

Preliminary 2017 Document Scenario				Balance Scenario			
Includes new investments, additional prudence, and targeted revenue Tools				Builds in revenue and expense tools to achieve balance			
				Avg. Ann Growth 2016-17 to 2019-20	Avg. Ann Growth 2017-18 to 2019-20		
\$ Millions	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20				
Current Revenue							
<i>Taxation Revenue</i>	99,434	104,539	109,343	4.7%	4.9%		
<i>Incl. Targeted Tax Changes</i>	409	736	979				
<i>All Other Revenue</i>	40,907	38,247	38,501	0.2%	-3.0%		
Total Current Revenue	140,341	142,786	147,844	3.5%	2.6%		
<i>Incl. High Yield Assumptions</i>	1,326	1,823	2,231				
Program Spending							
Approved In Principle Outlook	128,387	132,595	135,432	3.2%	2.7%		
<i>Incl. Current C-Funds</i>	156	1,115	1,823				
<i>Incl. Current Year-end Savings</i>	(1,200)	(1,225)	(1,075)				
Rebuild C-Funds to \$600M	444	-	-				
Managed Scalable Priority Initiatives	815	1,363	1,684				
Document Initiatives Envelope	200	200	200				
Must-Do PRRT Deferrals	85	19	91				
Total Program Spending	129,931	134,177	137,407	3.7%	2.8%		
Current Interest on Debt	11,589	12,089	12,283				
Total Expense	141,520	146,266	149,690	3.6%	2.8%		
Current Reserve	700	800	1,000				
Total Expense with Reserve	142,220	147,066	150,690	3.7%	2.9%		
<i>Planning Surplus/(Deficit)</i>	<i>(1,879)</i>	<i>(4,280)</i>	<i>(2,847)</i>				
Current Revenue Assumptions							
Targeted Tax Changes							
Tobacco Tax: Increase to \$40/carton by 2019-20		40	135		215		
Beer Tax: Additional 50 cents per 24-case		14	41		59		
Increases to the Insurance Premium Tax		270	380		395		
Increase Planned Education Property Tax		85	180		310		
Total Current Revenue Assumptions	409	736	979				
High-Yield and Other Key Revenue Assumptions							
PIT: Balanced Tax Planning Risk	250	250	250				
CIT: Higher Revenue Yield	285	527	713				
LTT: Stronger Housing Resale Market	544	787	995				
Stronger HST: Ontario Economic Outlook	247	259	273				
Total High Yield Revenue Assumptions	1,326	1,823	2,231				
Other Key Revenue Assumptions							
Updated Asset Optimization Impact	155	-	-				
Take CHT Target Funding Offer	(104)	96	424				
Reverse Federal Infrastructure Funding	(500)	(1,000)	-				
IFRS Accounting for OPG/HOL	(425)	(525)	(675)				

Potential Risks of Revenue and Expense Tools used to Achieve Balance	
	Risks of Revenue Tools
	• Aggressive revenue forecasts may be challenging to maintain/defend, and could be subject to criticism by external stakeholders (e.g., FAO, Creditating agencies, private sector economists, etc).
	• Overall uncertainty in the economic outlook, particularly around the US and the broader global outlook, could impact the revenue outlook.
	• Recent advice from economists to the Minister recommended increasing prudence, due to current heightened uncertainty.
	• Assumptions on revenues associated with strong activity in the housing market may be overly aggressive, and not align with the government’s narrative and potential measures to increase housing affordability
	• Approach to PIT contains extra risk related to potential tax planning that occurred in 2015 -- could result in significant downside revenue in 2016-17 Public Accounts and over the forecast period as well.
	Risks of Expense Tools
	• Reducing allocations increases risks to be managed combined with lower prudence in 2018-19 as a result of a new \$1 billion savings targets in addition to existing savings targets, and reduced contingency funds.
	• Funding additional in-plan initiatives with cap-and trade proceeds may hamper the ability to achieve on greenhouse gas reduction targets and result in scrutiny from stakeholders (e.g., the FAO)
	• Reduced flexibility in the plan means that any in-year decisions (e.g., OMA agreement, other collective bargaining, etc) will either require higher revenue or potentially be funded by deficits.

Tools			
Potential revenue and expense tools to achieve balance			
Potential Revenue Tools/Assumptions	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Potential Additional High Yield NTR			
<i>Federal Infrastructure Assumption</i>	–	500	500
<i>Hold Equalization at 2017-18 level (\$1.4B)</i>	–	733	733
<i>Exclude IFRS Acct’g for OPG/H1</i>	–	525	675
<i>Asset Optimization – Additional \$1/share</i>	130	–	–
Revenue Integrity Targets (Includes GBE)	100	200	300
Total Potential Additional High Yield NTR	230	1,958	2,208
<i>Remove Nominal GDP Prudence</i>	100	200	300
Potential Additional High Yield Tax			
<i>Zero PIT tax planning</i>	100	106	113
<i>CIT: Increased Projections</i>	96	102	106
<i>HST: Higher Ontario Share</i>	188	196	201
<i>HST: Optimistic Housing Forecast</i>	263	345	224
Total Potential Additional High Yield Tax	647	749	644
<i>Surtax Option</i>	TBD	TBD	TBD
Total Potential Revenue Tools	977	2,907	3,152
Potential Expense Tools	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Approved-in-Principle Levers			
Energy – Affordability Fund	(50)	(50)	–
Energy – Price Mitigation Programs	(100)	–	–
Cap and Trade/GGRA Adjustment	(100)	–	–
Other Approved-in-Principle Levers	(251)	(258)	(252)
Total Approved in Principle Levers	(501)	(308)	(252)
Taking Down Scalable Levers	(96)	(100)	(107)
Further Scalable Levers	(30)	(280)	(455)
Contingency and Prudence Levers			
Program Review Targets	–	(500)	(500)
Further Program Review Targets	(100)	(500)	(1,000)
Program Implementation Review	(250)	250	–
Adjust Contingency Funds	–	(208)	(558)
Cap and Trade/GGRA Adjustments	–	(300)	(300)
HOOPP and CAATPP Governance	–	(765)	(914)
Total Contingency and Prudence Levers	(350)	(2,023)	(3,272)
Additional Interest on Debt Savings	(50)	(50)	(100)
Total Potential Expense Tools	(1,027)	(2,761)	(4,186)
Reduce Reserve	TBD	TBD	TBD
TOTAL POTENTIAL TOOLS	2,004	5,668	7,338
Fiscal Gap from Scenario	(1,879)	(4,280)	(2,847)

 Amounts shaded reflect tools included in the Balance Scenario