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KPMG LLP
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March 22, 2017

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are writing at your request to confirm our understanding that your audit was for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements (hereinafter referred to as "financial statements") of the Independent Electricity System Operator ("the Entity") as at and for the period ended December 31, 2016.

General:

We confirm that the representations we make in this letter are in accordance with the definitions as set out in Attachment I to this letter.

We also confirm that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves:

Responsibilities:

- 1) We have fulfilled our responsibilities, as set out in the terms of the engagement letter, for:
 - a) the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements and believe that these financial statements have been prepared and present fairly in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework
 - b) providing you with all relevant information, such as all financial records and related data, including the names of all related parties and information regarding all relationships and transactions with related parties, and complete minutes of meetings, or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared, of shareholders, board of directors and committees of the board of directors that may affect the financial statements, and access to such relevant information
 - c) such internal control as management determined is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. Management also acknowledges and understands that they are responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud.
 - d) ensuring that all transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements.

Internal control over financial reporting:

- 2) We have communicated to you all deficiencies in the design and implementation or maintenance of internal control over financial reporting of which management is aware.

Fraud & non-compliance with laws and regulations:

- 3) We have disclosed to you:

- a) the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud
- b) all information in relation to fraud or suspected fraud that we are aware of and that affects the Entity and involves: management, employees who have significant roles in internal control, or others, where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements
- c) all information in relation to allegations of fraud, or suspected fraud, affecting the Entity's financial statements, communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators, or others
- d) all known instances of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, including all aspects of contractual agreements, whose effects should be considered when preparing financial statements
- e) all known actual or possible litigation and claims whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements

Subsequent events:

- 4) All events subsequent to the date of the financial statements and for which the relevant financial reporting framework requires adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements have been adjusted or disclosed.

Related parties:

- 5) We have disclosed to you the identity of the Entity's related parties.
- 6) We have disclosed to you all the related party relationships and transactions/balances of which we are aware.
- 7) All related party relationships and transactions/balances have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework.

Estimates:

- 8) Measurement methods and significant assumptions used by us in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.

Misstatements:

- 9) We understand that there were no corrected or uncorrected misstatements identified during the course of your audit.

Non-SEC registrants or non-reporting issuers:

- 10) We confirm that the Entity is not a Canadian reporting issuer (as defined under any applicable Canadian securities act) and is not a United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") Issuer (as defined by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002). We also confirm that the financial statements of the Entity will not be included in the consolidated financial statements of a Canadian reporting issuer audited by KPMG or an SEC Issuer audited by any member of the KPMG organization.

Assets and liabilities - general:

- 11) We have no knowledge of arrangements with financial institutions involving restrictions on cash balances and lines of credit or similar arrangements and not disclosed to you.
- 12) We have no knowledge of side agreements (contractual or otherwise) with any parties that have not been disclosed to you.

Tangible capital assets:

- 13) We have reviewed tangible capital assets, to be held and used, for impairment, whenever events or changes in circumstances have indicated that the carrying amount of the assets might not be recoverable.

Financial instruments, off-balance-sheet activities, hedging and guarantees:

- 14) Guarantees, whether written or oral, under which the Entity is contingently liable, including guarantee contracts and indemnification agreements, have been recorded and/or disclosed in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework.
- 15) All financial assets and liabilities outstanding as of the balance sheet date have been reviewed and correctly categorized and have been appropriately recorded at their fair value, amortized cost or cost based on their classification or designation.

Employee future benefits:

- 16) The employee future benefits costs, assets and obligation, if any, have been determined, accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the financial reporting framework.
- 17) There are no arrangements (contractual or otherwise) by which programs have been established to provide employee future benefits, which have not been disclosed to you.
- 18) All arrangements (contractual or otherwise) by which programs have been established to provide employee benefits have been disclosed to you and included in the determination of pension costs and obligations.
- 19) Each actuarial assumption used reflects management's best estimate solely with respect to that individual assumption, determined on a basis that the plan will continue to be in effect in the absence of evidence to the contrary.
- 20) The set of actuarial assumptions for each plan is individually consistent.
- 21) The discount rate used to determine the accrued benefit obligation for each plan was determined by reference to the expected rate of return on plan assets.
- 22) The assumptions included in the actuarial extrapolation are those that management instructed AON Hewitt to use in computing amounts to be used by us in determining pension costs and obligations and in making required disclosures in the above-named financial statements, in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework.
- 23) In arriving at these assumptions, management has obtained the advice of AON Hewitt, but has retained the final responsibility for them.
- 24) The source data and plan provisions provided to the actuary for preparation of the actuarial valuation are accurate and complete.
- 25) The percentage of the fair value of total plan assets represented by each major category held at the measurement date is expected to be useful in understanding the risks and expected long-term rate of return for the plan assets.
- 26) All changes to plan provisions or events occurring subsequent to the date of the actuarial valuation and up to the date of this letter have been considered in the determination of pension costs and obligations and as such have been communicated to you as well as to the actuary.

- 27) The extrapolations are accurate and properly reflect the effects of changes and events that occurred subsequent to the most recent valuation and that had a material effect on the extrapolation.
- 28) All material events and changes to the plan subsequent to the most recent actuarial valuation have been properly reflected in the extrapolation.

Yours very truly,



Bruce Campbell, President and Chief Executive Officer



Kim Marshall, VP Corporate Services & CFO

cc: Audit Committee

Attachment I – Definitions

Materiality

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered to be material if they, individually or in the aggregate, could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements. Judgments about materiality are made in light of surrounding circumstances, and are affected by the size or nature of a misstatement, or a combination of both.

Fraud & error

Fraudulent financial reporting involves intentional misstatements including omissions of amounts or disclosures in financial statements to deceive financial statement users.

Misappropriation of assets involves the theft of an entity's assets. It is often accompanied by false or misleading records or documents in order to conceal the fact that the assets are missing or have been pledged without proper authorization.

An error is an unintentional misstatement in financial statements, including the omission of an amount or a disclosure.

Related parties

In accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards *related party* is defined as:

- Related parties exist when one party has the ability to exercise control or shared control over the other. Two or more parties are related when they are subject to common control or shared control. Related parties also include key management personnel and close family members (see paragraph 2200.05 (d), PSAS, CPA Handbook).

In accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards a *related party transaction* is defined as:

- A related party transaction is a transfer of economic resources or obligations between related parties, or the provision of services by one party to a related party. These transfers are related party transactions whether or not there is an exchange of considerations or transactions have been given accounting recognition. The parties to the transaction are related prior to the transaction. When the relationship arises as a result of the transaction, the transaction is not one between related parties (see paragraph 2200.05 (e), PSAS, CPA Handbook).