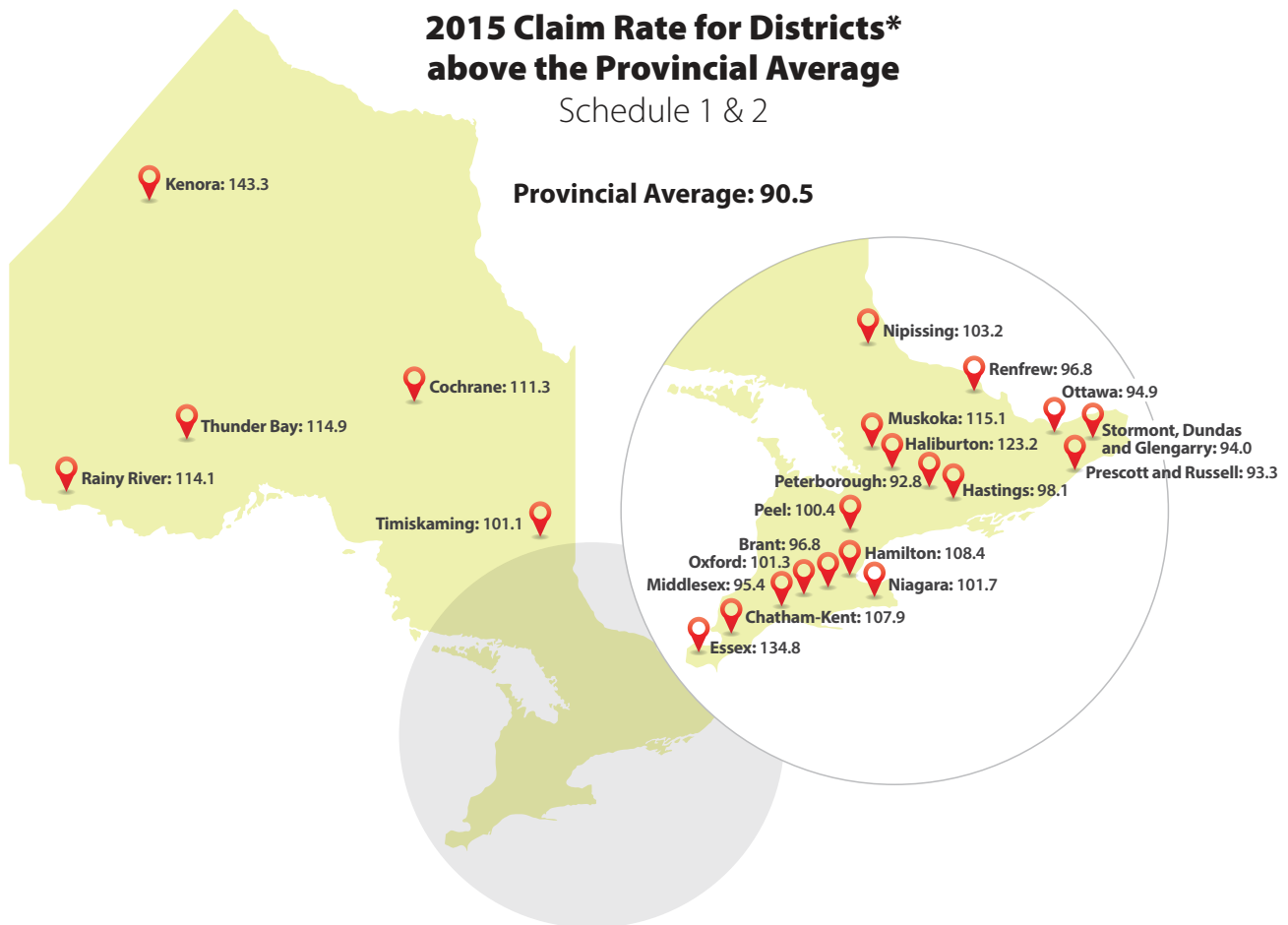
*Based on 2015 Lost Time Injury Rates

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CLAIMS – LOCATION

2015 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Location

The map below highlights the number of 2015 Schedule 1 and 2 allowed lost time claims per 10,000 employed workers by accident location. The number of employed workers used in this calculation is sourced from the Statistics Canada 2011 National Household Survey. WSIB accident location has been mapped to Statistics Canada 2011 Census Districts for the province of Ontario. The 2015 Provincial Average for Ontario is 90.5 allowed lost time claims per 10,000 employed workers.



See Appendix for additional data on the claim rate per 10,000 employed workers by location (district) and leading industry sectors.

Data source:

Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: WSIB – Enterprise Information Warehouse

2011 National Household Survey: Data Tables: Statistics Canada. Place of Work Status (5), Industry – North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2007 (102), Sex (3) and Age Groups (11) for the Employed Labour Force Aged 15 Years and Over, in Private Households of Canada, Provinces, Territories and Census Divisions, 2011 National Household Survey. Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 99-012-X2011049. Ottawa.

Data Maturity:

Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: 2015 Injury Year as at March 2016

Data Exclusions:

Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: Allowed lost time claims where claim location is Unknown, Ontario Navigational Waters and Outside of Ontario Employed Worker Census Count: Employed workers identified as having 'No Fixed Place of Work'

*Data notations:

District refers to Statistics Canada Census Divisions for Ontario

Claim Rate is defined as the Number of Lost Time Claims per 10,000 Employed Workers:

$(\text{Number of Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims} / \text{Statistics Canada Employed Worker Census Count}) \times 10,000$

Data in By the Numbers: 2015 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

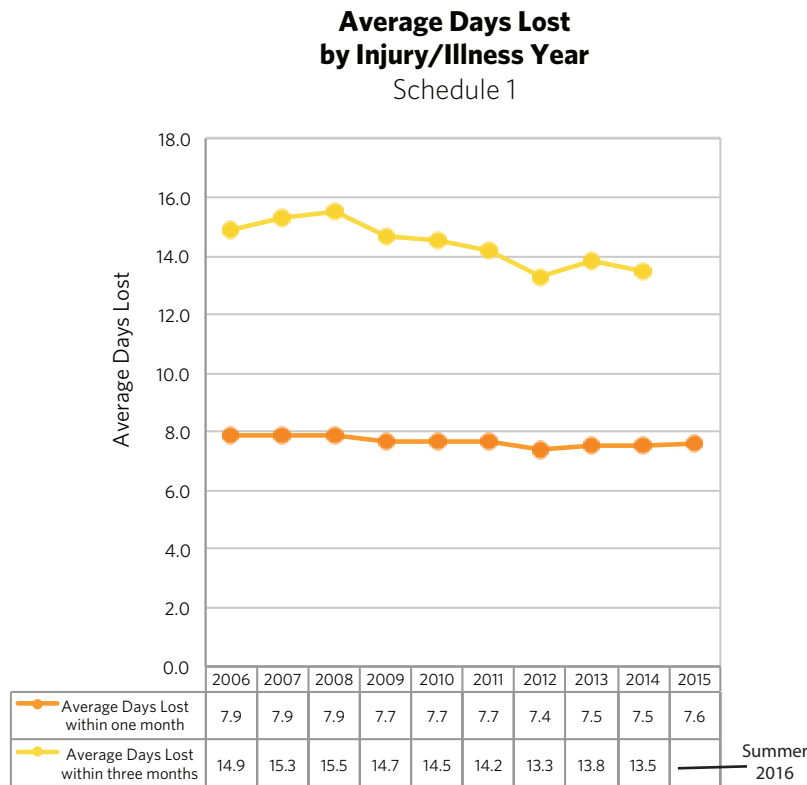
CLAIMS – AVERAGE DAYS LOST

Allowed Lost Time Claims Average Days Lost

The average days lost is the average number of days for which wage loss benefits were paid. Improved recovery and return to work outcomes will be reflected in both the one and three month measures.

Since 2006, the average days lost within one month post injury or occupational diseases has experienced little fluctuations and over the last three years has remained stable.

In 2015, the average days lost within one month post injury or occupational disease is 7.6. The average days lost within three months will be available in the summer of 2016 and the trend is expected to continue to decrease.



Data in By the Numbers: 2015 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

CLAIMS – AVERAGE DAYS LOST

Allowed Lost Time Claims Average Days Lost by Industry Sector

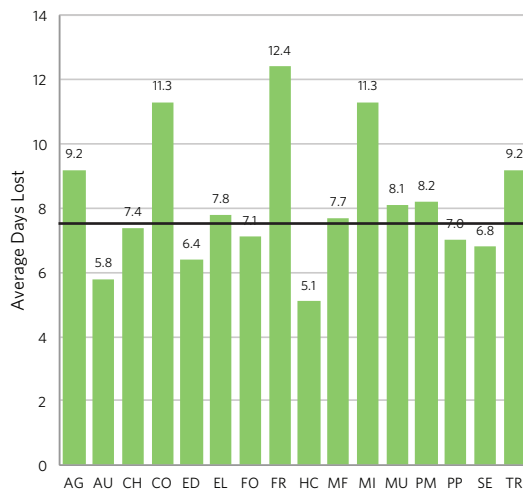
The average days lost within one month and three months post injury or occupational disease by industry sector for 2014 and 2015 are illustrated in the bar graphs. In 2015, the industry sectors with the highest average days lost within one month post injury or occupational disease were Forestry, Construction, Agriculture and Pulp & Paper, and those with the lowest average days lost were Health Care, Automotive, and Education.

The Mining sector experienced the most significant shift from an average of 11.3 to 8.6 days lost within one month.

Average days lost within three months post injury or occupational disease for 2015 will be published in the summer of 2016.

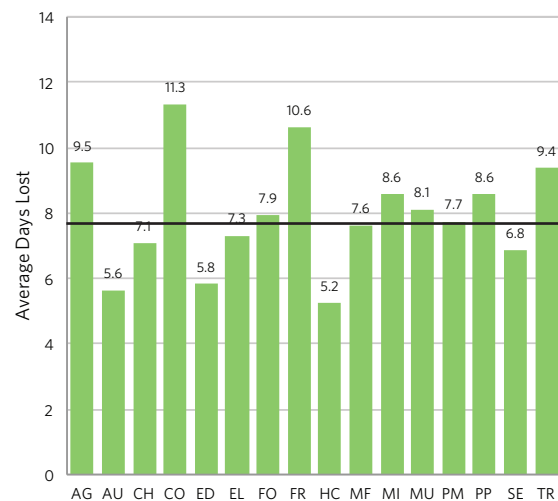
**2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims
Average Days Lost within One Month
by Industry Sector**

Schedule 1



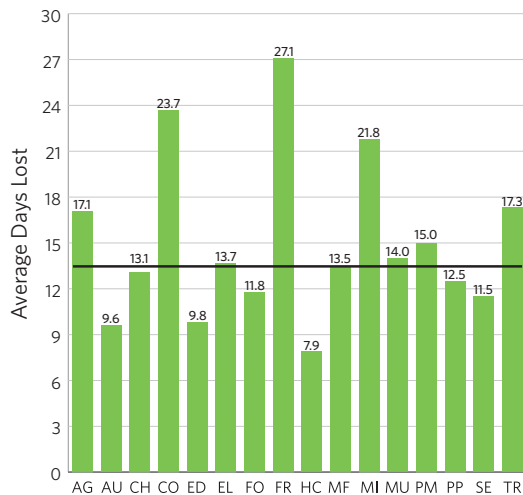
**2015 Allowed Lost Time Claims
Average Days Lost within One Month
by Industry Sector**

Schedule 1



**2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims
Average Days Lost within Three Months
by Industry Sector**

Schedule 1



**2015 Allowed Lost Time Claims
Average Days Lost within Three Months
by Industry Sector**

Schedule 1

**Data Available
Summer 2016**

AG	Agriculture	AU	Automotive	CH	Chemicals/Process	CO	Construction	ED	Education	EL	Electrical	FO	Food	FR	Forestry
HC	Health Care	MF	Manufacturing	MI	Mining	MU	Municipal	PP	Pulp & Paper	SE	Services	PM	Primary Metals	TR	Transportation

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CLAIMS – HIGH IMPACT CLAIMS

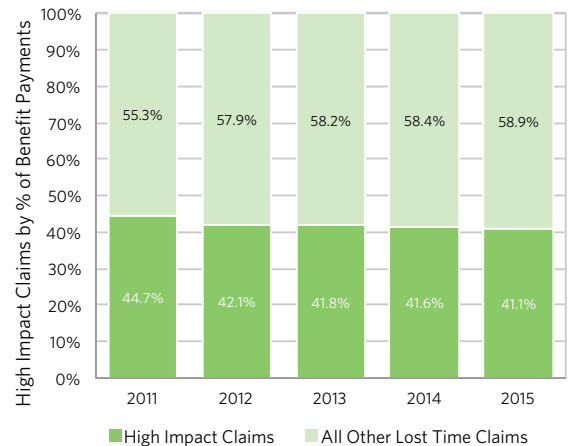
High Impact Claims by Benefit Payment Percentage

High impact claims is a term used to identify allowed lost time claims that have been shown to have significant impacts on workers and employers. The WSIB is focused on mitigating the risks for these claims by maximizing return to work and recovery outcomes. Specialized case management teams, new evidence-based health services and expedited access to expert medical intervention are some of the initiatives implemented at the WSIB in recent years to improve outcomes related to High Impact Claims.

High impact claims refers to three specific types of claims, those involving the low back, shoulder, and fractures. These claims represent 41% of all benefit payments and almost 33% of all allowed lost time claims. Over the past 5 years, the proportion of high impact claims has marginally decreased year over year compared with that of all other claims.

High Impact Claims as a Percentage of Total Benefit Payments

Schedule 1



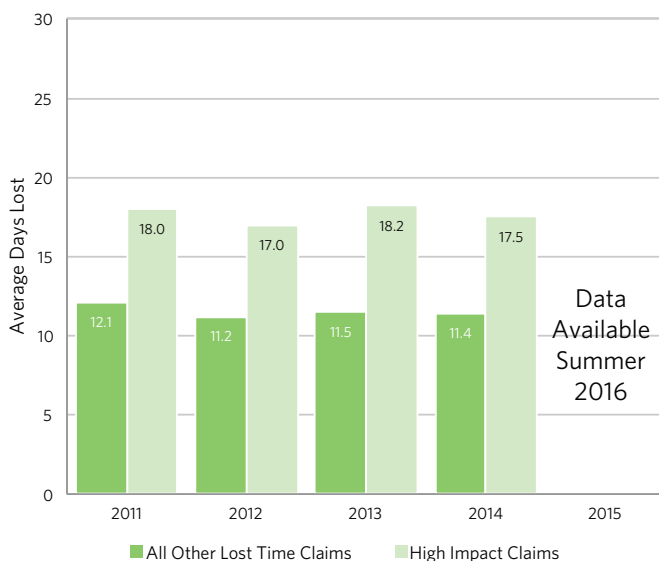
High Impact Claims Average Days Lost

Due to the nature of high impact claims, the average days lost within three and six months post injury or illness has historically been higher for these claim types than for all other lost time claims combined.

The WSIB continues to focus on programs aimed at improving recovery and return to work outcomes for high impact claims. The average days lost within three months and six months will be available in the summer and fall of 2016, respectively.

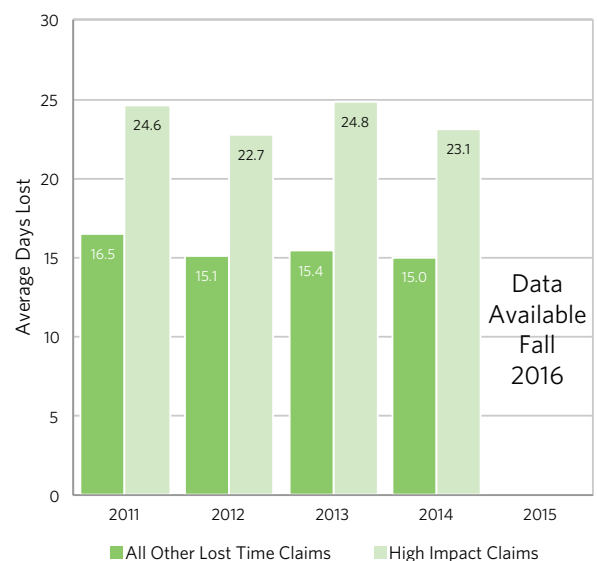
High Impact Claims Average Days Lost within Three Months by Injury Year

Schedule 1



High Impact Claims Average Days Lost within Six Months by Injury Year

Schedule 1



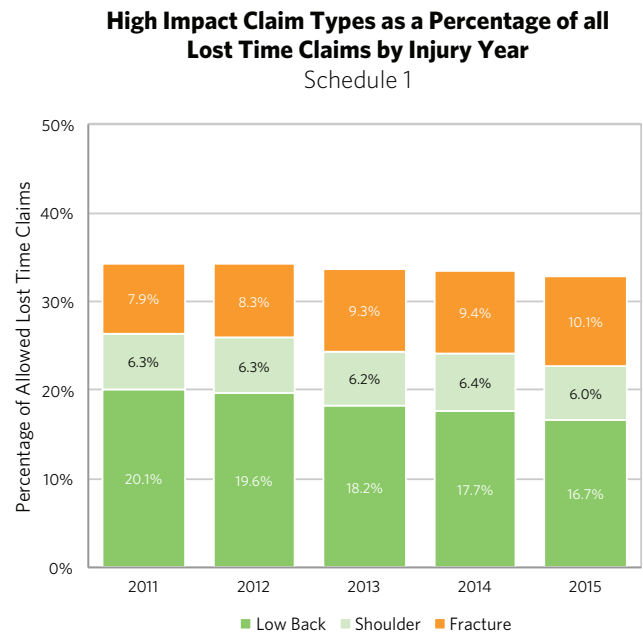
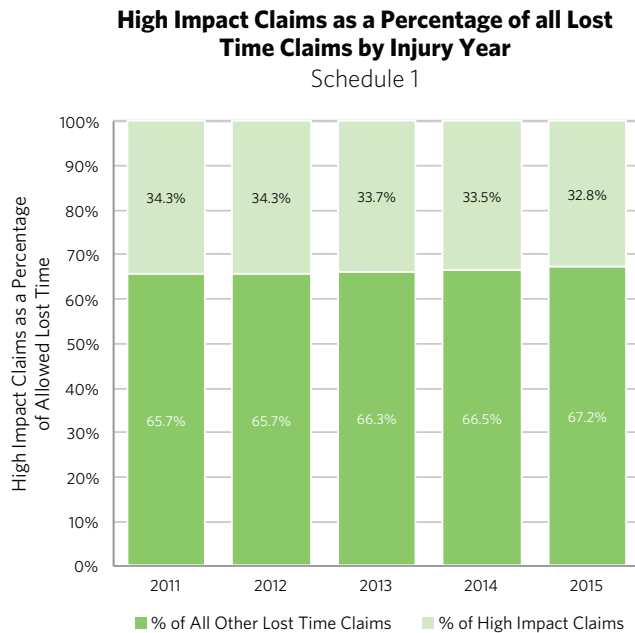
Data in By the Numbers: 2015 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

CLAIMS – HIGH IMPACT CLAIMS

High Impact Claims as a Percentage of All Lost Time Claims

In general, the percentage of lost time claims for low back injuries has continued to decrease since 2011. Over the same five years, the percentage of fracture injuries have increased and shoulder injuries have remained fairly constant.

In 2014, the three types of high impact claims represented approximately 33% of all lost time claims, of which low back claims represented almost 17%, shoulder claims, 6% and Fracture claims 10%.



The leading characteristics for high impact claims have remained fairly consistent since 2013. Services, Health Care, Manufacturing, and Transportation sectors continue to account for more than 70% of all high impact claims. Similarly, male workers continue to represent about 65% of all high impact injuries and those aged 50-54 experience the highest percentage of these injuries.

Leading High Impact Claims Characteristics by Injury Year

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Gender	Male 64.4%	Male 64.6%	Male 65.5%	Male 65.5%	Male 65.6%
	Female 35.6%	Female 35.4%	Female 34.5%	Female 34.5%	Female 34.4%
Leading Age Groups	35 to 39 11.3%	35 to 39 11.0%	40 to 44 11.7%	40 to 44 11.4%	40 to 44 10.6%
	40 to 44 12.5%	40 to 44 12.0%	45 to 49 13.5%	45 to 49 13.2%	45 to 49 12.1%
	45 to 49 15.0%	45 to 49 14.7%	50 to 54 14.1%	50 to 54 14.5%	50 to 54 14.5%
	50 to 54 14.0%	50 to 54 14.5%	55 to 59 11.1%	55 to 59 11.4%	55 to 59 11.4%
Leading Industry Sectors	Services 28.9%	Services 29.1%	Services 29.2%	Services 28.4%	Services 29.1%
	Health Care 15.5%	Health Care 15.8%	Manufacturing 15.0%	Health Care 15.1%	Health Care 14.7%
	Manufacturing 15.2%	Manufacturing 15.0%	Health Care 14.8%	Manufacturing 15.0%	Manufacturing 14.1%
	Transportation 12.5%	Transportation 12.4%	Construction 12.7%	Transportation 13.0%	Transportation 13.0%

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WORKERS – AGE AND GENDER

Allowed Lost Time Claims by Age and Gender

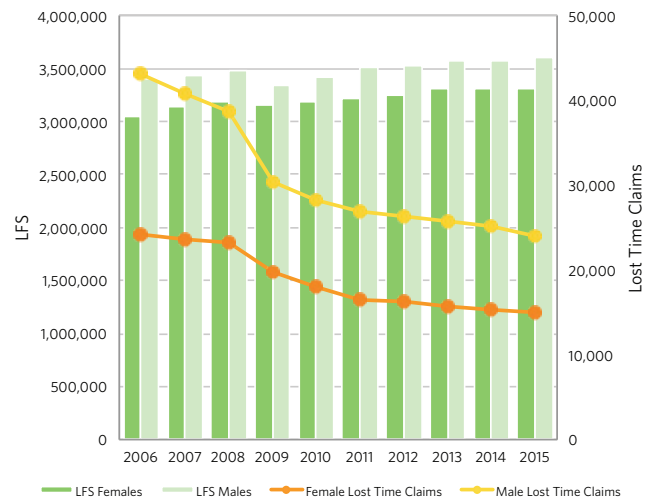
Over the 10 year period, the average gender distribution of the Ontario employed workforce was 52% male and 48% female according to Statistics Canada's Labour Force Survey (LFS). Over the same period, the average percentage for all allowed lost time claims for males and females was 62% and 38% respectively.

The demographic of Schedule 1 lost time claims is different from the overall profile of Ontario's employed workforce, as males represent slightly more than half of Ontario's workforce but nearly two thirds of all Schedule 1 lost time claims.

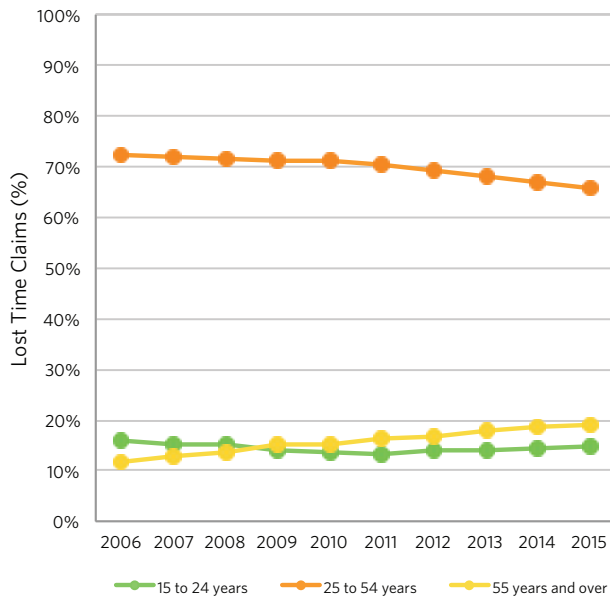
Over the past 10 years, those aged 55 and older continued to represent a growing proportion of all allowed lost time claims while the proportion of claims for those aged 15-24 and 25-54 have remained relatively stable. This reflects the continued aging of Ontario's workforce, and is consistent with Statistics Canada's employment trends.

In 2015, workers aged 25 to 54 continued to represent the majority of lost time claims.

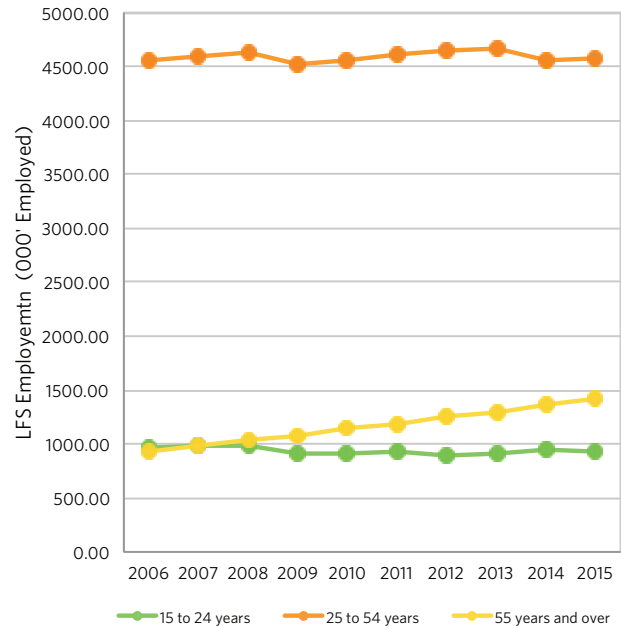
Allowed Lost Time Claims by Gender and Statistics Canada's LFS Employment Trends
Schedule 1



Lost Time Claims by Age Group by Injury/Illness Year
Schedule 1



Statistics Canada's LFS Employment by Age Group by Calendar Year
Schedule 1 & 2



See Appendix for historical and additional data on age and gender.

Data in By the Numbers: 2015 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

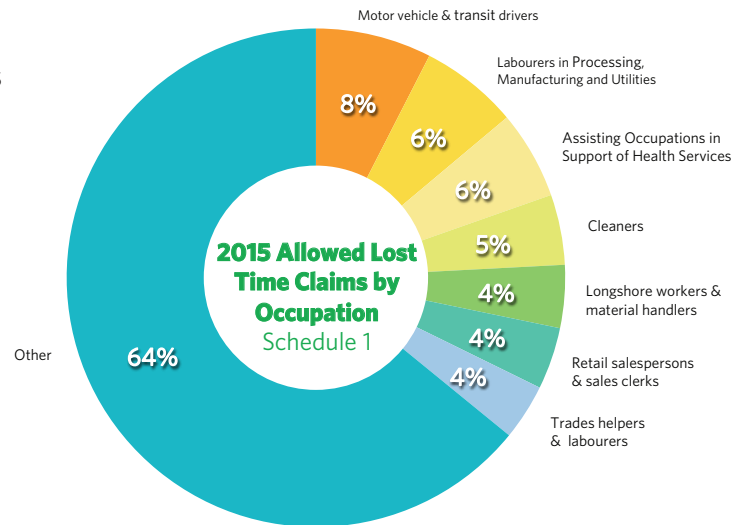
WORKERS – LEADING OCCUPATIONS

2015 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Leading Occupations

More than 155 occupations make up Ontario's diverse workforce. Over the past 10 years, Motor Vehicle and Transit Drivers and Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities were the two occupations with the highest number of allowed lost time claims.

Workers between the ages of 20 to 24 and 50 to 54 represent the leading age groups of allowed lost time claims in all seven leading occupations.

In 2015, workers aged 20 to 24 and 50 to 54 represent the highest percentage of allowed lost time claims for the two leading occupations, Motor Vehicle and Transit Drivers, and Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities. Assisting Occupations in Support of Health Services was the leading occupation for female workers while Motor Vehicle and Transit Drivers represented the leading occupation for male workers. In all cases the leading nature of injury was sprains and strains and the part of body most frequently injured was the lower back.



2015 Leading Occupation Characteristics

	Leading Age Group	Leading Industry Sector	Leading Gender	Leading Event	Leading Source	Leading Part of Body	Leading Nature of Injury
Motor vehicle and transit drivers	50-54	Transportation	Male	Overexertion	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Sprains and strains
Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	20-24	Manufacturing	Male	Struck by objects or equipment	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Sprains and strains
Assisting Occupations in Support of Health Services	50-54	Health Care	Female	Overexertion	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Sprains and strains
Cleaners	50-54	Services	Female	Overexertion	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Sprains and strains
Longshore workers and material handlers	20-24	Services	Male	Overexertion	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Sprains and strains
Retail salespersons and sales clerks	20-24	Services	Female	Struck by objects or equipment	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Sprains and strains
Trades helpers and labourers	20-24	Construction	Male	Struck by objects or equipment	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Sprains and strains

See Appendix for historical and additional data on occupations.

Data in By the Numbers: 2015 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

RETURN TO WORK – REFERRALS

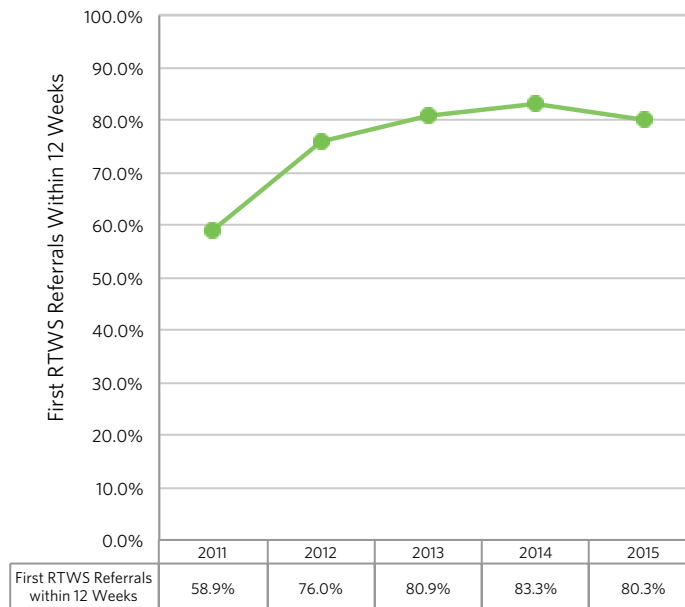
In 2015, our Return to Work staff made more than 21,000 Schedule 1 and 2 workplace visits to help workers and employers negotiate a successful, safe return to work.

Referrals to Return to Work Specialists

Initial referrals to a Return to Work (RTW) Specialist within 12 weeks of the date of injury or latest recurrence have increased steadily to 83% since the role was introduced in 2009 but fell to 80% in 2015. This decrease may be a result of Case Managers doing more around return to work and considering the optimal time for referral to RTW Services.

In 2015, approximately 91% of Schedule 1 and 2 injured workers were off full Loss of Earnings (LOE) benefits within a month of a Return to Work Specialist's involvement.

Percentage of First Return to Work Specialist (RTWS) Referrals within 12 Weeks
Schedule 1



Data in By the Numbers: 2015 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

RETURN TO WORK – LOSS OF EARNINGS BENEFITS

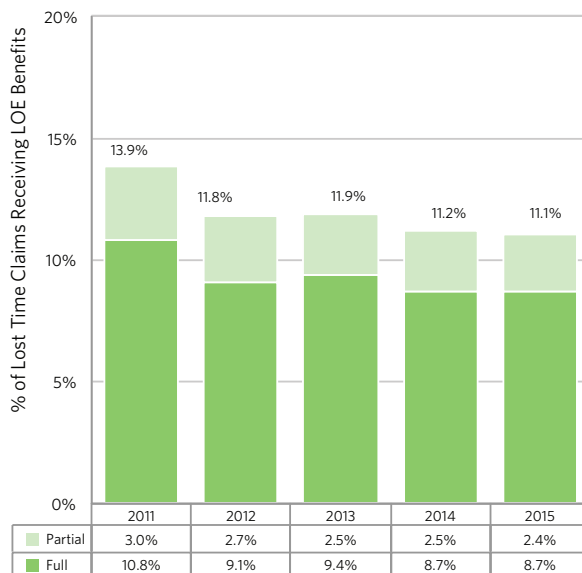
Allowed Lost Time Claims Receiving Loss of Earnings (LOE) Benefits

Loss of Earnings (LOE) benefits are the wage loss benefits for time lost from work due to a work related injury or illness occurring on or after January 1, 1998. Improved recovery and return to work outcomes will be reflected in this measure.

The bar graphs below illustrate the percentage of claims receiving LOE benefits at three and six months post injury or occupational disease. Each bar is split by full and partial LOE Benefits. Over the past five years, claims duration has been decreasing an indication of improved return to work and recovery outcomes. The percentage of claims on partial LOE has held steady while those on full LOE benefits for these short term durations have decreased.

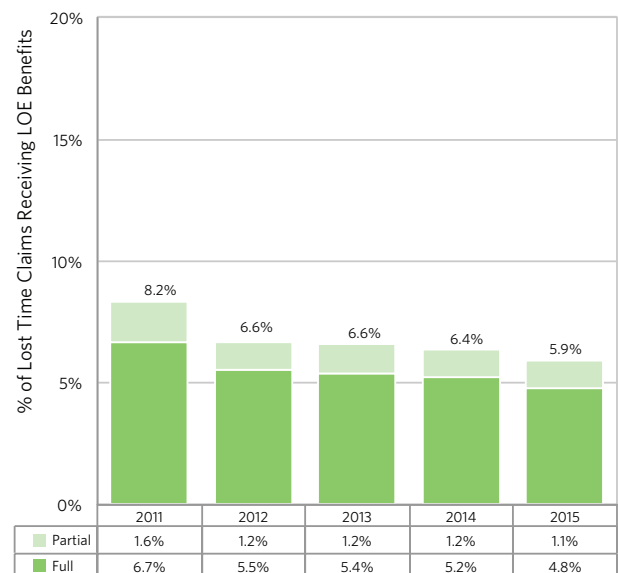
**Percentage of Lost Time Claims Receiving
Loss of Earnings (LOE) Benefits at
Three Months by Report Year**

Schedule 1



**Percentage of Lost Time Claims Receiving
Loss of Earnings (LOE) Benefits at
Six Months by Report Year**

Schedule 1



Data in By the Numbers: 2015 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

RETURN TO WORK – WORK TRANSITION

Work Transition (WT)/Labour Market Re-Entry (LMR)

The WSIB's "Better at Work" philosophy guides our Return to Work Services Strategy, comprising of our Return to Work and Work Transition programs. The Work Transition program replaced the Labour Market Re-Entry (LMR) program with enhanced services for workers and employers. Statistics show that this new strategy is helping to improve outcomes for injured workers and reduce costs.

Since this new strategy was introduced in 2010, the Work Transition program has continued to evolve. Work Transition staff have received extensive upgrading of their skills specifically in the areas of job analysis and job accommodations. With these enhanced skills, Work Transition specialists are better able to identify and secure job opportunities for injured workers with their injury employers.

Additional improvements to the program include better integration and alignment with case management resulting in coordination of return to work and recovery plans, earlier referrals to the program and a better overall experience for workers. In 2015, 60% of workers who reached 6 months on benefits had already been referred to Work Transition Services. This compares to an average time to referral of 24 months under the former Labour Market Re-entry program.

Earlier referrals, improved coordination of return to work and recovery and more workers being accommodated at their pre-injury employer has meant fewer workers require retaining services. As a result, year over year, program costs declined.

Work Transition/Labour Market Re-Entry Program Costs – Schedule 1 and 2 (in thousands)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
WT/LMR Program Costs	\$88,951	\$66,544	\$53,771	\$46,054	\$35,358
Assessments/Evaluations	\$5,520	\$5,488	\$5,625	\$5,813	\$4,519
Education/Training	\$38,850	\$36,220	\$30,056	\$26,216	\$19,414
Placement & Retention	\$8,224	\$6,500	\$4,855	\$4,095	\$3,245
Provider Related	\$11,867	\$(75)	\$(13)	\$(1)	\$(1)
Supplies & Equipment	\$5,205	\$4,159	\$3,011	\$2,325	\$2,357
Travel Related	\$17,419	\$12,538	\$9,032	\$6,508	\$4,930
Other*	\$1,866	\$1,714	\$1,204	\$1,097	\$893
WT Administrative Costs	\$20,700	\$24,600	\$25,038	\$26,193	\$26,396
Total	\$109,651	\$91,144	\$78,809	\$72,247	\$61,754

*Other Category includes GL Adjustment, Other, Support Services, and Miscellaneous Expenses

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RETURN TO WORK – WORK TRANSITION

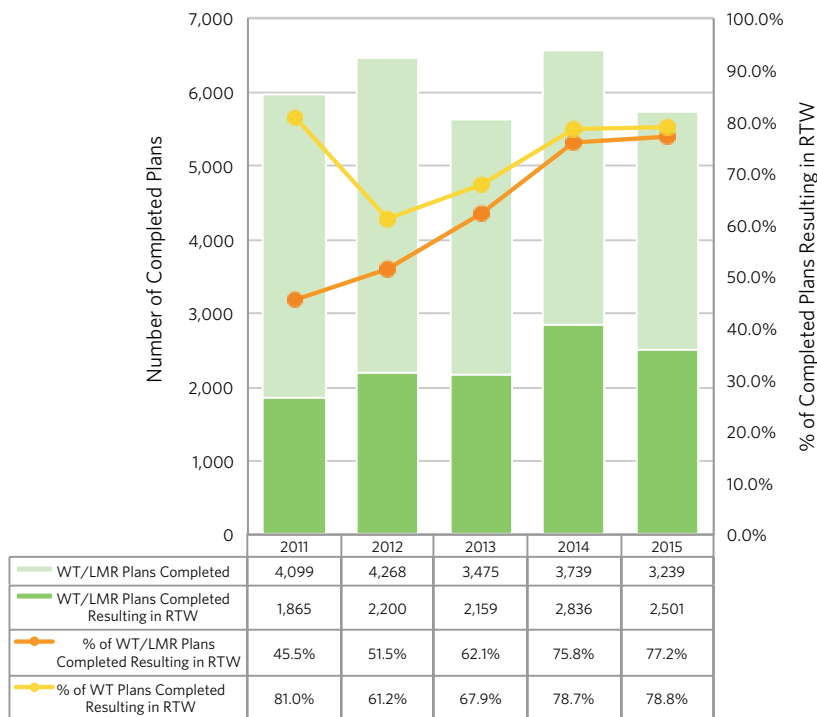
Completed Work Transition/Labour Market Re-Entry Plans

Since the implementation of the Work Transition (WT) program, the percentage of cases with completed plans resulting in return to work either with the employer when the injury had occurred or with a new employer has shown converging results with employment outcomes achieved under the earlier Labour Market Re-entry (LMR) program.

As a number of cases were transitioned from the LMR program to the WT program, results over the past five years demonstrate the employment outcomes achieved by both programs. Since 2011, the number of cases completed, under the LMR program, has significantly decreased. This trend is evident in the percentage of completed plans for the combined WT/LMR program becoming more closely aligned with that of the WT program alone.

Cases serviced exclusively by the WT program have remained steady over the past year at 79% in both 2014 and 2015. The combined results of the WT/LMR programs increased marginally from 76% in 2014 to 77% in 2015.

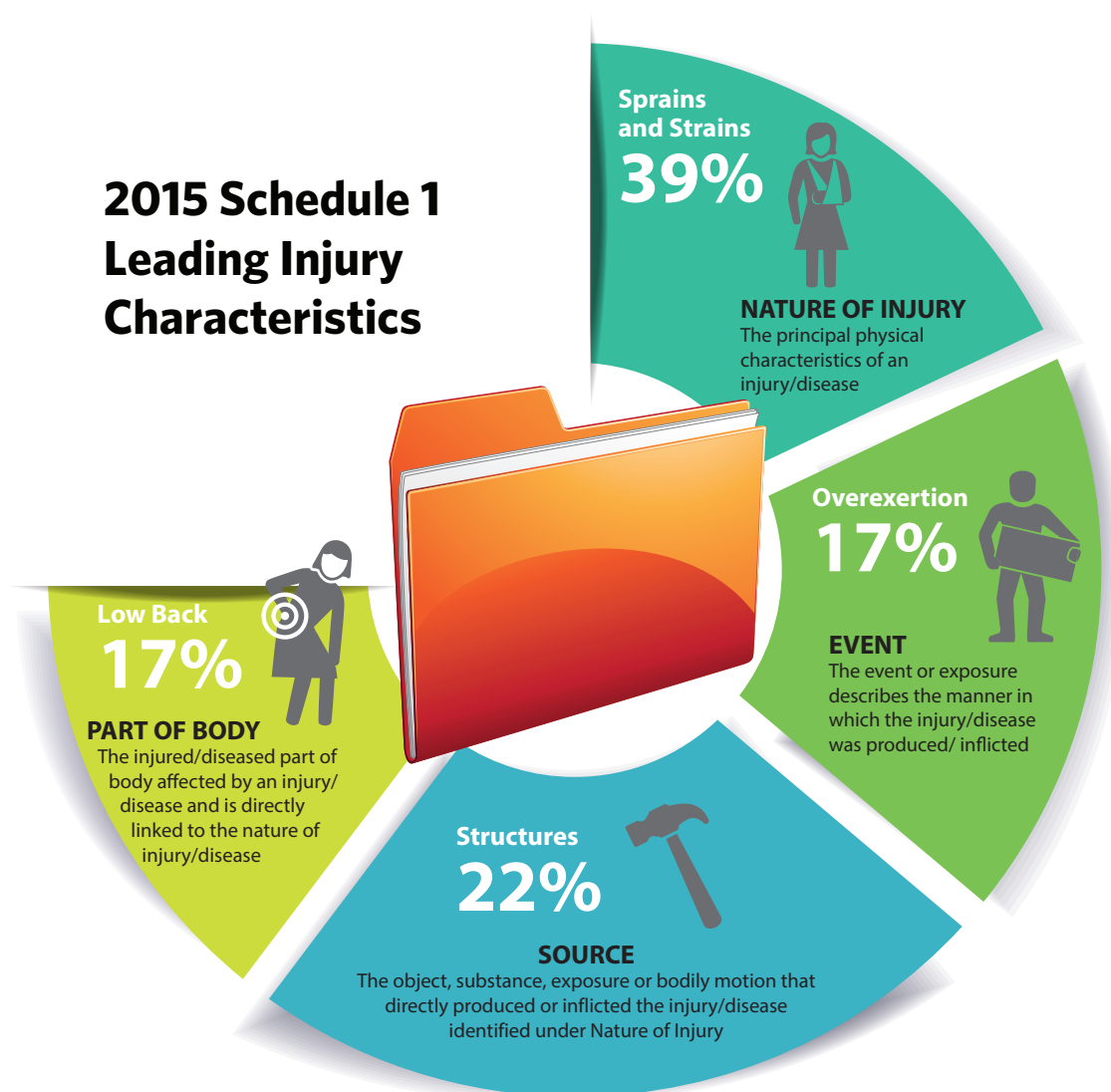
**Work Transition/Labour Market Re-Entry Plans Completed
Resulting in Return to Work**
Schedule 1



Data in By the Numbers: 2015 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

2015 Leading Injury Characteristics

Most Workers' Compensation Boards and Commissions in Canada code the injury details of a claim using the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding of injury details. The WSIB adheres to this standard and codes all lost time claims using four categories: Nature of injury, Event, Source and Part of Body.



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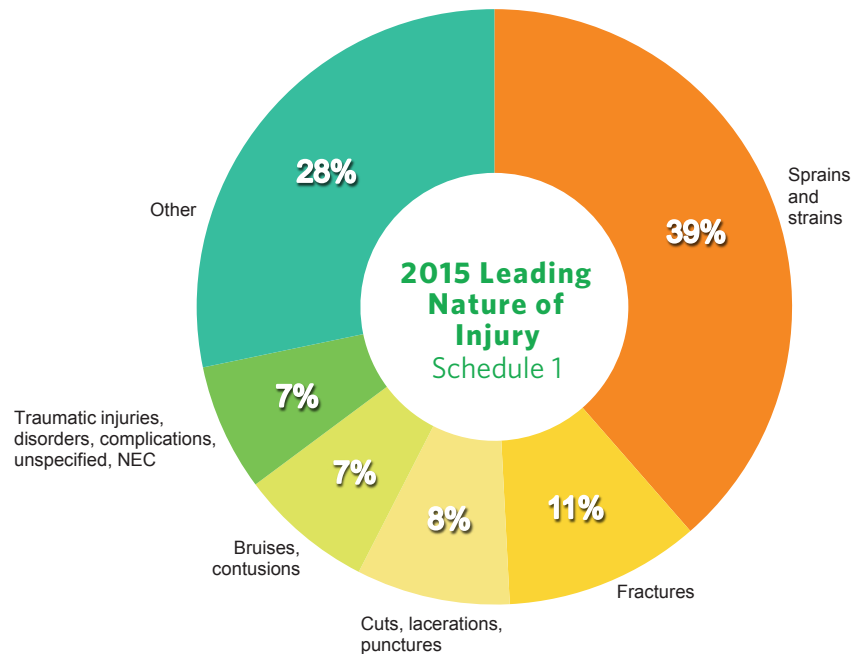
INJURIES –NATURE

2015 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Leading Nature of Injury

Over the past 10 years, sprains and strains has continued to be the leading nature of injury and in 2015, they represented 39% of all allowed lost time claims.

In 2015, fractures represented 11% of all allowed lost time claims and accounted for the second highest nature of injury since 2012.

In 2015, the workers who were most prone to experiencing one of the five leading nature of injuries were male workers and those workers employed in the Services sector. The majority of these injuries occurred in the Motor Vehicle and Transit Drivers occupations.



2015 Leading Injury Nature Characteristics

	Leading Age Group	Leading Industry Sector	Leading Gender	Leading Occupation	Leading Event	Leading Source	Leading Part of Body
Sprains and strains	50-54	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Overexertion	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Fractures	55-59	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Fall on same level	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	20-24	Services	Male	Labourers in processing, manufacturing and utilities	Struck by objects or equipment	Hand tools, non-powered	Finger(s), fingernail(s)
Bruises, contusions	50-54	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Struck by objects or equipment	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Leg(s)
Traumatic injuries, disorders, complications, unspecified, NEC	20-24	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Struck by objects or equipment	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Multiple body parts

See Appendix for historical and additional data on nature of injury.

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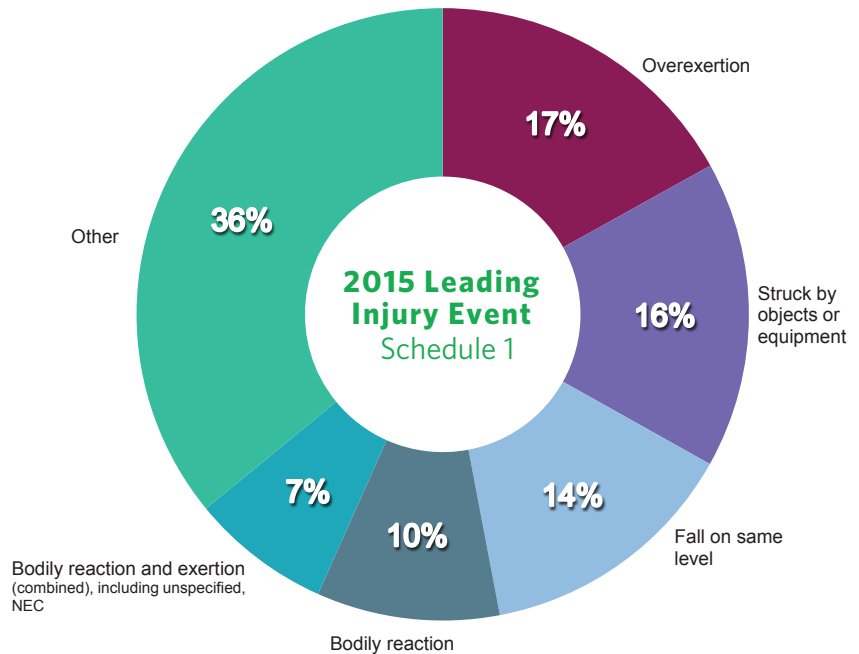
INJURIES – EVENT

2015 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Leading Injury Event

Over the past 10 years, overexertion has consistently represented the leading injury event and in 2015 accounted for 17% of all lost time claims, down from 22.6% in 2006. Struck by objects/equipment and fall on same level represented 16% and 14% (respectively) of all allowed lost time claims in 2015.

In 2015, workers in the Services sector (the sector with the largest number of workers covered) were most prone to experiencing one of the five leading injury events. While male workers represented the majority of lost time claims for these injury events, female workers represented the highest percentage of fall on same level lost time claims.

These leading injury events also tended to be highest among the older age groups (50 to 54), in various occupations.



2015 Leading Injury Event Characteristics

	Leading Age Group	Leading Industry Sector	Leading Gender	Leading Occupation	Leading Nature of Injury	Leading Source	Leading Part of Body
Overexertion	50-54	Services	Male	Assisting occupations in support of health services	Sprains and strains	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Struck by objects or equipment	20-24	Services	Male	Labourers in processing, manufacturing and utilities	Cuts, lacerations, punctures	Hand tools, non-powered	Finger(s), fingernail(s)
Fall on same level	50-54	Services	Female	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Sprains and strains	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Multiple body parts
Bodily reaction	50-54	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Sprains and strains	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Ankle(s)
Bodily reaction and exertion (combined), including unspecified, NEC	50-54	Services	Male	Assisting occupations in support of health services	Sprains and strains	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)

See Appendix for historical and additional data on injury event.

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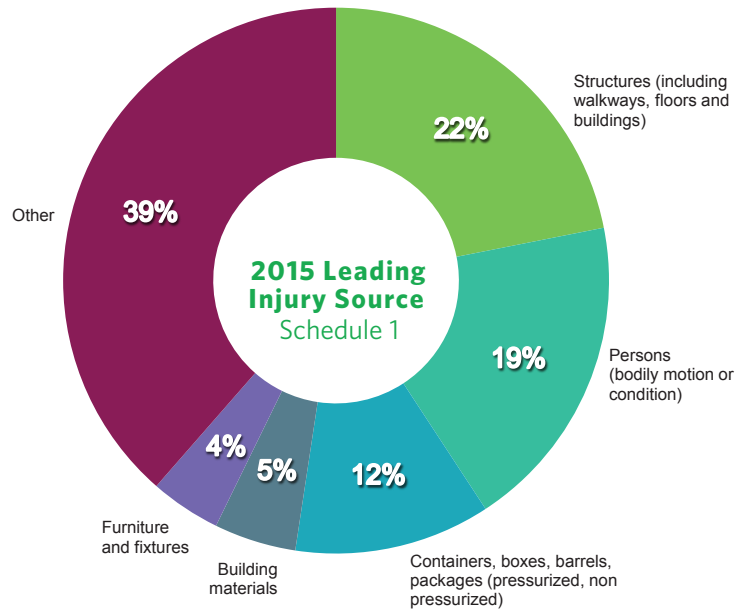
INJURIES – SOURCE

2015 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Leading Injury Source

Over the past 10 years, structures (including walkways, floors and buildings) and persons (bodily motion or condition) have consistently been the leading sources for all lost time claims. In 2015, these two sources of injury accounted for 22% and 19% of all lost time claims, respectively.

Where persons was the source of injury, female workers and workers in the Health Care sector had represented the highest percentage of these lost time claims in 2015. Three of the five leading injury sources were highest among those aged 50 to 54, in various occupations.

The leading nature of injury for all five leading injury sources was sprains and strains and the part of body most often injured was the low back.



2015 Leading Injury Source Characteristics

	Leading Age Group	Leading Industry Sector	Leading Gender	Leading Occupation	Leading Event	Leading Nature of Injury	Leading Part of Body
Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	50-54	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Fall on same level	Sprains and strains	Multiple body parts
Persons (bodily motion or condition)	50-54	Health Care	Female	Assisting occupations in support of health services	Bodily reaction	Sprains and strains	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	50-54	Services	Male	Longshore workers and material handlers	Overexertion	Sprains and strains	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Building materials	20-24	Construction	Male	Labourers in processing, manufacturing and utilities	Struck by objects or equipment	Sprains and strains	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Furniture and fixtures	25-29	Services	Female	Cleaners	Overexertion	Sprains and strains	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)

See Appendix for historical and additional data on injury source.

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INJURIES – PART OF BODY

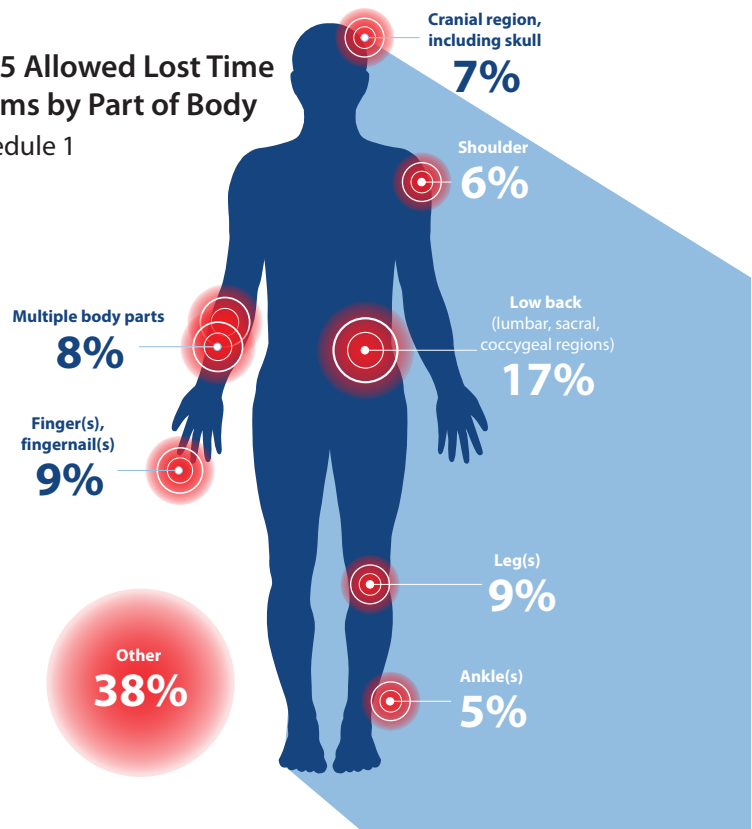
2015 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Part of Body

Over the past 10 years, the low back has consistently been the leading part of body injured. In 2015, low back injuries accounted for approximately 17% of all lost time claims and have been on the decline since 2009 (21.6%).

In 2015, workers in the Services sector (the sector with the highest number of workers covered) were most prone to injuring one of the seven leading parts of body. Injuries to these parts of body tended to be the highest among male workers, across most age groups and among motor vehicle and transit drivers. The leading nature of injury for most of these incidents was sprains and strains.

Where the leading injury part of body was the cranial region, young workers (20 to 24) experienced the greatest percentage of these lost time claims in 2015.

2015 Allowed Lost Time Claims by Part of Body Schedule 1



2015 Leading Part of Body Characteristics

	Leading Age Group	Leading Industry Sector	Leading Gender	Leading Occupation	Leading Injury Event	Leading Nature	Leading Source
Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	50-54	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Overexertion	Sprains and strains	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Finger(s), fingernail(s)	20-24	Services	Male	Labourers in processing, manufacturing and utilities	Struck by objects or equipment	Cuts, lacerations, punctures	Hand tools, non-powered
Leg(s)	50-54	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Bodily reaction	Sprains and strains	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Multiple body parts	50-54	Services	Female	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Fall on same level	Sprains and strains	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Cranial region, including skull	20-24	Services	Male	Retail salesperson and sales clerks	Struck by objects or equipment	Concussion	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Shoulder	50-54	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Overexertion	Sprains and strains	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Ankle(s)	25-29	Services	Male	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Bodily reaction	Sprains and strains	Persons (bodily motion or condition)

See Appendix for historical and additional data on part of body.

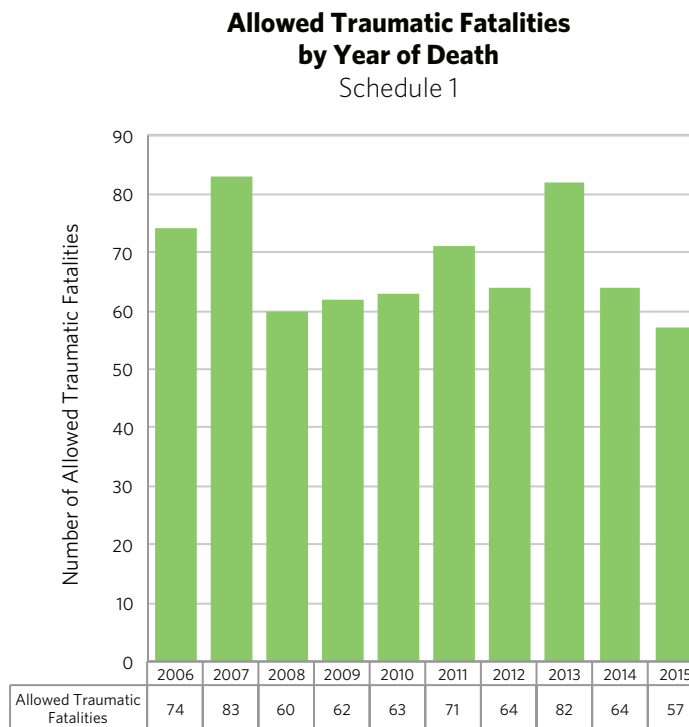
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FATALITIES – TRAUMATIC

Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Year of Death

Traumatic fatalities are allowed claims for workers who died of a work-related traumatic incident. Over the past 10 years, 91.5% of all traumatic fatalities occurred among males, with the predominant age group being 45 to 49. During this period, the Construction, Transportation and Services sectors accounted for almost 65% of these workplace traumatic incidents.

For Schedule 1 employers in 2015, 57 workers lost their lives due to a workplace traumatic fatality. Motor vehicle incidents have remained the leading cause of traumatic fatalities over the past 10 years.



Over the 10 year period from 2006 to 2015, the following age groups, industry sectors, events and gender accounted for the highest traumatic fatality percentages:

- Age Groups: 45 to 49 (13.5%), 55 to 59 (11.8%), 35 to 39 (11.2%), 50 to 54 (10.9%), 25 to 29 (10.7%), 40 to 44 (10.0%)
- Industry Sectors: Construction (29.1%), Transportation (24.1%), Services (11.5%)
- Events: Motor Vehicle Incidents (36.5%), Falls (17.4%), Struck By/Caught in Objects (13.1%)
- Gender: Males (91.5%)

See Appendix for historical and additional data on traumatic fatalities.

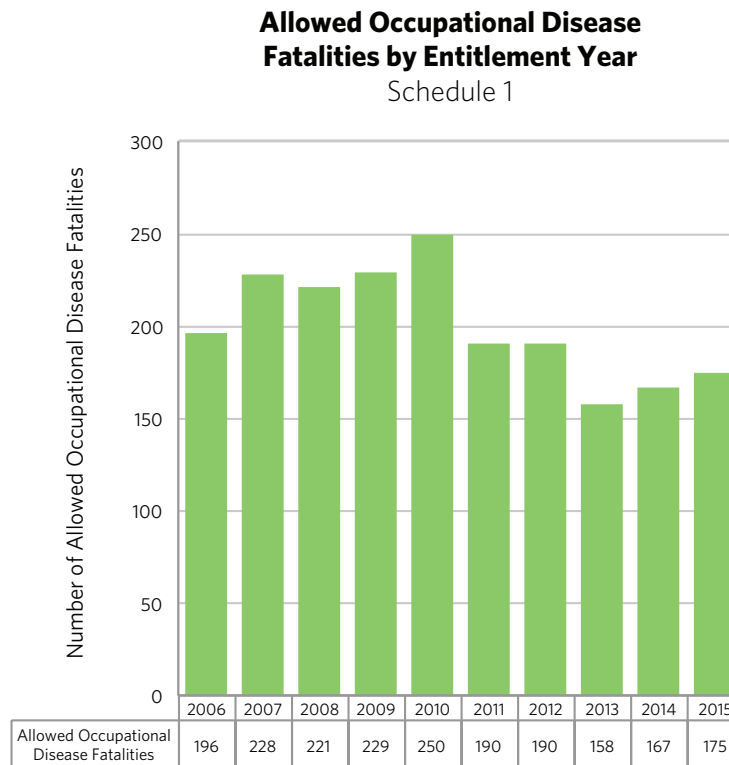
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FATALITIES – OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE

Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Entitlement Year

Occupational disease fatalities are allowed claims for workers who died of a work-related disease or condition. Over the past 10 years, occupational disease fatalities occurred predominantly among males, with a significant number in the Construction and Manufacturing sectors.

In 2015, 175 fatality claims were allowed for workers from Schedule 1 employers who lost their lives due to an occupational disease. Approximately 63% of the 175 deaths in 2015 were caused by cancers, including mesothelioma and lung cancer.



Over the 10 year period from 2006 to 2015, the following industry sectors, disease types and gender accounted for the highest occupational disease fatality percentages:

- Industry Sectors: Construction (28.3%), Manufacturing (21.6%), Primary Metals (12.1%)
- Diseases: Mesothelioma (34.5%), Lung Cancer (28.5%)
- Gender: Males (96.7%)

See Appendix for historical and additional data on occupational disease fatalities.

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FATALITIES – DAY OF MOURNING

Reported Fatalities for the Day of Mourning

The National Day of Mourning occurs annually on April 28th, to honor those workers who died, been injured or suffered an illness in a workplace. The Day of Mourning was enshrined in national legislation by an Act of Parliament on February 1, 1991.

Every year on the Day of Mourning, the WSIB, in conjunction with the Ministry of Labour, reports workplace fatalities which have occurred in Ontario workplaces. The Day of Mourning fatality statistics is a province wide fatality number and includes all workplaces in Ontario, not just those covered by the WSIB. The number is fully reconciled with the WSIB, the MOL and the Chief Prevention Office. In 2015, there were 226 individuals who died from a work related injury or illness in the province of Ontario.

It is important to note that the different methodologies used for reporting fatalities for various purposes can result in different statistics being reported. The following describes why WSIB fatality statistics differ from the Day of Mourning statistics.

WSIB Traumatic and Occupational Disease fatality statistics only include those workplaces covered by the WSIB under the Workplace Safety and Insurance Act. They include traumatic fatalities that occurred in the year specified as well as Occupational Disease fatalities for which entitlement was granted in the prior year, although the fatality may have occurred years earlier. Workers who passed away while in receipt of 100% permanent disability benefits granted under a pre-1990 legislative framework are not included. WSIB recognizes these individuals were employed in an Ontario workplace, suffered from a permanent disability and have since passed away. WSIB is unable to confirm these deaths as being related to the original injury or illness, and therefore are not included in our annual fatality reporting).

Day of Mourning Fatality Statistics



For more information on fatalities related to the Day of Mourning please visit the Ministry of Labour Website at www.labour.gov.on.ca

*The provincial number includes MOL fatalities for workers not covered under the Workplace Safety and Insurance Act, as well as those occupational disease fatalities where the death occurred in the specified year. This number differs from WSIB only statistics where Occupational Disease fatalities are reported when entitlement has been granted for survivor benefits within the specified year.

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BENEFIT PAYMENTS

Benefit Payments by Benefit Category

Benefits are payments made during a specific year to or on behalf of injured workers and are detailed by the eight benefit categories found in the table below. Since 2011 benefit payments have been decreasing year over year. This trend reflects both a decrease in new lost time claim volumes and improved return to work and recovery outcomes.

Loss of earnings (LOE), workers' pensions and health care continue to account for the highest percentage of benefits paid to injured workers. In 2015 these three benefit categories contributed to 80% of all benefit payments made to or on behalf of injured workers (excluding Loss of Retirement Income Fund expense).

Total Benefit Payments by Payment Year
Schedule 1



Benefit Categories by Payment Year

	2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
Benefit Category	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments	Benefit Payments (millions)	% of Benefit Payments
Workers' Pension	\$678	24%	\$652	24%	\$624	25%	\$596	25%	\$577	25%
Loss of Earnings	\$1,069	38%	\$968	36%	\$908	36%	\$863	36%	\$839	36%
Health Care	\$468	16%	\$457	17%	\$455	18%	\$452	19%	\$446	19%
External Providers	\$86	3%	\$65	3%	\$52	2%	\$44	2%	\$34	1%
Non-Economic Loss	\$88	3%	\$60	2%	\$48	2%	\$48	2%	\$43	2%
Future Economic Loss	\$278	10%	\$259	10%	\$242	10%	\$230	9%	\$213	9%
Survivor Benefits	\$172	6%	\$176	7%	\$178	7%	\$184	7%	\$189	8%
Other	\$11	0%	\$27	1%	\$11	0%	\$3	0%	(\$9)	0%
Total Benefit Payments	\$2,850	100%	\$2,664	100%	\$2,518	100%	\$2,420	100%	\$2,332	100%

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BENEFIT PAYMENTS - LOSS OF EARNINGS

Loss of Earnings Benefit Payments

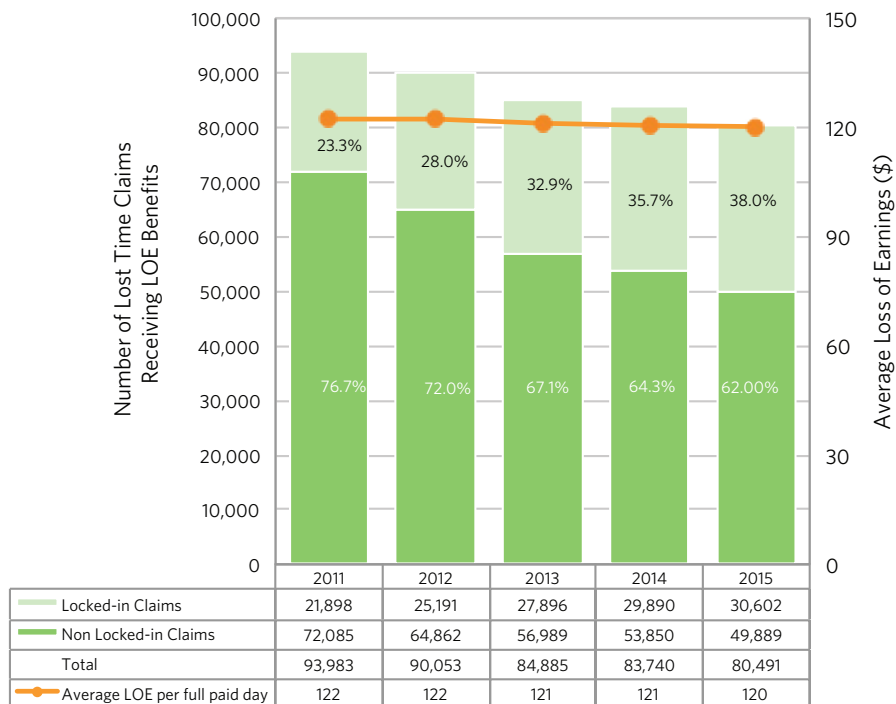
Over the past five years, Loss of Earnings (LOE) accounted for the greatest percentage of benefit payments made to injured workers. LOE benefits represent wage loss benefits for time lost from work due to a work-related injury or illness occurring on or after January 1, 1998. The number of allowed lost time claims receiving LOE benefits has been steadily decreasing since 2011. Factors that are contributing to this trend include fewer new lost time claims, improved claims management, and shorter claims durations – a reflection of more workers recovering, returning to work and mitigating their wage loss.

After adjusting for inflation, the amount of loss of earnings paid for a single day off work for an injured worker has remained relatively stable over the last five years.

Locked-in claims continue to increase as a percentage of all claims receiving a LOE benefit. This is due to fewer non-locked-in claims in an overall shrinking claim pool, and, as a result, locked-in claims represent a larger portion of the total. However, as a group, growth in the locked-in claim pool has slowed down for the last several years and is expected to plateau in 2016/2017.

**Loss of Earnings Claims and
Average Loss of Earnings Per Full Paid Day
by Benefit Payment Year**

Schedule 1



A claim is considered locked-in if a lock-in payment occurred at any point within the Benefit Payment year. The claim population includes Bill 99 Legislation only.

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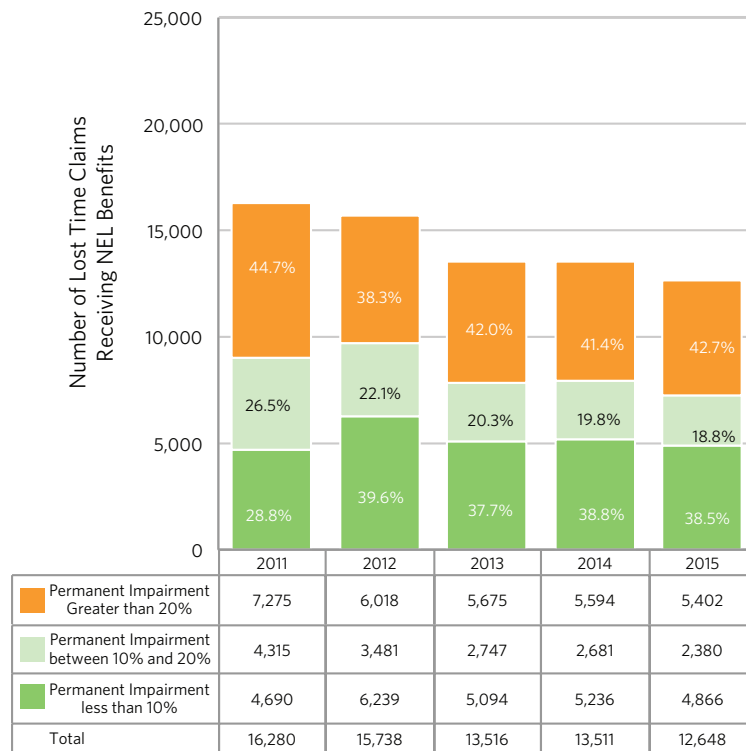
BENEFIT PAYMENTS – NON-ECONOMIC LOSS

Non-Economic Loss Benefit Payments

Non-Economic Loss (NEL) benefits are based on the age of the worker and the severity of the permanent impairment sustained by the injured worker. They are awarded to recognize that, beyond a wage loss, an injured worker has also suffered a physical, functional or psychological loss and are calculated as a percentage of whole body impairment.

The yearly total of allowed claims currently receiving a NEL benefit has decreased by 22% since 2011. This decrease reflects of improved injured worker recovery, and the decrease in new claims entering the system in recent years.

**Non-Economic Loss Claims
by Payment Year**
Schedule 1



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BENEFIT PAYMENTS – HEALTH CARE

Health Care Payments

Health care payments are made to or on behalf of injured or ill workers and in 2015 they represented 19% of total payments. Although more than half of the Service categories have experienced an increase in Health Care payments since last year, Health Care payments have been steadily decreasing year over year since 2011. This can be attributed to a decrease in the overall number of claims entering the system, and the implementation of the Health Care and Narcotics Strategies. The Health Care Strategy was an important systemic change that has had a large impact on recovery outcomes for injured workers. Our expanded province-wide network of expert, specialized medical assessment and treatment services ensure that injured workers have access to high quality providers and, when needed, specialized hospital-based clinics for more complex injuries or occupational illnesses. The Narcotics Strategy includes increased oversight of how narcotics support treatment goals, including quality of function, quality of life, and safe and sustained return to work.

Health Care Benefit Payments by Service Categories by Payment Year

Service Category	2014 (000s)	% of 2014 Total	2015 (000s)	% of 2015 Total
Specialized Clinical Services and Programs	\$ 93,839	20.8%	\$97,394	21.8%
Drug Benefits	\$ 61,883	13.7%	\$57,542	12.9%
Allowances (Clothing, Independent Living, Personal Care)	\$ 53,951	11.9%	\$54,541	12.2%
Physiotherapy, Chiropractic, and other Non-Physician Treatment	\$ 21,675	4.8%	\$16,124	3.6%
Physician Services via Ministry of Health & Long Term Care	\$ 36,883	8.2%	\$31,870	7.1%
Hospital In/Out Patient	\$ 38,596	8.5%	\$37,977	8.5%
Hearing Aid Devices and Services	\$ 37,137	8.2%	\$40,199	9.0%
Travel and Accommodations	\$ 23,701	5.2%	\$22,245	5.0%
Reports and Information	\$ 24,841	5.5%	\$25,713	5.8%
Medical Devices	\$ 20,557	4.5%	\$20,809	4.7%
Other	\$ 39,157	8.7%	\$41,454	9.3%
TOTAL	\$ 452 (\$M)	100.0%	\$446 (\$M)	100.0%

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BENEFIT PAYMENTS – EXTERNAL PROVIDER

External Provider Expense Payments

Since the implementation of the Work Reintegration Program in November 2010, which focuses on delivering Return to Work services and oversight internally, there has been a significant decrease in the payments for external providers. The decrease is a reflection of the program's improved return to work outcomes for injured workers, and of fewer claims entering the system in recent years. In 2015, Schedule 1 claims had a 23% decrease in external provider payments compared with the prior year. Education/training continues to be the largest category, accounting for approximately 56% of external provider payments in 2015.

External Provider Benefit Payments by Service Categories by Payment Year

Service Category	2014 (000s)	% of 2014 Total	2015 (000s)	% of 2015 Total
Assessments/Evaluations	\$ 5,462	12.4%	\$ 4,196	12.4%
Education/Training	\$ 25,365	57.7%	\$ 18,867	55.7%
Placement & Retention	\$ 3,962	9.0%	\$ 3,150	9.3%
Provider Related	-\$ 1	0.0%	\$	0.0%
Supplies & Equipment	\$ 2,223	5.1%	\$ 2,293	6.8%
Travel Related	\$ 6,293	14.3%	\$ 4,737	14.0%
Other	\$ 672	1.5%	\$ 623	1.8%
TOTAL	\$44 (\$M)	100%	\$34 (\$M)	100.0%

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FOCUS – OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE

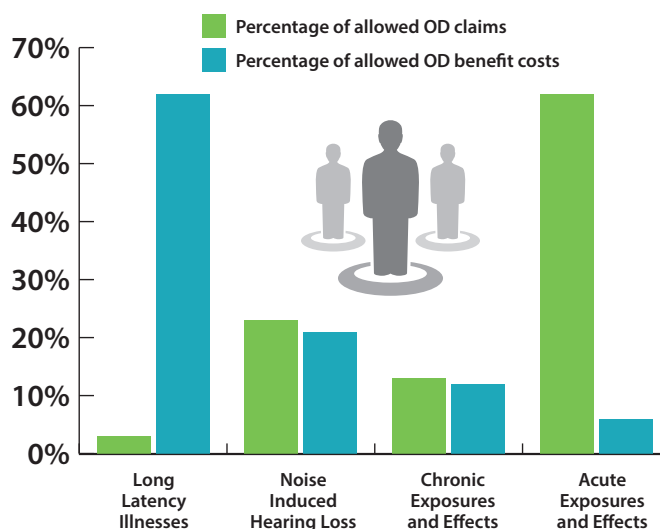
Overview

Occupational diseases are caused by exposure to physical, chemical, or biological agents in the workplace. This chapter delivers an overview of allowed occupational disease claims registered at the WSIB over the past 10 years.

Between 2006 and 2015, the WSIB allowed approximately 125,000 occupational disease claims which accounted for over \$950M in benefit costs. As a broad spectrum of conditions are included in what is meant by an Occupational Disease, we have grouped these claims into four major categories: Long Latency Illnesses, Noise Induced Hearing Loss, Chronic Exposures and Effects, and Acute Exposures and Effects.

When comparing 2015 to 2014, the number of allowed claims for both Acute Exposures and Effects and Noise Induced Hearing Loss remained stable while those for Chronic Exposures and Effects and Long Latency Illness increased by 11% and 20%, respectively.

Percentage of Allowed Occupational Disease Claims and Benefit Costs Registered 2006 to 2015



Long Latency Illness Claims

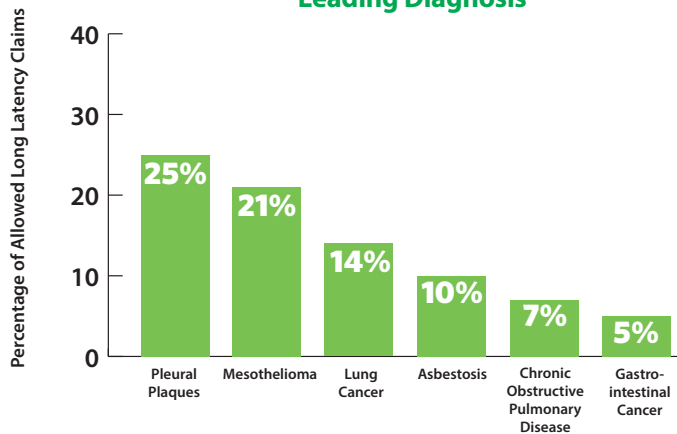
Many occupational diseases do not develop until long after a harmful exposure took place. Long latency illnesses can involve a delay of many years between the period of exposure to a disease-causing agent and the appearance of disease symptoms. While long latency illnesses account for only 3% of all allowed occupational disease claims registered at the WSIB between 2006 and 2015, they account for the largest proportion of allowed benefit costs and include some of the most serious illnesses. An example is mesothelioma which is a cancer of the pleura or peritoneum that can develop today from exposure to asbestos decades ago.

Pleural plaques, mesothelioma, lung cancer, asbestosis and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) are the five leading diagnoses which account for over 75% of all allowed long latency claims over the past 10 years. The leading causal agent for these diagnoses is asbestos.

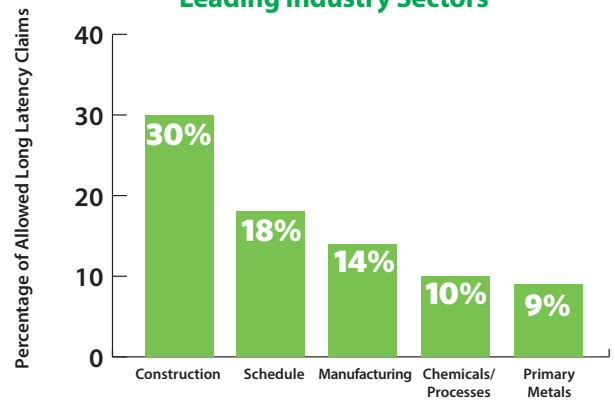
**Benefit costs represent the life to date costs associated with the claim as of March 31, 2016*

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Allowed Long Latency Claims Registered 2006 to 2015 Leading Diagnosis



Allowed Long Latency Claims Registered 2006 to 2015 Leading Industry Sectors



The construction sector is the leading industry sector, accounting for 30% of allowed long latency illness claims. Workers are predominantly male and are generally retired, with an average age of 67 years when diagnosed with a long latency illness.

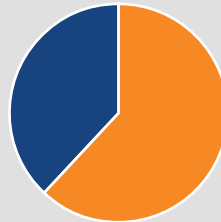
QUICK FACTS Long Latency Illnesses

Construction is
the leading sector

30%

62%

of workers were
diagnosed after
the age of 64



**2%
FEMALE**



Male workers
accounted for
the majority of
claims in
this category

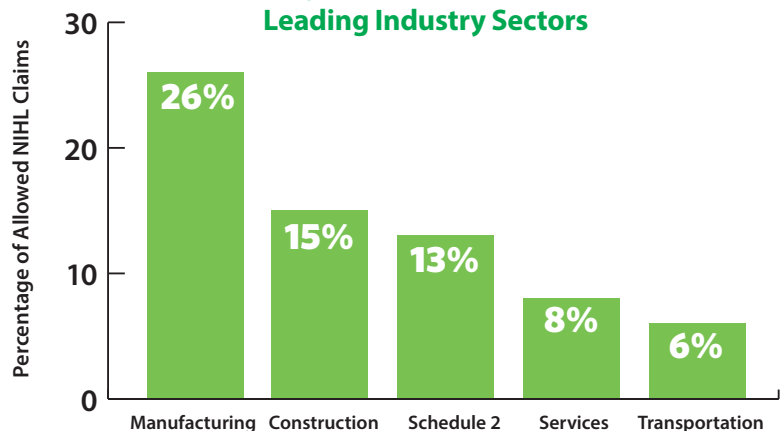
**98%
MALE**



Noise Induced Hearing Loss Claims

Noise Induced Hearing Loss (NIHL) is a permanent loss of hearing usually in both ears resulting from inner ear damage due to prolonged, continuous or intermittent hazardous noise exposure. This type of hearing loss is a cumulative process that develops over many years. As a result, noise induced hearing loss often does not become apparent until workers are older and often retired from the workforce.

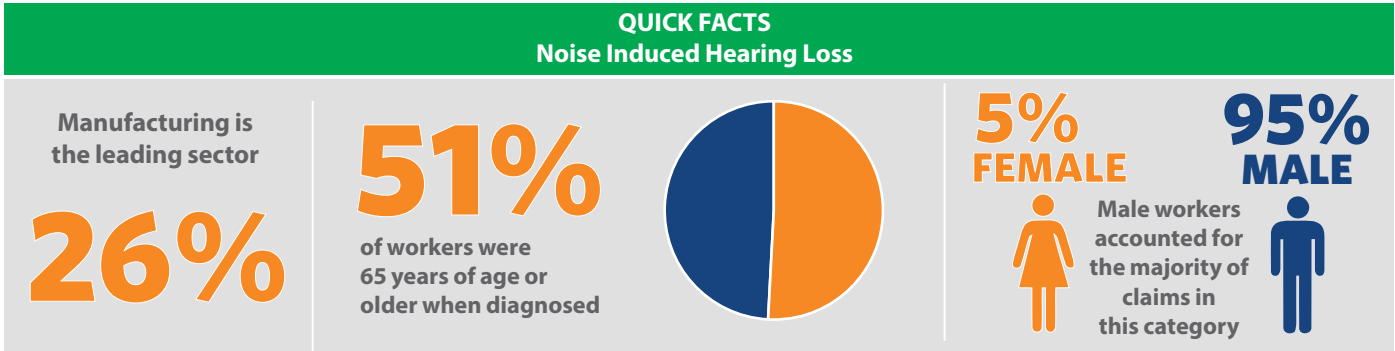
Allowed NIHL Claims Registered 2006 to 2015 Leading Industry Sectors



Data in By the Numbers: 2015 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

Allowed NIHL claims registered between 2006 and 2015 accounted for about 23% of all allowed occupational disease claims. The top 5 sectors for allowed NIHL claims over the last 10 years are: Manufacturing, Construction, Schedule 2, Services, and Transportation.

Workers with an allowed NIHL claim are predominantly male and generally retired, with an average age of 65 years at diagnosis.



Claims for Chronic Exposures and Effects

Occupational diseases in this category involve medical conditions that develop gradually over time from prolonged or chronic exposures in the workplace. Symptoms often have a temporal association with workplace exposures; the disease often becomes apparent while the individual is still working in the exposure environment.

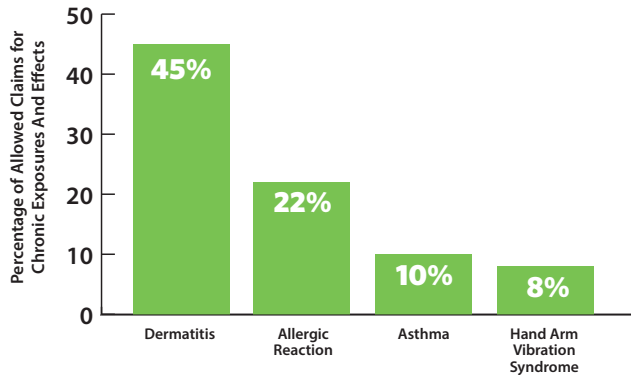
Chronic exposures can occur through inhalation or skin absorption. Conditions like dermatitis and some respiratory diseases can be caused by chronic exposure to chemical or biological agents in the workplace. Allergy to latex is an example of a condition that can develop in workers exposed to that agent in the workplace. Dermatitis claims make up 45% of the allowed chronic exposures and effects cases.

Overall, allowed claims for chronic exposures and effects experienced a minimal increase over the past 10 years. Workers aged 25-54 form the majority of allowed chronic exposures and effects claims over the past 10 years. The leading industry sector was Schedule 2 followed closely by Services. There is a more even split in the percentage of allowed claims for male (56%) and female workers (44%) in this category.

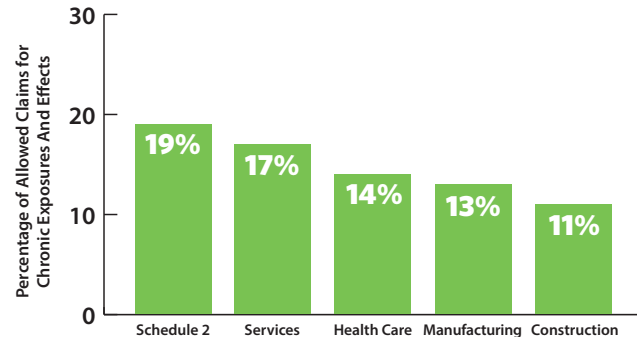
Data in By the Numbers: 2015 WSIB Statistical Report may not match previously published results. This is due to factors such as data maturity, updated definitions and methodologies, and rounding. Data in By the Numbers is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments, which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end. Percentages may not add up due to rounding.

Claims for Chronic Exposures and Effects (Continued)

**Allowed Claims for Chronic Exposures and Effects
Registered 2006 to 2015
Leading Diagnosis**



**Allowed Claims for Chronic Exposures and Effects
Registered 2006 to 2015
Leading Industry Sectors**



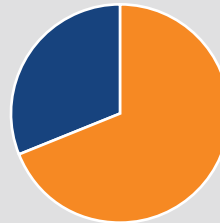
QUICK FACTS Chronic Exposures and Effects

Schedule 2 is
the leading sector

19%

69%

of allowed claims were
for workers between
the ages of 25 and 54



**44%
FEMALE**



Male workers
accounted for
the majority
of claims in
this category

**56%
MALE**

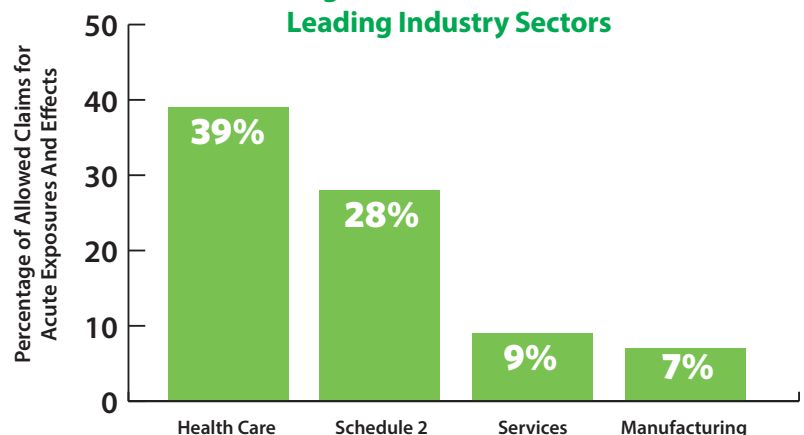


Claims for Acute Exposures and Effects

Claims for acute exposures and effects describe medical conditions that arise immediately after exposure to a chemical, biological or physical agent in the workplace. Between 2006 and 2015, these claims accounted for more than half of allowed occupational disease claims while still having the smallest proportion of benefit costs. Exposures to infectious disease from needlesticks, sharps or bites accounted for the majority of these claims.

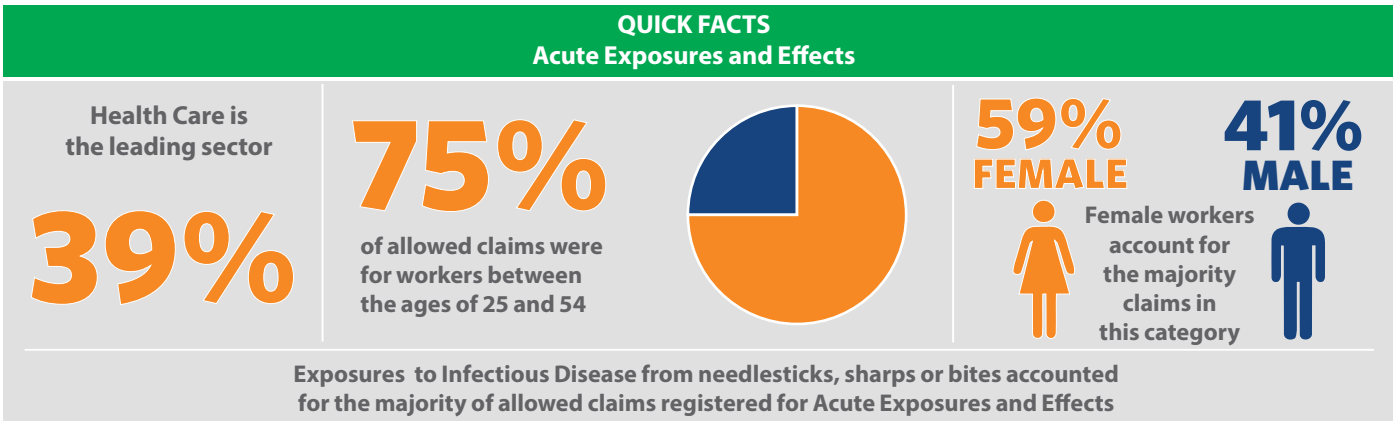
Health Care and Schedule 2 were the two leading industry sectors in the last decade. These two sectors combined accounted for 67% of allowed claims for acute exposures and effects.

**Allowed Claims for Acute Exposures and Effects
Registered 2006 to 2015
Leading Industry Sectors**



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The two leading age groups were 25-39 and 40-54. Female workers accounted for a higher proportion of allowed claims for acute exposures and effects compared with their male counterparts.



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GLOSSARY

Allowed Lost Time Claim	A lost time claim is created when a worker suffers a work-related injury/disease which results in one of the following: • being off work past the day of accident • loss of wages/earnings, or • a permanent disability/impairment.
Allowed No Lost Time Claim	A no lost time claim results from a work-related injury where no time is lost from work, other than on the day of accident, but where health care is required. The health care costs resulting from the injury are paid by the WSIB.
Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Entitlement year	Allowed claims from workers who died of a work-related disease or condition for which entitlement to survivor benefits has been granted in the year specified. Excludes claims from workers who passed away while in receipt of 100% permanent disability (PD) benefits granted under a pre-1990 legislative framework.
Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Year of Death	Allowed claims from workers who died of a work-related traumatic incident in the year specified. Excludes claims from workers who passed away while in receipt of 100% permanent disability (PD) benefits granted under a pre-1990 legislative framework.
Average Days Lost	The average number of days lost for which wage loss benefits were paid for claims within 1 month, 3 months or 6 months after the injury/illness occurred.
Average Loss of Earnings (LOE) per Full Paid Day	Average amount paid for an entire day off work, adjusted for inflation.
Benefit Payment Year	Payments made to or on behalf of injured and ill workers. Includes Loss of Earnings (LOE), Workers' Pension, Health Care, Future Economic Loss (FEL), Survivor Benefits, External Providers and Non-Economic Loss (NEL). Excludes benefit liabilities and claims administration costs.
Benefit Payments	Payments made to or on behalf of injured and ill workers. Includes Loss of Earnings (LOE), Workers' Pension, Health Care, Future Economic Loss (FEL), Survivor Benefits, External Providers and Non-Economic Loss (NEL). Excludes benefit liabilities and claims administration costs.
Claims for Acute Exposures and Effects	Claims for acute exposures and effects describe medical conditions that arise immediately after exposure to a chemical, biological or physical agent in the workplace.
Claims for Chronic Exposures and Effects	Claims for Chronic Exposures and Effects involve medical conditions that develop gradually over time from prolonged or chronic exposures in the workplace.
Claim Rate	The number of lost time claims per 10,000 employed workers: $(\text{Number of Schedule 1 and 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims} / \text{Statistics Canada Employed Worker Census Count}) \times 10,000$
Data Maturity	Data continues to be revised after the year has concluded as additional claims are reported and decisions on complex claims are made. The revision of data after the year has concluded is called "maturing". All data contained in this report is matured three months, with the exception of benefit payments which represents cash paid during the year to or on behalf of injured workers and are not matured three months following year end.
District	Statistics Canada 2011 Census Divisions for the province of Ontario.
Employer	An employer means every person having in his, her or its service under a contract of service or apprenticeship another person engaged in work in or about an industry and includes, 1. a trustee, receiver, liquidator, executor or administrator who carries on an industry, 2. a person who authorizes or permits a learner to be in or about an industry for the purpose of undergoing training or probationary work, or 3. a deemed employer. Coverage under the WSIA only applies to those employers: • whose operations are compulsorily covered by Schedules 1 or 2 of the Act, or • whose operations have been added to Schedule 1 of the Act by application, or • who have optional insurance only .

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GLOSSARY

External Provider Payments	These are payments associated with the reintegration program and represent payments to external agencies providing rehabilitation services, such as training programs to assist an injured worker's return to work and the costs of work transition assessments and plans, in the case of injured workers not returning to work with their pre-injury employer.
First Return to Work Specialist Referrals Within 12 Weeks	Cases with a first referral received by the Return to Work program within 12 weeks of either the case's date of injury or latest recurrence date.
Future Economic Loss Benefit Payment	Compensation to a worker, who was injured after January 1, 1990 and prior to January 1, 1998 and suffers a workplace injury resulting in a permanent impairment or temporary disability for 12 continuous months.
Health Care Payment	Payments made on behalf of an injured or ill worker for professional services provided by health care practitioners, hospitals and health facilities as well as the cost of drugs, attendant services, home or vehicle modifications, assistive devices and prostheses, extraordinary transportation costs to obtain health care and other measures to facilitate independent living and to improve the quality of an injured or ill worker's life.
High Impact Claims	WSIB has identified a group of allowed lost time claims that have been shown to have significant impacts on workers and employers. These claims are those involving the low back, shoulder and fractures.
Illnesses	An occupational disease is a health problem caused by exposure to a workplace health hazard.
Industry Sector	The WSIB's operations are organized into 17 industry sectors (Schedule 2 is a separate industry sector).
Injury	A worker who sustains a personal injury by accident arising out of and in the course of his or her employment is entitled to benefits under the insurance plan.
Injury Event	Describes the manner in which the injury/disease was produced/inflicted and is based on the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding injury details.
Injury Source	The object, substance, exposure or bodily motion that directly produced or inflicted the injury/disease identified under Nature of Injury and is based on the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding injury details.
Injury/Illness Year	The year in which injury or illness occurred.
Labour Market Re-entry (LMR) Program	The Labour Market Re-entry (LMR) Program was introduced January 1, 1998 as part of Bill 99. LMR services were outsourced to primary service providers who provided assessments, LMR planning, and case management services. These primary service providers used a variety of secondary service providers (public, not for profit, and private) to deliver education and training programs. The WSIB established a new integrated return to work and LMR program in November 2010 called the Work Reintegration program.
Locked-In Claim	Those claims, with an injury/illness date on or after January 1, 1998 (Bill 99), where a final review of the loss of earnings benefit at 72 months post injury/illness has been completed and the benefit will continue to be paid to age 65, with few exceptions.
Long Latency Claims	Long latency claims can involve a delay of many years between the period of exposure to a disease-causing agent and the appearance of disease symptoms.
Loss of Earnings Benefits (LOE)	Wage loss benefits for time lost from work due to a work-related injury or illness occurring on or after January 1, 1998.
Lost Time Injury Rate (LTI)	The number of allowed lost-time injury and illness claims per 100 Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) workers for the injury year specified.

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GLOSSARY

Nature of Injury	The principal physical characteristics of an injury/disease and based on the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding injury details.
No Lost Time Injury Rate (NLTI)	The number of allowed no lost-time injury and illness claims per 100 Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) workers for the injury year specified.
Noise Induced Hearing Loss (NIHL)	NIHL is a permanent loss of hearing usually in both ears resulting from inner ear damage due to prolonged, continuous or intermittent hazardous noise exposure.
Non-Economic Loss Benefits (NEL)	Compensation paid to a worker, beyond wage loss who suffers a permanent impairment as a result of an injury based on the severity of the permanent impairment and the age of the worker.
Non Locked-In Claim	Those claims, with an injury/illness date on or after January 1, 1998 (Bill 99), receiving loss of earnings benefits that may not be reviewed at the 72 month post injury/illness date.
Occupation	A major grouping of occupations that are coded based on National Occupational Classification standards.
Occupational Diseases	Occupational diseases are caused by exposure to physical, chemical, or biological agents in the workplace.
Other Benefit	Payments made to or on behalf of injured and ill workers. Includes situational payments such as Temporary Total and Temporary Partial for Bill 162 claims (accident dates between January 2, 1990 and December 31, 1997) and pre-1990 claims.
Part of Body	The injured/disease part of body affected by an injury/disease and is directly linked to the nature of injury/disease which is based on the National Work Injuries Statistics Program (NWISP) coding standard (NWIS). This standard is based on the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Z795-96 codes which allow for more detailed coding injury details.
Percentage of Workforce Covered	Percentage of the employed labour force that is covered under the WSIA.
Percentage Receiving Loss of Earnings Benefits	The percentage of injured or ill workers that continue to receive full or partial Loss of Earnings (LOE) benefits on the specified anniversary.
Permanent Impairment	Any permanent physical or functional abnormality or loss (including disfigurement) which results from an injury, and any psychological damage arising from the abnormality or loss. A worker's degree of permanent impairment is expressed as a percentage of total permanent impairment of the whole person.
Registered Claims	Registered claims for injuries, illnesses or fatalities reported to the WSIB in the year (as some claims are registered with the WSIB after the year in which the injury, illness or fatality occurred) and includes all allowed, denied, abandoned and pending claims.
Registration Year	Total number of claims registered with the WSIB by year. Some claims are registered with the WSIB after the year in which the injury, illness or fatality occurred.
Return to Work Program (Work Reintegration Program)	The Work Reintegration program is a comprehensive and integrated approach to returning injured workers to employment. Early and ongoing support is provided to the workplace parties to create work reintegration plans. The focus is on return to the injury employer, and where that isn't possible, to provide high quality training and placement services that enable the worker to find a job with a new employer. The Work Reintegration program, launched in November 2010, integrates Return to Work and Work Transition programs.
Return to Work Specialist (RTWS)	Provide expert advice, vocational rehabilitation planning, and support workers and employers to co-ordinate work reintegration which may include accommodation and transition to a different job if necessary
Schedule 1	Schedule 1 employers are those for which the WSIB is liable to pay benefit compensation for workers' claims. Schedule 1 employers are required by legislation to pay premiums to the WSIB and are protected by a system of collective liability. Since the WSIB pays benefits to injured workers out of money pooled in the insurance fund, Schedule 1 employers are relieved of individual responsibility for actual accident costs.

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GLOSSARY

Schedule 2	Schedule 2 employers are employers that self-insure the provisions of benefits under the WSIA. Schedule 2 employers are liable to pay all benefit compensation and administration costs for the workers' claims. The WSIB administers the payment of the benefits for workers of Schedule 2 employers and recovers the cost of these benefits plus administration fees from the employers.
Statistics Canada – Labour Force Employment	Statistics Canada. Table 282-0008 – Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), sex and age group, annual (persons unless otherwise noted). (accessed: April 29, 2013)
Survivor Benefit Payment	Benefits payments provided to a spouse, dependent children and other dependants when an injured worker suffers a fatality in the workplace or as a result of an occupational disease. Benefits include lump sum payments, monthly payments, bereavement counselling and burial expenses.
Work Transition (WT) Program	The Work Transition program replaced the outsourced Labour Market Re-entry (LMR) Program. Unlike the LMR program, Work Transition focuses first on helping the injured workers and employers find suitable and available work with the injury employer. The Work Transition Program provides new options to help workers remain with their employer including re-training and the alternative of part time employment in appropriate cases. When it is not possible for a worker to return to work with the injury employer, the Work Transition Program offers a broad range of services including high quality assessment, training and placement services to support workers to find a job with a new employer.
Work Transition Administrative Costs	Total administrative costs of the Work Transition Program.
Work Transition Plans Completed Resulting in Return to Work	Work Transition plans where the injured worker is employed at the conclusion of the plan. This measure excludes cases with prior Labour Market Re-entry plan services.
Work Transition Specialist (WTS)	Provide expert advice, vocational rehabilitation planning, and support workers and employers to co-ordinate work reintegration which may include accommodation and transition to a different job if necessary.
Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry Plans Completed	Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry plans where the injured worker is employed or employable at the conclusion of the plan.
Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry Plans Completed Resulting in Return to Work	Work Transition plans where the injured worker is employed at the conclusion of the plan. This measure excludes cases with prior Labour Market Re-entry plan services.
Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry Program Costs	Totals costs by service category (Assessment Evaluations, Education/Training, Placement & Retention, Provider Related, Supplies & Equipment, Travel Related, and Other) for the Work Transition/Labour Market Re-entry programs.
Worker's Pension Benefit Payment	Pensions for injured workers suffering a workplace injury prior to January 1, 1990 based on the degree of the injured worker's permanent disability.
WSIB Covered Employment Schedule 1	The number of full time equivalent workers is an estimate based on employer reported insurable earnings divided by the average hourly wage for the rate group divided by 2,000 hours, it is assumed a person works 2,000 hours per year.
WSIB Covered Employment Schedule 2	The number of full time equivalent workers is an estimate based on data from Statistics Canada's Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH).

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APPENDIX – SCHEDULE 1

The WSIB is committed to providing accessible information in accordance with the *Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act (AODA)*, 2005. To view the information in this Appendix in an AODA-compliant format, please visit <http://www.wsibstatistics.ca/>.

CLAIM PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1 & 2

Schedule 1 & 2 - Claim Rate Per 10,000 Employed Workers by Statistics Canada Census District*

Census District Name	2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims- Schedule 1	2014 Allowed Lost Time Claims - Schedule 2	Claim Rate per 10,000 Employed Workers	Leading Industry for Schedule 1 and 2	% of Claims by District for Leading Industry
Algoma	303	97	90.1	SCHEDULE 2	24%
Brant	494	76	96.8	SERVICES	26%
Bruce	164	26	66.2	SERVICES	19%
Chatham-Kent	413	32	107.9	SERVICES	18%
Cochrane	304	59	111.3	SERVICES	20%
Dufferin	121	8	49.2	SERVICES	29%
Durham	1,394	414	65.7	SERVICES	27%
Elgin	207	20	64.1	HEALTH CARE	23%
Essex	1,763	306	134.8	SERVICES	18%
Frontenac	436	135	87.3	SERVICES, SCHEDULE 2	24%
Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury	469	124	86.7	SCHEDULE 2	21%
Grey	255	47	77.3	SERVICES	23%
Haldimand-Norfolk	209	44	55.1	AGRICULTURE	20%
Haliburton	62	9	123.2	SERVICES	24%
Halton	1,786	402	91.1	SERVICES	30%
Hamilton	1,603	747	108.4	SCHEDULE 2	32%
Hastings	447	85	98.1	SERVICES	22%
Huron	160	23	68.8	SERVICES	16%
Kawartha Lakes	147	77	77.3	SCHEDULE 2	34%
Kenora	263	41	143.3	SERVICES	25%
Lambton	240	68	61.9	SCHEDULE 2	22%
Lanark	152	20	60.7	SERVICES	30%
Leeds and Grenville	220	104	76.2	SCHEDULE 2	32%
Lennox and Addington	64	50	67.9	SCHEDULE 2	44%
Manitoulin	36	3	85.8	HEALTH CARE	23%
Middlesex	1,348	501	95.4	SCHEDULE 2	27.00%
Muskoka	217	43	115.1	CONSTRUCTION	22.00%
Niagara	1,527	322	101.7	SERVICES	28.00%
Nipissing	278	73	103.2	SCHEDULE 2	21.00%
Northumberland	193	79	81.5	SCHEDULE 2	29.00%
Ottawa	2,548	1,493	94.9	SCHEDULE 2	37.00%
Oxford	459	31	101.3	SERVICES	18.00%
Parry Sound	98	16	76.1	SERVICES	21.00%
Peel	4,438	1,356	100.4	SERVICES	28.00%
Perth	284	36	88.5	SERVICES	22.00%
Peterborough	380	125	92.8	SERVICES	28.00%
Prescott and Russell	299	75	93.3	SERVICES	22.00%
Prince Edward	57	4	65.3	SERVICES	25.00%
Rainy River	81	8	114.1	HEALTH CARE	26.00%
Renfrew	314	98	96.8	HEALTH CARE	34.00%
Simcoe	1,382	234	85	SERVICES	25.00%
Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry	378	47	94	SERVICES	28.00%
Sudbury	56	11	83.5	SERVICES, SCHEDULE	16.00%
Thunder Bay	476	213	114.9	SCHEDULE 2	31.00%
Timiskaming	116	9	101.1	HEALTH CARE	23.00%
Toronto	6,369	3,558	88	SCHEDULE 2	36.00%
Waterloo	1,717	368	87	SERVICES	21.00%
Wellington	827	142	96.9	MANUFACTURING	19.00%
York	2,862	628	74.3	SERVICES	29.00%
Total	38,416	12,487			

Data Source: Schedule 1 & 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

District refers to the Statistics Canada Census District for Ontario.

2011 National Household Survey: Data Tables: Statistics Canada. 2014. Place of Work Status (5), Industry - North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2007 (102), Sex (3) and Age Groups (11) for the Employed Labour Force Aged 15 Years and Over, in Private Households of Canada, Provinces, Territories and Census Divisions, 2011 National Household Survey. Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 99-012-X2011049. Ottawa. Released March 4, 2014.

Data Maturity: Schedule 1 & 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: As at March 31st of the following year for 2014 injury year

Data Exclusions: Schedule 1 & 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims: Allowed lost time claims where accident location is Unknown, Ontario Navigational Waters and Outside of Ontario

Employed Worker Census Count: Employed workers identified as having 'No Fixed Place of Work'

Formula for Claim Rate is the Number of Lost Time Claims per 10,000 Employed Workers:

(Number of Schedule 1 & 2 Allowed Lost Time Claims/Statistics Canada Employed Worker Census Count) x 10,000

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Age and Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

*Not Available includes all lost time claims where age and/or gender was not available

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
Age Group	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
15-19	1,037	2,232	944	2,033	887	1,938	734	1,241	577	1,091	525	989	545	1,000	592	979	576	1,019	654	1,057
20-24	2,189	5,208	1,990	4,860	2,030	4,511	1,607	3,382	1,457	3,087	1,347	2,854	1,434	3,004	1,431	2,886	1,499	2,699	1,493	2,816
25-29	2,217	5,001	2,146	4,636	2,093	4,348	1,806	3,420	1,628	3,263	1,573	3,025	1,624	3,018	1,541	2,925	1,462	2,928	1,509	2,837
30-34	2,447	5,010	2,209	4,637	2,099	4,213	1,821	3,296	1,651	3,046	1,434	2,918	1,348	2,829	1,480	2,883	1,382	2,757	1,387	2,513
35-39	2,785	5,340	2,675	4,889	2,610	4,547	1,985	3,375	1,803	3,103	1,704	2,969	1,700	2,860	1,529	2,658	1,425	2,613	1,400	2,339
40-44	3,764	6,184	3,442	5,496	3,338	4,988	2,666	3,782	2,297	3,461	2,021	3,166	1,960	2,987	1,742	2,816	1,719	2,664	1,604	2,397
45-49	3,689	5,334	3,778	5,319	3,750	5,162	3,088	4,134	2,946	3,813	2,520	3,549	2,375	3,390	2,135	3,096	1,980	2,846	1,843	2,680
50-54	3,056	3,994	3,154	4,001	3,127	3,970	2,756	3,439	2,688	3,195	2,414	3,272	2,370	3,163	2,296	3,089	2,284	3,106	2,146	2,887
55-59	2,101	2,871	2,134	2,942	2,084	2,792	1,965	2,328	1,754	2,309	1,761	2,245	1,723	2,286	1,682	2,376	1,737	2,493	1,620	2,361
60-64	868	1,523	1,018	1,569	1,046	1,674	1,047	1,411	927	1,334	926	1,347	933	1,377	986	1,437	946	1,456	987	1,380
65+	135	389	195	440	235	521	256	495	239	435	264	496	274	468	322	600	311	656	343	687
Sub-Total	24,288	43,086	23,685	40,822	23,299	38,664	19,731	30,303	17,967	28,137	16,489	26,830	16,286	26,382	15,736	25,745	15,321	25,237	14,986	23,954
Not Available	32		24		29		70		56		52		34		27		27		13	
Total	67,406		64,531		61,992		50,104		46,160		43,371		42,702		41,508		40,585		38,953	

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed No Lost Time Claims by Age and Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

*Not Available includes all no lost time claims where age and/or gender was not available

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
Age Group	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
15-19	2,948	6,841	2,907	6,791	2,837	6,271	1,894	3,932	1,579	3,416	1,481	3,435	1,703	3,596	1,638	3,411	1,704	3,589	1,844	3,576
20-24	5,330	16,357	4,932	15,314	4,693	14,044	3,756	9,762	3,229	9,052	3,231	9,288	3,576	9,685	3,627	9,737	3,802	9,670	3,858	9,679
25-29	4,495	14,760	4,498	13,761	4,228	12,909	3,596	9,891	3,401	9,248	3,386	9,292	3,472	9,467	3,651	9,560	3,640	9,410	3,669	9,207
30-34	4,489	13,438	4,296	12,462	4,095	11,656	3,434	8,980	3,219	8,204	3,085	8,511	3,160	8,479	3,233	8,441	3,313	8,394	3,257	8,349
35-39	5,139	13,575	4,947	12,452	4,686	11,511	3,889	8,686	3,518	7,955	3,543	7,904	3,377	7,904	3,389	7,886	3,437	7,723	3,225	7,203
40-44	6,571	14,567	6,283	13,435	5,687	11,889	4,674	8,927	4,284	8,210	4,014	7,913	3,973	7,763	3,978	7,722	3,961	7,518	3,680	6,841
45-49	6,181	12,922	6,581	12,671	6,383	11,885	5,515	9,417	5,212	9,116	5,182	8,968	4,804	8,557	4,592	8,238	4,392	7,546	4,134	7,142
50-54	5,104	9,198	5,182	9,414	5,375	9,364	4,767	7,478	4,765	7,652	4,741	7,920	4,753	7,952	4,959	7,906	4,864	8,104	4,892	7,790
55-59	3,168	6,465	3,253	6,483	3,430	6,227	3,181	5,145	3,188	5,046	3,195	5,290	3,418	5,554	3,465	5,958	3,666	6,063	3,596	6,006
60-64	1,230	3,167	1,389	3,425	1,591	3,454	1,483	3,007	1,527	3,026	1,577	3,062	1,660	3,187	1,727	3,305	1,837	3,458	1,892	3,494
65+	237	1,130	258	1,440	363	1,729	381	1,576	427	1,627	482	1,769	496	1,961	590	2,057	655	2,279	669	2,414
Sub-Total	44,892	112,420	44,526	107,648	43,368	100,939	36,570	76,801	34,349	72,552	33,917	73,352	34,392	74,105	34,849	74,221	35,271	73,754	34,716	71,701
Not Available	175		244		182		1,969		1,759		1,685		1,151		1,050		1,171		1,087	
Total	157,487		152,418		144,489		115,340		108,660		108,954		109,648		110,120		110,196		107,504	

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Intermediate Occupations in Transport, Equipment Operation, Installation and																				
Motor vehicle and Transit drivers	4,735	7.0%	4,822	7.5%	4,710	7.6%	3,612	7.2%	3,328	7.2%	3,184	7.3%	3,120	7.3%	3,239	7.8%	3,283	8.1%	2,929	7.5%
Longshore workers and material handlers	3,148	4.7%	3,145	4.9%	3,121	5.0%	2,298	4.6%	1,966	4.3%	1,877	4.3%	1,868	4.4%	1,819	4.4%	1,732	4.3%	1,588	4.1%
Other installers, repairers and servicers	716	1.1%	619	1.0%	694	1.1%	614	1.2%	488	1.1%	474	1.1%	450	1.1%	523	1.3%	498	1.2%	528	1.4%
Heavy equipment operators	356	0.5%	351	0.5%	366	0.6%	295	0.6%	251	0.5%	250	0.6%	209	0.5%	246	0.6%	249	0.6%	239	0.6%
Other transport equipment operators and related workers	223	0.3%	235	0.4%	270	0.4%	237	0.5%	179	0.4%	184	0.4%	202	0.5%	183	0.4%	195	0.5%	193	0.5%
Subtotal	9,178	13.6%	9,172	14.2%	9,161	14.8%	7,056	14.1%	6,212	13.5%	5,969	13.8%	5,849	13.7%	6,010	14.5%	5,957	14.7%	5,477	14.1%
Trades and Skilled Transport and Equipment Operators																				
Motor vehicle mechanics	1,481	2.2%	1,435	2.2%	1,322	2.1%	1,240	2.5%	1,068	2.3%	1,026	2.4%	1,026	2.4%	1,045	2.5%	1,030	2.5%	1,070	2.7%
Metal forming, shaping and erecting occupations	1,290	1.9%	1,172	1.8%	1,221	2.0%	822	1.6%	764	1.7%	777	1.8%	855	2.0%	804	1.9%	750	1.8%	727	1.9%
Machinery & transportation equipment mechanics (except motor vehicle)	1,360	2.0%	1,234	1.9%	1,003	1.6%	832	1.7%	732	1.6%	640	1.5%	612	1.4%	670	1.6%	622	1.5%	646	1.7%
Carpenters and cabinetmakers	830	1.2%	785	1.2%	841	1.4%	635	1.3%	649	1.4%	606	1.4%	592	1.4%	616	1.5%	657	1.6%	642	1.6%
Electrical trades and telecommunication	751	1.1%	691	1.1%	711	1.1%	569	1.1%	542	1.2%	537	1.2%	520	1.2%	529	1.3%	508	1.3%	472	1.2%
Other construction trades	497	0.7%	468	0.7%	483	0.8%	401	0.8%	347	0.8%	345	0.8%	421	1.0%	411	1.0%	446	1.1%	427	1.1%
Masonry and plastering trades	366	0.5%	333	0.5%	380	0.6%	322	0.6%	288	0.6%	292	0.7%	283	0.7%	298	0.7%	298	0.7%	297	0.8%
Plumbers, pipefitters and gas fitters	359	0.5%	342	0.5%	346	0.6%	275	0.5%	266	0.6%	268	0.6%	253	0.6%	279	0.7%	271	0.7%	257	0.7%
Machinists and related occupations	740	1.1%	600	0.9%	522	0.8%	319	0.6%	300	0.6%	268	0.6%	327	0.8%	291	0.7%	248	0.6%	219	0.6%
Contractors and supervisors, trades and related workers	318	0.5%	338	0.5%	355	0.6%	267	0.5%	233	0.5%	259	0.6%	248	0.6%	265	0.6%	247	0.6%	197	0.5%
Other mechanics	236	0.4%	218	0.3%	193	0.3%	190	0.4%	215	0.5%	223	0.5%	194	0.5%	156	0.4%	171	0.4%	141	0.4%
Crane operators, drillers and blasters	133	0.2%	116	0.2%	98	0.2%	75	0.1%	64	0.1%	69	0.2%	75	0.2%	48	0.1%	70	0.2%	64	0.2%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Printing press operators, commercial divers & other trades & related occupations, NEC	195	0.3%	163	0.3%	153	0.2%	122	0.2%	107	0.2%	80	0.2%	78	0.2%	53	0.1%	61	0.2%	47	0.1%
Upholsterers, tailors, shoe repairers, jewellers & related occupations	79	0.1%	70	0.1%	52	0.1%	24	0.0%	19	0.0%	19	0.0%	25	0.1%	27	0.1%	19	0.0%	27	0.1%
Stationary engineers & power station & system operators	69	0.1%	57	0.1%	48	0.1%	45	0.1%	28	0.1%	34	0.1%	25	0.1%	27	0.1%	19	0.0%	23	0.1%
Supervisors, railway and motor transportation operations	19	0.0%	25	0.0%	31	0.1%	21	0.0%	8	0.0%	15	0.0%	10	0.0%	7	0.0%	8	0.0%	11	0.0%
Train crew operating occupations	10	0.0%	10	0.0%	14	0.0%	6	0.0%	8	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	9	0.0%	3	0.0%
Subtotal	8,733	13.0%	8,057	12.5%	7,773	12.5%	6,165	12.3%	5,638	12.2%	5,462	12.6%	5,548	13.0%	5,526	13.3%	5,434	13.4%	5,270	13.5%
Elemental Sales and Service Occupations																				
Cleaners	2,777	4.1%	2,672	4.1%	2,539	4.1%	2,352	4.7%	1,935	4.2%	1,955	4.5%	1,911	4.5%	1,845	4.4%	1,906	4.7%	1,775	4.6%
Food counter attendants and kitchen helpers	1,793	2.7%	1,617	2.5%	1,581	2.6%	1,254	2.5%	1,008	2.2%	1,020	2.4%	941	2.2%	1,074	2.6%	939	2.3%	1,167	3.0%
Other sales and related occupations	1,984	2.9%	1,772	2.7%	1,699	2.7%	1,444	2.9%	1,257	2.7%	1,236	2.8%	1,020	2.4%	1,095	2.6%	1,069	2.6%	996	2.6%
Cashiers	741	1.1%	740	1.1%	691	1.1%	589	1.2%	488	1.1%	488	1.1%	418	1.0%	370	0.9%	425	1.0%	370	0.9%
Security guards and related occupations	432	0.6%	482	0.7%	560	0.9%	486	1.0%	433	0.9%	378	0.9%	393	0.9%	395	1.0%	384	0.9%	346	0.9%
Other elemental service occupations	360	0.5%	300	0.5%	311	0.5%	282	0.6%	254	0.6%	253	0.6%	193	0.5%	167	0.4%	228	0.6%	206	0.5%
Elemental medical and hospital assistants	357	0.5%	405	0.6%	339	0.5%	334	0.7%	311	0.7%	246	0.6%	239	0.6%	170	0.4%	179	0.4%	179	0.5%
Other attendants in travel, accommodation and recreation	126	0.2%	137	0.2%	131	0.2%	116	0.2%	110	0.2%	89	0.2%	95	0.2%	99	0.2%	96	0.2%	102	0.3%
Subtotal	8,570	12.7%	8,125	12.6%	7,851	12.7%	6,857	13.7%	5,796	12.6%	5,665	13.1%	5,210	12.2%	5,215	12.6%	5,226	12.9%	5,141	13.2%
Intermediate Sales and Service Occupations																				
Retail salespersons and sales clerks	2,836	4.2%	2,839	4.4%	2,708	4.4%	2,592	5.2%	2,336	5.1%	2,006	4.6%	1,976	4.6%	1,745	4.2%	1,560	3.8%	1,565	4.0%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Occupations in food and beverage service	745	1.1%	785	1.2%	769	1.2%	682	1.4%	590	1.3%	592	1.4%	679	1.6%	628	1.5%	641	1.6%	619	1.6%
Childcare and home support workers	1,429	2.1%	1,180	1.8%	1,104	1.8%	1,120	2.2%	1,044	2.3%	859	2.0%	948	2.2%	959	2.3%	629	1.5%	552	1.4%
Occupations in travel and accommodation	165	0.2%	162	0.3%	140	0.2%	122	0.2%	106	0.2%	126	0.3%	129	0.3%	139	0.3%	158	0.4%	164	0.4%
Other occupations in personal service	112	0.2%	123	0.2%	144	0.2%	131	0.3%	119	0.3%	126	0.3%	120	0.3%	129	0.3%	136	0.3%	112	0.3%
Sales representatives, wholesale trade	90	0.1%	83	0.1%	137	0.2%	80	0.2%	87	0.2%	89	0.2%	66	0.2%	64	0.2%	87	0.2%	73	0.2%
Tour and recreational guides and amusement occupations	62	0.1%	57	0.1%	61	0.1%	47	0.1%	41	0.1%	36	0.1%	42	0.1%	40	0.1%	34	0.1%	33	0.1%
Other occupations in protective service	63	0.1%	75	0.1%	78	0.1%	51	0.1%	37	0.1%	41	0.1%	45	0.1%	45	0.1%	29	0.1%	29	0.1%
Subtotal	5,502	8.2%	5,304	8.2%	5,141	8.3%	4,825	9.6%	4,360	9.4%	3,875	8.9%	4,005	9.4%	3,749	9.0%	3,274	8.1%	3,147	8.1%
Processing and Manufacturing Machine Operators and Assemblers																				
Machining, metalworking, woodworking & related machine operators	2,499	3.7%	2,023	3.1%	1,481	2.4%	1,027	2.0%	913	2.0%	965	2.2%	1,007	2.4%	880	2.1%	857	2.1%	825	2.1%
Mechanical, electrical and electronics assemblers	2,540	3.8%	2,197	3.4%	2,014	3.2%	1,165	2.3%	1,192	2.6%	1,094	2.5%	1,023	2.4%	885	2.1%	894	2.2%	753	1.9%
Other assembly and related occupations	1,048	1.6%	809	1.3%	767	1.2%	462	0.9%	427	0.9%	396	0.9%	390	0.9%	358	0.9%	382	0.9%	335	0.9%
Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber processing	857	1.3%	733	1.1%	656	1.1%	454	0.9%	445	1.0%	399	0.9%	298	0.7%	320	0.8%	347	0.9%	307	0.8%
Machine operators & related workers in food, beverage, & tobacco processing	597	0.9%	526	0.8%	463	0.7%	406	0.8%	364	0.8%	332	0.8%	288	0.7%	307	0.7%	223	0.5%	226	0.6%
Machine operators & related workers in metal & mineral products processing	452	0.7%	377	0.6%	349	0.6%	202	0.4%	216	0.5%	207	0.5%	208	0.5%	178	0.4%	208	0.5%	167	0.4%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	262	0.4%	223	0.3%	182	0.3%	129	0.3%	95	0.2%	99	0.2%	65	0.2%	77	0.2%	87	0.2%	82	0.2%
Printing machine operators and related occupations	172	0.3%	152	0.2%	147	0.2%	92	0.2%	86	0.2%	107	0.2%	65	0.2%	66	0.2%	80	0.2%	64	0.2%
Machine operators & related workers in fabric, fur & leather products manufacturing	142	0.2%	145	0.2%	81	0.1%	63	0.1%	50	0.1%	44	0.1%	52	0.1%	52	0.1%	42	0.1%	38	0.1%
Machine operators & related workers in textile processing	118	0.2%	89	0.1%	74	0.1%	43	0.1%	39	0.1%	43	0.1%	37	0.1%	36	0.1%	37	0.1%	24	0.1%
Subtotal	8,687	12.9%	7,274	11.3%	6,214	10.0%	4,043	8.1%	3,827	8.3%	3,686	8.5%	3,433	8.0%	3,159	7.6%	3,157	7.8%	2,821	7.2%
Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	5,232	7.8%	4,861	7.5%	4,158	6.7%	2,617	5.2%	2,578	5.6%	2,786	6.4%	3,046	7.1%	2,603	6.3%	2,439	6.0%	2,480	6.4%
Assisting Occupations in Support of Health Services	2,042	3.0%	2,260	3.5%	2,383	3.8%	2,152	4.3%	2,231	4.8%	1,978	4.6%	2,279	5.3%	1,932	4.7%	2,270	5.6%	2,231	5.7%
Skilled Sales and Service Occupations																				
Chefs and cooks	1,390	2.1%	1,305	2.0%	1,325	2.1%	1,085	2.2%	988	2.1%	953	2.2%	1,044	2.4%	984	2.4%	1,037	2.6%	952	2.4%
Sales and service supervisors	462	0.7%	412	0.6%	383	0.6%	321	0.6%	343	0.7%	324	0.7%	227	0.5%	350	0.8%	365	0.9%	389	1.0%
Butchers and bakers	326	0.5%	353	0.5%	336	0.5%	255	0.5%	250	0.5%	228	0.5%	225	0.5%	240	0.6%	211	0.5%	192	0.5%
Police officers and firefighters	165	0.2%	174	0.3%	168	0.3%	146	0.3%	176	0.4%	182	0.4%	154	0.4%	184	0.4%	190	0.5%	172	0.4%
Insurance and real estate sales occupations and buyers	206	0.3%	257	0.4%	227	0.4%	212	0.4%	159	0.3%	166	0.4%	144	0.3%	149	0.4%	136	0.3%	113	0.3%
Technical sales specialists, wholesale trade	44	0.1%	31	0.0%	39	0.1%	42	0.1%	30	0.1%	58	0.1%	26	0.1%	33	0.1%	34	0.1%	24	0.1%
Technical occupations in personal service	7	0.0%	8	0.0%	19	0.0%	11	0.0%	19	0.0%	7	0.0%	10	0.0%	8	0.0%	13	0.0%	10	0.0%
Subtotal	2,600	3.9%	2,540	3.9%	2,497	4.0%	2,072	4.1%	1,965	4.3%	1,918	4.4%	1,830	4.3%	1,948	4.7%	1,986	4.9%	1,852	4.8%
Trades Helpers, Construction Labourers and Related Occupations																				
Trades helpers and labourers	2,460	3.6%	2,603	4.0%	2,184	3.5%	1,934	3.9%	1,815	3.9%	1,581	3.6%	1,367	3.2%	1,534	3.7%	1,523	3.8%	1,413	3.6%
Public works and other labourers, NEC	450	0.7%	395	0.6%	494	0.8%	357	0.7%	334	0.7%	312	0.7%	253	0.6%	263	0.6%	327	0.8%	298	0.8%
Subtotal	2,910	4.3%	2,998	4.6%	2,678	4.3%	2,291	4.6%	2,149	4.7%	1,893	4.4%	1,620	3.8%	1,797	4.3%	1,850	4.6%	1,711	4.4%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Clerical Occupations																				
Recording, scheduling and distributing occupations	1,563	2.3%	1,525	2.4%	1,380	2.2%	962	1.9%	899	1.9%	793	1.8%	771	1.8%	729	1.8%	717	1.8%	627	1.6%
Library, correspondence and related information clerks	531	0.8%	512	0.8%	486	0.8%	494	1.0%	429	0.9%	400	0.9%	358	0.8%	392	0.9%	367	0.9%	311	0.8%
Clerical occupations, general office skills	352	0.5%	341	0.5%	364	0.6%	289	0.6%	227	0.5%	221	0.5%	224	0.5%	238	0.6%	213	0.5%	223	0.6%
Mail and message distribution occupations	503	0.7%	461	0.7%	450	0.7%	374	0.7%	310	0.7%	270	0.6%	244	0.6%	230	0.6%	178	0.4%	171	0.4%
Finance and insurance clerks	131	0.2%	145	0.2%	122	0.2%	114	0.2%	101	0.2%	111	0.3%	79	0.2%	119	0.3%	84	0.2%	66	0.2%
Administrative support clerks	100	0.1%	97	0.2%	87	0.1%	94	0.2%	79	0.2%	67	0.2%	74	0.2%	51	0.1%	61	0.2%	41	0.1%
Office equipment operators	60	0.1%	42	0.1%	56	0.1%	35	0.1%	30	0.1%	31	0.1%	30	0.1%	18	0.0%	19	0.0%	13	0.0%
Subtotal	3,240	4.8%	3,123	4.8%	2,945	4.8%	2,362	4.7%	2,075	4.5%	1,893	4.4%	1,780	4.2%	1,777	4.3%	1,639	4.0%	1,452	3.7%
Professional Occupations in Health																				
Nurse supervisors and registered nurses	1,744	2.6%	1,671	2.6%	1,804	2.9%	1,685	3.4%	1,506	3.3%	1,237	2.9%	1,240	2.9%	1,113	2.7%	1,015	2.5%	897	2.3%
Therapy and assessment professionals	79	0.1%	94	0.1%	99	0.2%	84	0.2%	90	0.2%	63	0.1%	76	0.2%	63	0.2%	69	0.2%	69	0.2%
Pharmacists, dietitians and nutritionists	29	0.0%	31	0.0%	29	0.0%	22	0.0%	33	0.1%	59	0.1%	66	0.2%	48	0.1%	69	0.2%	65	0.2%
Physicians, dentists and veterinarians	8	0.0%	13	0.0%	15	0.0%	12	0.0%	27	0.1%	7	0.0%	9	0.0%	9	0.0%	9	0.0%	9	0.0%
Optometrists, chiropractors & other health diagnosing & treating professionals		0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%
Subtotal	1,860	2.8%	1,809	2.8%	1,949	3.1%	1,804	3.6%	1,656	3.6%	1,366	3.1%	1,392	3.3%	1,237	3.0%	1,164	2.9%	1,040	2.7%
Middle and Other Management Occupations																				
Managers in retail trade	683	1.0%	777	1.2%	805	1.3%	724	1.4%	576	1.2%	597	1.4%	544	1.3%	507	1.2%	465	1.1%	466	1.2%
Managers in food service and accommodation	218	0.3%	244	0.4%	205	0.3%	190	0.4%	195	0.4%	144	0.3%	156	0.4%	164	0.4%	190	0.5%	160	0.4%
Managers in construction and transportation	34	0.1%	41	0.1%	48	0.1%	41	0.1%	24	0.1%	40	0.1%	38	0.1%	63	0.2%	75	0.2%	85	0.2%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Facility operation and maintenance managers	79	0.1%	80	0.1%	93	0.2%	86	0.2%	73	0.2%	70	0.2%	71	0.2%	59	0.1%	62	0.2%	58	0.1%
Managers in manufacturing and utilities	56	0.1%	36	0.1%	50	0.1%	53	0.1%	25	0.1%	31	0.1%	31	0.1%	25	0.1%	30	0.1%	31	0.1%
Managers in health, education, social and community services	26	0.0%	23	0.0%	34	0.1%	31	0.1%	41	0.1%	42	0.1%	30	0.1%	25	0.1%	27	0.1%	31	0.1%
Administrative services managers	35	0.1%	46	0.1%	49	0.1%	43	0.1%	43	0.1%	36	0.1%	46	0.1%	41	0.1%	33	0.1%	30	0.1%
Sales, marketing and advertising managers	23	0.0%	24	0.0%	36	0.1%	42	0.1%	43	0.1%	38	0.1%	28	0.1%	24	0.1%	34	0.1%	26	0.1%
Managers in other services	25	0.0%	14	0.0%	29	0.0%	25	0.0%	25	0.1%	34	0.1%	23	0.1%	34	0.1%	15	0.0%	15	0.0%
Managers in engineering, architecture, science and information systems	16	0.0%	13	0.0%	21	0.0%	16	0.0%	12	0.0%	7	0.0%	13	0.0%	13	0.0%	15	0.0%	10	0.0%
Managers in public administration	15	0.0%	11	0.0%	13	0.0%	10	0.0%	17	0.0%	10	0.0%	11	0.0%	12	0.0%	12	0.0%	8	0.0%
Managers in communications (except broadcasting)	11	0.0%	9	0.0%	8	0.0%	5	0.0%	8	0.0%	9	0.0%	10	0.0%	17	0.0%	10	0.0%	8	0.0%
Managers in art, culture, recreation and sport	8	0.0%	11	0.0%	7	0.0%	10	0.0%	9	0.0%	12	0.0%	11	0.0%	7	0.0%	4	0.0%	6	0.0%
Managers in financial and business services	14	0.0%	9	0.0%	31	0.1%	11	0.0%	11	0.0%	16	0.0%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%
Managers in protective service	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%	6	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%
Managers in primary production (except agriculture)	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%
Subtotal	1,251	1.9%	1,344	2.1%	1,434	2.3%	1,289	2.6%	1,106	2.4%	1,092	2.5%	1,023	2.4%	999	2.4%	977	2.4%	942	2.4%
Paraprofessional Occupations in Law, Social Services, Education and Religion	741	1.1%	778	1.2%	836	1.3%	808	1.6%	779	1.7%	810	1.9%	794	1.9%	800	1.9%	761	1.9%	897	2.3%
Technical and Skilled Occupations in Health																				
Other technical occupations in health care (except dental)	678	1.0%	802	1.2%	729	1.2%	773	1.5%	835	1.8%	611	1.4%	722	1.7%	660	1.6%	741	1.8%	730	1.9%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Medical technologists and technicians (except dental health)	236	0.4%	220	0.3%	280	0.5%	220	0.4%	177	0.4%	176	0.4%	175	0.4%	170	0.4%	184	0.5%	133	0.3%
Technical occupations in dental health care	15	0.0%	15	0.0%	16	0.0%	13	0.0%	14	0.0%	8	0.0%	15	0.0%	5	0.0%	11	0.0%	8	0.0%
Subtotal	929	1.4%	1,037	1.6%	1,025	1.7%	1,006	2.0%	1,026	2.2%	795	1.8%	912	2.1%	835	2.0%	936	2.3%	871	2.2%
Intermediate Occupations in Primary Industry																				
Agriculture and horticulture workers	589	0.9%	524	0.8%	507	0.8%	478	1.0%	450	1.0%	400	0.9%	422	1.0%	480	1.2%	473	1.2%	470	1.2%
Mine service workers and operators in oil and gas drilling	21	0.0%	37	0.1%	36	0.1%	20	0.0%	38	0.1%	64	0.1%	40	0.1%	17	0.0%	38	0.1%	28	0.1%
Logging and forestry workers	59	0.1%	45	0.1%	53	0.1%	31	0.1%	34	0.1%	41	0.1%	22	0.1%	35	0.1%	19	0.0%	27	0.1%
Other fishing and trapping occupations	4	0.0%	5	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	7	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%
Subtotal	673	1.0%	611	0.9%	598	1.0%	533	1.1%	523	1.1%	506	1.2%	486	1.1%	539	1.3%	533	1.3%	526	1.4%
Primary Production Labourers	528	0.8%	495	0.8%	542	0.9%	444	0.9%	445	1.0%	355	0.8%	349	0.8%	417	1.0%	430	1.1%	460	1.2%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Technical Occupations Related to Natural and Applied Sciences																				
Technical occupations in electronics and electrical engineering	253	0.4%	212	0.3%	222	0.4%	213	0.4%	174	0.4%	181	0.4%	137	0.3%	177	0.4%	147	0.4%	150	0.4%
Technical occupations in life sciences	119	0.2%	137	0.2%	154	0.2%	131	0.3%	134	0.3%	120	0.3%	153	0.4%	137	0.3%	117	0.3%	114	0.3%
Technical occupations in physical sciences	65	0.1%	70	0.1%	81	0.1%	52	0.1%	68	0.1%	69	0.2%	61	0.1%	53	0.1%	64	0.2%	47	0.1%
Technical occupations in civil, mechanical & industrial engineering	122	0.2%	110	0.2%	131	0.2%	100	0.2%	91	0.2%	87	0.2%	51	0.1%	82	0.2%	53	0.1%	42	0.1%
Other technical inspectors and regulatory officers	35	0.1%	47	0.1%	49	0.1%	35	0.1%	49	0.1%	29	0.1%	27	0.1%	35	0.1%	37	0.1%	37	0.1%
Transportation officers and controllers	30	0.0%	25	0.0%	30	0.0%	15	0.0%	15	0.0%	27	0.1%	38	0.1%	27	0.1%	36	0.1%	31	0.1%
Technical occupations in architecture, drafting, surveying & mapping	20	0.0%	30	0.0%	41	0.1%	25	0.0%	21	0.0%	35	0.1%	37	0.1%	25	0.1%	15	0.0%	28	0.1%
Subtotal	644	1.0%	631	1.0%	708	1.1%	571	1.1%	552	1.2%	548	1.3%	504	1.2%	536	1.3%	469	1.2%	449	1.2%
Professional Occupations in Social Science, Education, Government Services and Religion																				
Psychologists, social workers, counsellors, clergy & probation officers	213	0.3%	157	0.2%	153	0.2%	181	0.4%	189	0.4%	153	0.4%	166	0.4%	156	0.4%	149	0.4%	135	0.3%
Policy and program officers, researchers and consultants	104	0.2%	101	0.2%	98	0.2%	91	0.2%	94	0.2%	79	0.2%	76	0.2%	100	0.2%	94	0.2%	94	0.2%
Secondary and elementary school teachers & counsellors	48	0.1%	49	0.1%	50	0.1%	72	0.1%	47	0.1%	34	0.1%	51	0.1%	39	0.1%	48	0.1%	41	0.1%
College and other vocational instructors	26	0.0%	27	0.0%	17	0.0%	13	0.0%	24	0.1%	18	0.0%	15	0.0%	21	0.1%	18	0.0%	19	0.0%
University professors and assistants	20	0.0%	21	0.0%	26	0.0%	27	0.1%	22	0.0%	18	0.0%	19	0.0%	17	0.0%	25	0.1%	11	0.0%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

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Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Judges, lawyers and quebec notaries	2	0.0%		0.0%	4	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	2	0.0%	5	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%
Subtotal	413	0.6%	355	0.6%	348	0.6%	384	0.8%	376	0.8%	302	0.7%	329	0.8%	338	0.8%	336	0.8%	303	0.8%
Skilled Administrative and Business Occupations																				
Clerical supervisors	186	0.3%	185	0.3%	188	0.3%	141	0.3%	121	0.3%	140	0.3%	108	0.3%	112	0.3%	147	0.4%	122	0.3%
Administrative and regulatory occupations	99	0.1%	130	0.2%	143	0.2%	131	0.3%	117	0.3%	117	0.3%	118	0.3%	126	0.3%	120	0.3%	110	0.3%
Secretaries, recorders and transcriptionists	78	0.1%	66	0.1%	85	0.1%	70	0.1%	55	0.1%	46	0.1%	48	0.1%	47	0.1%	27	0.1%	36	0.1%
Finance and insurance administrative occupations	31	0.0%	34	0.1%	33	0.1%	29	0.1%	30	0.1%	15	0.0%	17	0.0%	20	0.0%	18	0.0%	16	0.0%
Subtotal	394	0.6%	415	0.6%	449	0.7%	371	0.7%	323	0.7%	318	0.7%	291	0.7%	305	0.7%	312	0.8%	284	0.7%
Technical and Skilled Occupations in Art, Culture, Recreation and Sport																				
Photographers, graphic arts technicians & technical occupations in motion pictures, broadcasting & the performing arts	80	0.1%	77	0.1%	90	0.1%	75	0.1%	95	0.2%	101	0.2%	105	0.2%	99	0.2%	96	0.2%	119	0.3%
Athletes, coaches, referees and related occupations	96	0.1%	65	0.1%	61	0.1%	83	0.2%	58	0.1%	90	0.2%	84	0.2%	76	0.2%	96	0.2%	97	0.2%
Technical occupations in libraries, archives, museums & galleries	21	0.0%	25	0.0%	27	0.0%	21	0.0%	21	0.0%	22	0.1%	25	0.1%	22	0.1%	20	0.0%	33	0.1%
Creative designers and craftpersons	48	0.1%	58	0.1%	51	0.1%	38	0.1%	39	0.1%	32	0.1%	18	0.0%	34	0.1%	21	0.1%	26	0.1%
performers	6	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%		0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%
Subtotal	251	0.4%	227	0.4%	231	0.4%	221	0.4%	216	0.5%	246	0.6%	232	0.5%	234	0.6%	235	0.6%	276	0.7%
Skilled Occupations in Primary Industry																				
Contractors, operators & supervisors in agriculture, horticulture & aquaculture	139	0.2%	140	0.2%	164	0.3%	120	0.2%	122	0.3%	115	0.3%	123	0.3%	133	0.3%	159	0.4%	145	0.4%

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Underground miners, oil & gas drillers & related workers	112	0.2%	118	0.2%	103	0.2%	80	0.2%	60	0.1%	129	0.3%	126	0.3%	96	0.2%	65	0.2%	82	0.2%
Logging machinery operators	37	0.1%	19	0.0%	27	0.0%	10	0.0%	15	0.0%	17	0.0%	8	0.0%	12	0.0%	12	0.0%	13	0.0%
Fishing vessel masters and skippers and	3	0.0%	5	0.0%	8	0.0%	6	0.0%	6	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%
Supervisors, mining, oil and gas	8	0.0%	5	0.0%	7	0.0%	12	0.0%	4	0.0%	9	0.0%	5	0.0%	8	0.0%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%
Supervisors, logging and forestry	2	0.0%		0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	4	0.0%	0	0.0%
Subtotal	301	0.4%	287	0.4%	313	0.5%	231	0.5%	210	0.5%	275	0.6%	267	0.6%	254	0.6%	251	0.6%	250	0.6%
Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities Supervisors and Skilled Operators																				
Supervisors, assembly and fabrication	153	0.2%	136	0.2%	134	0.2%	88	0.2%	91	0.2%	102	0.2%	62	0.1%	59	0.1%	69	0.2%	98	0.3%
Supervisors, processing occupations	146	0.2%	114	0.2%	112	0.2%	81	0.2%	71	0.2%	75	0.2%	63	0.1%	70	0.2%	100	0.2%	97	0.2%
Central control & process operators in manufacturing & processing	102	0.2%	88	0.1%	89	0.1%	61	0.1%	72	0.2%	77	0.2%	36	0.1%	46	0.1%	36	0.1%	42	0.1%
Subtotal	401	0.6%	338	0.5%	335	0.5%	230	0.5%	234	0.5%	254	0.6%	161	0.4%	175	0.4%	205	0.5%	237	0.6%
Professional Occupations in Natural and Applied Sciences																				
Mathematicians, systems analysts and computer programmers	69	0.1%	65	0.1%	79	0.1%	60	0.1%	42	0.1%	50	0.1%	43	0.1%	44	0.1%	45	0.1%	37	0.1%
Civil, mechanical, electrical and chemical engineers	46	0.1%	46	0.1%	47	0.1%	40	0.1%	37	0.1%	21	0.0%	40	0.1%	26	0.1%	25	0.1%	32	0.1%
Other engineers	19	0.0%	27	0.0%	26	0.0%	22	0.0%	21	0.0%	16	0.0%	28	0.1%	12	0.0%	17	0.0%	17	0.0%
Architects, urban planners and land surveyors	18	0.0%	30	0.0%	28	0.0%	20	0.0%	17	0.0%	22	0.1%	21	0.0%	24	0.1%	20	0.0%	14	0.0%
Life science professionals	13	0.0%	15	0.0%	12	0.0%	7	0.0%	15	0.0%	9	0.0%	23	0.1%	11	0.0%	10	0.0%	10	0.0%
Physical science professionals	17	0.0%	19	0.0%	21	0.0%	5	0.0%	15	0.0%	14	0.0%	7	0.0%	12	0.0%	5	0.0%	10	0.0%
Subtotal	182	0.3%	202	0.3%	213	0.3%	154	0.3%	147	0.3%	132	0.3%	162	0.4%	129	0.3%	122	0.3%	120	0.3%
Professional Occupations in Business and Finance																				

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Occupation

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1 Occupation	Injury/Illness Year																			
	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Human resources and business service professionals	25	0.0%	29	0.0%	41	0.1%	33	0.1%	15	0.0%	38	0.1%	37	0.1%	30	0.1%	25	0.1%	40	0.0%
Auditors, accountants and investment professionals	33	0.0%	28	0.0%	30	0.0%	29	0.1%	23	0.0%	25	0.1%	26	0.1%	28	0.1%	43	0.1%	17	0.1%
Subtotal	58	0.1%	57	0.1%	71	0.1%	62	0.1%	38	0.1%	63	0.1%	63	0.1%	58	0.1%	68	0.2%	57	0.1%
Professional Occupations in Art and Culture																				
Creative and performing artists	19	0.0%	15	0.0%	22	0.0%	23	0.0%	9	0.0%	8	0.0%	14	0.0%	13	0.0%	11	0.0%	16	0.0%
Writing, translating and public relations professionals	22	0.0%	13	0.0%	17	0.0%	19	0.0%	26	0.1%	11	0.0%	11	0.0%	15	0.0%	14	0.0%	8	0.0%
Librarians, archivists, conservators and curators	7	0.0%	11	0.0%	10	0.0%	8	0.0%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%	11	0.0%	6	0.0%	8	0.0%	6	0.0%
Subtotal	48	0.1%	39	0.1%	49	0.1%	50	0.1%	40	0.1%	24	0.1%	36	0.1%	34	0.1%	33	0.1%	30	0.1%
Occupations	29	0.0%	13	0.0%	18	0.0%	14	0.0%	11	0.0%	9	0.0%	15	0.0%	14	0.0%	23	0.1%	16	0.0%
Occupation Not Stated	2,009	3.0%	2,179	3.4%	2,072	3.3%	1,492	3.0%	1,647	3.6%	1,151	2.7%	1,086	2.5%	888	2.1%	498	1.2%	613	1.6%
Grand Total	67,406	100.0%	64,531	100.0%	61,992	100.0%	50,104	100.0%	46,160	100.0%	43,371	100.0%	42,702	100.0%	41,508	100.0%	40,585	100.0%	38,953	100.0%

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Occupations by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
15-19	Food Counter Attendants And Kitchen Helpers	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Food Counter Attendants And Kitchen Helpers	Food Counter Attendants And Kitchen Helpers	Food counter attendants and kitchen helpers	Food counter attendants and kitchen helpers	Food counter attendants and kitchen helpers
20-24	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities
25-29	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Trades Helpers And Labourers	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities
30-34	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities
35-39	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor vehicle and Transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services
40-44	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor vehicle and Transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers
45-49	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor vehicle and Transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers
50-54	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor vehicle and Transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers
55-59	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor vehicle and Transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Occupations by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
60-64	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor vehicle and Transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers
65+	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor vehicle and Transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers	Motor vehicle and transit drivers

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Occupations by Industry Sectors

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Agriculture	Agriculture And Horticulture Workers	Agriculture And Horticulture Workers	Agriculture And Horticulture Workers	Agriculture And Horticulture Workers	Agriculture And Horticulture Workers	Agriculture And Horticulture Workers	Agriculture And Horticulture Workers	Agriculture and horticulture workers	Agriculture and horticulture workers	Agriculture and horticulture workers
Automotive	Mechanical, Electrical And Electronics Assemblers	Mechanical, Electrical And Electronics Assemblers	Mechanical, Electrical And Electronics Assemblers	Mechanical, Electrical And Electronics Assemblers	Mechanical, Electrical And Electronics Assemblers	Mechanical, Electrical And Electronics Assemblers	Mechanical, Electrical And Electronics Assemblers	Mechanical, electrical and electronics assemblers	Mechanical, electrical and electronics assemblers	Mechanical, electrical and electronics assemblers
Chemicals/ Process	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber	Machine operators & related workers in chemical, plastic & rubber
Construction	Trades Helpers And Labourers	Trades Helpers And Labourers	Trades Helpers And Labourers	Trades Helpers And Labourers	Trades Helpers And Labourers	Trades Helpers And Labourers	Trades Helpers And Labourers	Trades helpers and labourers	Trades helpers and labourers	Trades helpers and labourers
Education	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners	Cleaners
Electrical	Electrical Trades And Telecommunicati on Occupations	Electrical Trades And Telecommunicati on Occupations	Electrical Trades And Telecommunicati on Occupations	Electrical Trades And Telecommunicati on Occupations	Electrical Trades And Telecommunicati on Occupations	Electrical Trades And Telecommunicati on Occupations	Electrical Trades And Telecommunicati on Occupations	Electrical trades and telecommunicati on occupations	Electrical trades and telecommunicati on occupations	Electrical trades and telecommunicati on occupations
Food	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities
Forestry	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities

Continued...

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Occupations by Industry Sectors

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Health Care	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations in Support of Health Services	Assisting Occupations in Support of Health Services	Assisting Occupations in Support of Health Services
Manufacturing	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities
Mining	Underground Miners, Oil & Gas Drillers & Related Workers	Underground Miners, Oil & Gas Drillers & Related Workers	Underground Miners, Oil & Gas Drillers & Related Workers	Underground Miners, Oil & Gas Drillers & Related Workers	Underground Miners, Oil & Gas Drillers & Related Workers	Underground Miners, Oil & Gas Drillers & Related Workers	Underground Miners, Oil & Gas Drillers & Related Workers	Underground miners, oil & gas drillers & related workers	Underground miners, oil & gas drillers & related workers	Underground miners, oil & gas drillers & related workers
Municipal	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police Officers And Firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters	Police officers and firefighters
Primary Metals	Machine operators & related workers in metal & mineral products processing	Machine operators & related workers in metal & mineral products processing	Machine operators & related workers in metal & mineral products processing	Machine operators & related workers in metal & mineral products processing	Machine operators & related workers in metal & mineral products processing	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Machine operators & related workers in metal & mineral products processing	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities	Labourers in Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities
Pulp & Paper	Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	Labourers In Processing, Manufacturing And Utilities	Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing	Machine operators & related workers in pulp & paper production & wood processing
Services	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks
Transportation	Motor Vehicle And Transit	Motor Vehicle And Transit	Motor Vehicle And Transit	Motor Vehicle And Transit	Motor Vehicle And Transit	Motor Vehicle And Transit	Motor Vehicle And Transit	Motor Vehicle And Transit	Motor Vehicle And Transit	Motor Vehicle And Transit

WORKER PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Occupations by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

		Injury/Illness Year								
Schedule 1	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Female	Retail Salespersons And Sales Clerks	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations In Support Of Health Services	Assisting Occupations in Support of Health Services	Assisting Occupations in Support of Health Services	Assisting Occupations in Support of Health Services
Male	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor Vehicle And Transit Drivers	Motor vehicle and Transit drivers	Motor vehicle and Transit drivers	Motor vehicle and Transit drivers

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Nature of Injury

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse
 Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each year
 Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Year*																			
	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
Diagnosis/description of nature of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Sprains and strains	31,312	46.5%	30,768	47.7%	30,530	49.2%	24,468	48.8%	21,805	47.2%	19,647	45.3%	18,292	42.8%	16,633	40.1%	15,898	39.2%	15,022	38.6%
Fractures	4,913	7.3%	4,785	7.4%	4,647	7.5%	3,684	7.4%	3,594	7.8%	3,598	8.3%	3,781	8.9%	4,089	9.9%	4,060	10.0%	4,133	10.6%
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	5,948	8.8%	5,552	8.6%	5,153	8.3%	3,778	7.5%	3,617	7.8%	3,254	7.5%	3,290	7.7%	3,152	7.6%	3,282	8.1%	3,254	8.4%
Bruises, contusions	7,943	11.8%	7,517	11.6%	6,878	11.1%	4,996	10.0%	4,131	8.9%	3,934	9.1%	2,983	7.0%	2,913	7.0%	2,825	7.0%	2,842	7.3%
Traumatic injuries, disorders, complications, unspecified, NEC	333	0.5%	335	0.5%	426	0.7%	942	1.9%	1,013	2.2%	1,881	4.3%	2,822	6.6%	2,516	6.1%	2,514	6.2%	2,693	6.9%
Concussion	540	0.8%	625	1.0%	577	0.9%	538	1.1%	552	1.2%	726	1.7%	971	2.3%	1,229	3.0%	1,535	3.8%	1,743	4.5%
Multiple traumatic injuries	2,570	3.8%	2,111	3.3%	1,834	3.0%	1,811	3.6%	1,857	4.0%	1,446	3.3%	1,271	3.0%	1,354	3.3%	1,216	3.0%	979	2.5%
Abrasions, scratches and other superficial injuries	1,809	2.7%	1,647	2.6%	1,447	2.3%	1,037	2.1%	996	2.2%	846	2.0%	947	2.2%	902	2.2%	867	2.1%	828	2.1%
Infectious and parasitic diseases	321	0.5%	327	0.5%	268	0.4%	648	1.3%	949	2.1%	620	1.4%	983	2.3%	682	1.6%	855	2.1%	817	2.1%
Burn or scald (heat)	1,257	1.9%	1,036	1.6%	1,000	1.6%	841	1.7%	725	1.6%	750	1.7%	708	1.7%	673	1.6%	756	1.9%	809	2.1%
Soreness, pain, hurt, except the back	8	0.0%	18	0.0%	23	0.0%	12	0.0%	44	0.1%	343	0.8%	655	1.5%	1,386	3.3%	878	2.2%	597	1.5%
Tendonitis	1,588	2.4%	1,488	2.3%	1,349	2.2%	1,040	2.1%	917	2.0%	808	1.9%	915	2.1%	743	1.8%	732	1.8%	578	1.5%
Back pain, hurt back	4	0.0%	14	0.0%	11	0.0%	6	0.0%	45	0.1%	261	0.6%	356	0.8%	638	1.5%	717	1.8%	449	1.2%
Intracranial injuries excluding concussions	763	1.1%	655	1.0%	643	1.0%	545	1.1%	398	0.9%	390	0.9%	276	0.6%	382	0.9%	401	1.0%	400	1.0%
Crushing injuries	603	0.9%	693	1.1%	556	0.9%	442	0.9%	479	1.0%	477	1.1%	432	1.0%	379	0.9%	392	1.0%	374	1.0%
Amputations or enucleations	428	0.6%	360	0.6%	442	0.7%	341	0.7%	294	0.6%	356	0.8%	356	0.8%	316	0.8%	386	1.0%	362	0.9%
Hernia	677	1.0%	694	1.1%	642	1.0%	516	1.0%	497	1.1%	507	1.2%	426	1.0%	412	1.0%	345	0.9%	315	0.8%
Dislocation	668	1.0%	625	1.0%	642	1.0%	350	0.7%	326	0.7%	311	0.7%	296	0.7%	273	0.7%	332	0.8%	311	0.8%
Poisonings, systemic	341	0.5%	351	0.5%	306	0.5%	326	0.7%	301	0.7%	237	0.5%	285	0.7%	270	0.7%	240	0.6%	245	0.6%
Mental disorders or syndromes	180	0.3%	153	0.2%	158	0.3%	179	0.4%	189	0.4%	213	0.5%	215	0.5%	179	0.4%	252	0.6%	214	0.5%
Burns (chemicals)	274	0.4%	311	0.5%	244	0.4%	193	0.4%	208	0.5%	146	0.3%	193	0.5%	179	0.4%	196	0.5%	193	0.5%
Rotator cuff tear or syndrome	229	0.3%	227	0.4%	213	0.3%	241	0.5%	211	0.5%	208	0.5%	204	0.5%	187	0.5%	188	0.5%	183	0.5%
Intervertebral herniated, slipped disc including disc syndrome	715	1.1%	726	1.1%	670	1.1%	601	1.2%	479	1.0%	307	0.7%	259	0.6%	304	0.7%	222	0.5%	175	0.4%
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders, including dermatitis	261	0.4%	234	0.4%	205	0.3%	164	0.3%	146	0.3%	172	0.4%	165	0.4%	147	0.4%	142	0.3%	158	0.4%
Epicondylitis	509	0.8%	454	0.7%	457	0.7%	315	0.6%	272	0.6%	226	0.5%	204	0.5%	190	0.5%	162	0.4%	145	0.4%
Carpal tunnel syndrome	676	1.0%	607	0.9%	550	0.9%	432	0.9%	368	0.8%	314	0.7%	233	0.5%	212	0.5%	166	0.4%	129	0.3%
Signs and symptoms including contacts/carriers of disease	211	0.3%	172	0.3%	191	0.3%	157	0.3%	185	0.4%	141	0.3%	132	0.3%	137	0.3%	117	0.3%	123	0.3%
Sciatica	132	0.2%	130	0.2%	116	0.2%	140	0.3%	124	0.3%	88	0.2%	56	0.1%	69	0.2%	79	0.2%	89	0.2%
Avulsion	364	0.5%	295	0.5%	243	0.4%	194	0.4%	193	0.4%	144	0.3%	118	0.3%	152	0.4%	109	0.3%	77	0.2%
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue, diseases and disorders unspecified, NEC	382	0.6%	306	0.5%	338	0.5%	231	0.5%	201	0.4%	164	0.4%	112	0.3%	108	0.3%	102	0.3%	76	0.2%
Bursitis	161	0.2%	140	0.2%	135	0.2%	119	0.2%	101	0.2%	102	0.2%	77	0.2%	103	0.2%	90	0.2%	69	0.2%
Disorders of the eye, adnexa, vision, unspecified, NEC	114	0.2%	86	0.1%	109	0.2%	56	0.1%	77	0.2%	115	0.3%	75	0.2%	43	0.1%	46	0.1%	62	0.2%
Tenosynovitis	178	0.3%	134	0.2%	130	0.2%	116	0.2%	100	0.2%	92	0.2%	87	0.2%	102	0.2%	81	0.2%	58	0.1%

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Nature of Injury

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse
 Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each year
 Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Year*																			
	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
Diagnosis/description of nature of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Welder's flash	167	0.2%	145	0.2%	98	0.2%	61	0.1%	70	0.2%	65	0.1%	66	0.2%	43	0.1%	45	0.1%	51	0.1%
Conjunctivitis	91	0.1%	96	0.1%	75	0.1%	66	0.1%	55	0.1%	51	0.1%	72	0.2%	53	0.1%	37	0.1%	50	0.1%
Respiratory system diseases	105	0.2%	114	0.2%	150	0.2%	148	0.3%	121	0.3%	94	0.2%	85	0.2%	69	0.2%	44	0.1%	48	0.1%
Electrocutions, electric shock	107	0.2%	71	0.1%	63	0.1%	53	0.1%	46	0.1%	38	0.1%	40	0.1%	46	0.1%	32	0.1%	43	0.1%
Heat and light effects including heat stroke, fatigue and syncope	87	0.1%	60	0.1%	18	0.0%	21	0.0%	83	0.2%	51	0.1%	47	0.1%	62	0.1%	16	0.0%	38	0.1%
Disorders of ear including deafness	29	0.0%	26	0.0%	40	0.1%	18	0.0%	26	0.1%	21	0.0%	11	0.0%	15	0.0%	38	0.1%	33	0.1%
Freezing effects including frostbite	9	0.0%	9	0.0%	10	0.0%	18	0.0%	10	0.0%	10	0.0%	6	0.0%	10	0.0%	31	0.1%	27	0.1%
Circulatory system diseases	31	0.0%	38	0.1%	31	0.1%	19	0.0%	19	0.0%	28	0.1%	17	0.0%	12	0.0%	11	0.0%	18	0.0%
Burns (electrical)	54	0.1%	42	0.1%	28	0.0%	35	0.1%	26	0.1%	25	0.1%	31	0.1%	30	0.1%	23	0.1%	15	0.0%
Neoplasms, tumors and cancer, excluding mesothelioma	19	0.0%	26	0.0%	40	0.1%	10	0.0%	8	0.0%	7	0.0%	7	0.0%	8	0.0%	14	0.0%	7	0.0%
Digestive system diseases	0	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	7	0.0%
Capsulitis	22	0.0%	12	0.0%	14	0.0%	15	0.0%	14	0.0%	10	0.0%	3	0.0%	9	0.0%	5	0.0%	5	0.0%
Facet syndrome	46	0.1%	29	0.0%	25	0.0%	20	0.0%	10	0.0%	11	0.0%	6	0.0%	4	0.0%	10	0.0%	4	0.0%
Burns multiple, unspecified, NEC	43	0.1%	115	0.2%	119	0.2%	27	0.1%	35	0.1%	12	0.0%	45	0.1%	13	0.0%	10	0.0%	3	0.0%
Mesothelioma	39	0.1%	42	0.1%	39	0.1%	29	0.1%	4	0.0%	12	0.0%	8	0.0%	3	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%
Ganglion	40	0.1%	39	0.1%	30	0.0%	24	0.0%	22	0.0%	10	0.0%	13	0.0%	13	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%
Synovitis	15	0.0%	12	0.0%	5	0.0%	7	0.0%	0	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%
Nervous system and sense organs diseases	14	0.0%	14	0.0%	10	0.0%	27	0.1%	18	0.0%	10	0.0%	20	0.0%	13	0.0%	7	0.0%	2	0.0%
Diseases and disorders multiple, unspecified, NEC	6	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	0.0%
Air pressure effects including other environmental conditions	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	8	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%
Non-personal damage	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	6	0.0%	0	0.0%	6	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%
Myositis	6	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%
Genitourinary system diseases and disorders	6	0.0%	6	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Diseases of blood and blood-forming organs	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Back pain	0	0.0%	44	0.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Unknown	52	0.1%	0	0.0%	44	0.1%	33	0.1%	186	0.4%	72	0.2%	37	0.1%	43	0.1%	64	0.2%	87	0.2%
Total	67,406	100.0%	64,531	100.0%	61,992	100.0%	50,104	100.0%	46,160	100.0%	43,371	100.0%	42,702	100.0%	41,508	100.0%	40,585	100.0%	38,953	100.0%

*year refers to the year in which the injury or occupational disease occurred

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Nature of Injury by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
15-19	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
20-24	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
25-29	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
30-34	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
35-39	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
40-44	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
45-49	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
50-54	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
55-59	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
60-64	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
65+	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Nature of Injury by Industry Sectors

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Agriculture	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Automotive	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Chemicals/Process	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Construction	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Education	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Electrical	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Food	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Forestry	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Fractures	Sprains and strains
Health Care	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Manufacturing	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Mining	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Municipal	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Primary Metals	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Pulp & Paper	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Services	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Transportation	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains

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INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Nature of Injury by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

		Injury/Illness Year								
Schedule 1	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Female	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains
Male	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains	Sprains and strains

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Event

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse
 Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each year
 Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Year*																			
	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
Event	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Bodily reaction and exertion																				
Overexertion	15,241	22.6%	14,643	22.7%	14,366	23.2%	11,420	22.8%	10,399	22.5%	8,491	19.6%	8,280	19.4%	7,990	19.2%	7,020	17.3%	6,593	16.9%
Bodily reaction	8,009	11.9%	8,225	12.7%	7,363	11.9%	6,593	13.2%	5,309	11.5%	4,683	10.8%	5,001	11.7%	4,695	11.3%	3,896	9.6%	3,766	9.7%
Repetitive motion	3,611	5.4%	3,381	5.2%	3,464	5.6%	2,535	5.1%	2,123	4.6%	1,883	4.3%	1,679	3.9%	1,300	3.1%	1,125	2.8%	985	2.5%
Static posture and sustained viewing	49	0.1%	28	0.0%	20	0.0%	20	0.0%	14	0.0%	32	0.1%	35	0.1%	21	0.1%	44	0.1%	54	0.1%
Bodily reaction and exertion (combined), including unspecified, NEC	3,770	5.6%	3,150	4.9%	3,144	5.1%	2,804	5.6%	2,696	5.8%	3,542	8.2%	2,876	6.7%	2,539	6.1%	3,091	7.6%	2,877	7.4%
Subtotal	30,680	45.5%	29,427	45.6%	28,357	45.7%	23,372	46.6%	20,541	44.5%	18,631	43.0%	17,871	41.9%	16,545	39.9%	15,176	37.4%	14,275	36.6%
Contact with objects and equipment																				
Struck by objects or equipment	10,571	15.7%	10,128	15.7%	9,259	14.9%	7,105	14.2%	6,732	14.6%	6,197	14.3%	6,786	15.9%	6,531	15.7%	6,141	15.1%	6,312	16.2%
Struck against objects or equipment	3,471	5.1%	3,354	5.2%	3,124	5.0%	2,420	4.8%	2,389	5.2%	2,264	5.2%	2,479	5.8%	2,389	5.8%	2,311	5.7%	2,491	6.4%
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects or collapsing material	3,304	4.9%	2,944	4.6%	2,655	4.3%	1,948	3.9%	1,664	3.6%	1,824	4.2%	1,735	4.1%	1,641	4.0%	1,714	4.2%	1,610	4.1%
Rubbed or abraded by friction, pressure or jarred by vibration	911	1.4%	536	0.8%	404	0.7%	340	0.7%	300	0.6%	335	0.8%	241	0.6%	246	0.6%	344	0.8%	310	0.8%
Contact with objects and equipment, unspecified, NEC	162	0.2%	116	0.2%	133	0.2%	147	0.3%	148	0.3%	238	0.5%	266	0.6%	275	0.7%	356	0.9%	326	0.8%
Subtotal	18,419	27.3%	17,078	26.5%	15,575	25.1%	11,960	23.9%	11,233	24.3%	10,858	25.0%	11,507	26.9%	11,082	26.7%	10,866	26.8%	11,049	28.4%
Falls																				
Fall on same level	7,500	11.1%	7,816	12.1%	8,441	13.6%	6,219	12.4%	5,531	12.0%	5,699	13.1%	5,136	12.0%	5,901	14.2%	6,115	15.1%	5,407	13.9%
Fall/jump to lower level	3,905	5.8%	3,693	5.7%	3,607	5.8%	3,008	6.0%	3,037	6.6%	3,050	7.0%	2,740	6.4%	2,853	6.9%	2,852	7.0%	2,664	6.8%
Falls, unspecified, NEC	43	0.1%	26	0.0%	24	0.0%	19	0.0%	29	0.1%	41	0.1%	34	0.1%	39	0.1%	27	0.1%	29	0.1%
Subtotal	11,448	17.0%	11,535	17.9%	12,072	19.5%	9,246	18.5%	8,597	18.6%	8,790	20.3%	7,910	18.5%	8,793	21.2%	8,994	22.2%	8,100	20.8%
Exposure to harmful substances or environments																				
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances	1,545	2.3%	1,570	2.4%	1,386	2.2%	1,643	3.3%	1,912	4.1%	1,441	3.3%	1,871	4.4%	1,474	3.6%	1,636	4.0%	1,625	4.2%
Contact with temperature extremes	1,357	2.0%	1,174	1.8%	1,089	1.8%	882	1.8%	815	1.8%	768	1.8%	766	1.8%	786	1.9%	789	1.9%	893	2.3%
Exposure to radiation	191	0.3%	168	0.3%	117	0.2%	76	0.2%	77	0.2%	86	0.2%	93	0.2%	68	0.2%	93	0.2%	73	0.2%
Contact with electric current	148	0.2%	97	0.2%	89	0.1%	85	0.2%	62	0.1%	61	0.1%	76	0.2%	82	0.2%	57	0.1%	68	0.2%
Exposure to noise	17	0.0%	20	0.0%	26	0.0%	13	0.0%	23	0.0%	14	0.0%	12	0.0%	11	0.0%	30	0.1%	27	0.1%
Exposure to air pressure changes	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	7	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%
Exposure to harmful substances or environments, unspecified, NEC	69	0.1%	61	0.1%	81	0.1%	66	0.1%	62	0.1%	83	0.2%	100	0.2%	75	0.2%	128	0.3%	88	0.2%
Subtotal	3,329	4.9%	3,090	4.8%	2,795	4.5%	2,769	5.5%	2,952	6.4%	2,455	5.7%	2,918	6.8%	2,498	6.0%	2,737	6.7%	2,777	7.1%
Transportation accidents																				
Highway accidents	1,004	1.5%	1,016	1.6%	956	1.5%	767	1.5%	778	1.7%	724	1.7%	723	1.7%	795	1.9%	850	2.1%	808	2.1%
Non-highway accidents	1,098	1.6%	953	1.5%	831	1.3%	643	1.3%	686	1.5%	673	1.6%	648	1.5%	637	1.5%	722	1.8%	645	1.7%
Transportation accidents, unspecified, NEC	4	0.0%	8	0.0%	6	0.0%	6	0.0%	7	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%
Subtotal	2,106	3.1%	1,977	3.1%	1,793	2.9%	1,416	2.8%	1,471	3.2%	1,402	3.2%	1,374	3.2%	1,436	3.5%	1,574	3.9%	1,457	3.7%
Assaults, violent acts, harassment and acts of war or terrorism																				
	1,106	1.6%	1,105	1.7%	1,061	1.7%	1,086	2.2%	1,102	2.4%	1,003	2.3%	954	2.2%	976	2.4%	1,029	2.5%	1,093	2.8%
Fires and explosions																				
Fire - unintended or uncontrolled	94	0.1%	93	0.1%	108	0.2%	75	0.1%	81	0.2%	104	0.2%	67	0.2%	64	0.2%	70	0.2%	50	0.1%
Explosion	64	0.1%	50	0.1%	62	0.1%	51	0.1%	49	0.1%	45	0.1%	47	0.1%	42	0.1%	50	0.1%	49	0.1%
Fire or explosion, unspecified, NEC	2	0.0%	3	0.0%	6	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	5	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%
Subtotal	160	0.2%	146	0.2%	176	0.3%	127	0.3%	132	0.3%	154	0.4%	115	0.3%	108	0.3%	121	0.3%	100	0.3%
Other events or exposures unknown / unidentified																				
	158	0.2%	173	0.3%	163	0.3%	128	0.3%	132	0.3%	78	0.2%	53	0.1%	70	0.2%	88	0.2%	102	0.3%
Total	67,406	100.0%	64,531	100.0%	61,992	100.0%	50,104	100.0%	46,160	100.0%	43,371	100.0%	42,702	100.0%	41,508	100.0%	40,585	100.0%	38,953	100.0%

*year refers to the year in which the injury or occupational disease occurred

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Event by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
15-19	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment
20-24	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment
25-29	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment
30-34	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
35-39	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
40-44	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
45-49	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
50-54	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Fall on same level	Overexertion
55-59	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level
60-64	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level
65+	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Event by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Agriculture	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment
Automotive	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
Chemicals/Process	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Fall on same level
Construction	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment
Education	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Overexertion	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level	Fall on same level
Electrical	Overexertion	Bodily reaction	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Bodily reaction	Bodily reaction	Bodily reaction	Fall on same level	Bodily reaction, Fall on same level
Food	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Fall on same level
Forestry	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment
Health Care	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion
Manufacturing	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment
Mining	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment	Overexertion
Municipal	Overexertion	Overexertion	Bodily reaction	Bodily reaction	Overexertion	Overexertion	Bodily reaction	Bodily reaction	Fall on same level	Bodily reaction
Primary Metals	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment	Overexertion	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment Caught in or compressed by
Pulp & Paper	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Bodily reaction	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment	equipment or objects or collapsing material
Services	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Struck by objects or equipment	Struck by objects or equipment
Transportation	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Event by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Female	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Fall on same level	Fall on same level
Male	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion	Overexertion

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Source

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse
Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for
Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2	Year*																			
	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
Source of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Persons (bodily motion or condition)	5,191	32.9%	5,417	33.2%	5,284	32.5%	4,889	33.2%	4,580	32.6%	4,381	32.9%	4,308	33.6%	4,265	33.0%	4,111	31.4%	4,161	33.0%
Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	3,390	21.5%	3,612	22.1%	3,833	23.6%	3,310	22.5%	2,957	21.1%	3,161	23.8%	2,772	21.6%	3,177	24.6%	3,554	27.1%	3,076	24.4%
Other tools, instruments, equipment																				
Recreational/Athletic Equipment	153	1.0%	189	1.2%	171	1.1%	176	1.2%	191	1.4%	204	1.5%	237	1.8%	228	1.8%	293	2.2%	403	3.2%
Hand tools, non-powered	294	1.9%	331	2.0%	316	1.9%	278	1.9%	242	1.7%	255	1.9%	228	1.8%	260	2.0%	236	1.8%	231	1.8%
Hand tools, powered	75	0.5%	59	0.4%	63	0.4%	61	0.4%	52	0.4%	56	0.4%	43	0.3%	46	0.4%	53	0.4%	35	0.3%
Ladders	30	0.2%	33	0.2%	29	0.2%	26	0.2%	29	0.2%	18	0.1%	31	0.2%	25	0.2%	19	0.1%	21	0.2%
Hand tools, power not determined	18	0.1%	14	0.1%	9	0.1%	18	0.1%	9	0.1%	9	0.1%	17	0.1%	12	0.1%	34	0.3%	20	0.2%
Medical and surgical instruments	27	0.2%	40	0.2%	33	0.2%	26	0.2%	24	0.2%	31	0.2%	25	0.2%	27	0.2%	33	0.3%	20	0.2%
Protective equipment, except clothing	9	0.1%	14	0.1%	15	0.1%	8	0.1%	8	0.1%	8	0.1%	13	0.1%	14	0.1%	15	0.1%	14	0.1%
Photographic equipment	6	0.0%	5	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	7	0.1%	11	0.1%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%
Other tools, instruments, equipment, unspecified, NEC	491	3.1%	514	3.1%	484	3.0%	461	3.1%	453	3.2%	423	3.2%	498	3.9%	419	3.2%	500	3.8%	435	3.4%
Subtotal	1,103	7.0%	1,199	7.3%	1,122	6.9%	1,058	7.2%	1,013	7.2%	1,007	7.6%	1,099	8.6%	1,042	8.1%	1,187	9.1%	1,184	9.4%
Vehicles																				
Highway vehicle	887	5.6%	862	5.3%	826	5.1%	740	5.0%	696	5.0%	727	5.5%	751	5.9%	727	5.6%	813	6.2%	747	5.9%
Plant and industrial vehicles, tractors	279	1.8%	307	1.9%	284	1.7%	267	1.8%	201	1.4%	201	1.5%	171	1.3%	157	1.2%	204	1.6%	171	1.4%
Air, water, rail vehicles	158	1.0%	177	1.1%	170	1.0%	158	1.1%	157	1.1%	173	1.3%	158	1.2%	136	1.1%	143	1.1%	142	1.1%
Vehicles, unspecified, NEC	25	0.2%	39	0.2%	35	0.2%	28	0.2%	36	0.3%	27	0.2%	20	0.2%	16	0.1%	27	0.2%	23	0.2%
Subtotal	1,349	8.5%	1,385	8.5%	1,315	8.1%	1,193	8.1%	1,090	7.8%	1,128	8.5%	1,100	8.6%	1,036	8.0%	1,187	9.1%	1,083	8.6%
Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	1,681	10.7%	1,779	10.9%	1,646	10.1%	1,499	10.2%	1,340	9.5%	1,232	9.3%	1,154	9.0%	1,007	7.8%	870	6.6%	876	6.9%
Furniture and fixtures	542	3.4%	562	3.4%	508	3.1%	493	3.3%	457	3.3%	449	3.4%	472	3.7%	461	3.6%	456	3.5%	443	3.5%

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Parts and materials																				
Building materials	185	1.2%	173	1.1%	173	1.1%	153	1.0%	142	1.0%	152	1.1%	157	1.2%	132	1.0%	132	1.0%	109	0.9%
Vehicle and mobile equipment parts	94	0.6%	90	0.6%	91	0.6%	103	0.7%	111	0.8%	76	0.6%	75	0.6%	65	0.5%	52	0.4%	72	0.6%
Machine tool and electric parts	61	0.4%	71	0.4%	51	0.3%	57	0.4%	54	0.4%	68	0.5%	50	0.4%	50	0.4%	39	0.3%	39	0.3%
Fasteners, connectors, ropes, ties	53	0.3%	52	0.3%	48	0.3%	65	0.4%	48	0.3%	45	0.3%	46	0.4%	38	0.3%	37	0.3%	38	0.3%
Tars, sealants, caulking, insulating materials	18	0.1%	13	0.1%	8	0.0%	9	0.1%	11	0.1%	2	0.0%	8	0.1%	7	0.1%	8	0.1%	10	0.1%
Metal materials	21	0.1%	14	0.1%	30	0.2%	17	0.1%	23	0.2%	14	0.1%	7	0.1%	10	0.1%	7	0.1%	5	0.0%
Hoisting accessories	11	0.1%	11	0.1%	16	0.1%	8	0.1%	15	0.1%	5	0.0%	4	0.0%	6	0.0%	2	0.0%	5	0.0%
Tarps and sheeting (non-metal)	4	0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	3	0.0%
Parts and materials unspecified, NEC	41	0.3%	36	0.2%	59	0.4%	48	0.3%	62	0.4%	44	0.3%	48	0.4%	45	0.3%	22	0.2%	38	0.3%
Subtotal	488	3.1%	464	2.8%	479	2.9%	464	3.1%	467	3.3%	408	3.1%	395	3.1%	353	2.7%	299	2.3%	319	2.5%
Infectious and parasitic agents	313	2.0%	266	1.6%	373	2.3%	363	2.5%	728	5.2%	170	1.3%	269	2.1%	276	2.1%	236	1.8%	275	2.2%
Machinery																				
Miscellaneous machinery (including audio, video, televisions, telephones, snowblowers)	77	0.5%	86	0.5%	95	0.6%	63	0.4%	71	0.5%	69	0.5%	48	0.4%	62	0.5%	74	0.6%	70	0.6%
Heating, cooling and cleaning machinery	72	0.5%	66	0.4%	49	0.3%	58	0.4%	56	0.4%	76	0.6%	76	0.6%	55	0.4%	70	0.5%	57	0.5%
Cranes, derricks, elevators, jacks and overhead hoists (excludes hoisting accessories)	33	0.2%	29	0.2%	31	0.2%	30	0.2%	20	0.1%	21	0.2%	30	0.2%	18	0.1%	30	0.2%	29	0.2%
Special process machinery (including food slicers, paper, printing, wrapping, sewing, pumps)	38	0.2%	36	0.2%	29	0.2%	27	0.2%	33	0.2%	26	0.2%	29	0.2%	19	0.1%	23	0.2%	28	0.2%
Agricultural, construction, logging and mining	47	0.3%	35	0.2%	42	0.3%	44	0.3%	42	0.3%	35	0.3%	25	0.2%	27	0.2%	34	0.3%	25	0.2%
Office and business machines	51	0.3%	48	0.3%	36	0.2%	43	0.3%	31	0.2%	20	0.2%	28	0.2%	15	0.1%	27	0.2%	21	0.2%
Metal woodworking and plastic, rubber concrete and other processing	22	0.1%	19	0.1%	27	0.2%	16	0.1%	20	0.1%	10	0.1%	13	0.1%	12	0.1%	12	0.1%	5	0.0%
Conveyors	13	0.1%	13	0.1%	13	0.1%	8	0.1%	11	0.1%	8	0.1%	9	0.1%	10	0.1%	11	0.1%	3	0.0%
Machinery, unspecified, NEC	11	0.1%	8	0.0%	9	0.1%	6	0.0%	14	0.1%	11	0.1%	8	0.1%	10	0.1%	7	0.1%	10	0.1%

Continued...

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Subtotal	364	2.3%	340	2.1%	331	2.0%	295	2.0%	298	2.1%	276	2.1%	266	2.1%	228	1.8%	288	2.2%	248	2.0%
Chemicals and chemical products	269	1.7%	231	1.4%	220	1.4%	183	1.2%	219	1.6%	213	1.6%	178	1.4%	193	1.5%	179	1.4%	192	1.5%
Animals and animal products	125	0.8%	104	0.6%	108	0.7%	83	0.6%	79	0.6%	77	0.6%	84	0.7%	95	0.7%	71	0.5%	113	0.9%
Scrap, waste, debris	149	0.9%	125	0.8%	150	0.9%	131	0.9%	110	0.8%	102	0.8%	120	0.9%	112	0.9%	100	0.8%	99	0.8%
Apparel and textiles	47	0.3%	70	0.4%	32	0.2%	43	0.3%	40	0.3%	48	0.4%	45	0.4%	50	0.4%	70	0.5%	66	0.5%
Plants, trees, vegetation	92	0.6%	84	0.5%	73	0.4%	61	0.4%	77	0.5%	76	0.6%	94	0.7%	91	0.7%	82	0.6%	63	0.5%
Fire, flame and smoke	53	0.3%	52	0.3%	70	0.4%	32	0.2%	36	0.3%	50	0.4%	25	0.2%	42	0.3%	45	0.3%	57	0.5%
Food products	44	0.3%	27	0.2%	40	0.2%	40	0.3%	37	0.3%	36	0.3%	38	0.3%	44	0.3%	20	0.2%	40	0.3%
Paper, books and magazines	48	0.3%	86	0.5%	76	0.5%	71	0.5%	52	0.4%	63	0.5%	46	0.4%	59	0.5%	61	0.5%	39	0.3%
Atmospheric and environmental conditions (including weather)	15	0.1%	52	0.3%	71	0.4%	41	0.3%	24	0.2%	27	0.2%	22	0.2%	28	0.2%	24	0.2%	25	0.2%
Steam, vapour, liquids, NEC	22	0.1%	24	0.1%	38	0.2%	34	0.2%	39	0.3%	27	0.2%	31	0.2%	37	0.3%	25	0.2%	19	0.2%
Minerals, metallic and non-metallic	30	0.2%	40	0.2%	34	0.2%	40	0.3%	27	0.2%	26	0.2%	21	0.2%	23	0.2%	22	0.2%	19	0.2%
Temperature extremes (heat, cold) environmental	23	0.1%	20	0.1%	9	0.1%	9	0.1%	27	0.2%	22	0.2%	14	0.1%	23	0.2%	12	0.1%	17	0.1%
Noise	8	0.1%	6	0.0%	7	0.0%	7	0.0%	12	0.1%	9	0.1%	7	0.1%	8	0.1%	12	0.1%	8	0.1%
Air pressure	12	0.1%	14	0.1%	12	0.1%	7	0.0%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%	8	0.1%	9	0.1%	4	0.0%	2	0.0%
Other sources, unclassified, NEC	337	2.1%	306	1.9%	356	2.2%	321	2.2%	242	1.7%	235	1.8%	176	1.4%	199	1.5%	137	1.0%	115	0.9%
Unknown	83	0.5%	74	0.5%	81	0.5%	72	0.5%	85	0.6%	73	0.5%	79	0.6%	64	0.5%	51	0.4%	78	0.6%
Total	15,778	100.0%	16,339	100.0%	16,268	100.0%	14,739	100.0%	14,040	100.0%	13,301	100.0%	12,823	100.0%	12,922	100.0%	13,103	100.0%	12,617	100.0%
Total	73,888	100.0%	67,406	100.0%	64,531	100.0%	61,992	100.0%	50,104	100.0%	46,160	100.0%	43,371	100.0%	42,702	100.0%	41,508	100.0%	40,585	100.0%

*year refers to the year in which the injury or occupational disease occurred

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Injury Source

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse
Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for
Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 2	Year*																			
	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
Source of injury or disease	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Persons (bodily motion or condition)	5,191	32.9%	5,417	33.2%	5,284	32.5%	4,889	33.2%	4,580	32.6%	4,381	32.9%	4,308	33.6%	4,265	33.0%	4,111	31.4%	4,161	33.0%
Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	3,390	21.5%	3,612	22.1%	3,833	23.6%	3,310	22.5%	2,957	21.1%	3,161	23.8%	2,772	21.6%	3,177	24.6%	3,554	27.1%	3,076	24.4%
Other tools, instruments, equipment																				
Recreational/Athletic Equipment	153	1.0%	189	1.2%	171	1.1%	176	1.2%	191	1.4%	204	1.5%	237	1.8%	228	1.8%	293	2.2%	403	3.2%
Hand tools, non-powered	294	1.9%	331	2.0%	316	1.9%	278	1.9%	242	1.7%	255	1.9%	228	1.8%	260	2.0%	236	1.8%	231	1.8%
Hand tools, powered	75	0.5%	59	0.4%	63	0.4%	61	0.4%	52	0.4%	56	0.4%	43	0.3%	46	0.4%	53	0.4%	35	0.3%
Ladders	30	0.2%	33	0.2%	29	0.2%	26	0.2%	29	0.2%	18	0.1%	31	0.2%	25	0.2%	19	0.1%	21	0.2%
Hand tools, power not determined	18	0.1%	14	0.1%	9	0.1%	18	0.1%	9	0.1%	9	0.1%	17	0.1%	12	0.1%	34	0.3%	20	0.2%
Medical and surgical instruments	27	0.2%	40	0.2%	33	0.2%	26	0.2%	24	0.2%	31	0.2%	25	0.2%	27	0.2%	33	0.3%	20	0.2%
Protective equipment, except clothing	9	0.1%	14	0.1%	15	0.1%	8	0.1%	8	0.1%	8	0.1%	13	0.1%	14	0.1%	15	0.1%	14	0.1%
Photographic equipment	6	0.0%	5	0.0%	2	0.0%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	7	0.1%	11	0.1%	4	0.0%	5	0.0%
Other tools, instruments, equipment, unspecified, NEC	491	3.1%	514	3.1%	484	3.0%	461	3.1%	453	3.2%	423	3.2%	498	3.9%	419	3.2%	500	3.8%	435	3.4%
Subtotal	1,103	7.0%	1,199	7.3%	1,122	6.9%	1,058	7.2%	1,013	7.2%	1,007	7.6%	1,099	8.6%	1,042	8.1%	1,187	9.1%	1,184	9.4%
Vehicles																				
Highway vehicle	887	5.6%	862	5.3%	826	5.1%	740	5.0%	696	5.0%	727	5.5%	751	5.9%	727	5.6%	813	6.2%	747	5.9%
Plant and industrial vehicles, tractors	279	1.8%	307	1.9%	284	1.7%	267	1.8%	201	1.4%	201	1.5%	171	1.3%	157	1.2%	204	1.6%	171	1.4%
Air, water, rail vehicles	158	1.0%	177	1.1%	170	1.0%	158	1.1%	157	1.1%	173	1.3%	158	1.2%	136	1.1%	143	1.1%	142	1.1%
Vehicles, unspecified, NEC	25	0.2%	39	0.2%	35	0.2%	28	0.2%	36	0.3%	27	0.2%	20	0.2%	16	0.1%	27	0.2%	23	0.2%
Subtotal	1,349	8.5%	1,385	8.5%	1,315	8.1%	1,193	8.1%	1,090	7.8%	1,128	8.5%	1,100	8.6%	1,036	8.0%	1,187	9.1%	1,083	8.6%
Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	1,681	10.7%	1,779	10.9%	1,646	10.1%	1,499	10.2%	1,340	9.5%	1,232	9.3%	1,154	9.0%	1,007	7.8%	870	6.6%	876	6.9%
Furniture and fixtures	542	3.4%	562	3.4%	508	3.1%	493	3.3%	457	3.3%	449	3.4%	472	3.7%	461	3.6%	456	3.5%	443	3.5%

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Source by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
15-19	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
20-24	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
25-29	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
30-34	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
35-39	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
40-44	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
45-49	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
50-54	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
55-59	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)

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INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Source by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
60-64	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
65+	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Source by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Agriculture	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Automotive	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Chemicals/Process	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Construction	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Education	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Electrical	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Food	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Forestry	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Health Care	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)

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INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Source by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Manufacturing	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Mining	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Municipal	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings); Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Primary Metals	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Pulp & Paper	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)
Services	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Containers, boxes, barrels, packages (pressurized, non pressurized)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)
Transportation	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Injury Source by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

		Injury/Illness Year								
Schedule 1	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Female	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)
Male	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Persons (bodily motion or condition)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)	Structures (including walkways, floors and buildings)

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims by Part of Body

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Year*																			
	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
Part of Body affected	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims	Lost Time Claims	% of Lost Time Claims
Upper extremities																				
Finger(s), fingernail(s)	6,326	9.4%	5,723	8.9%	5,339	8.6%	3,952	7.9%	3,738	8.1%	3,581	8.3%	3,651	8.5%	3,549	8.6%	3,580	8.8%	3,595	9.2%
Arm(s)	3,097	4.6%	2,901	4.5%	2,798	4.5%	2,136	4.3%	1,902	4.1%	1,825	4.2%	1,758	4.1%	1,884	4.5%	1,824	4.5%	1,753	4.5%
Hand(s), except finger(s)	2,918	4.3%	2,611	4.0%	2,538	4.1%	1,873	3.7%	1,700	3.7%	1,712	3.9%	1,580	3.7%	1,564	3.8%	1,535	3.8%	1,618	4.2%
Wrist(s)	2,920	4.3%	2,684	4.2%	2,593	4.2%	2,014	4.0%	1,779	3.9%	1,672	3.9%	1,559	3.7%	1,564	3.8%	1,506	3.7%	1,400	3.6%
Upper extremities, unspecified, NEC	914	1.4%	1,039	1.6%	778	1.3%	692	1.4%	629	1.4%	694	1.6%	700	1.6%	683	1.6%	631	1.6%	586	1.5%
Subtotal	16,175	24.0%	14,958	23.2%	14,046	22.7%	10,667	21.3%	9,748	21.1%	9,484	21.9%	9,248	21.7%	9,244	22.3%	9,076	22.4%	8,952	23.0%
Back (including spine, spinal cord, neck)																				
Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	14,238	21.1%	13,818	21.4%	13,237	21.4%	10,841	21.6%	9,523	20.6%	8,719	20.1%	8,382	19.6%	7,569	18.2%	7,183	17.7%	6,501	16.7%
Upper back (cervical, thoracic regions)	2,918	4.3%	2,830	4.4%	2,699	4.4%	2,132	4.3%	1,886	4.1%	1,526	3.5%	1,428	3.3%	1,389	3.3%	1,379	3.4%	1,395	3.6%
Multiple back regions	1,332	2.0%	1,298	2.0%	1,202	1.9%	978	2.0%	942	2.0%	812	1.9%	800	1.9%	851	2.1%	690	1.7%	668	1.7%
Back, unspecified, NEC	664	1.0%	553	0.9%	628	1.0%	398	0.8%	203	0.4%	233	0.5%	283	0.7%	262	0.6%	102	0.3%	113	0.3%
Subtotal	19,152	28.4%	18,499	28.7%	17,766	28.7%	14,349	28.6%	12,554	27.2%	11,290	26.0%	10,893	25.5%	10,071	24.3%	9,354	23.0%	8,677	22.3%
Lower extremities																				
Leg(s)	5,572	8.3%	5,638	8.7%	5,436	8.8%	4,556	9.1%	4,010	8.7%	3,840	8.9%	3,727	8.7%	3,815	9.2%	3,678	9.1%	3,576	9.2%
Ankle(s)	3,435	5.1%	3,489	5.4%	3,311	5.3%	2,601	5.2%	2,393	5.2%	2,319	5.3%	2,287	5.4%	2,293	5.5%	2,195	5.4%	2,129	5.5%
Foot (feet), except toe(s)	2,105	3.1%	1,887	2.9%	1,910	3.1%	1,521	3.0%	1,420	3.1%	1,445	3.3%	1,419	3.3%	1,320	3.2%	1,306	3.2%	1,298	3.3%
Multiple lower extremities locations	583	0.9%	541	0.8%	461	0.7%	427	0.9%	403	0.9%	392	0.9%	401	0.9%	371	0.9%	378	0.9%	410	1.1%
Toe(s), toenail(s)	447	0.7%	370	0.6%	367	0.6%	275	0.5%	278	0.6%	258	0.6%	290	0.7%	273	0.7%	260	0.6%	265	0.7%
Lower extremities, unspecified, NEC	5	0.0%	3	0.0%	5	0.0%	21	0.0%	34	0.1%	17	0.0%	32	0.1%	25	0.1%	29	0.1%	35	0.1%
Subtotal	12,147	18.0%	11,928	18.5%	11,490	18.5%	9,401	18.8%	8,538	18.5%	8,271	19.1%	8,156	19.1%	8,097	19.5%	7,846	19.3%	7,713	19.8%
Trunk (excluding back)																				
Shoulder	4,172	6.2%	4,108	6.4%	4,207	6.8%	3,273	6.5%	2,949	6.4%	2,750	6.3%	2,704	6.3%	2,568	6.2%	2,615	6.4%	2,345	6.0%
Abdomen	696	1.0%	724	1.1%	595	1.0%	944	1.9%	1,252	2.7%	868	2.0%	1,271	3.0%	903	2.2%	972	2.4%	1,040	2.7%
Chest, including ribs, internal organs	1,289	1.9%	1,301	2.0%	1,201	1.9%	985	2.0%	848	1.8%	856	2.0%	773	1.8%	809	1.9%	811	2.0%	718	1.8%
Pelvic region	1,425	2.1%	1,353	2.1%	1,252	2.0%	1,076	2.1%	963	2.1%	966	2.2%	818	1.9%	897	2.2%	751	1.9%	715	1.8%
Multiple trunk locations	1,286	1.9%	1,078	1.7%	1,217	2.0%	1,063	2.1%	962	2.1%	766	1.8%	643	1.5%	772	1.9%	724	1.8%	669	1.7%
Trunk, unspecified, NEC	18	0.0%	20	0.0%	9	0.0%	4	0.0%	10	0.0%	9	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	2	0.0%	1	0.0%
Subtotal	8,886	13.2%	8,584	13.3%	8,481	13.7%	7,345	14.7%	6,984	15.1%	6,215	14.3%	6,210	14.5%	5,950	14.3%	5,875	14.5%	5,488	14.1%
Head																				
Cranial region, including skull	1,827	2.7%	1,726	2.7%	1,696	2.7%	1,475	2.9%	1,324	2.9%	1,541	3.6%	1,781	4.2%	2,181	5.3%	2,512	6.2%	2,732	7.0%
Eye(s)	2,284	3.4%	2,026	3.1%	1,763	2.8%	1,319	2.6%	1,333	2.9%	1,228	2.8%	1,343	3.1%	1,222	2.9%	1,202	3.0%	1,124	2.9%
Face	754	1.1%	718	1.1%	686	1.1%	581	1.2%	514	1.1%	487	1.1%	460	1.1%	480	1.2%	487	1.2%	473	1.2%
Ear(s)	64	0.1%	53	0.1%	78	0.1%	45	0.1%	42	0.1%	37	0.1%	25	0.1%	27	0.1%	60	0.1%	47	0.1%
Multiple head locations	26	0.0%	36	0.1%	17	0.0%	32	0.1%	33	0.1%	51	0.1%	54	0.1%	50	0.1%	61	0.2%	42	0.1%
Head, unspecified, NEC	64	0.1%	154	0.2%	183	0.3%	119	0.2%	142	0.3%	100	0.2%	120	0.3%	8	0.0%	7	0.0%	16	0.0%
Subtotal	5,019	7.4%	4,713	7.3%	4,423	7.1%	3,571	7.1%	3,388	7.3%	3,444	7.9%	3,783	8.9%	3,968	9.6%	4,329	10.7%	4,434	11.4%
Multiple body parts	5,258	7.8%	5,084	7.9%	5,093	8.2%	4,125	8.2%	4,042	8.8%	4,027	9.3%	3,702	8.7%	3,522	8.5%	3,477	8.6%	3,095	7.9%
Body systems	655	1.0%	646	1.0%	627	1.0%	614	1.2%	656	1.4%	561	1.3%	650	1.5%	576	1.4%	531	1.3%	503	1.3%
Other body parts including unclassified, NEC	114	0.2%	119	0.2%	66	0.1%	32	0.1%	250	0.5%	79	0.2%	60	0.1%	80	0.2%	97	0.2%	91	0.2%
Total	67,406	100.0%	64,531	100.0%	61,992	100.0%	50,104	100.0%	46,160	100.0%	43,371	100.0%	42,702	100.0%	41,508	100.0%	40,585	100.0%	38,953	100.0%

*year refers to the year in which the injury or occupational disease occurred

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Part of Body by Age Groups

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Injury/Illness Year										
Schedule 1	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
15-19	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)
20-24	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)
25-29	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
30-34	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
35-39	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
40-44	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
45-49	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
50-54	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)

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INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Part of Body by Age Groups

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

		Injury/Illness Year								
Schedule 1	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
55-59	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
60-64	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
65+	Chest, including ribs, internal organs	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Multiple body parts	Multiple body parts	Leg(s)	Multiple body parts	Multiple body parts	Multiple body parts

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Part of Body by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Agriculture	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Automotive	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Chemicals/Process	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Construction	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Education	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Electrical	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Food	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)

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INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Part of Body by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Forestry	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Leg(s)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Leg(s)	Finger(s), fingernail(s); Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Health Care	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Manufacturing	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Mining	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Leg(s)	Leg(s); Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Leg(s); Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Municipal	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Primary Metals	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Finger(s), fingernail(s)

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INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Part of Body by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

Schedule 1	Injury/Illness Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Pulp & Paper	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Finger(s), fingernail(s), Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Services	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Transportation	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)

INJURY PROFILE – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Lost Time Claims - Leading Part of Body by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each injury year

Other Notes: NEC is for Not Elsewhere Classified

		Injury/Illness Year								
Schedule 1	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Female	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)
Male	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)	Lower back (lumbar, sacral, coccygeal regions)

FATALITIES – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each year of death

Schedule 1		Year of Death									
Age Group	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Total
15-19	1	2	0	3	2	1	1	0	2	0	12
20-24	8	5	6	1	3	5	8	4	5	5	50
25-29	7	10	6	5	8	9	7	13	5	3	73
30-34	6	8	6	4	6	7	6	10	6	3	62
35-39	13	3	7	7	9	8	4	10	8	7	76
40-44	8	5	5	4	10	5	8	9	7	7	68
45-49	10	15	11	7	7	10	12	5	6	9	92
50-54	6	13	4	10	5	4	4	9	9	10	74
55-59	7	10	9	8	4	8	9	11	11	3	80
60-64	5	7	4	9	5	4	3	8	2	5	52
65+	3	5	1	3	4	8	2	3	3	5	37
Not Available	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	4
Total	74	83	60	62	63	71	64	82	64	57	680

Schedule 1- Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each year of death

Schedule 1		Year of Death									
Industry Sector	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Total
Agriculture	6	6	3	3	3	3	15	8	3	2	52
Automotive	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	7
Chemicals/Process	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	7
Construction	27	16	14	21	20	20	14	23	24	19	198
Education	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2
Electrical	0	4	3	0	4	1	1	2	2	0	17
Food	1	2	3	0	2	2	1	1	0	1	13
Forestry	2	0	3	0	2	3	1	2	0	2	15
Health Care	2	3	1	2	1	1	3	2	1	2	18
Manufacturing	8	7	3	7	5	8	7	9	4	6	64
Mining	2	6	3	2	1	6	3	2	3	4	32
Municipal	1	1	2	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	8
Primary Metals	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	3
Pulp & Paper	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
Services	7	12	5	6	7	13	7	9	7	5	78
Transportation	18	22	19	18	16	10	11	22	17	11	164
Total	74	83	60	62	63	71	64	82	64	57	680

Continued...

FATALITIES – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1- Allowed Traumatic Fatalities by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each year of death

Schedule 1		Year of Death									
Gender	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Total
Female	5	7	5	3	3	5	7	3	3	3	44
Male	69	76	55	57	59	61	56	78	57	54	622
Not Available	0	0	0	2	1	5	1	1	4	0	14
Total	74	83	60	62	63	71	64	82	64	57	680

FATALITIES – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1 - Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Age Group

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each entitlement year

Schedule 1				Entitlement Year							
Age Group	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Total
15-19	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
20-24	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
25-29	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	2	7
30-34	0	3	0	1	1	3	1	1	0	0	10
35-39	3	3	2	4	2	2	3	1	1	4	25
40-44	3	5	5	3	14	7	2	4	1	3	47
45-49	7	10	7	11	15	11	7	3	3	12	86
50-54	21	14	13	19	16	14	19	8	4	8	136
55-59	21	27	21	24	27	21	21	12	25	13	212
60-64	22	26	33	29	38	27	23	17	19	23	257
65+	117	137	140	136	137	105	113	112	113	110	1220
Not Available	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	196	228	221	229	250	190	190	158	167	175	2004

Schedule 1 - Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Industry Sector

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each entitlement year

Schedule 1					Entitlement Year						
Industry Sector	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Total
Agriculture	0	2	3	1	2	0	1	0	2	1	12
Automotive	5	4	6	7	5	10	4	5	11	7	64
Chemicals/Process	22	19	23	11	15	17	12	21	10	10	160
Construction	42	56	67	81	60	46	57	47	60	51	567
Education	1	1	2	3	1	2	3	0	1	3	17
Electrical	4	2	0	2	5	2	2	2	1	1	21
Food	1	0	0	2	2	2	1	1	4	4	17
Forestry	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	5
Health Care	1	2	3	3	1	0	4	2	1	2	19
Manufacturing	53	62	49	46	52	40	46	24	25	36	433
Mining	15	23	19	21	21	16	10	11	11	16	163
Municipal	4	5	7	2	31	13	11	9	10	15	107
Primary Metals	25	28	25	33	40	24	14	20	20	13	242
Pulp & Paper	5	6	2	1	2	4	5	2	1	3	31
Services	13	11	7	10	5	7	13	8	7	6	87
Transportation	5	7	6	6	8	7	5	5	3	7	59
Total	196	228	221	229	250	190	190	158	167	175	2004

Continued...

FATALITIES – SCHEDULE 1

Schedule 1- Allowed Occupational Disease Fatalities by Gender

Data Source: WSIB - Enterprise Information Warehouse

Data Maturity: As at March 31st of the following year for each entitlement year

Schedule 1		Entitlement Year									
Gender	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Total
Female	7	6	2	8	6	4	8	5	6	5	57
Male	188	220	217	221	241	184	182	153	161	170	1937
Not Available	1	2	2	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	10
Total	196	228	221	229	250	190	190	158	167	175	2004

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