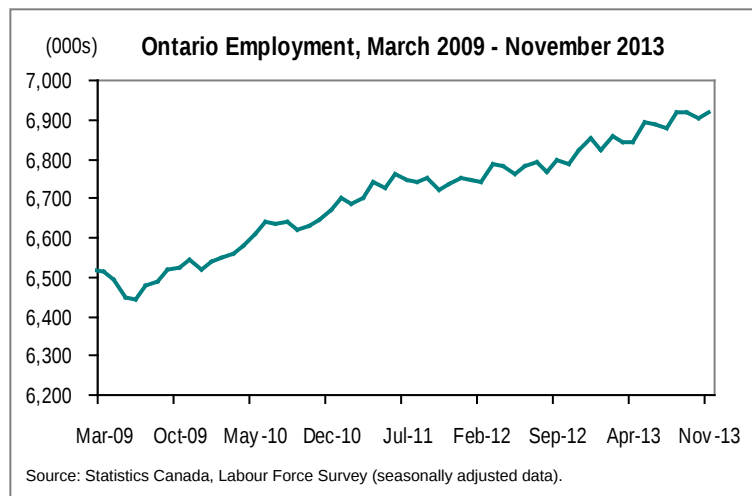


Ontario Labour Market Statistics for November 2013

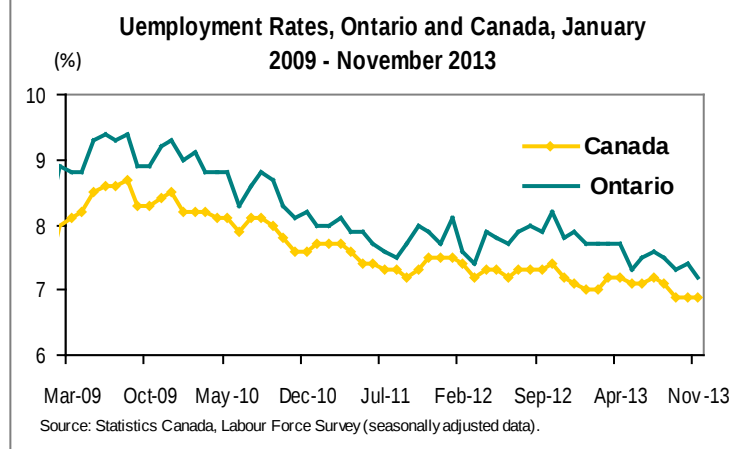
Employment Gains in November

- Ontario employment rose by 13,800 in November following a decline of 14,700 in October. Full-time employment rose by 3,100 and part-time employment increased by 10,700.
- Nationally, employment increased by 21,600 in November. Notable gains were recorded in Alberta (+10,600) and Quebec (+8,600), while British Columbia (-8,200), and Newfoundland and Labrador (-2,600) recorded declines. Employment in the rest of Canada was little changed.
- In Ontario, employment gains were recorded among all major age groups. The prime working age group (aged 25-54) posted the largest gain in (+6,400), followed by a gain of 4,100 among youth (aged 15-24). Older workers (aged 55 and over) recorded an increase of 3,200 in November.
- Ontario has recovered all of the jobs lost during the recession, and employment is now 208,900 (3.1%) above the pre-recession peak. Despite volatile monthly job growth, employment in Ontario was up by 102,900 over the first 11 months of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012.



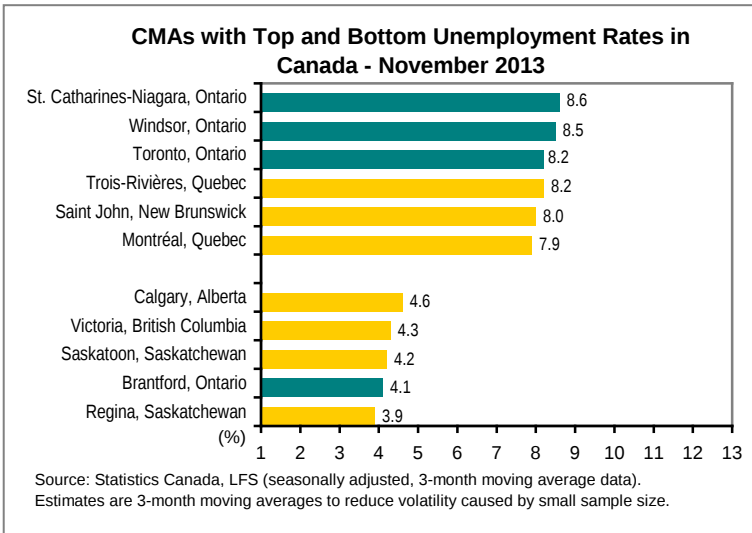
Unemployment Rate Decreases

- The unemployment rate in Ontario declined to 7.2% in November from 7.4% in October. The national unemployment rate remained unchanged at 6.9% in November.
- By age group, the jobless rate for youth decreased to 15.3% in November from 16.0% in October. The unemployment rate among adults (25-54) increased by 0.1 percentage points to 6.1%, while the rate for older workers dropped by 0.5 percentage points to 5.2% in November.



Mixed Unemployment Rates in Ontario CMAs

- Ontario's Census Metropolitan Areas (CMAs) recorded three of the top five highest unemployment rates across Canada in October.
- At 8.6%, St. Catharines-Niagara had the highest unemployment rate, followed by Windsor (8.5%) and Toronto (tied with Trois-Rivieres at 8.2%).
- At 4.1%, Brantford had the lowest unemployment rate among Ontario's CMAs, ranking second lowest in Canada. Most of Ontario's CMAs had unemployment rates below provincial and national average rates in November.



Employment Growth by Educational Attainment

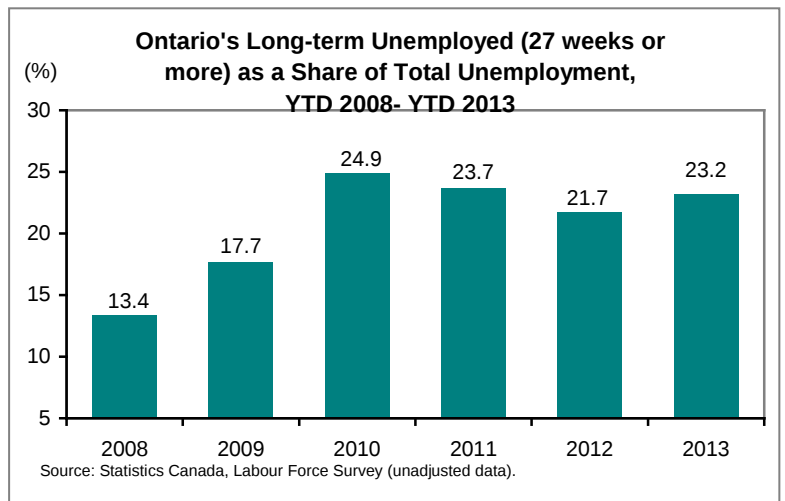
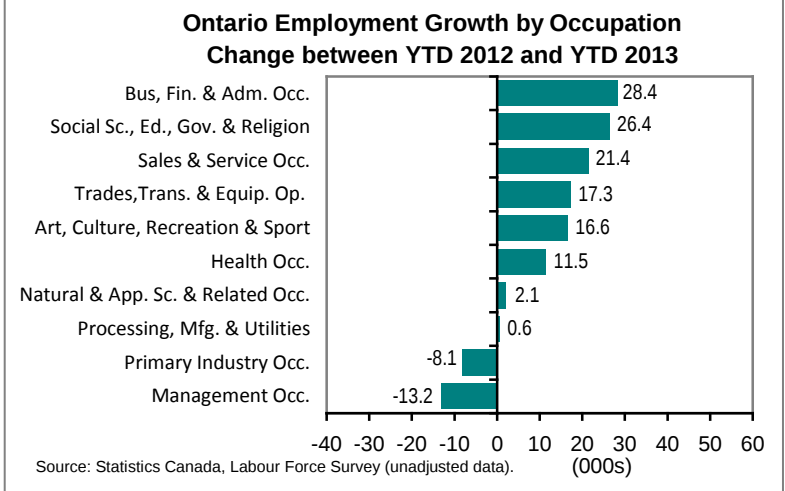
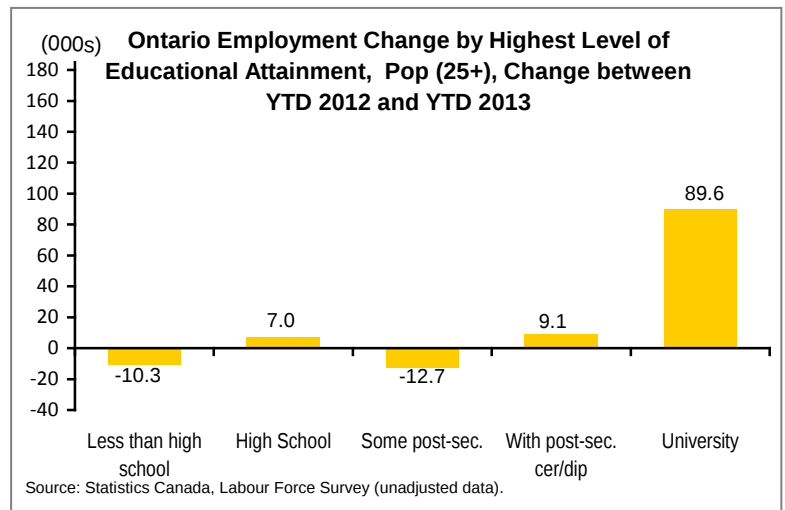
- Over the first eleven months of 2013, employment increased by 82,600 net new jobs for adults 25 years and over compared to the same period in 2012. All of the increase was among adults with post-secondary education (PSE), who gained 98,600 net jobs while those without PSE recorded a loss of 16,000.
- Adults with a university degree accounted for almost all of the job gains (+89,600) so far in 2013, while employment among those with a postsecondary certificate or diploma increased by 9,100.
- The year-to-date unemployment rate for those with PSE was 5.3%. This represents a decline of 0.3 percentage points (5.6%) compared to the January-November period in 2012. At 7.8%, the year-to-date unemployment rate for those without PSE was 0.1 percentage points higher compared to the same period last year.

Occupational Employment Growth

- Eight of the ten major occupational groups in Ontario recorded employment gains over the January-November period of 2013. The largest job gains were in Business, Finance and Administrative Occupations (+28,400); Social Science, Government Service and Religion (+26,400); and in Sales and Service Occupations (+21,400).
- Over the same period, the largest employment losses were in Management Occupations (-13,200), and Primary Industry Occupations (-8,100).

Long-Term Unemployment Remains High

- Over the first eleven months of 2013, an average of 130,800 people faced long-term unemployment (27 weeks or more). This group now represents 23.2% of all unemployed workers in Ontario, still higher than the pre-recessionary share recorded in 2008.
- At 21.8 weeks, the average duration of unemployment was notably higher over the January to November period of 2013 compared to the pre-recessionary average of 14.7 weeks reported over the same period in 2008.



- For detailed labour market data tables, please contact ResearchStrategy@ontario.ca.