

CONFIDENTIAL AND PRIVILEGED

Preliminary Draft for Discussion Purposes Only

“Fair Hydro Act”

Article 1 – Purpose

The Province has and continues to encourage the construction and development of facilities for the long-term operation and generation of electricity in the Province using sustainable, lower carbon-based technologies such as new gas-fired generation, renewable facilities, energy from waste and biomass, including under the Province’s various procurement, standard offer, feed in tariff and other similar programs (the “Green Generation Initiative”). The long-term benefits of the Green Generation Initiative accrue over time and have benefited and will benefit present and future electricity consumers in the Province.

The imputed costs of the Green Generation Initiative are currently passed through to electricity consumers by way of a monthly adjustment amount (the “Green Costs Adjustment”), which in turn forms part of the overall adjustment calculated by the Independent Electricity System Operator (“IESO”) pursuant to section 25.33 of, and O.Reg. 429/4 under, the *Electricity Act* (the “Global Adjustment”). The Global Adjustment is included as a charge billed to electricity consumers in their monthly electricity invoices.

The Green Costs Adjustment is currently determined each month by reference to the amounts paid by IESO to the generators of electricity in the Province under the Green Generation Initiative, which may be higher than prevailing market price for electricity. These differences arise because IESO has entered into long-term procurement contracts with such generators in order to provide them with long-term price certainty for electricity, and in turn to encourage the generators to develop technologies and to construct and develop facilities consistent with the Green Generation Initiative. In general, whenever amounts payable under these procurement contracts exceed the market price for electricity, the Green Costs Adjustment passes through the amount of such differences as part of the monthly charge to electricity consumers. Such amount then becomes available to IESO to meet its obligations under the procurement contracts. It has been determined that the useful lives of many of the assets encouraged by the Green Generation Initiative will be well in excess of the respective terms of the related procurement contracts, and in many cases may extend over more than one generation of electricity consumers.

Since the benefits to past, present and future electricity consumers from the Green Generation Initiative will not necessarily coincide with the costs currently attributed through the Green Costs Adjustment, based on the respective durations of the procurement contracts, it has been determined that the rate at which the costs associated with the Green Generation Initiative should be passed through to Retail Consumers (as defined in Article 2) should be more closely aligned with the benefits that such Retail Consumers have derived and are expected to derive from the Green Generation Initiative over time. This realignment will be based on principles and parameters that establish a reasonable basis for measuring and allocating the relative costs and benefits of the Green Generation Initiative equitably across present and future Retail Consumers (the “Fair Allocation Plan”). [NTD: The IESO has a number of comments on the FAP: (i) Is it necessary to include this much detail in the FAP, as opposed to broadly referencing a FAP that will articulate principles/parameters for allocating future deferred amounts, etc., and which will be developed and/or set out in the Regs; (ii) while we appreciate the constitutional issues, we believe there risk in prescribing this much detail in purpose/objects and in how the FAP is engineered, which makes it easier to challenge. Is it

not intended to provide for as much flexibility as possible?; (iii) is it intended that the 17% deferred amount is an outcome of the yet to be developed FAP?; (iv) the FAP is in essence a policy-based decision(s) and in the IESO's view would seem to have to necessarily be prepared by the Ministry, albeit with input from relevant experts, including the IESO, LDCs, etc. – as opposed to being delegated to experts]

If the Fair Allocation Plan determines that the equitable allocation of the costs associated with the Green Generation Initiative to the Retail Consumers of a particular time period should be reduced below the amount that currently would be charged based on the Green Costs Adjustment, then the amount payable by such Retail Consumers and in turn available to IESO will, in the aggregate, be less than the amount payable by the IESO to the generators in respect of such period. In this case IESO will need to obtain funding from another source to cover such a shortfall. If a funding obligation is incurred by IESO to cover such a shortfall during one period, the repayment of such funding obligation will be required in a future period, and any related repayments, finance costs, hedging costs and other transaction costs incurred will become payable in one or more future periods. In order for IESO to obtain a reliable and committed source of cash flows to enable IESO to repay such funding amounts when they become due and payable, this Act imposes irrevocable and non-bypassable financial obligations on Retail Consumers to pay amounts incurred in respect of such funding obligations when they become due and payable and establishes a right to invoice and collect such amounts. The right and interest in and to collect such financial obligations will take the form of the Regulatory Asset contemplated in this Act, which will constitute property rights and interests. Interests in the Regulatory Asset may be sold and absolutely assigned by IESO to one or more financing entities, which in turn will finance their acquired interests by incurring funding obligations. The incurrence and payment of such funding obligations will be administered on behalf such financing entities by a financial services agent under the Financing Plan contemplated in this Act. The Financing Plan will seek to reasonably match the payment obligations arising under such funding obligations, to be borne by the future Retail Consumers of the period in which such payment obligations become due, with the benefits of the Green Generation Initiative allocated to such future Retail Consumers under the Fair Allocation Plan.

The purpose of this Act is to establish the basis upon which intergenerational fairness can be achieved by charging the costs and benefits of the Green Generation Initiative to present and future Retail Consumers on an equitable and cost effective basis.

Article 2 - Definitions

In this Act:

“Absolute Assignee” means a person to whom a Regulatory Asset Owner effects a Disposition.

“Actual” means, in relation to costs, expenses or payments in respect of Funding Obligations during a Reference Period, the actual amount of such costs, expenses or payments paid or made (net of any Finance Reserve Withdrawals applied to pay such amounts), which amounts shall be recorded by the Financial Services Agent whose records shall be determinative for the purposes of this Act except to the extent of a manifest calculation error.

“Additional Funding Charges” means, for a Reference Period in respect of an Absolute Assignee, the fees, charges, expenses, costs, indemnities, reimbursements and other amounts (including any applicable tax amounts) that are or become payable by or on behalf of the Absolute Assignee

during the Reference Period and that were incurred or committed to directly or indirectly by the Absolute Assignee in connection with the incurrence of Funding Obligations under the Financing Plan (whether at the time of such incurrence or over the term of the Funding Obligation and whether directly or indirectly), including (without duplication and without limitation): (a) any payment required under an ancillary agreement entered into by, or by the Financial Services Agent on behalf of, the Absolute Assignee under the Financing Plan; (b) any federal, provincial or local taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, franchise fees or license fees imposed on the Absolute Assignee or incurred by on behalf of the Absolute Assignee under any obligation to pay tax gross-up amounts to counterparties under Funding Obligations; (c) any amounts payable to the Financial Services Agent, including amounts payable to its advisors and outside counsel; (d) any amounts incurred to prepare, confirm, amend and implement the Financing Plan; (e) any amounts payable to any Alternative Collection Agent or Alternative Servicer, including amounts payable to each's advisors and outside counsel; (f) any amounts incurred to make the calculations, determinations or confirmations to be made by or on behalf of the Absolute Assignee; (g) any servicing fees and expenses; (h) any trustee fees and expenses; (i) any legal fees, expenses and disbursements; (j) any accounting fees and expenses; (k) any administrative fees and expenses; (l) any manager or director fees of a Financing Entity; (m) any registration fees and expenses; (n) any placement fees, underwriting fees, fees and related issuing expenses; (o) any rating agency fees; and (p) any other related fees, charges, expenses, costs, indemnities, reimbursements and other amounts that are approved in good faith by the Financial Services Agent for recovery and payment under the Financing Plan.

“Allocation Factor” means, in respect of a Retail Consumer for a Reference Period, the number (expressed as a percentage) determined in respect of the Retail Consumer by the OEB based on the application of the Attribution Methodology in respect of the Reference Period.¹ [NTD: Is this needed if OEB determines volumetric rate to recover Period Transition Charge?]

“Alternative Collection Agent” means a person appointed under Section 5(11) and in compliance with the requirements set out in Schedule 2 to assume the ~~collection activities and activities of any obligations of an~~ Electricity Distributor or IESO under Article 5, ~~as agent for and on behalf of the Regulatory Asset Owners.~~5.

“Alternative Servicer” means a person appointed under Section 4(8) to assume the obligations of ~~the Servicer an~~ Electricity Distributor under Article 4, ~~as agent for and on behalf of the Regulatory Asset Owners.~~4.

“Assessed Past Green Transition Costs” means, in respect of a Measurement Date, the aggregate of the imputed costs of the Green Generation Initiative (expressed as an equivalent to current dollars),

¹ Confirm that this will be based on forecast volumes of demand (like RPP). To the extent amounts do not get recovered due to differences between forecast and actual, those may be identified and caught by the True-Up.

as reflected in the calculation of the Green Costs Adjustment, which have been charged to Retail Customers through the Global Adjustment on or prior to the Measurement Date.

“Attribution Methodology”² means the methodology specified in the Fair Allocation Plan for allocating the Period Transition Charges for a Reference Period to individual Retail Consumers of the applicable Retail Consumer Group based on its Allocation Factor.

“Collected Amount Adjustment” means, in respect of a True-Up Period, the amount (which may be a negative amount) calculated by ~~the Servicer~~ IESO, a Successor IESO or the Financial Services Agent, as applicable, equal to (a) the Estimate of the Finance Amount for the True-Up Period, minus (b) the sum of all Transition Charge Collections for the True-Up Period.³

“Collective Rights Agreement” means an agreement among all of the Regulatory Asset Owners (including each Absolute Assignee) and each Pledgee that governs the enforcement of their respective rights and interests in, to and under the Regulatory Asset on a coordinated and collective basis.⁴ [NTD: is there a need to reference this requirement in the legislation?]

“Delegate” means the person or persons designated in writing from time to time by the Minister of Energy to undertake the actions and perform the responsibilities ascribed to the “Delegate” under this Act.

“Disposition” means ~~any actual or purported sale, assignment, or transfer, conveyance, sale, contribution, set-over, exchange or other disposition of an Investment Interest to an Absolute Assignee pursuant to a Disposition Document, and “Dispose” shall have a corresponding meaning.~~

“Disposition Document” means ~~the any~~ agreement, deed, conveyance, instrument or other document ~~under which relates to a Regulatory Asset Owner effects a Disposition to an Absolute Assignee or an interest therein.~~ [ND: changes are intended to address partial circularity]

“Electricity Distributor” means, in respect of a Service Area, the rate regulated distributor licensed under Part V of the *Ontario Energy Board Act, 1998* in respect of such Service Area, together with and its successors.

“Electricity Distributor Remittances” means, for an Electricity Distributor on a Remittance Date, all Transition Charge Collections received [or deemed to be received] [NTD: delete deeming language unless it is intended to provide for deemed collections] by the Electricity Distributor prior to the Remittance Date and that have not otherwise been remitted to IESO or if applicable the Alternative Collection Agent in accordance with Section 5(3), including the proceeds of any

² This allocation may be volumetric or some combination of a flat amount and a volumetric charge. Further discussion is required. H&W has raised a concern regarding possible adverse changes after the fact and rating agency considerations. Consider whether hard-coding in the legislation makes sense.

³ This would pick up adjustments based on actual collection experience, changes in the retail consumer base, changes in the actual costs (versus earlier estimates) included in the Transition Charge calculation, etc.

⁴ Consider adding the Financial Services Agent and the Servicer as parties.

enforcement action undertaken by the Electricity Distributor or if applicable the Alternative Collection Agent to recover payment of Transition Charges in accordance with Article 5.

“Electricity Invoice” means an invoice issued by any of a Electricity Distributor (or ~~in its stead, by an Alternative Servicer~~), ~~by the Servicer or by a Retailer, in each case~~ to a Retail Consumer that is served by the Electricity Distributor’s distribution system in accordance with Section 4(1) in respect of electricity charges, including the cost of electricity, delivery and regulatory charges and related services and amounts incurred, assessed or charged in respect of connectivity to a distribution network in the Electricity Distributor’s designated Service Area and in respect of applicable Transition Charges to be charged to the Retail Consumer under this Act. [NTD: The Alternative Servicer should only invoice for Transition Charges, not the entire invoice.]

“Estimate” means (a) in relation to costs, expenses or payments in respect of Funding Obligations or any Finance Amount for a Reference Period, the estimated amount of such costs, expenses or payments determined by the Financial Services Agent; and (b) in relation to an assessment of the benefits of the Green Generation Initiative to any Retail Consumer Group, the estimated value (in current dollars) of such benefits determined by the Delegate, in each case having regard to the applicable principles and parameters set out in Schedule 1, which estimated amounts shall be determinative as the applicable estimate for the purposes of this Act except to the extent of a manifest calculation error.

“Estimated Future Green Transition Benefits” means, in respect of a Measurement Date, the Estimate set forth in the Fair Allocation Plan prepared in accordance with Article 7 of the aggregate value (measured in current dollars) of the benefits that are expected to accrue to Retail Consumers from the establishment and implementation of the Green Generation Initiative during the period from the Measurement Date to the Program-End Date.

“Estimated Past Green Transition Benefits” means, in respect of a Measurement Date, the Estimate set forth in the Fair Allocation Plan prepared in accordance with Article 7 of the aggregate value (measured in current dollars) of the benefits that have accrued to Retail Consumers from the establishment and implementation of the Green Generation Initiative up to and including the Measurement Date.

“Fair Allocation Plan” has the meaning given in Article 1.

“Finance Amount” means, for a Reference Period in respect of an Absolute Assignee, the sum (without duplication) of the following amounts that are or become payable during the Reference Period ~~in respect of the~~ by an Absolute Assignee: (a) Repayments; (b) Funding Costs; (c) Redemption Amounts; (d) Finance Reserve Deposits; and (e) Additional Funding Charges. [Should the Repayment Amount not be reduced to anticipate ordinary course refinancings by Finance Entities?]

“Finance Reserve Deposits” means, for a Reference Period, the amount by which (a) deposits made or to be made during the Reference Period in order to pre-fund, collateralize, over-collateralize or

establish reserves for the ultimate payment of Funding Obligations or for related contingencies specified in the Financing Plan, exceed (b) any Finance Reserve Withdrawals.

“Finance Reserve Withdrawals” means, for a Reference Period, the amount withdrawn during the Reference Period from deposits previously made to pre-fund, collateralize, over-collateralize or establish reserves for the payment of Funding Obligations or to pay amounts in respect of related contingencies that had been specified in the Financing Plan.

“Financial Services Agent” means OPG or, following any Replacement Event, such other person or persons who may be appointed as the Financial Services Agent of the Absolute Assignees under the Financing Plan in compliance with the requirements set out in Schedule 2.⁵

“Financing Entity” means an entity established in accordance with the Financing Plan to acquire all or an interest in the Regulatory Asset as an Absolute Assignee and to enter into Funding Obligations to finance such acquisition under the Financing Plan.⁶

“Financing Plan” means the written plan prepared by the Financial Services Agent on behalf of each Absolute Assignee in compliance with Article 9 to set forth the basis upon which, among other things: (a) any Disposition may be made to, financed by or effected by an Absolute Assignee; (b) any Funding Obligations may be incurred by an Absolute Assignee, including any Refinancing; (c) any Pledge may be given or effected; (d) any Funding Obligations may be redeemed, prepaid, repurchased, amended or otherwise effected; (e) any obligations for Additional Funding Charges may be incurred and paid; (f) any Repayments, Funding Costs and Redemption Amounts may be paid or provided for; (g) any Finance Reserve Deposits may be made; (h) any Finance Reserve Withdrawals may be made; (i) the establishment and operation of any Financing Entity may be effected; and (j) the cash flows arising from time to time or otherwise derived from an Investment Interest may otherwise be applied, as the same may be amended, amended and restated or terminated by the Financial Services Agent in compliance with Article 9 from time to time.

“Funding Costs” means, for a Reference Period in respect of an Absolute Assignee, the amount by which (a) the aggregate of all interest and other periodic finance charges accruing due and becoming payable or paid by or on behalf of the Absolute Assignee during the Reference Period in respect of its Funding Obligations, including any standby commitment fees or charges paid to any lender, credit enhancement fees or charges paid to any credit enhancer, liquidity fees or charges paid to any liquidity provider, amounts (including any termination payments) paid under derivatives and any deposit amount made or required to fund or replenish a debt service reserve

⁵ Discuss whether to accommodate multiple Financial Services Agents. MOE to consider.

⁶ MOE to confirm that the legislation will provide that any Financing Entity that is a wholly-owned subsidiary of OPG (1) would not be subject to Part VI of the *Electricity Act* (Ontario) and (2) in the case of any Financing Entity that is a trust, any income of such trust (for purposes of the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) or the *Taxation Act, 2007* Ontario)) which is paid or made payable to OPG or a wholly-owned subsidiary of OPG as a beneficiary of such trust will not be taken into account in calculating the amount of a payment required to be made by OPG (or such subsidiary) by section 89 or 90 of the *Electricity Act*.

account or other account established under any indenture, ancillary agreement or other financing document relating to its Funding Obligations, exceeds (b) the aggregate of all amounts received by or on behalf of the Absolute Assignee during the Reference Period [in respect of a Funding Obligation] [NTD: not all receipts may relate to a Funding Obligation], including from any reimbursement of standby commitment fees or charges paid by a lender, any reimbursement of credit enhancement fees or charges paid by any credit enhancer, any reimbursement of liquidity fees or charges paid by any liquidity provider, any amounts (including any termination payments) paid to the Absolute Assignee under derivatives and any Finance Reserve Withdrawal made or required to be made from a debt service reserve account or other account established under any indenture, ancillary agreement or other financing document relating to the payment of the Funding Costs payable in respect of a Funding Obligation for the Reference Period. [NTD: Make provision for receipts in respect of reserve accounts, i.e Funding Costs should be reduced by interest receipts on reserve accounts]

“Funding Obligation” means, in respect of an Absolute Assignee, each payment obligation (including each obligation to pay: principal, interest, premiums and other financing charge payments; pass-through payments; payment obligations arising under or in respect of derivatives; payment obligations owing to service providers, Financial Services Agents, finance entity intermediaries, capital markets intermediaries, advisors, lenders, credit enhancement providers, liquidity providers, disbursement counterparties, regulatory agencies and rating agencies; and all Additional Funding Charges incurred by or on behalf of the Absolute Assignee under the Financing Plan, including any Refinancing of another such payment obligation incurred by or on behalf of such Absolute Assignee.

“Future Fair Share of Green Transition Benefits” means, in respect of a Measurement Date, the sum of (a) the Over-Assessed Amount; and (b) the Estimated Future Green Transition Benefits, in each case as of the Measurement Date.

“Generator” means a generator of electricity that is subject to the *Electricity Act, 1998*.

“Global Adjustment” has the meaning given in Article 1.

“Green Costs Adjustment” has the meaning given in Article 1.

“Green Generation Initiative” has the meaning given in Article 1.

“IESO” means (i) the Independent Electricity System Operator created pursuant to Part II of the *Electricity Act, 1998*.

“IESO Available Amount” means, for a Reference Period, the lesser of (a) the amount (if any) by which (i) the Maximum Transition Charge Amount for the Reference Period, exceeds (ii) Period Finance Amount for the Reference Period, and (b) the IESO Retained Interest Amount as of the [35th] day prior to the first day of a Reference Period plus any IESO Financing Costs that are due and payable and remain unpaid as of the [35th] day prior to the first day of a Reference Period.

[NTD: Parking for a moment the commercial law issues around subordination, we are considering whether the conferral upon the IESO of a subordinated residual interest in the Transition Charges cash flow create consolidation issues. It may also impact our ability to book an asset.]

“IESO Electricity Distribution Receipts” means, for a month, the sum of all amounts payable by Electricity Distributors to IESO during the month pursuant to section • of the *Electricity Act*.

“~~IESO Financing~~Funding Costs” means, for a Reference Period, the ~~financing-funding~~ costs (if any) incurred by IESO pursuant to Section 8(4) in order to finance its ownership of the IESO Retained Interest during the Reference Period.

“IESO Funding Shortfall” means, for a month, the amount, if any, by which (a) the IESO Electricity Distribution Receipts that would be payable to IESO for the month if determined without regard to this Act and without regard to the changes made to section 25.33 of, and O.Reg. 429/4 under, the *Electricity Act* with respect to the Global Adjustment concurrently with this Act, exceeds (b) the IESO Electricity Distribution Receipts payable to IESO for the month⁷; ~~provided that if the amount of any such shortfall is determined to have been based on incomplete information, variances or estimates that were inaccurate, an adjustment shall be made in determining the amount of any subsequent shortfall for the month in which the inaccuracy is identified.~~ [NTD: it likely does not work to express in regards to “amounts payable by the LDCs” because settlement between the IESO and LDC’s entails payments by LDCs to the IESO and then credits/debits by the IESO to LDCs to reflect RPP shortfalls/overages]. To the extent reasonably necessary to give effect to this Act, or any transaction contemplated hereby, IESO shall calculate the IESO Funding Shortfall for any month based on information provided by the Electricity Distributors and (i) such calculation shall be binding for all purposes; and (ii) any demonstrated inaccuracy in the calculation for any month (including any such resulting from inaccuracies in the information provided by Electricity Distributors) shall be accounted for by adjusting the IESO Funding Shortfall for a subsequent month.

“IESO Recovery” means each amount remitted to IESO (including by IESO retaining such amount) in respect of the IESO Retained Interest pursuant to Section 5(6)(b), and “IESO Recoveries” means, collectively, all such amounts received by IESO.

“IESO Remittances” means, for a Settlement Date, all Electricity Distributor Remittances received by IESO or ~~if applicable the Alternative Collection Agent~~ an IESO Successor prior to the Settlement Date and that have not otherwise been remitted to the Regulatory Asset Owners (each with respect to its Regulatory Asset) in accordance with Section 5(6), including the proceeds of any enforcement action undertaken by IESO or ~~if applicable the Alternative Collection Agent~~ IESO Successor to recover payment of amounts payable by Electricity Distributors to IESO ~~or the IESO Successor~~ in accordance with Article 5.

⁷ This has been recast to recognize that the shortfall in the first 4.5 years could exceed the entire GA amount. A more refined approach to describing the concept may be considered.

“IESO Retained Interest” means IESO’s right, title and ownership interest (if any) in, to and under the Regulatory Asset, which shall exclude each Investment Interest.

“IESO Retained Interest Amount” means, on a day, (a) the sum of all IESO Funding Shortfalls incurred prior to the day, plus (b) the sum of all IESO Funding Costs incurred prior to the day in accordance with Section 8(4), minus (c) the aggregate net proceeds received by IESO from or on behalf of ~~each any~~ Absolute Assignee as consideration for ~~thea~~ Disposition of each Investment Interest paid to IESO by or on behalf of such Absolute Assignee prior to the day, and minus (d) the IESO Recoveries received by IESO prior to the day.

“IESO Successor” means ~~the any~~ entity appointed by the Province to succeed to the rights and obligations of IESO as the entity responsible for managing the Province’s electricity system.

“Investment Interest” means an ownership interest in, to or under the Regulatory Asset that is acquired by an Absolute Assignee pursuant to a ~~Disposition~~ Section 6(2), which ownership interest may include (without limitation) ownership of a specified portion on a divided basis of the assets comprising the Regulatory Asset and ownership of an undivided ownership interest in the Regulatory Asset, in each case as may be described in the applicable Disposition Document.

“Investment Remittance” means, for a month, the lesser of (a) the aggregate amount of all IESO Remittances for the month, and (b) the sum of the Finance Amounts due and payable by all Absolute Assignees in respect of the month.

“Maximum IESO Recovery” means, for a month, the amount (if any) by which (a) the IESO Remittances for the month, exceed (b) the sum of all Finance Amounts that are due and payable by Absolute Assignees in respect of the month.

“Maximum Transition Charge Amount” means, for a Reference Period, ~~(a) the aggregate amount of Future Fair Share of Green Transition Benefits that are allocable to the applicable Retail Consumer Group to such Reference Period in accordance with the Fair Allocation Plan, divided by (b) the applicable~~ [NTD: When will there be visibility into this process and amount. Is this calculated on a monthly basis or for a Reference Period Length.]

“Measurement Date” means [Insert relevant date around the Legislation Implementation Date] and any other date specified as such under the Fair Allocation Plan.

“OEB” means the Ontario Energy Board, together with its successors.

“OPG” means the corporation incorporated as Ontario Power Generation Inc. under the *Business Corporations Act* on December 1, 1998, together with its successors.

“Over-Assessed Amount” means, in respect of a Measurement Date, the amount (if any) by which (a) the Assessed Past Green Transition Costs, exceeds (b) the Estimated Past Green Transition Benefits, each as determined as of the Measurement Date.

“Period Finance Charges” means, for a Reference Period, the sum of (a) the Estimate of the Finance Amount and (b) the True-Up Amount in respect of the immediately preceding Reference Period.

“Period Transition Charges” means, for a Reference Period, the sum of (a) the Period Finance Charges for the Reference Period and (b) the IESO Available Amount for the Reference Period², calculated in accordance with Section 4(2). [Does this mean that any retained IESO Interest amount is necessarily repaid in the next “Relevant Period, subject to the Maximum Transition Charge Amount?”]

“Pledge” means, in respect of an Investment Interest of an Absolute Assignee, a lien, mortgage, charge or security interest granted to or in favour of a Pledgee by the Absolute Assignee in, to and over all or a specified portion (including a specified portion on a divided basis or by way of an undivided interest) of the Investment Interest.

“Pledgee” means a person to whom an Absolute Assignee grants a Pledge.

“Program End Date” means •, [2047].

“Province” means the Province of Ontario.

“Redemption Amount” means the amount payable by or on behalf of an Absolute Assignee to redeem, prepay or repurchase a Funding Obligation incurred by or on behalf of the Absolute Assignee, including any premium, make-whole or other additional amount becoming payable under the Funding Obligation to give effect to such redemption, prepayment or repurchase.

“Reference Period” means (a) the period from (and including) the Measurement Date to (and including) June 30, 2017, (b) each six month period commencing [May 1st and November 1st] thereafter and (c) any other period specified as such in the Fair Allocation Plan.

“Reference Period Length” means, for a Reference Period, the number of months in the Reference Period.

“Refinancing” means, in respect of a Funding Obligation incurred by or on behalf of an Absolute Assignee, that the Funding Obligation is repaid or repurchased for cancellation by or on behalf of the Absolute Assignee by applying the net proceeds obtained by the Absolute Assignee incurring one or more other Funding Obligations.

“Regulatory Asset” means the property rights and interests described in Section 6(1), which collectively is comprised of the IESO Retained Interest and each Investment Interest.

“Regulatory Asset Account” means (a) for an Electricity Distributor or an Alternative Collection Agent, any bank account into which the Electricity Distributor or such Alternative Collection Agent deposits or receives Transition Charge Collections; (b) for the ~~Service~~ IESO or an IESO Successor, any bank account into which IESO or the IESO Successor deposits or receives Transition Charges, ~~Electricity Distributor Remittances or IESO Remittances~~; and (c) ~~if applicable, for the Alternative Collection Agent, any bank account into which the Alternative Collection Agent~~

~~deposits or receives Transition Charge Collections, Electricity Distributor Remittances or IESO Remittances.~~

“Regulatory Asset Owner” means each of (a) IESO, as owner of (and to the extent of) the IESO Retained Interest and (b) each Absolute Assignee, as owner of its Investment Interest or Investment Interests, and “Regulatory Asset Owners” means collectively IESO and each such Absolute Assignee, who together own the entirety of the Regulatory Asset and are required to exercise their individual rights of ownership in accordance with Section 6(7).

“Related Rights” means all rights of any kind (whether in tort, contract or otherwise) that attach or are attendant or incidental to any of the other property rights or interests that comprise such Regulatory Asset.

“Remittance Date” means, in respect of an Electricity Distributor, each day on which it is required to remit Electricity Distribution Remittances to IESO or if applicable the ~~Alternative Collection Agent~~ IESO Successor as specified in accordance with any Funding Obligation or, if no such day is specified in accordance with any Funding Obligation, then the Business Day preceding each Settlement Date.

“Repayment Obligation” means an obligation to repay, redeem or repurchase, or to provide for the repayment, redemption or repurchase (including by making a related Finance Reserve Deposit) of, all or a portion of the amount advanced to the Absolute Assignee under a Funding Obligation.

“Repayment” means a payment by an Absolute Assignee made to satisfy a Repayment Obligation, other than to the extent that the payment is made by applying the proceeds of a Refinancing or from Finance Reserve Withdrawals.

~~“Replacement Event” means any event specified as such in a Funding Obligation. [should be defined, perhaps in the regulations]~~

“Retail Consumer” means:

- (a) present and future consumers of electricity in the Province who are (i) consumers designated under section 79.16 of[, and O.Reg 95/05 under,] the *Ontario Energy Board Act, 1998*, or (ii) hold or are deemed to hold an “eligible account” under the *Ontario Rebate for Electricity Consumers Act, 2016*, other than any such consumer who has a contract with a Retailer who uses Retailer Consolidated Billing; and
- (b) present and future Retailers who use Retailer Consolidated Billing,

and each case includes all such consumers and Retailers who are connected, directly or indirectly and whether a customer of an Electricity Distributor or not, to the transmission and distribution system assets located in the Province and who are taking electric delivery service within the Province, whether or not such retail consumers produce their own electricity or purchase electric generation services from a provider of electric generation services other than the owner of the Province’s transmission and distribution system assets and whether or not the transmission and

distribution system assets continue to be owned or operated by Electricity Distributors or operated by IESO.

“Retail Consumer Group” means, in relation to a Reference Period, the Retail Consumers who receive Electricity Invoices during the Reference Period.

“Retailer” means a person who is licensed under Part V of the *Ontario Energy Board Act, 1998* to retail electricity.

“Retailer Consolidated Billing” has the same meaning as in the *Retail Settlement Code* issued by the Ontario Energy Board.

“Service Area” means, in respect of an Electricity Distributor, the geographic area or region in which it is licensed to distribute electricity in accordance with the *Electricity Act, 1998*.

~~“Servicer” means IESO or IESO Successor, as agent for and on behalf of the Regulatory Asset Owners, for the purposes set forth in Article 4.~~

“Settlement Date” means the [last Business Day of any month].

“Transition Charge” means, for a Retail Consumer in respect of a Reference Period, (a) the Period Transition Charge, (b) multiplied by its Allocation Factor in respect of the Reference Period, divided by (c) the applicable Reference Period Length. [NTD: Do not need to create parallel process. The definition should be linked to the OEB process for determining the volumetric rate as part of the RPP process (see s. 4(2)). The OEB will determine volumetric rate based on forecast consumption, number of consumers, etc. to recover the Period Transition Charges.]

“Transition Charge Collection” means any amount received or deemed by this Act to have been received upon the collection of a Transition Charge paid by or on behalf of a Retail Consumer, including any proceeds arising from the exercise and enforcement of any related rights and interests under or in respect of the Regulatory Asset.

“True-Up Amount” means, in respect of a Reference Period, the amount (which may be a negative amount) calculated by the Financial Services Agent equal to (a) the Estimate of the Finance Amount for the related True-Up Period, minus (b) the Actual Finance Amount for such related True-Up Period, plus (c) the Collected Amount Adjustment for such related True-Up Period.

“True-Up Period” means, in relation to a Reference Period, the period from and including the [30th] day immediately preceding the first day of the Reference Period, to but excluding the [30th] day immediately preceding the last day of the Reference Period.

“Undertaking of the Lieutenant Governor in Council” means the undertaking of the Lieutenant Governor in Council given under Section 11(2).

Article 3 – Transition Charges

- (1) Retail Consumer Obligation to Pay a Transition Charge** – Each Retail Consumer shall pay each Transition Charge charged to it in any Electricity Invoice issued to such Retail Consumer by its

Electricity Distributor or by an Alternative Servicer under Section 4(1), in each case on the terms of payment specified in the related Electricity Invoice. [Is the intent that IESO can recover the IESO retained interest only through the Transition Charges, subject to the Maximum Transition Charge Amount and after payment of the Assigned Interest?]

- (2) **Indebtedness of Retail Consumers** – Until paid, a Transition Charge charged to a Retail Consumer in an Electricity Invoice shall, together with any applicable late payment fees and finance charges arising under the terms of the Electricity Invoice with respect to such Transition Charge, constitute non-bypassable indebtedness of the Retail Consumer to the Regulatory Asset Owners, each with respect to its respective interest in the Regulatory Asset. Such indebtedness shall constitute a single and separate⁸ debt obligation owing by the Retail Consumer, which subject to Article 5 may be enforced independently from any other payment obligation or indebtedness owing by the Retail Consumer under the Electricity Invoice or otherwise.⁹
- (3) **No Set-Off or Reduction** – A Retail Consumer may not set-off or reduce (by counterclaim, defense or otherwise) the amount payable by it in respect of any Transition Charge, including any set-off against or in respect of any amount owing or becoming payable to such Retail Consumer by its Electricity Distributor, any Regulatory Asset Owner or any other person.
- (4) **Allocation of Retail Consumer Payments** – If an Electricity Distributor receives a payment made by or on behalf of a Retail Consumer in respect of amounts due and payable under one or more Electricity Invoices that is less than the total amount payable thereunder, such payment shall be allocated on a *pro rata* basis to the payment of related Transition Charges and other invoiced amounts and the amount so allocated as a payment of related Transition Charges shall be deemed to constitute a Transition Charge Collection.
- (5) **Transition Charges are Irrevocable** – The Transition Charges arising under or in respect of Funding Obligations incurred under the Financing Plan (including any adjustments based on modifications to such Funding Obligations made in compliance with the Financing Plan or as a result of amendments to the Financing Plan made in accordance with Section 9(3)) are deemed to be irrevocable, final and effective without any further action, except to the extent of manifest calculation error. For greater certainty, a Transition Charge may include Finance Amounts for a Reference Period whether or not the payment of such Finance Amounts are inconsistent with the Fair Allocation Plan applicable at the time such payments are due and payable, whether or not the related Funding Obligation was properly incurred under the Financing Plan. In no case shall a Funding Obligation incurred under the Financing Plan be affected by a subsequent amendment to the Fair Allocation Plan.

Article 4 – Invoicing of Transition Charges

⁸ Determine if this is critical for rating and markets. Logistics under consideration.

⁹ Torys has also suggested that deemed conditions of licenses for distributors, retailers and unit sub-metering providers, could be included as conditions, to require them to collect and remit amounts in accordance with this legislation. Consider if it is helpful to integrate the existing regulatory scheme for invoicing and collections (regarding RPP) in the legislation.

- (1) **Inclusion of Transition Charges in Electricity Invoices** – Each Electricity Distributor and if applicable any Alternative Servicer shall, as an agent of the Regulatory Asset Owners, specify the Transition Charge to be charged to a Retail Consumer pursuant to Section 4(4) in respect of a related Reference Period in each Electricity Invoice issued by the Electricity Distributor or if applicable by the Alternative Servicer to the Retail Consumer in respect of such Reference Period. Upon the inclusion of a Transition Charge in an Electricity Invoice, the obligation to pay such amount shall be binding on the applicable Retail Consumer.
- (2) **Calculation of the Period Transition Charge** – Not later than [35] days prior to the first day of a Reference Period, each Absolute Assignee (or the Financial Services Agent on its behalf) shall provide the OEB with written notice of each Estimate of a Finance Amount payable by it or on its behalf in respect of the Reference Period. [35] days prior to the first day of a Reference Period, IESO or Successor IESO if applicable shall specify the IESO Retained Interest Amount and any IESO Financing Costs that are due and payable and remain unpaid on such day. Not later than one month prior to the first day of a Reference Period, the OEB shall calculate the Period Transition Charge applicable to the Reference Period based on the calculations and information set forth in such written notices received from the Absolute Assignees and based on such amounts specified by IESO or Successor IESO, which calculations, information and amounts shall be determinative, except to the extent of manifest calculation error or misstatement.
- (3) **Calculation and Attribution of Transition Charges** – Not later than 25 days prior to the first day of a Reference Period, the OEB shall apply the Attribution Methodology to determine the Allocation Factor for each Retail Consumer of the applicable Retail Consumer Group.
- (4) **Notice of Transition Charges** – Not later than 20 days prior to the first day of a Reference Period, the OEB shall inform each Electricity Distributor and if applicable any Alternative Servicer of the Transition Charges to be specified in the Electricity Invoices to be issued to each Retail Consumer of the applicable Retail Consumer Group who has a billing address in the Electricity Distributor's Service Area.
- (5) **Adjustments** – The amount of any Transition Charge charged to a Retail Consumer and specified as such in an Electricity Invoice shall be determinative of the amount of indebtedness created thereby and owing in respect of such Transition Charge, except to the extent of any manifest calculation error.
- (6) **Successors of Electricity Distributors** – Any successor of an Electricity Distributor shall be bound by the requirements of Article 4 and shall perform and satisfy all duties and obligations of such Electricity Distributor under Article 4 in the same manner and to the same extent as such Electricity Distributor, including the obligation under Article 4 to impose, attribute, charge, bill and invoice the Transition Charges.
- (7) **IESO Successor** – Any IESO Successor shall be bound by the requirements of Article 4 and shall perform and satisfy all duties and obligations of IESO under Article 4 in the same manner and to the same extent as IESO, including the obligation to calculate and provide notice of Transition Charges.

- (8) **Appointment of an Alternative Servicer** – If a Replacement Event occurs in respect of any Electricity Distributor, the Absolute Assignees ~~shall, in accordance with the Collective Rights Agreement, be permitted, by an instrument in writing, to~~ may appoint an Alternative Servicer to perform some or all of the obligations and duties required to be undertaken by such Electricity Distributor under this Article 4, as and to the extent specified in such appointment. Upon acceptance of such appointment, the Alternative Servicer shall become obligated to perform such assumed obligations in replacement of such Electricity Distributor. Any Electricity Distributor that is replaced under this Section 4(8) shall promptly transfer all rights, powers, privileges and property interests in its possession or within its control in the performance of such obligations and duties to the Alternative Servicer and shall take such further actions, including the execution of instruments, necessary to give full and final effect to such transfer and to permit the Alternative Servicer to perform such obligations and duties on behalf of the Regulatory Asset Owners.
- (9) **Absolute Assignees have Standing** – The Absolute Assignees, acting together in accordance with the Collective Action Agreement, may bring actions against any Electricity Distributor, ~~IESO, the Servicer, an~~ Alternative Servicer or any other person who may be authorized to issue Electricity Invoices to Retail Consumers for a failure to impose, attribute, charge, bill or invoice Transition Charges. ~~Any court of the Province shall have jurisdiction over any actions brought before it by the Absolute Assignees in relation to any such failure.~~
- ~~(10) **No Set Off or Reduction** – No Servicer or Electricity Distributor may set off or reduce (by counterclaim, defence or otherwise) the amount payable by it pursuant to this Article 4.~~
- (10) ~~(11)~~ **Regulations** – Regulations may be enacted for the purpose of specifying further rights, powers, privileges, duties and obligations that shall apply to IESO, any Electricity Distributor or any Alternative Servicer to ensure that Transition Charges are properly charged to Retail Consumers and specified as such in Electricity Invoices.

Article 5 – Collections and Remittances

- (1) **Duty to Collect as Agent** – Electricity Distributors or if applicable any Alternative Collection Agent shall, as an agent of the Regulatory Asset Owners, undertake [diligent][reasonable]¹⁰ efforts to collect amounts owing by Retail Consumers in respect of Transition Charges charged to such Retail Consumers in Electricity Invoices issued by the Electricity Distributor or if applicable such Alternative Collection Agent.
- (2) **Segregation of Transition Charge Collections** – An Electricity Distributor or if applicable any Alternative Collection Agent shall promptly segregate Transition Charge Collections from other payments received by it from Retail Consumers and deposit such Transition Charge Collections into its Regulatory Asset Account.¹¹ Prior to and following a deposit of Transition Charge Collections having been made into its Regulatory Asset Account, the Electricity Distributor or if

¹⁰ Mirror collection “standard of care” under applicable legislation.

¹¹ Consider trying to attach to existing LDC credit enhancements and provide parallel coverage for customer losses.

applicable any Alternative Collection Agent shall hold such amounts in trust for the Regulatory Asset Owners.

- (3) **Electricity Distributor Remittances** – On each applicable Remittance Date, an Electricity Distributor shall remit all Transition Charge Collections received by it from Retail Consumers in respect of the related Reference Period to or to the account of IESO or if applicable the Alternative Collection Agent.
- (4) **Duty to Collect Electricity Distributor Remittances** – IESO or if applicable ~~any Alternative Collection Agent~~ an IESO Successor shall, as an agent of the Regulatory Asset Owners, undertake [diligent][reasonable] efforts to accept and collect Electricity Distributor Remittances from Electricity Distributors and Transition Charge Collections from Retail Consumers that pay their Electricity Invoices directly to IESO.¹²
- (5) **Segregation of Electricity Distributor Remittances** – IESO and if applicable ~~the Alternative Collection Agent~~ an IESO Successor shall promptly segregate Electricity Distributor Remittances from other payments received or held by it and deposit such Electricity Distributor Remittances into its Regulatory Asset Account. Prior to and following a deposit of Electricity Distributor Remittances having been made into its Regulatory Asset Account, IESO or if applicable any ~~Alternative Collection Agent~~ IESO Successor shall hold such amounts in trust for the Regulatory Asset Owners.
- (6) **IESO Remittances** – ~~On~~ (a) on each Settlement Date¹³, IESO and if applicable the Alternative Collection Agent an IESO Successor shall remit all amounts on deposit in its Regulatory Asset Account ~~(a) first, in respect of the Investment Interest to or to the account of the Absolute Assignees an amount equal to the Investment Remittance for the related month and (b) second, to IESO (including by IESO retaining such amount) an amount equal to the lesser of (i) the Maximum IESO Recovery for the related month and (ii); and~~ (b) on each Settlement Date¹⁴, IESO and if applicable the IESO Successor shall remit all amounts on deposit in its Regulatory Asset Account in respect of the IESO Retained Interest Amount as of the Settlement Date to the IESO. [NTD: to discuss. I had thought that what we had discussed was that IESO could recover the IESO Retained Interest Amount not as part of the Transition Charges, but independently through its own processes. This would require an allocation, but not express subordination. If subordination is required together with a Maximum Transition Charge Amount, consider whether this puts IESO in the position of a residual interest holder and consider impact on ability to book asset, consolidation and prospectus.
- (7) **Successors of Electricity Distributors** – Any successor of an Electricity Distributor shall be bound by the requirements of Article 5 and shall perform and satisfy all duties and obligations of such Electricity Distributor under Article 5 in the same manner and to the same extent as such

¹² Consider building this obligation into a deemed condition of licence for the IESO.

¹³ Consider frequency of remittances in light of rating requirements. US rating agencies favour daily remittances.

¹⁴ Consider frequency of remittances in light of rating requirements. US rating agencies favour daily remittances.

Electricity Distributor, including the obligation under Article 5 to collect Transition Charges and make remittances of Electricity Distributor Remittances.

- (8) **IESO Successor** – IESO Successor shall be bound by the requirements of Article 5 and shall perform and satisfy all duties and obligations of IESO under Article 5 in the same manner and to the same extent as IESO, including the obligation to collect Transition Charge Collections, Electricity Distributor Remittances and to remit IESO Remittances.
- (9) **Owners of Distribution Assets** - If any person other than an Electricity Distributor acquires distribution system assets in the Province or invoices or collects electricity distribution rates in the Province¹⁴¹⁵, then such person shall, if requested by the Absolute Assignees, be obligated to act diligently to (a) facilitate the invoicing and collection of any Transition Charges applicable to Retail Consumers in its applicable service area, including all consumers connected to the electricity distribution system assets and taking electric delivery service located within such service area; (b) allocate partial payments by Retail Consumers as provided in this Act; (c) exercise all enforcement rights of the Absolute Assignees for the benefit of an Absolute Assignee; and (d) remit any Transition Charge Collections to the Absolute Assignees or Pledges, as applicable, each in accordance with its Investment Interest.
- (10) **Absolute Assignees have Standing** – The Absolute Assignees, acting together in accordance with the Collective Action Agreement, may bring actions against any Electricity Distributor, IESO, ~~the~~an Alternative Collection Agent, any owner of electricity distribution system assets in the Province or any other person who may be authorized to collect electricity distribution and use charges from Retail Consumers for a failure to collect Transition Charges, remit or collect Electricity Distributor Remittances or remit IESO Remittances, as and to the extent applicable under Article 5. Any court of the Province shall have jurisdiction over any actions brought before it by the Absolute Assignees in relation to any such failure.
- (11) **Appointment of an Alternative Collection Agent** – If a Replacement Event occurs in respect of any Electricity Distributor ~~or IESO~~, the Absolute Assignees shall, in accordance with the Collective Rights Agreement, be permitted, by an instrument in writing, to appoint an Alternative Collection Agent to perform some or all of the collection, segregation and remittance obligations in respect of the Transition Charges otherwise required to be undertaken by such Electricity Distributor ~~or IESO~~, as applicable, under Article 5, as and to the extent specified in such appointment. Upon acceptance of such appointment, the Alternative Collection Agent shall become obligated to perform such assumed obligations in replacement of such Electricity Distributor ~~or IESO~~, as applicable. Any Electricity Distributor ~~or IESO~~, as applicable, that is replaced under this Section 5(11) shall promptly transfer all rights, powers, privileges and property interests in its possession or within its control in, to and over the Regulatory Asset, including its Regulatory Asset Account, to the Alternative Collection Agent and shall take such further actions, including the execution of instruments, necessary to give full and final effect to such transfer and to

¹⁴¹⁵ This is in anticipation of a possible future restructuring of the distribution system.

permit the Alternative Collection Agent to enforce the Regulatory Asset on behalf of the Absolute Assignees.

- (12) **No Set-off, etc.** - The Regulatory Asset, including rights in Transition Charges, Transition Charge Collections, and the interests of a Regulatory Asset Owner, an Absolute Assignee and a Pledgee therein, may not be setoff or reduced (including by counterclaim, surcharge or defense) by any Retail Consumer, any Electricity Distributor, IESO, Alternative Collection Agent or any owner of distribution system assets in the Province or any other person or in connection with any default, bankruptcy, reorganization or other insolvency proceeding of any Electricity Distributor, IESO, Alternative Collection Agent or any owner of distribution system assets in the Province, any affiliate or successor thereof or any other entity or otherwise.⁴⁵¹⁶
- (13) **Sequestration** – If any Electricity Distributor, IESO, the Alternative Collection Agent or any owner of distribution system assets in the Province or any other person or entity authorized to collect Transition Charges, defaults on any required remittance of Transition Charge Collections, Electricity Distribution Remittances or IESO Remittances under Article 5, any court in the Province, upon application by and of the Absolute Assignees acting collectively under the Collective Action Agreement and without limiting any other remedies otherwise available to the Absolute Assignees or Pledgees, shall order the sequestration and payment of the Transition Charge Collections, Electricity Distribution Remittances and IESO Remittances, as applicable, for the benefit of the Absolute Assignees, each with respect to its Investment Interest, and the Pledgees as applicable.⁴⁶¹⁷
- (14) **Regulations** – Regulations may be enacted for the purpose of specifying further rights, powers, privileges, duties and obligations that shall apply to IESO, any Electricity Distributor or any Alternative Collection Agent to ensure that rights, interests, entitlements, benefits and proceeds in, to, under and from the Regulatory Asset are of fully realized by some or all of the Absolute Assignees and Pledgees.

Article 6 – The Regulatory Asset

- (1) **Composition** – The Regulatory Asset shall constitute a current and irrevocable property right and interest consisting, collectively, of the following rights and interests (without duplication):
- a. the right of IESO (i) to record its IESO Retained Interest in its accounts in accordance with Section 8(1), having a stated amount from time to time equal to the IESO Retained Interest Amount; and (ii) to receive IESO Recoveries from time to time in accordance with Section 5(6)(b);

⁴⁵¹⁶ Consider whether it makes sense to create a “deemed collection” payment obligation on Electricity Distributors to the extent a Retail Consumer reduces its payment of Transition Charges, despite this language. Same for Electricity Distributor Remittances and IESO Remittances.

⁴⁶¹⁷ Consider adding or substituting this provision for a right to appoint a receiver.

- b. the right to impose, bill, invoice, collect and receive Transition Charges from Retail Consumers, including the right to determine the amount of Transition Charges in accordance with this Act;
- c. the right to enforce the obligations and indebtedness of each Retail Consumer to pay the Transition Charges charged to the Retail Consumer from time to time in accordance with Article 3, together with all related late payment fees or interest charges arising in respect thereof under the related Electricity Invoices;
- d. the right to enforce the duties and obligations of each Electricity Distributor and if applicable the Alternative Servicer to impose, attribute, charge, bill and invoice the Transition Charges in accordance with Article 4;
- e. the right to enforce the duties and obligations of each Electricity Distributor and if applicable the Alternative Collection Agent to collect, receive and remit amounts received by it in respect of Transition Charges as Electricity Distributor Remittances to or to the account of IESO or if applicable the ~~Alternative Collection Agent~~ IESO Successor in accordance with Article 5, including all collections and the proceeds of any enforcement action undertaken by the Electricity Distributor or if applicable the Alternative Collection Agent to recover payment of Transition Charges in accordance with Article 5;
- f. the right to enforce the duties and obligations of IESO and if applicable the ~~Alternative Collection Agent~~ IESO Successor to collect and receive Electricity Distributor Remittances and to remit IESO Remittances to or to the accounts of the Regulatory Asset Owners, each with respect to its respective interest in the Regulatory Asset, in each case in accordance with Article 5, including all collections and the proceeds of any enforcement action undertaken by it to recover payment of Electricity Distributor Remittances in accordance with Article 5;
- g. the right to receive and collect all Transition Charge Collections, all Electricity Distributor Remittances and all IESO Remittances in accordance with Article 5;
- h. all rights and entitlements under each Regulatory Asset Account and all amounts on deposit in any such Regulatory Asset Account;
- i. all Related Rights; and
- j. all revenue, collections, claims, payments, money and proceeds of or derived from the rights described in (a) through (i), regardless of whether such revenue, collections, claims, payments and proceeds are imposed, invoiced, collected and maintained together with or commingled with other revenue, collections, claims, payments, money and proceeds.

A Regulatory Asset and the property rights and interests therein shall exist whether or not Transition Charges have been imposed, charged, invoiced, accrued or collected and notwithstanding that the imposition, attribution, invoicing and collection of Transition Charges will depend on further actions that may not have occurred.

- (2) **Validity of Dispositions** – ~~Despite any limitations or restrictions on a Disposition that may arise by contract or by operation of any applicable law of the Province or any consent requirement applicable to a Disposition that may arise by operation of any applicable law of the Province, a Disposition by IESO to an Absolute Assignee made under the Financing Plan, or by one Absolute Assignee to another Absolute Assignee made under the Financing Plan, shall be permitted~~[NTD: Addressed in Section 13(3)]. IESO may Dispose of all or any part of its interest in a Regulatory Asset in favour of an Absolute Assignee and, any such Disposition, when made, shall be valid and enforceable in accordance with the terms of the related Disposition Document and shall be effective to confer upon the Absolute Assignee thereof a valid property right and interest in, to and under the applicable Investment Interest (or relevant portion thereof) in accordance with the terms of such Disposition, ~~provided that the parties to the applicable Disposition Document have expressly stated therein that such Disposition is a sale or other absolute transfer.~~ Without limiting the foregoing, any Disposition that by its terms is intended to constitute a sale or absolute transfer shall be treated for all purposes as a true sale and absolute transfer of the Regulatory Asset Owner's applicable right, title, and interest in, to and under the Regulatory Asset (or relevant portion thereof), and not merely as a Pledge thereof, ~~and upon such~~. Upon any Disposition the assigner or seller under the applicable Disposition Document shall retain no right, title or interest in the Investment Interest expressed to be subject to the Disposition, including all rights under the Investment Interest arising after such Disposition.
- (3) **Perfection and Priority of Dispositions** – Any Disposition of an interest in a Regulatory Asset shall be vested, valid, binding and perfected from the time when such Disposition is made. Such Disposition shall be perfected, vested, valid and binding as against the transferring Regulatory Asset Owner and all other persons who have claims of any kind (whether in tort, contract or otherwise) against the transferring Regulatory Asset Owner, irrespective of whether such persons have notice of the Disposition and the property rights and interests acquired by the Absolute Assignee under such Disposition shall be free and clear of any liens or other adverse interests in favour of such other persons.
- (4) **Validity of Pledges** – ~~Despite any limitations or restriction on a Pledge that may arise by contract or by operation of any applicable law of the Province or any consent requirement applicable to a Pledge that may arise by operation of any applicable law of the Province~~[NTD: Section 13(3)], a Pledge by an Absolute Assignee may be made to secure any related Funding Obligation and when made shall be valid and enforceable in accordance with its terms and shall be effective to confer upon the Pledgee a valid security interest in, to and in respect of the related Investment Interest in accordance with the terms of the Pledge. Other than as required by the Financing Plan, no consent of any person shall be required to give effect to a Pledge made to secure any Funding Obligation.
- (5) **Perfection and Priority of Pledges** - For purposes of the *Personal Property Security Act* (the “PPSA”), the Regulatory Asset shall be intangible personal property and any Pledge made by an Absolute Assignee in respect of a Funding Obligation shall, subject to the terms thereof, give rise to a security interest of which the PPSA applies, and may be perfected by filing a financing statement

under the PPSA on that basis. All proceeds of a related Investment Interest that are subject to such a Pledge that are received by the Absolute Assignee shall immediately be subject to the such Pledge, and the security interest in such proceeds shall be perfected pursuant to the PPSA.¹⁷¹⁸ A Pledge perfected under the PPSA shall be a continuously perfected security interest and shall have priority over any other lien or security interest, created by operation of law or otherwise, that may attach to the property rights and interests in the Investment Interest subject to the Pledge unless the Pledgee has otherwise agreed in writing. ~~Subject to the terms of the Collective Action Agreement, a Pledgee shall have a perfected security interest in a related Investment Interest, including the Absolute Assignee's rights and interests in and to Transition Charge Collections or other related proceeds in respect of the Investment Interest and that are deposited in any Regulatory Asset Account or other account of any Electricity Distributor, IESO, Alternative Collection Agent or other person who may have commingled such Transition Charge Collections or such other proceeds with other funds. All provisions of the PPSA shall apply to the Regulatory Asset on the basis that it is intangible personal property, except to the extent otherwise provided in this Section 6(5). [Covered by the PPSA]~~

- (6) **Enforcement of Property Rights** – The rights of any Regulatory Asset Owner to collect and enforce its rights and interests in, to or in respect of the Regulatory Asset shall be exercised in the manner set forth in Article 5. ~~[Add Default rights of a Pledgee]~~
- (7) **Owners of a Specified Portion of the Regulatory Asset** – A Regulatory Asset Owner may effect a Disposition to an Absolute Assignee of a specified portion of its rights and interests in the Regulatory Asset, including by way of a Disposition of a divided or an undivided interest therein as specified in a related Disposition Document, ~~in each case under the Financing Plan.~~ In no circumstance may the specified portions of the rights and interests in the Regulatory Asset owned by all Regulatory Asset Owners be greater than all of the rights and interests that comprise the Regulatory Asset in the aggregate.
- (8) **Collective Action Required** – If a Regulatory Asset Owner's rights and interests in the Regulatory Asset comprises less than the entire property right and interest constituted by the Regulatory Asset, such Regulatory Asset Owner shall only enforce such right and interest on a collective and coordinated basis with each other Regulatory Asset Owner in accordance with the Collective Rights Agreement.

Article 7 – Establishment of the Fair Allocation Plan¹⁸¹⁹

¹⁷¹⁸ Consider whether to simply leave this and have a financing statement be filed under the PPSA. This would normalize the security interest and reduce any adverse suggestion that security would not otherwise arise.

¹⁸¹⁹ The idea is that the Fair Allocation Plan will be set once at the outset based on the principles and parameters described here, all as applied based on information available and the reasonable expectations and discretion of the delegate at such time. If the expectations are not fulfilled (e.g., generators may choose to retire their facilities at the end of their current procurement contracts and not invest in extending service lives to secure further procurement contracts), the Fair Allocation Plan will be unaffected, unless it is specifically amended (assuming amendments will be permitted by the legislation).

- (1) **Adoption of the Fair Allocation Plan** – The Delegate may, [by written declaration,] designate and adopt a Fair Allocation Plan in compliance with Article 7. The Fair Allocation Plan so designated and adopted shall be the Fair Allocation Plan for all purposes of this Act, except if amended, amended and restated or terminated by a further written declaration made by the Delegate in compliance with Section 7(4).
- (2) **Principles and Parameters** – A Fair Allocation Plan shall seek to allocate Future Fair Share of Green Transition Benefits across present and future Retail Consumer Groups on a basis that the Delegate, in its sole and absolute discretion, determines to be equitable, having regard to the following principles and parameters:
1. Future Fair Share of Green Transition Benefits should be allocated over the period ending on the Program End Date.
 2. The Fair Allocation Plan should specify the Reference Periods for the purpose of identifying applicable Retail Consumer Groups and allocating Future Fair Share of Green Transition Benefits among them on a relative basis over time.
 3. The share of Future Fair Share of Green Transition Benefits allocable to a particular Retail Consumer Group in respect of a Reference Period should be proportionate to a reasonable assessment of the benefits of the Green Generation Initiative to the Retail Consumer Group over such Reference Period.
 4. The share of Future Fair Share of Green Transition Benefits to be allocated to a Retail Consumer Group and any future Retail Consumer Group at a particular time should not exceed the Estimated Future Green Transition Benefits, measured in respect of the Reference Periods following such particular time and to the Program End Date.
 5. No future Retail Consumer Group should be allocated an unreasonably disproportionate share of Estimated Future Green Transition Benefits. Except in exceptional circumstances or in the case of any reallocation of an Over-Assessed Amount as contemplated in 7, below, the Future Fair Share of Green Transition Benefits to be allocated under a Fair Allocation Plan to any future Retail Consumer Group should have regard to *[Insert formula if a year-over-year maximum amount is determined to be appropriate]*.
 6. The time value of money should be reflected in the Fair Allocation Plan, in order to equate the relative values of the nominal allocations of Future Fair Share of Green Transition Benefits, calculated in current dollars, to future Retail Consumer Groups over time.
 7. To the extent there has been an Over-Assessed Amount, the Fair Allocation Plan may determine that an adjustment should fairly be made to rebate Retail Consumers for such an amount, by reducing the costs otherwise attributable under the Act to such Retail Consumers. The relative costs of the Green Generation Initiative are reflected under the Act by the attribution of Transition Charges to such Consumer Groups, based on the Financing Plan seeking to track the allocations of benefits under the Fair Allocation Plan. Accordingly, the Maximum Transition Charge Amount determined for one or more Retail

Consumer Groups having regard to the Fair Allocation Plan otherwise applicable may be appropriately reduced to recognize the effect of the Over-Assessed Amount. In such a case, a determination to reduce the Maximum Transition Charge Amount applicable for certain related Reference Periods should have regard to the principle that the corresponding rebate should be extended to benefit the Consumer Group or Consumer Groups in closest proximity to the Legislative Implementation Date.

- (3) **Attribution Methodology** – The Fair Allocation Plan shall specify the Attribution Methodology for the purposes of allocating the Period Transition Charges across the Retail Consumers of a particular Retail Consumer Group. The Attribution Methodology shall result in an attribution of such Transition Charges that is considered by the Delegate to be equitable, and may have regard to such principles and parameters as may be further set forth in a Regulation.
- (4) **Amendments of the Fair Allocation Plan** – The Fair Allocation Plan may be amended, amended and restated or terminated by the Delegate, provided that such amendment, amendment and restatement or termination shall (a) not be inconsistent with the principles and parameters set forth in (2) or (3), above, or the Regulation and (b) comply with any restrictions or limitations specified with respect thereto in any Funding Obligation.

Article 8 – The IESO Retained Interest

- (1) **Maintain Books of Account** – IESO may maintain books of account to record the IESO Retained Interest Amount and all adjustments thereto from time to time. Such books of account shall be determinative with respect to the amount of IESO’s related regulatory asset. [Is this different from the Regulatory Asset or the IESO Retained Interest?]
- (2) ~~**Limitation on Additions** – IESO shall not record additions to the IESO Retained Interest Amount in respect of IESO Funding Shortfalls (a) if such additions are restricted by the terms of any Disposition Document or the Collective Action Agreement, or (b) on or after 1, 2017.~~ **[NTD: Leave to agreements]**
- (3) **Dispositions** – IESO may, from time to time, effect a Disposition to an Absolute Assignee if (a) the Absolute Assignee has or will concurrently become bound by the Collective Rights Agreement; (b) ~~the Disposition is effected pursuant to a Disposition Agreement duly executed by IESO;~~ (c) the Financial Services Agent confirms in writing that the Disposition is permitted under the Financing Plan; and ~~(d)~~ (c) the net proceeds payable to IESO from the sale of the related Investment Interest would not exceed the IESO Retained Interest Amount immediately before the time of such Disposition. [NTD: Is (c) necessary?]
- (4) **No Continuing Interest in any Investment Interest** – IESO shall have no continuing right or interest in any Investment Interest subject to a Disposition effected by IESO under a Disposition Document to which IESO is a party ~~and IESO shall not assert any such right or interest or take or omit to take any action to exercise or enforce its rights or interests under the IESO Retained Interest if such action or omission would impede or obstruct the rights of any Absolute Assignee or a Pledgee to enforce its rights and interests in any Investment Interest, except if IESO is expressly~~

~~permitted to take or omit to take such action, respectively, under the related Disposition Document or the Collective Rights Agreement.~~

- (5) **IESO Financing Costs** – ~~IESO shall be entitled in good faith to may~~ incur reasonable financing costs ~~(including interest and other reasonable financing charges)~~ reflecting market terms and conditions and which are payable in arrears, in order to finance its ownership of the IESO Retained Interest from time to time.
- (6) **IESO Recoveries** – IESO shall, in respect of a month, be entitled to receive from IESO Remittances on a related Settlement Date the amount (if any) available to IESO under Section 5(6)(b).

Article 9 – The Financing Plan

- (1) **Power to Prepare, Implement and Amend the Financing Plan** – The Financial Services Agent shall be authorized to prepare, implement and amend the Financing Plan. If the Financial Services Agent is unwilling or unable to prepare and propose the adoption of the Financing Plan, the Delegate may by written declaration designate one or more other persons who shall be authorized to prepare, implement and amend the Financing Plan.
- (2) **Terms and Conditions of the Financing Plan** – The Financing Plan shall establish the basis for each Absolute Assignee's funding decisions. The Financing Plan shall have regard to the principles and parameters set forth in Schedule 3 and such other conditions and requirements as may be specified in a written declaration of the Delegate or in accordance with the Regulation.
- (3) **OEB Approval** – Any Additional Funding Charge payable to or for the benefit of the Financial Services Agent shall be subject to review and approval by the OEB.
- (4) **OEB Review** – The OEB [shall] undertake an annual review of the records maintained by the Financial Services Agent for the purpose of confirming that the Funding Obligations incurred and the Finance Amounts paid by or on behalf of the Absolute Assignees were incurred and paid, respectively, in material conformity with the Financing Plan.
- (5) **Replacement of the Administrative Agent** – If the OEB identifies deficiencies or makes recommendations in its review under Section 9(4), the Administrative Agent shall take reasonable measures to remedy such deficiencies if remediable, and shall in any event have regard to the recommendations of the OEB in relation to further actions undertaken by the Financial Services Agent under the Financing Plan. If the Financial Services Agent is unwilling or unable to reflect such recommendations in relation to such further actions, the Delegate may by written declaration designate one or more other persons who shall thereafter become the Financial Services.
- (6) **Obligation to Apply IESO Remittances** – The Financial Services Agent shall ensure that amounts transferred to it under Article 5, as agent for and on behalf of the Absolute Assignees, or otherwise in respect of or as proceeds from an applicable Investment Interest shall only be applied or used to pay related Finance Amounts when they are due and payable and for no other purpose.

- (7) **Non-Recourse** – The Financing Plan shall be implemented so that Funding Obligations incurred shall be without recourse to or to any assets of the Electricity Distributors, ~~IESO~~, any Alternative Servicer, any Alternative Collection Agent, ~~IESO~~, any ~~IESO Successor~~, the Financial Services Agent, the OEB, the Province or the Lieutenant Governor in Council, other than if and to the extent that such persons or entities are liable for the performance of obligations or duties arising under this Act or expressly agree to become liable pursuant to any Funding Obligation or obligation in relation to a Finance Amount. [All Funding Obligations shall contain a statement to the following effect: “Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the Province of Ontario is pledged to the payment of the principal of, or interest on, this [obligation].]
- (8) **Incurrences are Binding** – ~~Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Act, each~~Each Disposition made to or by an Absolute Assignee ~~and, all amounts payable or becoming due and payable by or on behalf of an Absolute Assignee under or in connection with any obligation purporting to be a Funding Obligation and each Pledge entered into by an Absolute Assignee, shall be valid and binding for the purposes of this Act, including in determining the amount of related Transition Charges, despite notwithstanding any impairment or defect resulting from such failure, defect in the manner in incurrence or any inconsistency with the Fair Allocation Plan or the Financing Plan.~~

[Article 10 – Compliance Matters¹⁹²⁰

- (1) **Right of the [OEB] to Inspect Books and Records** - For the purpose of investigating compliance with the provisions of this Act, the OEB shall have the right, jurisdiction, power and authority to examine the books and records of *[Insert names if any]*.
- (2) **[OPG’s Rate Settings** – When setting other rates for or in respect of OPG, the OEB shall not take into account (a) the administrative or servicing fees charged by OPG as Financial Services Agent [in excess of the actual incremental costs incurred by such person of providing administrative or servicing services]; (b) the cost consequences to OPG of being the Financial Services Agent; or (c) the consequence of OPG consolidating the assets and liabilities of any Financing Entity for OPG’s accounting purposes, in each case in setting any regulated payment amounts for OPG.]²⁰²¹

Article 11 – Undertaking of the Lieutenant Governor in Council²¹²²

¹⁹²⁰ As noted above, the outcome of any regulatory action undertaken by the OEB will not affect Funding Obligations that have been incurred under the Financing Plan. This Article and any potential role for the Auditor General is still under consideration.

²⁰²¹ As an alternative to this provision, consider clarifying under s. 78.1(4) of the OEB Act (which currently gives the OEB discretion in setting payment amounts subject to O. Reg. 53/05) that the OEB in setting OPG payment amounts for prescribed generation shall not consider OPG’s role as Administrative Agent of any Financing Entities associated with the Fair Hydro initiative, perhaps with the exception of any operating fees that may be received by OPG for performing that role.

²¹²² Under consideration, including the dealers’ request for a “servicer guarantee” and a “contractual guarantee” to address a “Change of Law” or if all or a portion of the legislation is *ultra vires*, requiring (at the lenders option), the Province to pay principal and interest on the outstanding debt until maturity or payout the entire debt including any make-wholes.

- (1) **No Action to limit, alter, or impair or terminate Transition Charges, the Regulatory Asset or Collections** – The [Lieutenant Governor in Council] shall not in any way take or permit any action to reduce, impair, postpone or terminate the obligation of Retail Consumers to pay Transition Charges or to impair the Regulatory Asset or the collection or recovery of Transition Charge Collections, Electricity Distributor Remittances or IESO Remittances, either directly or indirectly, including through the introduction of any bill or the passing of any legislation or regulation having such effect. The amount of Transition Charges determined under this Act shall not be subject in any way to reduction, impairment, postponement or termination as a result of any action taken or failure by the Lieutenant Governor in Council, including through the introduction of any bill or the passing of any legislation or regulation having such effect.
- (2) **Undertaking and Agreement** – The [Lieutenant Governor in Council] shall not:
- (a) in any way take or permit any action that limits, alters or impairs the value of any Investment Interest;
 - (b) except as required by the estimates and adjustments made in determining the True-up Amount, reduce, alter or impair Transition Charges that are imposed, billed, invoiced, collected and remitted for the benefit of the Absolute Assignees or any Pledgee from time to time;
 - (c) permit the amendment, amendment and restatement or termination of the Fair Allocation Plan if such amendment , amendment and restatement or termination would adversely affect the validity or enforceability of any Funding Obligation or the rights of an Absolute Assignee or Pledgee thereunder,
- in each case including through the introduction of any bill or the passing of any legislation or regulation having such effect.
- (3) **Successor IESO** – If IESO is restructured, dissolved or becomes insolvent or is otherwise incapable of performing its obligations under this Act, Successor IESO shall be established to perform such obligations.
- (4) **Compensation for Failure** – Absolute Assignees shall be compensated for any losses suffered by them as a result of any failure by the Lieutenant Governor in Council to comply with its undertakings and agreements in this Article ~~11.~~²² 11.²³
- (5) **No Wind-up of Financing Entity**. No Financing Entity may be voluntarily wound up, liquidated or dissolved until one year after all of its Funding Obligations are repaid.
- (6) **References to the Undertaking and Agreement** – Any non-confidential reference to the Undertaking of the Lieutenant Governor in Council, including in marketing materials and other

^{22,23} Requested by Torys. For discussion.

documentation authorized for use by the Administrative in connection with any Funding Obligation, may be made provided that [*Add conditions to protect the Province*].

Article 12 – Regulations

Regulations may be made under this Act for the purposes described in Sections •,•,• and • and may be promulgated for any of the following purposes:

- (a) to set standards and measures regarding the commercially reasonable requirements of the Province associated with an Absolute Assignee incurring Funding Obligations or becoming obligated to pay any Finance Amount, including to establish guidelines regarding all-in funding costs; permitted Additional Funding Charges; required maturities and redemption and termination rights of Funding Obligations; liquidity requirements, in each case to a Financing Plan that is consistent in its effect with the Fair Allocation Plan;
- (b) to establish and empower one or more regulated entities to undertake decision-making activities with respect to this Act;
- (c) to set out reasonable requirements regarding the appointment or retention of advisors, agents, service providers, contract counterparties, including in relation to ‘market terms and conditions’ parameters;
- (d) to provide for audit and compliance standards applicable to those persons who are or may become obligated or have duties that arise under this Act [or under any Funding Obligation];
- (e) to provide for any pre-vetting and approval requirements in relation to any incurrence by an Absolute Assignee of any Funding Obligation or obligation to pay any Finance Amount; and
- (f) to provide for appeal and due process considerations in connection with the establishment, adoption, implementation and review of the Fair Allocation Plan or the Financing Plan.

Article 13- Miscellaneous²³²⁴

- (1) **Choice of law** – The law governing, as applicable, the validity, enforceability, attachment, perfection, priority and exercise of remedies with respect to the transfer of an interest or right or creation of a security interest in the Regulatory Asset, any Transition Charge or the Undertaking of the Province shall be the laws of the Province.

²³²⁴ OPG would like the specific amendments related to OPG to be included in the Bill.]

- (2) **Conflict of law** – In the event of conflict between this Act and any other law of the Province regarding the attachment, assignment or perfection, or the effect of perfection, or priority of any Disposition or Pledge, this Act shall govern to the extent of the conflict.
- (3) **No further acts or approvals required** - Notwithstanding any provisions of any law of the Province to the contrary, no approvals, notices or authorizations other than those specified in this Act shall be required with respect to the actions to be taken in compliance with this Act, including under the Financing Plan or in relation to the establishment of the Fair Allocation Plan, and the transactions and contracts authorized in or contemplated by this Act or the Financing Plan, including the incurrence of any Funding Obligation, any Disposition, any Pledge or in the payment and performance of any attendant or incidental contract and any related expenses incurred to facilitate the preparation and implementation of the Financing Plan.
- (4) **Effect of invalidity after the Incurrence of any Funding Obligation** - Effective on the date that a Funding Obligation is incurred under this Act, if any provision of this Act is held to be invalid or is invalidated, superseded, replaced, repealed or expires for any reason, that occurrence shall not affect any action allowed under this Act that is taken by any person who is or may become obligated or have duties that arise under this Act and any such action shall remain in full force and effect.
- (5) **Severability** - If any Article, Section, paragraph or subparagraph of this Act or the application thereof to any person, circumstance or transaction is held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional or invalid, the unconstitutionality or invalidity shall not affect the constitutionality or validity of any other Article, Section, paragraph or subparagraph of this act or its application or validity to any person, circumstance or transaction, including the irrevocability of Transition Charges, the validity of the Regulatory Asset, the incurrence of any Funding Obligation, any Disposition, any Pledge, or the collection and recovery of Transition Charge Collections. To these ends, the Legislature hereby declares that the provisions of this Act are intended to be severable and that the Legislature would have enacted this Act even if any Article, Section, paragraph or subparagraph of this Act held to be unconstitutional or invalid had not been included in this Act.

Schedule 1

Guidelines for Estimates

[To be considered.]

Schedule 2

**Requirements Applicable to Alternative
Invoicing Agent/ Alternative Collection Agent**

[To be considered.]

Schedule 3²⁴3²⁵

Principles and Parameters for Establishing the Financing Plan

The following principles and parameters provide a guideline as to what a Financing Plan should address:

- (1) in respect of each Reference Period, make reference to the allocations of Future Fair Share of Green Transition Benefits to each Reference Group contemplated by the Fair Allocation Plan;
- (2) estimate IESO Funding Shortfalls for each Reference Period;
- (3) consider alternative funding arrangements suitable to fund the estimated IESO Funding Shortfalls, including short term and/or long term Funding Obligations;
- (9) consider quantities, maturities, payment obligations, prepayment or redemption rights and such other features of Funding Obligations so that payments made for a Reference Period reasonably correspond to the allocations of Future Fair Share of Green Transition Benefits to the applicable Reference Group under the Fair Allocation Plan;
- (4) if the anticipated amount of any Repayment (together with payments of other Finance Amounts) to be made in respect of a Reference Period would materially exceed the allocation of the costs and benefits of the Green Generation Initiative to the applicable Retail Consumer Group under the then current Fair Allocation Plan, diligent efforts should be made to determine whether a Refinancing or deferral of such Repayment may be reasonably and cost-effectively effected based on then prevailing market terms, conditions and circumstances;
- (5) reflect the assumptions and requirements specified in any contemplated Funding Obligation (e.g., any limit on the maximum amount of Transition Charges charged to a hypothetical Retail Consumer relative to his or her monthly electricity bill, as prescribed by any rating agency that ascribes its credit rating to or in respect of the Funding Obligation having regard to the application of the Allocation Methodology);
- (6) incur Funding Obligations from time to time on the best terms available at such time for a financing transaction of the size and type contemplated, and having regard to the following parameters:
 - a. whether the Absolute Assignees will require committed access to short term liquidity to cover estimated IESO Funding Shortfalls prior to incurring fixed term Funding Obligations, and the amount and repayment terms of any such required liquidity; provided that any Repayment required to be made under the terms of such short-term liquidity would not obligate an Absolute Assignee to repay an amount in relation to a Reference Period that

²⁴²⁵ Awaiting input from Tors based on OPG mark-up of Financing Plan sections.

would have the effect of the Financing Plan permitting incurrences of Funding Obligations payable in such Reference Period that would exceed the allocations of Future Fair Share of Green Transition Benefits to the applicable Reference Group under the Fair Allocation Plan;

- b. the basis upon which the Financial Services Agent will select the term to maturity of any other Funding Obligations; provided that any Repayments required to be made under the terms of such Funding Obligations should not obligate an Absolute Assignee to repay an amount in relation to a Reference Period that would have the effect of the Financing Plan permitting incurrences of Funding Obligations payable in such Reference Period that would exceed the allocations of Future Fair Share of Green Transition Benefits to the applicable Reference Group under the Fair Allocation Plan;
 - c. the basis upon which the interest rates applicable to such Funding Obligations would be determined;
 - d. the reference capital or finance market in which such Funding Obligation would be incurred, including markets outside of Canada if considered by the Financial Services Agent to be appropriate in the circumstances;
 - e. the currency of payments under such Funding Obligations and, if the Funding Obligations are denominated in a currency other than Canadian dollars, the basis upon which the Financial Services Agent shall cause the applicable Absolute Assignee to enter into hedging transactions to mitigate currency risk, including acceptable minimum and maximum coverage levels, having regard to the availability of related derivatives having notional amounts corresponding to the repayment and maturity profile of such Funding Obligations;
 - f. the basis upon which the Financial Services Agent will select counterparties under any transaction to be entered into by an Absolute Assignee, including any paying agent, servicer, cash manager, liquidity provider, hedge counterparty, account bank, lender, note trustee, security trustee, paying agent, registrar/transfer agent, financial services agent, arranger or manager;
 - g. the basis upon which the Financial Services Agent will manage counterparty risk, including by providing for maximum counterparty exposure limits having regard to concentration, credit and other identified risks with respect to individual counterparties or countries;
 - h. the basis upon which the Financial Services Agent will negotiate and settle Finance Amounts, including the amount of any Redemption Amounts, Finance Reserve Deposits and Additional Funding Charges;
- (7) the basis upon which Funding Obligations may be redeemed, prepaid, repurchased or otherwise affected, having regard for the need to minimize debt service charges and other Funding Costs, and the need to maintain a stable funding platform to finance the IESO Funding Shortfalls from time to

time on a basis that is consistent with the allocations of Future Fair Share of Green Transition Benefits to applicable Reference Groups under the Fair Allocation Plan;

- (8) the basis upon which any Repayments, Funding Costs and Redemption Amounts will be paid, including any defeasance, sinking fund or through other reserves or liquidity facilities;
- (9) the basis upon which fees, charges, expenses, costs, indemnities, reimbursements and other amounts payable to or for the benefit of the Financial Services Agent and other agents and service providers to the Absolute Assignees may be determined, allocated and paid;
- (10) the timing and basis upon which Finance Reserve Deposits and Finance Reserve Withdrawals may be made;
- (11) the basis upon which any obligations for any other Additional Funding Charges may be incurred and paid;
- (12) the basis upon which the cash flows arising from time to time or otherwise derived from the Regulatory Asset may otherwise be applied, including in relation to any counterparty enforcement and realization scenario;
- (13) the transmittal to [the IESO] of information related to the amounts to be included in the determination of the Period Transition Charge for a Reference Period;
- (14) the basis upon which any Disposition may be made or effected by an Absolute Assignee, including parameters for determining the purchase price for the interest in the Regulatory Asset that is the subject matter of such Disposition, and any consents and releases that may be usefully obtained in connection with such Disposition;
- (15) describe the requirements applicable to any special purchase entity that will purchase an Investment Interest, including proposed capitalization, governance, and restrictions on their powers and activities; and
- (16) the basis on which any Pledge may be given or effected.

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