



Ontario Energy Board Commission de l'énergie de l'Ontario

- Developing a First Nations Rate for
On-Reserve First Nations Electricity Customers

Ministry of Energy Briefing

Confidential

November 14, 2016

Purpose

- Update Ministry on progress regarding the development of a response to Minister's s. 35 letter
 - Scope & Guiding Principles
 - Staff's summary of comments heard from engagement sessions
 - Summary of Data for First Nations Residential Customers
 - Proposed First Nations Rate Framework
 - Discussion of Proposed Options & Cost Projections
 - Review Issues Related to Remote Communities & IPAs
 - Next Steps

The Minister's Request to the OEB

The Minister has requested that the OEB examine options for developing a First Nations Rate, including:

- Design, development and implementation of a First Nations Rate
- Engage with First Nations communities and organizations
- Consider interactions with existing programs such as the Ontario Electricity Support Program (OESP)
- Consider impacts on existing electricity consumers, as well as distribution and transmission utilities and other stakeholders
- Identify eligible on-reserve First Nations consumers, including those living on reserves not connected to the IESO grid and those served by power systems not regulated by the OEB
- Report back by January 1, 2017

Process Chart



Scope for Developing a First Nations Rate

- The OEB, with the Chiefs Committee on Energy Grievances, established an Advisory Committee to provide advice on engagement plans, identification of issues and discussion of proposed options
- The Advisory Committee stated that the focus for this initiative should be recognizing First Nations' contribution to the electricity system in the province
- The Advisory Committee identified delivery charges associated with transmission and distribution assets as of particular concern to their members
- This initiative will be undertaken in the context of the Advisory Committee's views with the objective of:

Developing an appropriate electricity delivery charge for on-reserve First Nations residential electricity consumers

Guiding Principles for First Nations Rate

In collaboration with the Advisory Committee, the following principles were established to help guide the OEB in developing its recommendations:

1. Maximizing Benefits for On-Reserve First Nations customers at the Lowest Cost to Other Ratepayers
2. Ease of Program Implementation for First Nations customers and Utilities
3. Fairness for All Customers
4. Demonstrating that First Nations views were heard and considered

Input from Engagement Sessions

OEB staff's notes on what was heard during the engagement sessions

First Nations Primary Concerns:

1. Historical Grievances

- Using First Nations' treaty lands to distribute and transmit power without permission or compensation

2. High Electricity Prices

- Crippling communities: stagnating economic development and displacing members from their homes
- Concerns over the high cost of delivery charges relative to the rest of their bill
- Members faced with the decision of either paying rent or their electricity bill – unable to afford both
- Members having to take out loans to pay their hydro bills
- Lack of education on time-of-use pricing
- Communities are developing plans to move off grid because of high rates

Input from Engagement Sessions

First Nations Rate

- Members stressed that the First Nations Rate should be easy to implement
 - Want to benefit from the program as quickly as possible
- A First Nations Rate should take care of all members equally
- This is about compensation for their contribution to the electricity system in the province, not affordability
- It should be a tangible benefit – members want to see the amount on their bill so they can quantify how much they are receiving
- Members want assurance they will not have to pay for the program directly or indirectly
- Consensus among members that the BEST option is the elimination for the delivery rate
 - Feel this option is the fairest, easiest to implement and will have the biggest benefit for their members

Input from Engagement Sessions

First Nations Rate

- Other options suggested:
 - A standardized rate for low-income and fixed-income First Nations households instead of time-of-use pricing
 - Special density classification for First Nations; eliminate high, medium and low density
- Consensus that the First Nations Rate should not be application based
 - Desire to protect members privacy and prevent unnecessary information being collected
- Utilities can partner with the Band Council to confirm customers' address and status using Membership / Citizenship Codes

Summary of First Nations Data from Distributors

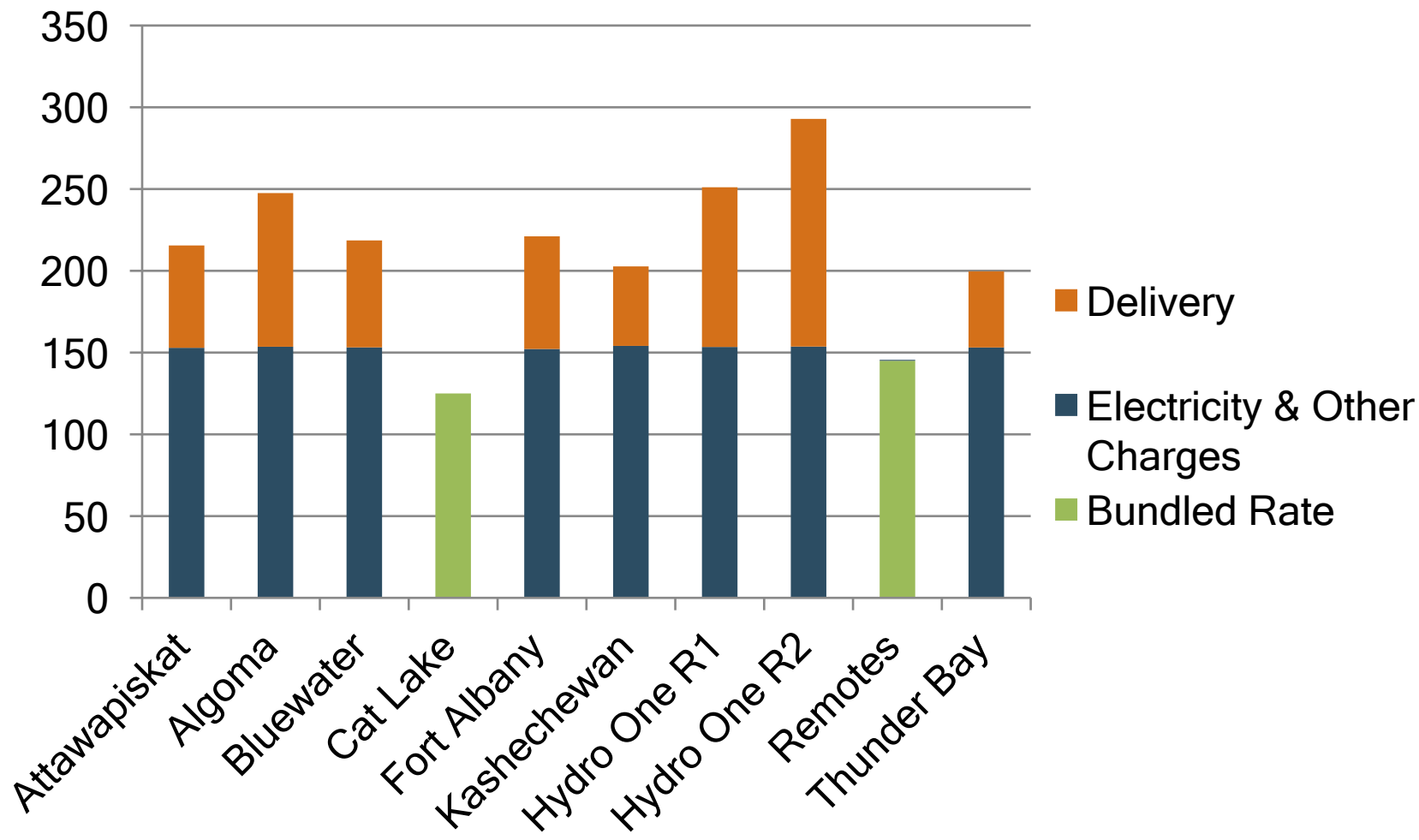
- Received data from 6 distributors
 - Hydro One, Bluewater, Thunder Bay, Hydro One Remotes, Algoma Power, Cornwall Electric, and PUC
- Approximately 24,000 customers in total
 - 20,000 residential
- Average residential monthly consumption 1,270 kWh across affected distributors
 - However, depending on distributor and rate class this can vary significantly
 - e.g., average consumption in the month of January for Hydro One residential customer was 1,900 kWh as opposed to 818 kWh for Bluewater
- Average monthly residential bill \$250
 - Average winter bill (Nov 1 – Apr 30) \$298
 - Average summer bill (May 1 – Oct 30) \$201
- Total delivery costs are estimated at \$18.4M based on Hydro One, Bluewater, and Thunder Bay data which represent ~90% of the 20,000 residential customers in the sample

**Cost estimates calculated using residential customers only*

**This analysis does not include Hydro One Remotes, Algoma Power, PUC, and Cornwall Electric*



Residential Bills Vary by Distributor



Proposed First Nations Rate Framework

Based on the input received, the OEB is focused on options that provide:

1. Relief for residential customers
2. Equality of outcome
3. Recognition of First Nations contribution
4. Ease of implementation
5. Visibility of compensation
6. Continued access to assistance programs, such as the OESP

Proposed Options & Cost Projections

	Options for Residential Rate Relief	Typical Credit Amount / Month		Approx. Residential Monthly Bill Impact (750 kWh)	Estimated Annual Program Cost*
		Summer	Winter		
Preferred Approach	100% Delivery Rate Credit	\$85	\$110	\$0.10	\$18M
	Seasonal Fixed Credit	\$50	\$100	\$0.07	\$13M
	50% Total Bill Reduction	\$100	\$150	\$0.12	\$23M
	First Nations Specific Rate Class	Lengthy to implement: Would require a load profile study, cost allocation study and cost-of-service review to determine			

- *Cost projections calculated using residential customers only*
- **Current RRRP reflected for relevant distributors; prior to proposed RRRP enhancement*
- **This analysis does not include Hydro One Remotes, Algoma Power, PUC, and Cornwall Electric*

Overview of Proposed Options

	Option	How It Works	Benefits	Drawbacks
Preferred Approach	Delivery Rate Percentage Credit	The delivery rate is reduced by a fixed percentage amount (i.e. 100%) applied through a monthly on-bill credit	- Preferred by FN members - Easy to implement - Provides a tangible benefit, equality of outcome - Ensures conservation remains a priority	Program costs would be highly sensitive to changes in distribution, transmission and commodity costs
	Seasonal Fixed Credit	A fixed amount is applied to the bill that varies based on summer (May 1 – Oct 31) and winter (Nov 1 – Apr 30) peak seasons (e.g. \$50 in summer and \$100 in winter)	- Accounts for price fluctuations during colder months - Easy to forecast total program costs - Easy to implement - Provides a tangible benefit	- A fixed credit will not benefit all customers equally - Very low volume consumers may receive \$0 bill after the credit and/or may seek to carry forward any unused credits
	Percentage Based Bill Reduction	The total bill is reduced by a fixed percentage amount, such as 50%	- Provides an equitable level of benefit to all customers - Simple to administer - Provides a tangible benefit	Difficult to forecast total program costs as they will vary based on usage
	First Nations Specific Rate Class	A new rate class for on-reserve First Nations customers is created, using a “Provincial Contribution” to inject revenue into the class to reduce the revenue-to-cost ratio to a specified amount (e.g. 0)	First Nations customers would have a separate and distinct rate class	- Complex and costly to administer - Deviates from OEB’s current cost allocation and rate design principles - Lack of historical data; would require a load profile study - By removing any dollar amount related to the benefit provided, the credit may not be readily apparent to FN customers

Illustrative Bill Presentment

MONTHLY BILL STATEMENT

Account Number:
000 000 000 000 0000 0

Meter Number:
0000000

Your Electricity Charges

ELECTRICITY	X.XX
135 kWh On-peak @ X.X ¢ /kWh 127 kWh Mid-peak @ X.X ¢ /kWh 488 kWh Off-peak @ X.X ¢ /kWh	
DELIVERY	0.00
First Nations Rate saved you \$X.XX	
REGULATORY	X.XX
DEBT RETIREMENT CHARGE	0.00
Debt Retirement Charge exemption saved you \$X.XX	

Your Total Electricity Charges X.XX

Total Amount \$X.XX

The Debt Retirement Charge was removed for certain residential consumption after Dec. 31, 2015. Learn more at Ontario.ca/DRC.

A separate line will show the amount the delivery charge the customer would have paid



The delivery charge will appear as \$0 on the bill



Options for Funding Mechanism

- Proposed recovery through a provincial charge, which would recover costs from ratepayers in accordance with their consumption
- Analysis indicates that the average monthly benefit for on-reserve First Nations customers is approx. \$98
- Preliminary discussions with Advisory Committee indicated they are receptive to recovery through RRRP

	Option	How it Works	Benefits	Drawbacks
Preferred Approach	Rural or Remote Rate Protection (RRRP) Charge	Program costs would be recovered through the existing RRRP charge that is paid for by all ratepayers	• Infrastructure to collect funds is already in place • Efficient and cost effective to implement	• On-Reserve First Nations customers would be charged for the program – but payment is estimated to be less than \$0.20 per month (only 0.2% of the typical benefit) • Requires regulatory changes
	Separate Regulatory Charge	Creation of a new regulatory charge that is paid for by those ratepayers who are not recipients of the First Nations Rate	• On-reserve First Nations customers would not pay for the First Nations Rate, consistent with preference expressed	• Potential for implementation delays • More complex to create a new rate – time and cost • Requires legislative changes

Further Work with Remote Communities & IPAs

Minister's Request	Distributors / Communities Identified	Comments
Identification of First Nations who live on reserves not connected to the IESO grid	1. Hydro One Remotes 2. Cat Lake 3. Cornwall Electric	• Charge a bundled Delivery Rate which includes the cost of supplied electricity • Difficult to determine the delivery amount to be credited • Considering waiving the monthly service charge
Identification of First Nations served by power systems not regulated by the OEB (e.g., off grid independent power authorities)	1. Keewaywin 2. Wawakapewin 3. Pikangikum 4. Poplar Hill 5. Muskrat Dam 6. Nibinamik 7. Wenusk (Peawanuk) 8. Wunnumin Lake 9. Eabametoongn (Fort Hope) 10. North Spirit Lake	• To date, no engagement sessions have been conducted with IPA communities to determine their issues and concerns • Working to establish a meeting with IPA communities through the COO • Work needed to comprehend how Indigenous & Northern Affairs Canada would view provision of credit and risk of clawback, among other issues

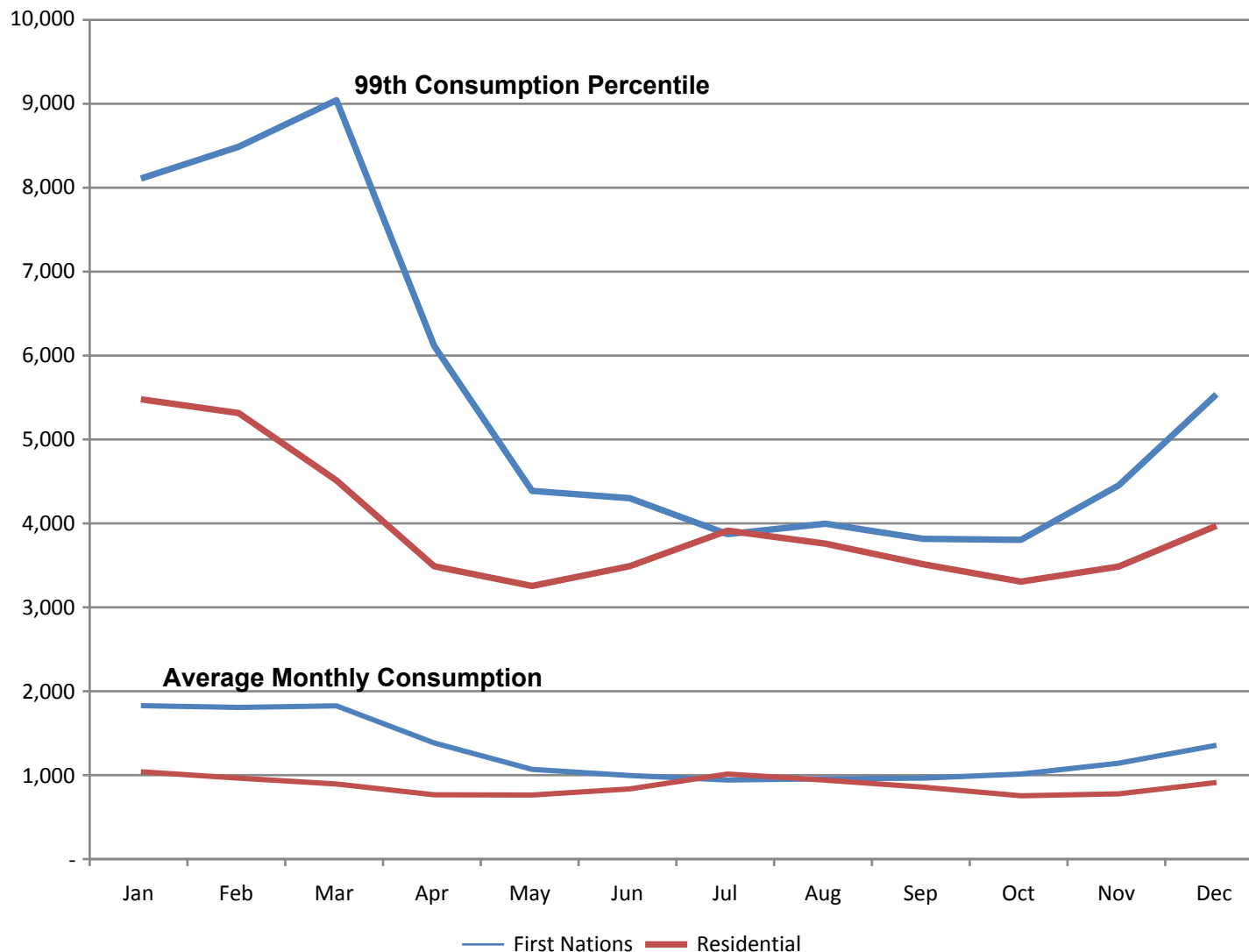
Next Steps

Activity	Timeline
Special Chiefs Assembly (review and feedback on OEB recommendation)	November 23
Meeting with Hydro One Remotes & Tribal Councils	November 24
Advisory Committee Meeting #4	December 1 (TBC)
OEB Report with Recommendations to the Minister	December 30

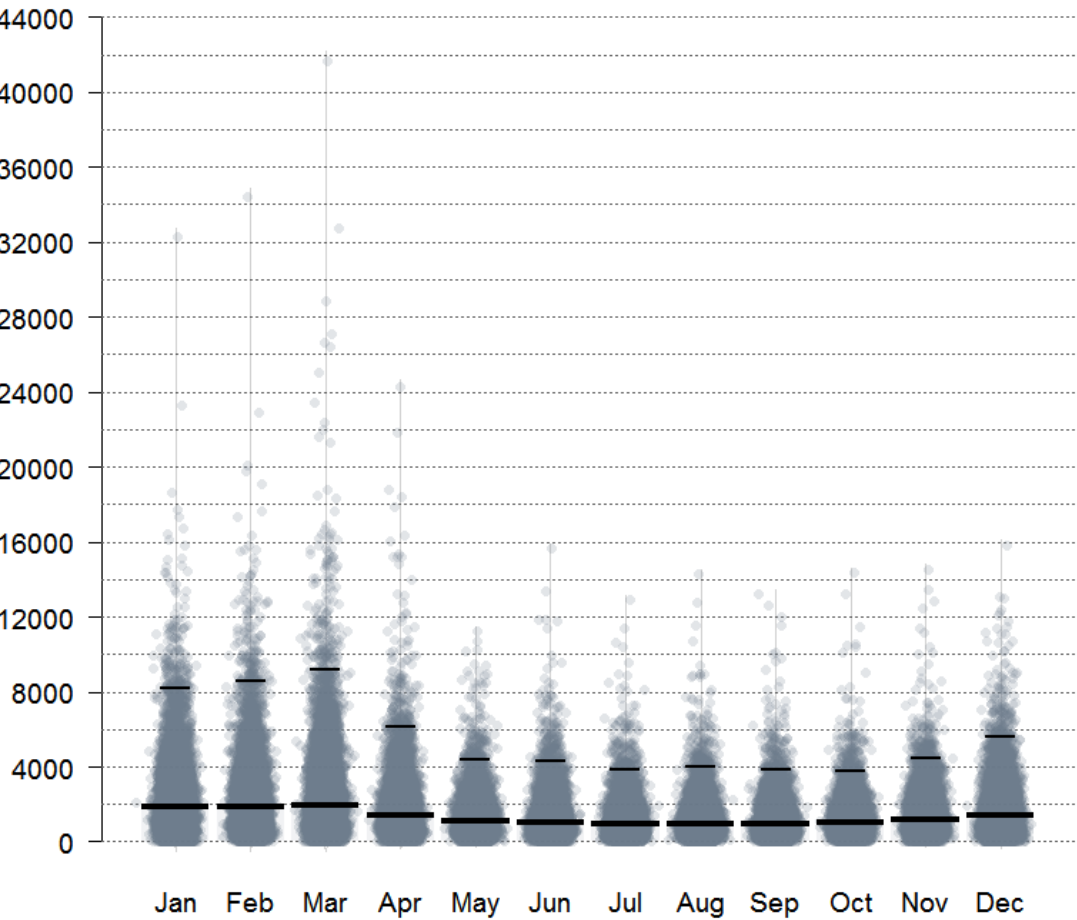
Appendices



Comparing Residential and First Nations Monthly Consumption (kWh/Month)

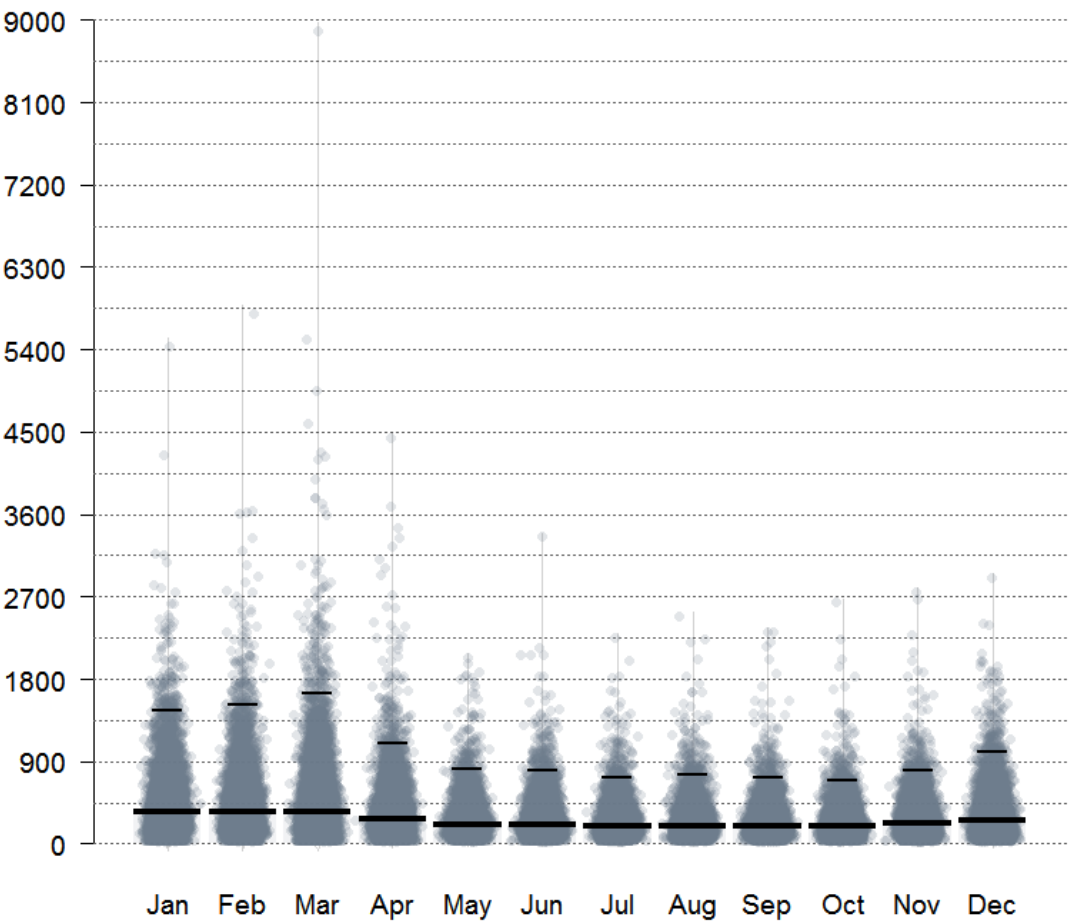


Monthly Consumption Across First Nations Residential Customers (kWh/Month)



Month	Average Monthly Consumption	99th Monthly Consumption Percentile
Jan	1828	8109
Feb	1807	8488
Mar	1826	9043
Apr	1384	6113
May	1069	4387
Jun	996	4300
Jul	942	3872
Aug	956	3996
Sep	965	3816
Oct	1013	3804
Nov	1142	4453
Dec	1357	5538

Monthly Bills Across First Nation Residential Customers (\$/Month)



Month	Average Monthly Bill	99th Monthly Bill Percentile
Jan	346	1454
Feb	346	1519
Mar	350	1638
Apr	273	1107
May	214	817
Jun	205	808
Jul	195	718
Aug	197	752
Sep	197	723
Oct	200	701
Nov	224	809
Dec	253	998