

Ontario.ca/ministry name or acronym

File Naming Conventions: To make content migration easier, use the Page Title and Ministry acronym in your filename. If you're using numbers to identify your pages, add the page number & acronym to the beginning of your filename.

Example: 1.2 MNR How to get an Outdoors Card.docx

Translators: Do not translate grey instruction text or anything in the Metadata section
This is a sample only – you will receive a customized template with your ministry topic(s), sub-topic(s) and contact us routing options prepopulated after content assessment review.

Page Title

Labour market statistics - March 2016

English: Put your English page title here

French: Put your French page title here

Metadata

Main Topic (Mandatory)

Choose **one** of the main 13 Ontario.ca topics from the list which best describes this page. This topic will appear as the first footer Tag

Arts and Culture	Government	Rural and North
Business and Economy	Health and Wellness	Taxes and Benefits
Driving and Roads	Home and Community	Travel and Recreation
Education and Training	Jobs and Employment	
Environment and Energy	Law and Safety	

Sub-Topic(Mandatory)

Choose which of the following sub-topic search results pages this article should be linked from. This sub-topic will appear as the second footer Tag for this article and will link to a search results page for all articles with this tag

Custom sub-topics to be provided by UX after content assessment review

External Tag (Optional)

If you wish to create a collection of articles and other content types as a sub-set of a topic/sub-topic, UX will provide a specific tag for this article after content assessment review

English tag:

French tag:

Contact Us Routing (Mandatory)

When a person clicks “Contact Us” from this page, where should their feedback go? Choose **one** of the destination names from the list below.

Destination names to be provided by UX after ministry submits feedback routing template

Ministry of Training Colleges and Universities

English Title – H1

Labour Market Statistics - March 2016

Lead

This report provides monthly estimates of employment, unemployment and other key indicators of Ontario’s labour market performance. Estimates are provided for Ontario, Census Metropolitan Areas, industries, occupations and educational attainment for the population 15 years of age and over and other age groups.

Grey box (<do not translate)

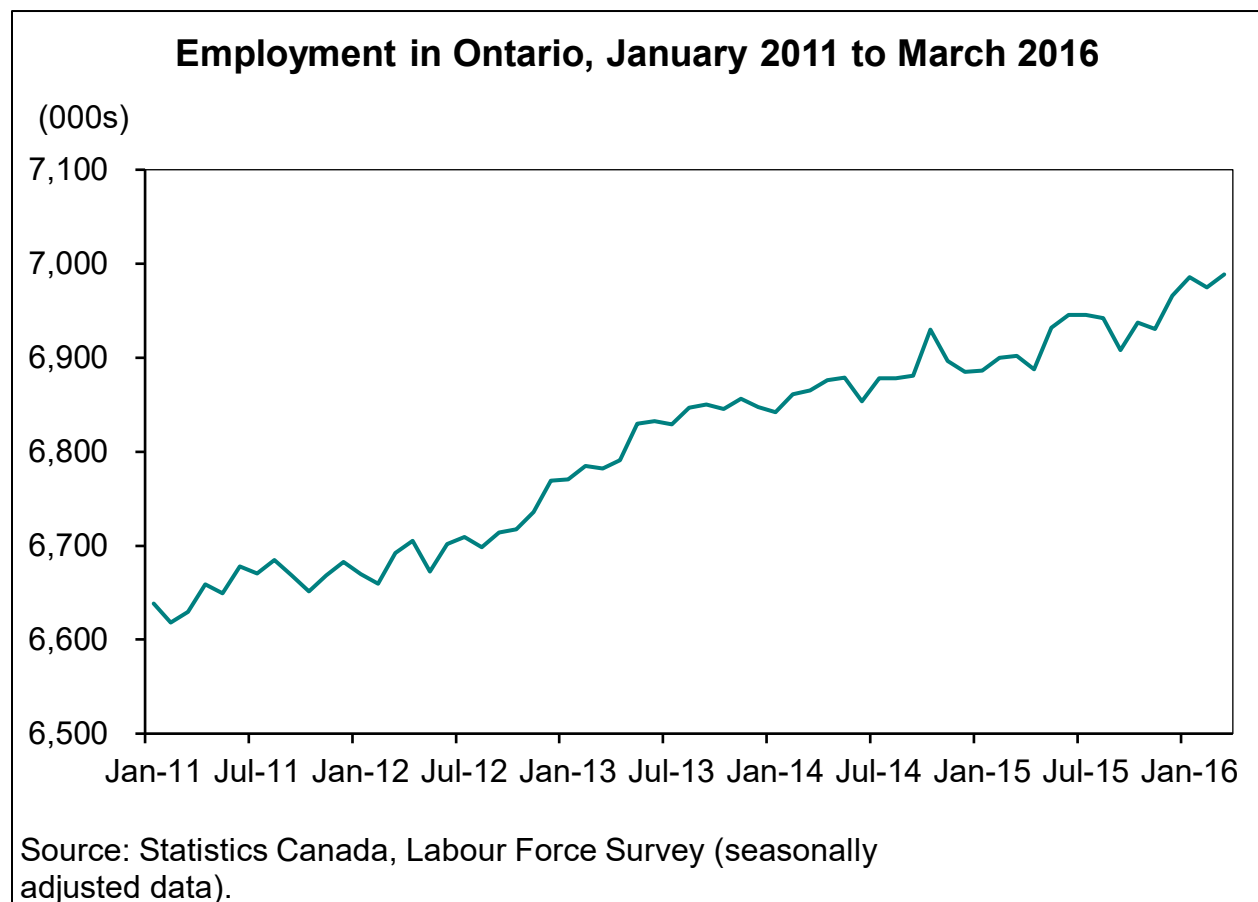
In March 2016:

- 11.5 million people in Ontario were aged 15 years or older.
 - 7.5 million were either working or actively looking for work. (More than 65%)
 - 7.0 million were employed, 81% in a full-time job.
- 508,300 were unemployed.
- the unemployment rate was 6.8%.

Body

Employment increased in March

- Employment rose by 13,900 net new jobs in March, following a decline of 11,200 in February.
- There was an increase in full-time jobs (+26,300).
- There was a decline in part-time jobs (-12,400).
- Employment for youth, ages 15 to 24 years, increased in March (+2,800).
- Employment for prime working-age workers, ages 25 to-54 years, and those aged 55 and older rose by 6,400 and 4,700, respectively.
- Employment is now 5.1% or 338,500 above the pre-recession peak in 2008.
- Across Canada, employment increased by 41,000 in March.



Title: Employment in Ontario from January 2011 to March 2016

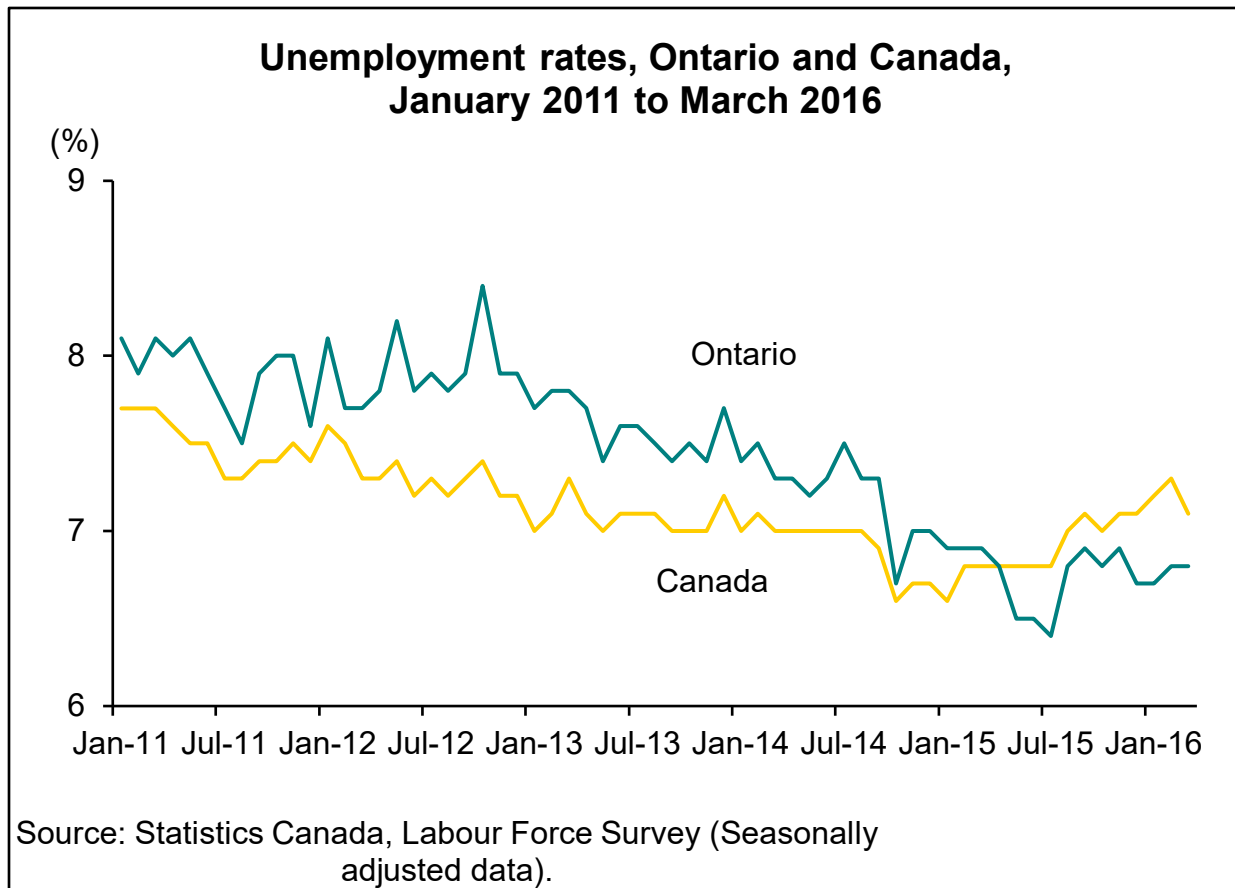
Alt text, graph 1: The line graph (monthly values and in thousands) shows employment in Ontario increased from 6,639,100 in January 2011 to 6,988,600 in March 2016.

Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey (seasonally adjusted data).

Unemployment rate unchanged at 6.8%

- Ontario's unemployment rate has remained below 7.0% since January 2015.
- Ontario's unemployment rate has remained below the national average rate since May 2015.
- The unemployment rate for youth rose to 14.9% in March from 14.3% in February, matching October 2015 as the highest rate since April 2015.
- The unemployment rate for youth has been as high as 16.4% in September 2014 and as low as 13.5% in January 2016 in recent months.
- The unemployment rate declined from 5.7% in February to 5.6% in March for prime working-age workers.
- The unemployment rate declined from 4.9% to 4.8% for those aged 55 and over
- In Canada, the unemployment rate dropped 0.2 percentage points to 7.1%.

Title: Unemployment rates, Ontario and Canada, January 2011 to March 2016



Alt text, graph 2:

Line graph shows Ontario's unemployment rate was 6.8%, while Canada's unemployment rate was 7.1% in March 2016.

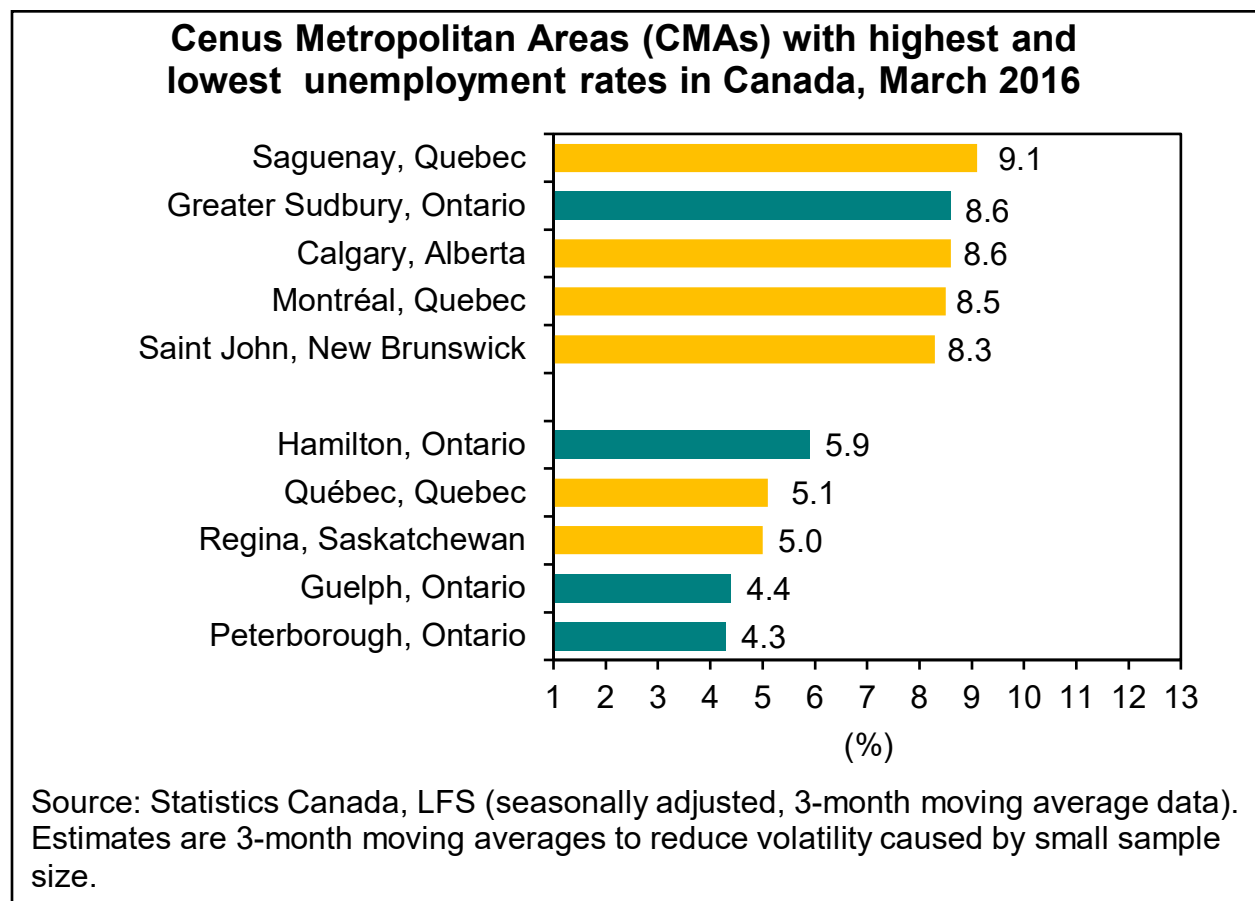
Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey (seasonally adjusted data)

Lowest and highest unemployment rates

- Peterborough (4.3%) recorded the lowest unemployment rate in Canada, followed by Guelph (4.4%).
- Greater Sudbury (8.6%) (tied with Calgary) had the second highest unemployment rate in Canada.
- Overall, ten Census Metropolitan Areas (CMAs) in Ontario recorded an unemployment rate below the national average.

Estimates are 3-month moving averages to reduce volatility caused by small sample size.

Title: Census Metropolitan Areas (CMAs) with highest and lowest unemployment rates in Canada, March 2016



Alt text graph 3: Bar graph shows the five Census Metropolitan Areas (CMA) with the highest and lowest unemployment rates in Canada in March 2016.

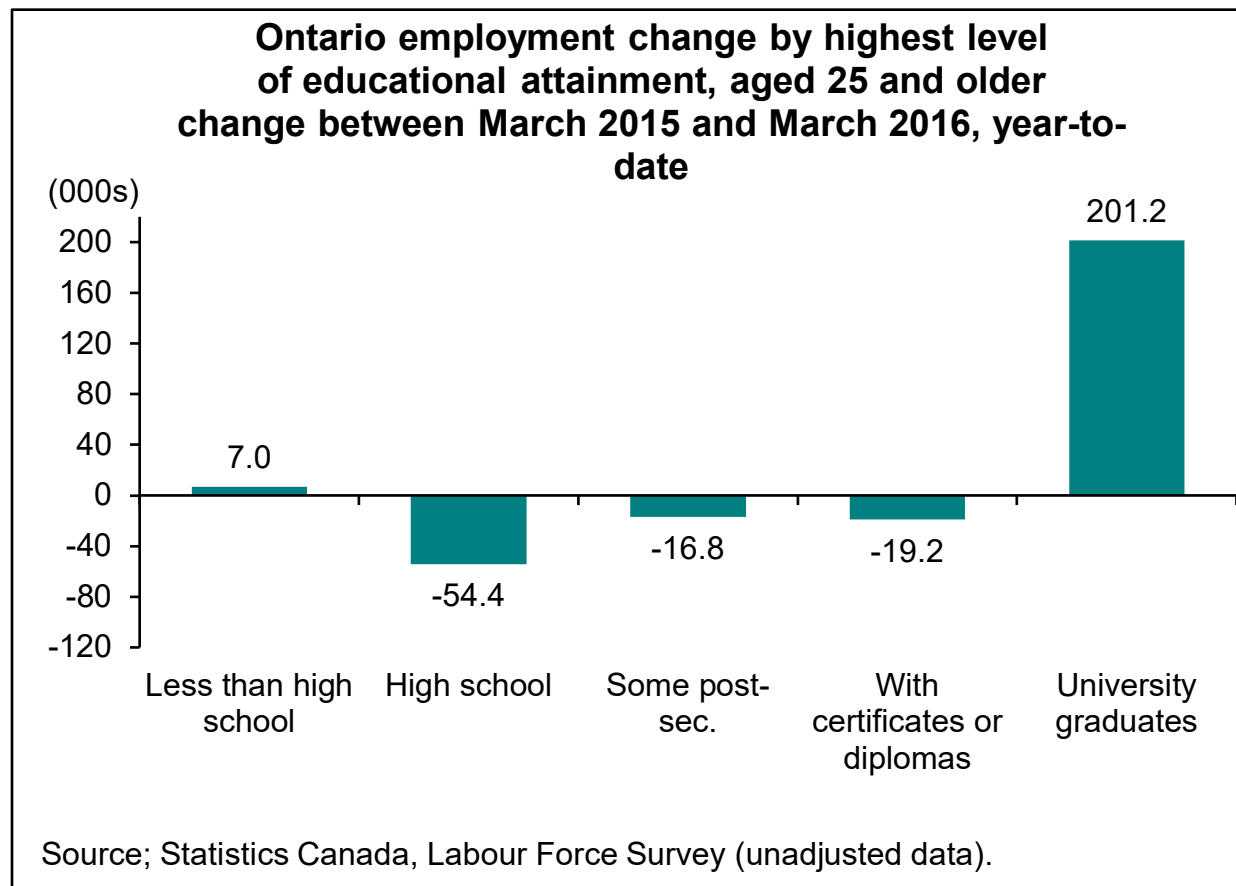
Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey (seasonally adjusted, 3-month moving average data).

Year-over-year comparisons

Employment gains by educational level

- Over the first three months of 2016, employment increased by 117,000 for adults 25 years and over, compared to the first three months of 2015.
- Almost all of the net job gains were concentrated among those with a university degree (+201,200).
- Those with a postsecondary education (PSE) certificate or diploma experienced job losses (-19,200).
- Those with a high school level education recorded the largest decline (-54,400).
- The unemployment rate for adults 25 years and over with PSE credentials (i.e., college, apprenticeship, trade or university) was 5.1% in the first three months of 2016, up from 4.8% a year earlier.
- In comparison, the unemployment rate for adults without PSE credentials was 7.8%, down from 8.1% in 2015.

Title: Ontario employment change by highest level of educational attainment, ages 25 and older, between March 2015 and March 2016, year-to-date

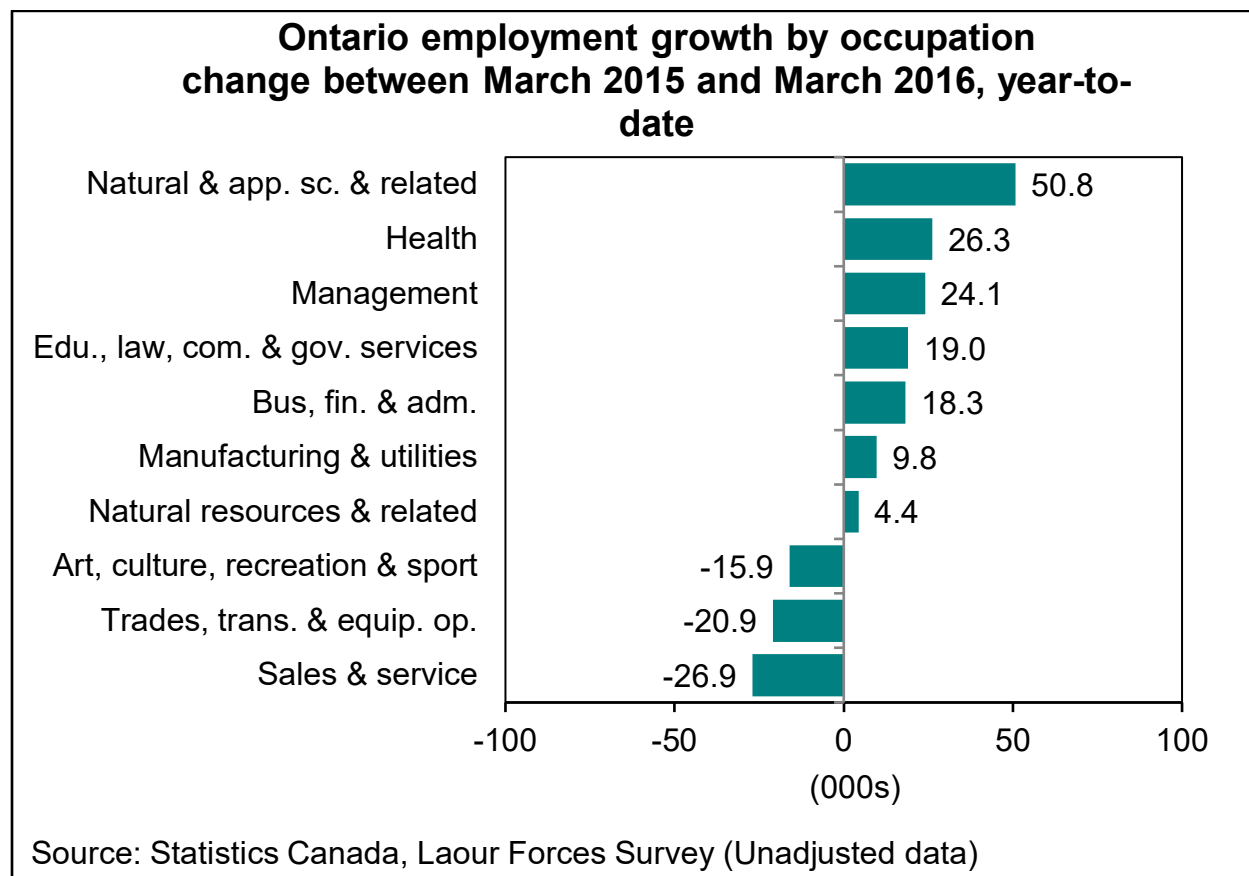


Alt text, graph 4: This is a bar graph showing job gains and losses by education level between March 2015 and March 2016 for people aged 25 and older, year-to-date. Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey (unadjusted data).

Occupational employment gains

- Seven of the ten [major occupational groups](#) in Ontario recorded employment growth in the first three months of 2016 compared to a year earlier.
- The largest job gains were in:
 - Natural and applied sciences and related (+50,800);
 - Health (+26,300); and
 - Management (+24,100) occupations.
- Over the same period, there were declines in:
 - Sales and service (-26,900);
 - Trades, transportation and equipment operators (-20,900); and
 - Art, culture, recreation and sport (-15,900) occupations.

Title: Ontario employment growth by occupation, change between March 2015 and March 2016, year-to-date



Download data, CSV format

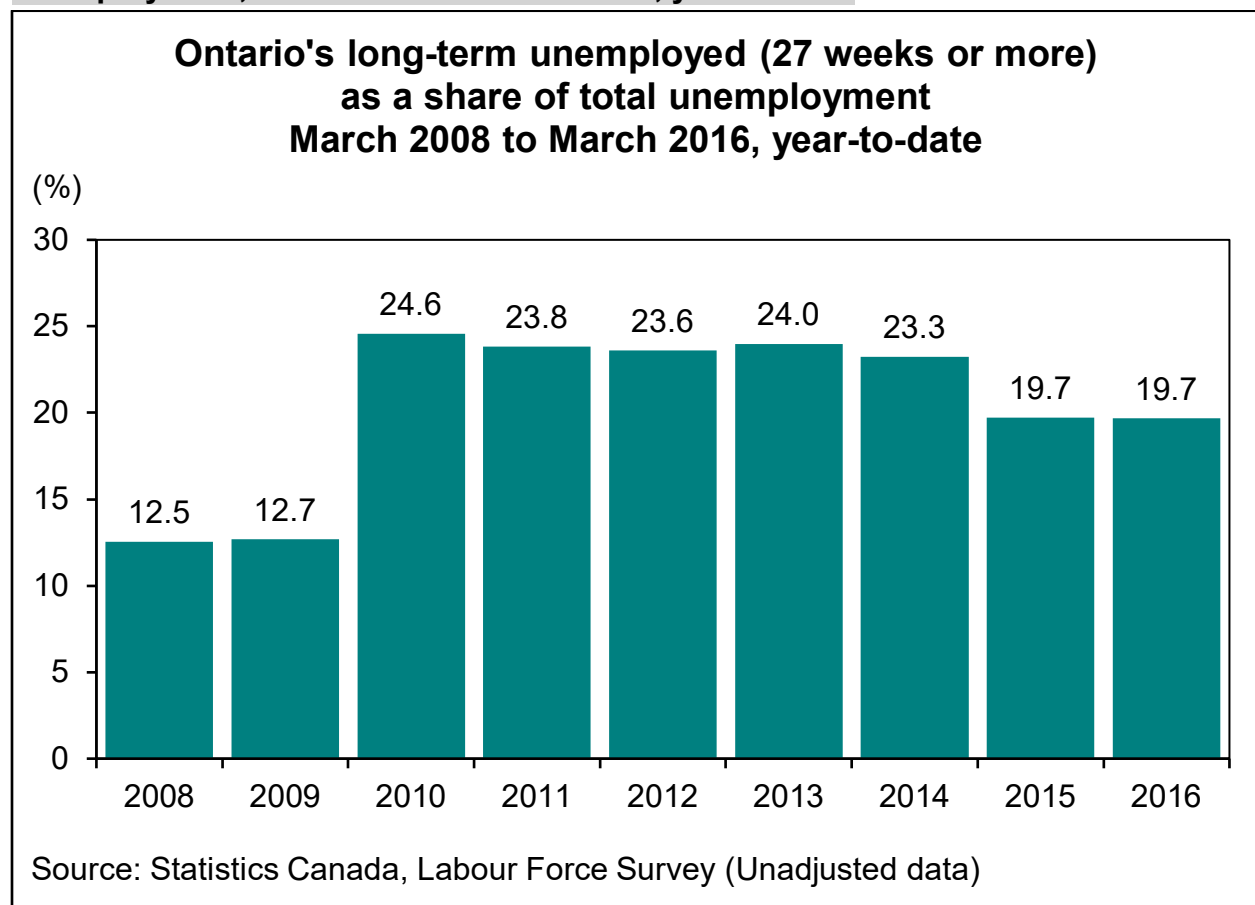
Alt text graph 5: This bar graph shows job gains and losses in Ontario by occupation between March 2015 and March 2016, year-to-date. Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Forces Survey (unadjusted data).



Long-term unemployment high and unchanged

- Between January and March 2016, an average of 100,700 people faced long-term unemployment (27 weeks or more), down from 101,500 in the first three months of 2015 but well above the pre-recessionary level of 56,800 in 2008.
- The percentage of all unemployed individuals in Ontario who were unemployed for a period of 27 weeks or more (long-term unemployed people) was unchanged over the first three months of 2016 compared to a year earlier, at 19.7%.
- The percentage is still relatively elevated compared to the first three months of 2008 when 12.5% of all unemployed people faced long-term unemployment.
- The average duration of unemployment (19.5 weeks) was unchanged in the first three months of 2016 compared to the first three months of 2015, but remains above January 2008 pre-recessionary levels.

Title: Ontario's long-term unemployed (27 weeks or more) as a share of total unemployment, March 2008 to March 2016, year-to-date



Alt text graph 6: This bar graph shows the percentage of individuals in Ontario who were unemployed for a period of 27 weeks or more from March 2008 to March 2016, year to date. In March 2016, the long term unemployment rate in Ontario (19.7%) remained higher than the pre-recessionary rate of 12.5% in the first three months of 2008. Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey (unadjusted data).

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Recommended for you

Add up to 5 links in the sidebar. List them here. Make sure you specify either the external URL or the title of the internal page/document.

FRENCH VERSION (to be supplied once CO Digital approves English version)

French Title - H1

Lead

Briefly describe what is on the page using 1-2 sentences. This text will be displayed in search results and the grey box at the top of article pages.

Body

Start your main content here. Use only H2, H3 or H4 for headings. Do not use H1.

Note: A table of contents (On this page) will only appear at the top of the sidebar when the body content includes 4-8 H2 headings.

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Recommended for you

Add up to 5 links in the sidebar. List them here. Make sure you specify either the external URL or the title of the internal page/document. Indicate when website provides English only.

Notes

Is there anything else you need to publish this content? Write it here!

French version will arrive after CO Digital approves English version.
CSV files included for graphical information (AODA)
Images in this text are “position only” JPGS supplied separately.



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Content <h1> title goes here



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Section 1 <h2>

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Sub-section 1.1 <h3>

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Type of information	Verified with:
Social Insurance Number and personal identification information	Human Resources and Skills Development Canada
Credit history/rating	A credit reporting agency (e.g., Equifax)

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Section 4 <h2>

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Section 5 <h2>

Ministry of Government Business
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99 Wellesley Street West
Toronto, ON M7A 1W3
General Inquiry: 416 326-8555
E-mail: info.mgcs@ontario.ca

Updated: March 11, 2013

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