



L.C.B.O.

ANNUAL
REPORT
1988 ♦ 1989



Liquor
Control Board
of Ontario

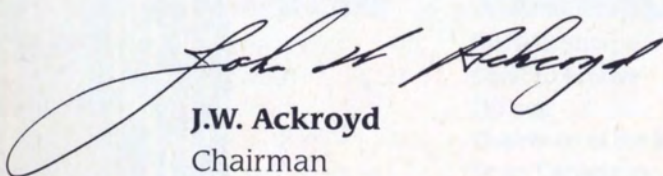
FROM THE CHAIRMAN

The Honourable William Wrye
Minister of Consumer and Commercial Relations

Sir:

I have the honour to submit for your approval the 1988/89 Annual
Report of the Liquor Control Board of Ontario.

Respectfully submitted,



J.W. Ackroyd
Chairman

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Dr. Katy Driver-Radhakrishnan,
Professor of
Pediatrics,
University
of Toronto



John Fryer,
National President,
National Union
of Provincial
Government Employees



Jack Ackroyd,
Chairman



Steven Stavro,
President
Knob Hill
Farms Ltd.



Richard Sharpe
Chief Executive
Officer,
Chairman of the Board,
Sears Canada Inc.



THE CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE

Fiscal 1988/89 was one of the most important years in the LCBO's history. It was a year of change and challenge, a year which signalled the arrival of a new reality in the beverage alcohol marketplace.

One of the most important, and indeed historic events was the signing of new agreements on international trade. Both the Free Trade Agreement with the United States, and the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade called for a new pricing structure on wine and spirits. These changes will create an increasingly competitive marketplace, and represent new challenges for Ontario grape growers and wine makers. To help them remain competitive, the Ontario and federal governments introduced a major support program.

A new listings policy, one which would treat all suppliers exactly the same, was also established. The new policy is based on performance and was developed in co-operation with suppliers. It asks them

to prepare a business plan for their products; products that sell will continue to be listed, those that don't may be de-listed.

A third important factor affecting our operations last year was not new. For the eighth consecutive year, sales of spirits continued to decline. This is the result of shifting consumer preferences – away from more traditional products to those that reflect contemporary tastes.

The impact of that factor on our operations can best be seen by looking at the financial figures. Total sales were \$1,930, 319, 000, and profits remitted to the Treasurer of Ontario were \$645 million. Both figures represent increases over the previous year. That, however, is due to the retail price increases implemented last year, rather than any growth in the volume of products sold.

The new realities have created a new imperative for the LCBO—to continue to

"The new realities have created a new imperative for the LCBO—to continue to be an efficient and responsive organization in a dramatically changing marketplace."

be an efficient and responsive organization in a dramatically changing marketplace. Senior management clearly recognized that necessity when, last year, it developed and adopted a new Strategic Direction. Customer service, increased efficiency and a business-like product management system are the key components of that new direction. The Board's awareness of, and strong commitment to the LCBO's social responsibilities are the basis for that new direction.

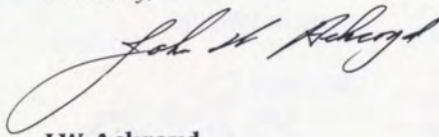
Our new statement of purpose also reflects our determination to succeed: "The LCBO, in a socially responsible manner, will be the best customer-focused and profitable retailer of beverage alcohol and related services."

Some of our achievements this year clearly illustrate our commitment to reaching our goals. In an effort to expand service to areas that cannot support a regular LCBO operation, Cabinet approved the expansion of the Agency Store Program on a trial basis to ten rural areas in central and southeastern Ontario. The program previously operated in northern Ontario. At the same time, the Board released ambitious plans to build and open what would become the largest, most sophisticated store in the 626 store network. The Crossroads store will be located in northwest Toronto and open in the spring of 1989.

Our own administrative operations also met new challenges in 1988/89. Both the French Language Services and the Freedom of Information Acts came into effect. The steps that we took to implement these important pieces of legislation once again indicated our ability to respond to change.

The LCBO faces a significant challenge in the year ahead. It will succeed if it listens and adapts to the changing tastes and preferences of the marketplace. The Board's actions in 1988/89 marked a strong step in that direction, and I look forward to continuing that progress.

Sincerely,



J.W. Ackroyd
Chairman

MESSAGE FROM THE EXECUTIVE VICE-PRESIDENT

The most important initiative in 1988/89 was the adoption and implementation of a new Strategic Management Plan. The plan is a response to the new strategic directions set by the Board of Directors, and recognizes that the most critical parts of our operations are the 626 LCBO stores. What happens in those stores, and how it happens, will ensure the success of the organization. As a result, the plan outlines the main operating principles that will guide the LCBO through the next three to five year period. The plan will be communicated to all employees by mid-1989.

The key components of the plan include the move to a head buyer concept of product management, and the establishment of a new business-like listings policy. The strategic plan will also see the LCBO place a greater emphasis on the quality of customer service in every phase of its operations. Underlying and unifying these changes is a call for the LCBO to continue to demonstrate its social responsibility concerning beverage alcohol.

In 1988/89, improved communication with our suppliers was also achieved. Establishment of a good working Trade Relations Committee was another major advance.

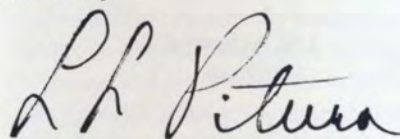
The Board also capped a major thrust it began the previous year when it put into place a streamlined management team. Heading the team is the newly created position of Senior Vice-President, Oper-

ations. That individual reports directly to me, and oversees the activities of our three main operating divisions – Merchandising, Retail and Distribution. The results of this move are already noticeable, as steps have been taken to streamline our operations in these important areas. Others are being planned for the future.

Considerable change in all aspects of the LCBO's activities have taken place this year, particularly in our operations area. This momentum of change has to continue in the years ahead as we adjust to trends in the industry and society as a whole. The challenge will be to make the corporate culture more comfortable with the changes needed to reach our objectives.

Thanks to everyone, 1988-89 was a year of accomplishments at the LCBO. I look forward to a year of continued achievement in 1989-90.

Sincerely,



Len Pitura
Executive Vice-President



"The challenge will be to make the corporate culture more comfortable with the changes needed to reach our objectives."

MESSAGE FROM THE SENIOR VICE-PRESIDENT, OPERATIONS

This past year saw several major developments in the LCBO's continuing drive to become a responsive, consumer-driven retail organization. Activities in all our divisions focused on a single goal – to deliver the highest level of customer service possible.

To meet that goal the Board made significant organizational changes, and added and expanded other services that will benefit consumers. A major step was the creation of the category manager position. The move is part of the Board's new product management policy that integrates all the marketing functions for a single product category under one of five category managers. The policy was designed with the customer in mind – to ensure that our shelves are stocked with the products that consumers want, when they want them.

During the next year customers will also see several new and helpful merchandising innovations in LCBO stores. This is the result of our decision to expand the position of Promotions and Visual Communications Manager. One of the manager's main responsibilities is to create attractive and dynamic retail environments. In co-operation with suppliers, the manager will also develop in-store promotions for particular products, and introduce new services to customers in selected stores.

Some of those services are being planned for the Crossroads store. To see those plans is to look into the very near

future – a new era in LCBO retailing. Lectures on wine. Cooking demonstrations. Inter-active video terminals to help customers choose an appropriate wine or spirit. These are just several of the many exciting services that will be offered for the first time.

Progress was also made by expanding our in-store tastings and wine chiller programs. Both had proven popular in tests with customers in selected stores during the previous year. The shelf management program, whose goal is to move more products out of the storage area, onto store shelves, was also expanded.

The success of any retail organization is based on its commitment to delivering superior customer service. Our achievements this year demonstrate the LCBO's intention to deliver on that commitment, and I look forward to strengthening these efforts in the year ahead.

Sincerely,



Larry Gee,
Senior Vice-President, Operations



"Activities in all our divisions focused on a single goal – to deliver the highest level of customer service possible."

DIVISIONAL REPORTS



Technician Nadine Salij in the Quality Control Testing Lab.

RETAIL DIVISION

The Retail Division's activities over the year reflected the LCBO's growing emphasis on customer service.

In co-operation with the LCBO's Communications Branch, a quarterly newsletter was launched to help consumers become better informed about products, and the socially responsible use of alcohol. "LCBO TODAY" carries columns by recognized wine experts, recipes for popular cocktails, and other informative, regular features. This information packed publication is available exclusively in LCBO stores.

Another major initiative was the installation of a computerized cash register system that will link individual stores directly to the head office mainframe computer. This new point-of-sale technology will reduce paperwork and provide a high speed capability to monitor market trends and sales patterns. The system was tested in a pilot store, and store-wide installation is expected to start in the next fiscal year.

Late in the year the Board's new Infoline service was expanded across the province. Operated by the Communications Branch, the bilingual service provides consumers toll-free telephone access to information on products and services in LCBO outlets. Two other successful programs were also expanded. In-store tastings that allow customers to sample selected products before buying them, began to take place in regular stores, as well as in those with a Vintages corner. And high-speed wine chillers, which had proven popular with customers in some LCBO stores, were placed in an additional 42 stores.



Vintages Stores, such as this one in North York, offer a wide selection of fine domestic and imported wines.

Two trial programs were announced in 1988. The Agency Store program, which has operated for 25 years in remote areas of Northern Ontario, will be tested in 10 small towns and villages in the central and southeastern regions of the province. These small Agency Stores will operate out of existing retail stores, and bring service to areas with insufficient population to justify the opening of a regular LCBO outlet. Stores will be opened in 1989 and customer reaction will be closely monitored.

No single project better represents the LCBO's new approach to retailing than the Crossroads store. With 17,000 square feet of floor space, Crossroads will be more than twice as large as the average LCBO outlet. It will also offer customers the widest and most varied range of products and services ever featured in a single LCBO store.

The Retail Division is on the leading edge of change at the LCBO. In 1989/90, it looks forward to providing customers improved service in progressive and dynamic retail environments.

"The Retail Division is on the leading edge of change at the LCBO."

MERCHANDISING DIVISION

Last year, many of the strategic plans that the division had made in its first year of operation came into effect. By year end, Merchandising's responsibilities spanned the full spectrum of marketing activities. This will be of vital importance in helping the LCBO become a truly market-driven organization.

One of the most significant events was the introduction of the new product management policy. All products sold by the LCBO were grouped into one of five categories: North American and imported wines, domestic and imported spirits, and miscellaneous products. A category manager was given total marketing responsibility for a single category of products.

The policy was developed in cooperation with suppliers, and takes a business-like approach to the listing of beverage alcohol products. The policy will give consumers better access to a broad selection of products, and give suppliers an improved ability to move products in and out of the store system, according to changing consumer tastes.

While the category managers will ensure that the right products are bought, the newly expanded position of Promotions and Visual Communications Manager will ensure that those products are displayed in the right way, in the right retail environment. The manager will be responsible for creating a clear and consistent corporate identity in all LCBO stores.

Product testing is an integral part of marketing, and the division assumed this responsibility last year when the Quality Assurance Department became part of its operations. Last winter the quality control lab moved into a new \$1.7 million facility where technicians can perform close to 20 different tests on more than 150 samples each week. Samples of each of the more than 3,000 products carried by the Board are tested here at least once a year.

Responsibility for purchasing Vintages products was also given to the division last year. The move was a highly strategic one. By the end of 1988, responsibility to test, buy and position all products had been centralized in one Merchandising Division.

"By year end, Merchandising's responsibilities spanned the full spectrum of marketing activities."



Marketing activities are now concentrated in the Merchandising Division. Management personnel from left are Don Lawson, Denise War, Nancy Cardinal, Ken Locke, Anne Hartley, Bruce Haines (seated), Rick Wood, Susan Williams and Bob Downey.

HUMAN RESOURCES DIVISION

Human Resources produces and delivers high quality, cost-effective programs and services to help the organization and its almost 6,500 employees function successfully in a customer oriented environment.

To help achieve that goal the division last year developed and launched the Product Knowledge Correspondence Course for all retail and distribution employees. Almost 1,000 employees have passed Level 1. Late in the year a second level was added, and over 600 employees are now preparing for their exams in this phase of the course. To increase store employees' awareness of the socially responsible use of alcohol, the division produced and screened an interactive video entitled "Strategies for Managing Age and Alcohol Related Troubles". It demonstrates how store staff can properly deal with intoxicated or under-age individuals.

The division also promoted and recognized employee initiative by launching an employee suggestion program, "Innovators". The program encourages staff to develop creative, cost-effective ways of improving both the LCBO's customer services and operational efficiency.

The creation of a safe working environment is one of the LCBO's most important goals. Part of the effort last year saw the production of an employee information guide to hazardous materials in the workplace. The guide was one part of an educational program that also included management seminars on this important topic.

For employees approaching retirement, the division prepared and delivered a "Pre-retirement" program. The program

offers advice on topics such as financial and lifestyle planning, as well as others that will help employees lead a productive life in their retirement years.

Human Resources also set up mechanisms to ensure the smooth implementation of two important programs recently introduced across the Ontario Public Service. A joint management/union Pay Equity Committee was formed, and an Employment Equity data base was developed.

A new two-year Collective Agreement was negotiated, without resorting to arbitration. Highlights include Regional Labour/Management Committees, and an arbitration system that will facilitate timely, cost-effective and fair solutions to many grievances.

These, and other activities during 1988, demonstrated the division's commitment to developing a proactive approach to human resource management. The Human Resources Division looks forward to maintaining that commitment in the future, and to providing the LCBO with an efficient, responsive and client focused service.

"These activities demonstrated the division's commitment to developing a proactive approach to human resource management."



Human Resources Division personnel discuss components of a training seminar. Leading the session is Isobel Gallagher, while clockwise around the table are Pierre Lebel, Margaret Stathakos, Sandy Rae, Wayne Zachar, Janet Naidu, Carole Ann Wilneff, Geoff Crane and Diane Bernas.



Warehouseman Stuart Finlayson merges orders in Toronto Distribution Depot.

DISTRIBUTION DIVISION

The Distribution Division directs and manages all LCBO warehousing and transportation activities. Focal points of those activities are four distribution warehouses in London, Ottawa, Thunder Bay and the main storage facility in Whitby.

In one of its major initiatives late in the fiscal year, the division began a comprehensive review of its overall operations. The goal is to find ways to achieve greater operating efficiencies and to recommend alternatives to established procedures.

The various traffic services used by the LCBO is one of the most important areas being reviewed. Included among those services are ocean shipping, the movement of goods between ware-

houses, from the warehouses to stores, and from suppliers' storage facilities to LCBO warehouses. The goal is to determine the most efficient and cost-effective ways of contracting for those services.

The division also began to implement a new computer system to improve service to its Private Stock customers. The Private Stock department imports only wine and spirits not found on the LCBO's regular listings. The new system will record and trace all Private Stock orders, and is expected to be up and running by the end of 1989.

An efficient inventory management program also began last year, and its smooth operation will continue to be a top priority in 1989.

"The division also began to implement a new computer system to improve service to its Private Stock customers."

FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION

In a year which saw the LCBO improve its strategic decision making process, Finance and Administration focused on providing the critical financial data needed to make those decisions.

In 1988, the division continued to develop and implement improvements to the management reporting systems that had been put into place earlier. To provide more relevant and timely data to the Board of Directors and senior management, it re-designed the periodic corporate financial statement package. And for the first time, retail store financial statements were prepared and issued. The statements will assist the Retail Division to review individual store performance.

Finance and Administration also took a lead role in preparing a five-year Financial Plan, as well as the 1988/89 Fiscal Year Plan. Both included substantial input from the operating divisions.

As a result of improved cash management practices, debt elimination, and better inventory controls, borrowing costs for the year were reduced by \$2.8 million. Debt was also significantly reduced and eliminated at year end.

In other initiatives, the division:

- *established a separate treasury function to develop and administer corporate cash management practices, including foreign exchange and treasury systems;

- *re-organized the Accounting Operations Department to support the introduction of the computerized Point-of-Sale system in stores. This will also smooth the way for the future im-

plementation of a new Financial Information System;

- *initiated systems to track and report financial results by product, sales channel, location, and type of customer.

In the coming year, Finance and Administration looks forward to providing efficient services to the LCBO's operating and support divisions, and to senior managers and executives in the organization.



Total 1988-89 sales were \$1,930,319,000.00; profits remitted to the Treasurer of Ontario were \$645,000,000.00.

"As a result of improved cash management practices, debt elimination and better inventory controls, borrowing costs for the year were reduced by \$2.8 million."

INFORMATION SERVICES DIVISION

In 1988 Information Services continued to expand the level of computerization within the LCBO, and to consider cost-effective, sophisticated systems to improve administrative and operational efficiency.

A significant initiative was the beginning of the Information Resource Management Study. The study will map a strategic plan to help the LCBO manage its information resources and investment in technology. The study will be completed in the summer of 1989.

Another major project was the installation of a network support system for the Point-of-Sale (POS project). POS is a computerized cash register system that will link individual stores to a head office, mainframe computer. As well, mainframe software to support the POS implementation was upgraded, and head office applications to process POS-generated information were converted.

The division also decided to acquire a standard methodology for future information system development. It will ensure that new systems are cost-effective and conform to the organization's business requirements.

The first phase of a new system that captures customer information, automates order taking, and generates purchase orders for the Private Stock Department was put into place. Reduced paper work, more accurate reporting and improved customer service are some advantages of the new system.



Linda Dal-Den instructs Sault Sainte Marie store clerk Jill Nicholson on the new Point-of-Sale system.

The division also improved service provided by the Information Centre. To cut down on the delivery time for PC equipment, it established a Standing Purchase Order Agreement for microcomputers. It also launched a PC Loaner Program that will reduce the expense of renting equipment. And to improve and streamline service delivery, a Systems Co-ordination area was created. The new area will provide the division's clients with a single, convenient contact for a variety of service-related enquiries.

These and other initiatives that the division hopes to take next year, will help it continue to play a key support role in the LCBO's operations.

"The study will map a strategic plan to help the LCBO manage its information resources and investment in technology."

MARKET DATA



Wine consultants Stephan Kusinski, Edward Finstein, Elizabeth Maldaver and Mike Thurner in Quality Control's Tasting Lab.

SALES BY BREWERIES

TO OTHER PROVINCES AND COUNTRIES

(in litres)	1989 (000)	1988 (000)	1987 (000)	1986 (000)	1985 (000)
Sales to Other Provinces	6,371	2,812	3,031	17,619	11,326
Export Sales	139,538	123,363	119,175	140,811	116,875
	145,909	126,175	122,206	158,430	128,201

Five new micro breweries opened during the year as follows:

Halton County Brewery
2187 Dunwin Drive, Mississauga
July 8, 1988

Sculler Brewing Company
227 Bunting Road, St. Catharines
July 13, 1988

The Sleeman Brewing & Malting Co. Ltd.,
551 Clare Road West, Guelph
July 15, 1988

Wheatley Brewery
5 Frase Road, Wheatley
November 21, 1988

The Northern Algonquin Brewing Company Limited
1 Old Brewery Lane, Formosa
January 11, 1989

At fiscal year-end there were 32 brewery plants (including 15 micro-breweries) licensed to sell beer in Ontario. During the year five Brewers stores were opened. At March 31, 1989, a total of 467 stores were in operation.

WINERIES AND WINERY RETAIL STORES

There were 19 wineries in Ontario at March 31, 1989.

One new winery was granted an Ontario Wine Licence as follows:

De Sousa Cellars Corporation, Beamsville
August 18, 1988

One winery, Paul Masson & Company Limited, Beamsville, closed January 1, 1989 and Barnes Wines Limited, St. Catharines, was sold to Chateau-Gai Wines Limited, Niagara Falls, on August 19, 1988.

There was a net increase of eight winery retail stores during the year as a total of 220 wine stores (156 conventional and 64 mini stores) were in operation throughout the province at March 31, 1989.

SALES BY WINERIES

TO OTHER PROVINCES AND COUNTRIES

(in litres)	1989 (000)	1988 (000)	1987 (000)	1986 (000)	1985 (000)
Sales to Other Provinces	2,746	6,341	4,650	5,376	5,886
Export Sales	118	141	127	173	262
	2,864	6,482	4,777	5,549	6,148

The tonnage of Ontario grapes and apples used by the various Ontario wineries over the past five years is as follows:

	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985
Grapes used in the manufacture of wine	24,372	33,242	30,970	33,850	29,546
Grapes used in the manufacture of concentrate	1,730	4,910	4,140	5,315	3,724
Apples used in the manufacture of cider	487	632	832	840	464
	26,589	38,784	35,942	40,005	33,734

The following quantities of wine (in gallons) were imported for blending in accordance with the conditions of the Wine Content Act 1976:

	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985
	820,306	859,871	561,432	855,961	392,518

AGENCY STORES

At March 31, 1989 there were 70 agency stores in operation.

LCBO PRODUCT LISTINGS

DOMESTIC	March 31, 1989	March 31, 1988
Canadian Whisky	161	163
Canadian Blended Rums	119	120
Canadian Gin	53	54
Canadian Vodka	77	73
Canadian Brandy	6	6
Canadian Blended Brandy	17	17
Canadian Spirit Coolers	41	17
Alcohol	6	6
Fruit Spirits	6	6
Miscellaneous Liquors	11	15
Canadian Liqueurs	137	135
Ontario Wines	632	602
Ontario Wine Coolers	60	55
Other Canadian Wines	1	1
Canadian Ciders	11	15
Canadian Beers (Includes Beer Coolers)	271	250
Miniatures	33	44
Bitters	2	2
	1,644	1,581

IMPORTED	March 31, 1989	March 31, 1988
Whisky - Scotch	90	89
- Irish	5	5
- Bourbon	2	2
- Tennessee	4	4
- Kentucky	1	1
- American	-	-
Gin	12	13
Rum	13	14
Vodka	23	16
Tequila	7	7
Brandy	73	71
Fruit Spirits	4	3
Miscellaneous Liquors	38	24
Liqueurs	68	63
Wines	904	815
Cider	1	1
Beer & Sake	47	45
Miniatures	20	52
Bitters	18	8
	1,330	1,233
Total Regular Listings	2,974	2,814
Vintage Wines and Spirits	738	730
Duty-Free Listings	92	87
Total Product Listings	3,804	3,631

FINANCIAL RESULTS



Wine consultants constantly evaluate products and also provide helpful service to shoppers in stores with Vintages corners. Pictured above are Stephan Kusinski and Edward Finstein.



Finance and Administration Division personnel from left are Joan Chapman, David Pratt, Peter Mokriy (seated), Serena Sequeira (standing) and Rosemary LeClair.

ANALYSIS OF INCOME & EXPENDITURES 1988-89

INCOME	(\$000)	% of Total
Sales	1,922,521	90.7
Sales Tax	188,774	8.9
Fees & Other	7,798	0.4
Total	2,119,093	100.0

EXPENDITURES

Net Profit	660,445	31.2
Suppliers	556,580	26.3
Receiver General, Government of Canada	405,810	19.2
Retail Sales Tax	188,774	8.9
Retail Stores & Marketing	187,955	8.8
Freight	43,804	2.1
Administrative Costs *	29,456	1.4
Warehousing	26,009	1.2
Fixed Assets	15,448	0.7
Municipalities	4,812	0.2
Total	2,119,093	100.0

* Total remuneration paid to LCBO Board Members in 1989 was \$95,438.



Finance and Administration Division employees Rani Persaud and Jacqueline Henry (seated).

FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

	1989 (\$000)	1988 (\$000)	1987 (\$000)
Sales and Other Income	1,930,319	1,867,684	1,775,296
% increase/previous year	3.5	5.2	7.3
	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)
Operating Expenses	263,680	245,662	222,026
% of expenses/sales	13.6	13.2	12.5
	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)
Net Income	660,445	641,027	637,194
% of Income/Sales	34.2	34.3	35.9
Self-serve Stores in Operation	607	585	558
Total Stores in Operation	626	623	617
Number of Permanent Employees	3,396	3,460	3,348
Number of Regular Products Listed	2,974	2,814	2,988

RETAIL PRICE BREAKDOWN

Examples at March 31, 1989

	Domestic Spirit 750 ml Bottle (26.4 oz.)	Imported Spirit 750 ml Bottle (26.4 oz.)
SPIRITS		
Provincial Sales Tax	\$1.78	\$2.01
LCBO Markup and Levy	7.89	9.09
Federal Sales Tax	1.06	1.14
Federal Excise Duty	3.22	3.24
Supplier Price to LCBO	2.70	3.27
Total	\$16.65	\$18.75

SUMMARY

To Supplier	\$2.70	\$3.27
Federal Government	4.28	4.38
Provincial Government	9.67	11.10
Total	\$16.65	\$18.75

RETAIL PRICE BREAKDOWN

Examples at March 31, 1989

	Ontario Table Wine 1 L Bottle (35.2 oz.)	Imported Table Wine 1 L Bottle (35.2 oz.)
WINES		
Provincial Sales Tax	\$0.67	\$0.82
LCBO Markup, Levy & Flat Tax	1.78	3.79
Federal Sales Tax	0.58	0.42
Federal Excise Duty	0.45	0.49
Supplier Price to LCBO	2.77	2.13
Total	\$6.25	\$7.65

SUMMARY

To Supplier	\$2.77	\$2.13
Federal Government	1.03	0.91
Provincial Government	2.45	4.61
Total	\$6.25	\$7.65

SALES

Total sales of spirits, wine and beer by board stores during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1989 were \$1,922,521 thousand.

Of this total, \$308,633 thousand or 16.1% consisted of sales to licensed establishments. Sales of Ontario wine made directly to customers by licensed retail wine stores and wineries in Ontario amounted to \$49,141 thousand. The net value of beer sold in Ontario by breweries and Brewers' Retail outlets exclusive of the cost of containers totalled \$1,661,419 thousand.

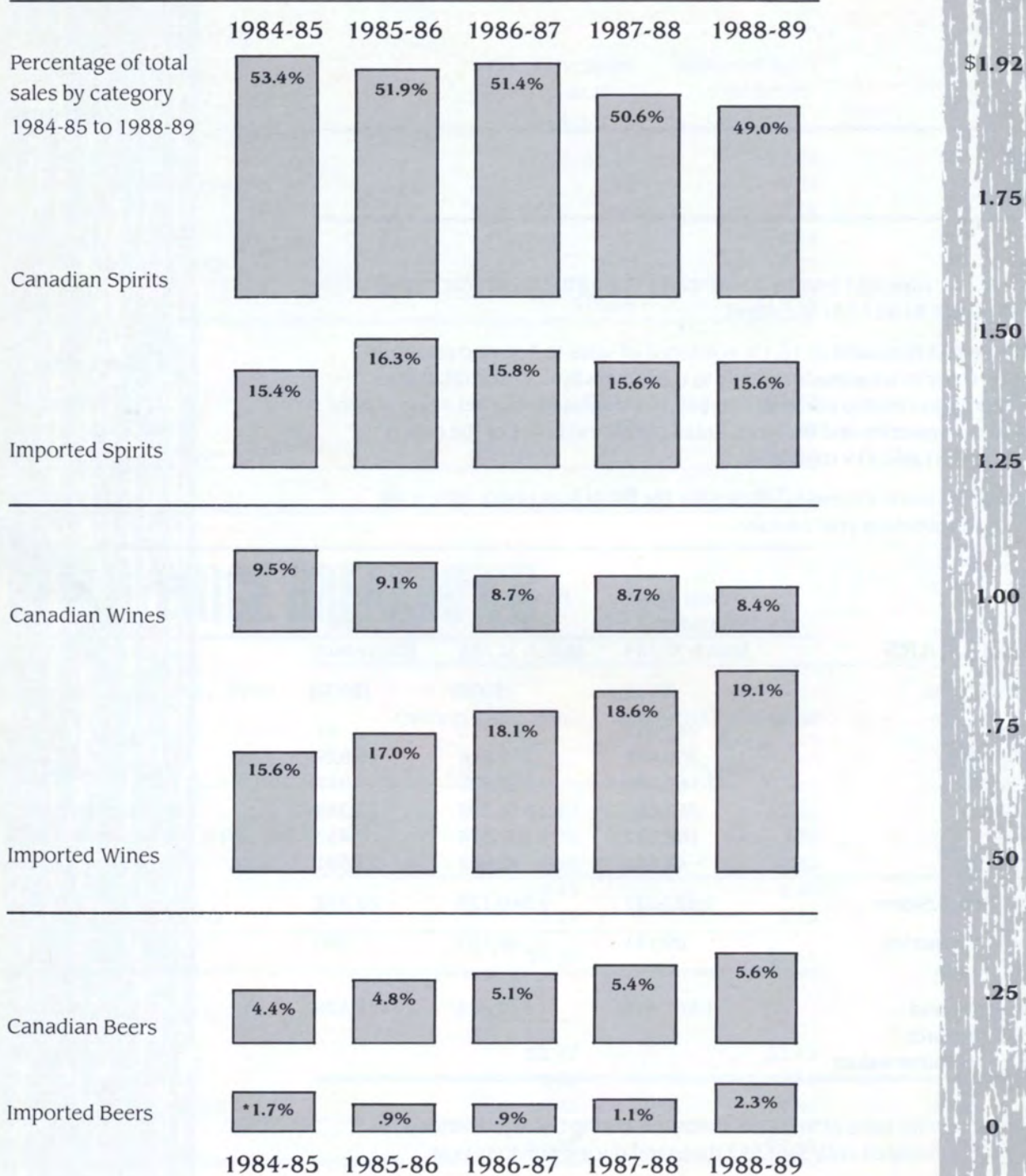
The following tables show increases in sales for the fiscal year under review as compared with the previous year's totals:

SALES IN DOLLARS	Fiscal Year Ended March 31 / 89	Fiscal Year Ended March 31 / 88	Increase (Decrease)
Sales by Board Stores	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)
Canadian Spirits	941,012	940,915	97
Imported Spirits	300,675	289,846	10,829
* Canadian Wines	161,712	162,629	(917)
Imported Wines	367,652	345,303	22,349
Canadian Beers	108,027	100,574	7,453
Imported Beers	43,443	20,862	22,581
Total Sales by Board Stores	1,922,521	1,860,129	62,392
Sales by Ontario Wineries and Winery Stores	49,141	48,151	990
Sales by Breweries and Brewers' Retail Stores (exclusive of container value)	1,661,419	1,542,844	118,575

* Includes Ontario wine sales of \$160,276 thousand during fiscal year ended March 31, 1989, compared with \$161,552 thousand during previous year.

SALES IN DOLLARS

Dollars in
Billions



*The increase in imported beer sales is attributable to the labour dispute which closed the major breweries in Ontario for most of March 1985.



Warehouseman Mike Nehaul moves the goods at the Toronto Distribution Depot.

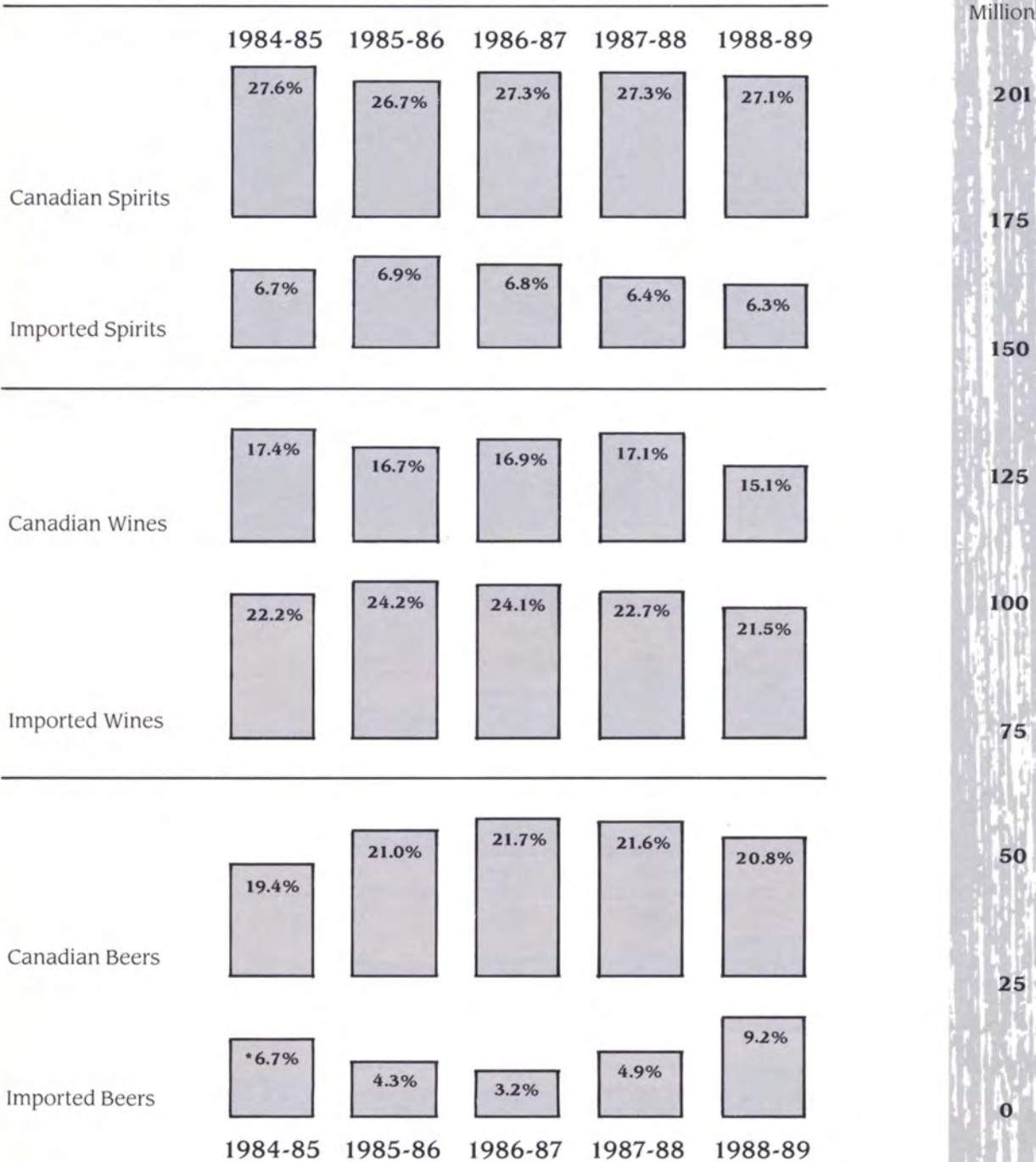
	Fiscal Year Ended March 31 / 89	Fiscal Year Ended March 31 / 88	Increase (Decrease)
SALES BY LITRES			
Sales by Board Stores	(000)	(000)	(000)
Canadian Spirits	54,597	54,470	127
Imported Spirits	12,630	12,690	(60)
* Canadian Wines	30,457	34,054	(3,597)
Imported Wines	44,922	45,197	(275)
Canadian Beers	42,011	43,049	(1,038)
Imported Beers	18,547	9,711	8,836
Total Sales by Board Stores	203,164	199,171	3,993
Sales by Ontario Wineries and Winery Stores	9,362	10,595	(1,233)
Sales by Breweries and Brewers' Retail Stores	776,011	788,805	(12,794)

* Includes Ontario wine sales of 30,242 thousand litres during fiscal year ended March 31, 1989, compared with 33,847 thousand litres during previous fiscal year.

Percentage of total
sales by category
1984-85 to 1988-89

SALES BY LITRES

Litres in
Millions



*The increase in imported beer sales is attributable to the labour dispute which closed the major breweries in Ontario for most of March 1985.

REVENUE PAYMENTS

Levies on beverage alcohol sold in the province during the year contributed an amount in excess of \$1.3 billion to the Treasurer of Ontario, and revenue paid to the Government of Canada exceeded \$764 million. These amounts do not include corporation, realty and business taxes paid by the distilleries, wineries, breweries and licence holders. Ontario retail sales tax collected by the licence holders and agency stores on sales of beverage alcohol is also excluded from these figures.

A summary of these revenue payments is as follows:

TREASURER OF ONTARIO	(\$000)	(\$000)
Remitted by the Liquor Control Board		
– on account of profits	\$645,000	
– Ontario retail sales tax on sales through liquor stores	188,774	
	\$833,774	
Remitted by the Liquor Licence Board		
– on account of licence fees and permits	399,123	
Remitted by others		
– Ontario retail sales tax on sales through Brewers' Retail Stores and retail wine stores	152,501	\$1,385,398

RECEIVER GENERAL FOR CANADA

Remitted by the Liquor Control Board		
– customs and excise duties	\$306,095	
– Federal sales tax on spirits, wines and imported beers	99,715	
	\$405,810	
Remitted by others		
– malt duties and taxes on domestic beers and wines	358,559	\$764,369

ONTARIO MUNICIPALITIES

Remitted by the Liquor Control Board		
– grants in lieu of realty and business taxes		\$4,812
		\$2,154,579

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Since their introduction in 1985, Vintages stores have proven extremely popular with shoppers. There are now five Vintages stores throughout the province.

BALANCE SHEET

LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD OF ONTARIO Balance Sheet as at March 31, 1989

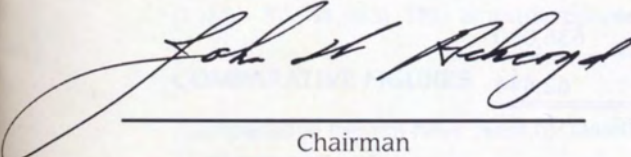
Assets	1989 (\$'000)	1988 (\$'000)
Current		
Cash	108	-
Accounts receivable, trade and others	2,290	9,392
Inventories, at cost	174,977	181,835
Prepaid expenses	2,025	1,677
	179,400	192,904

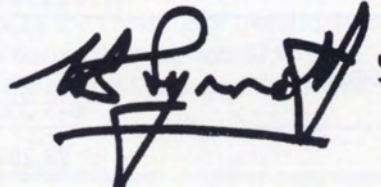
Liabilities and Retained Income

Current		
Bank overdraft	-	45,270
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	101,111	84,790
Retained income	78,289	62,844
	179,400	192,904

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Approved:


Chairman


Vice President,
Finance and Administration

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED INCOME

LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD OF ONTARIO Statement of Income and Retained Income year ended March 31, 1989

	1989 (\$'000)	1988 (\$'000)
Sales and other income	1,930,319	1,867,684
Costs and expenses		
Cost of sales	1,006,194	980,995
Retail stores and marketing	187,955	177,053
Administration	34,268	32,204
Warehousing and distribution	26,009	26,437
Fixed assets	15,448	9,968
	1,269,874	1,226,657
Net income for the year	660,445	641,027
Retained income, beginning of year	62,844	56,817
	723,289	697,844
Deduct payments to the Treasurer of Ontario on account of net income	645,000	635,000
Retained income, end of year	78,289	62,844

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD OF ONTARIO **Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 1989**

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICY

The Board's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles except for fixed assets which are written off to operations at the time of acquisition.

2. INSURANCE

The Board follows the policy of self-insuring its store assets for property damage such as fire, water, vandalism or theft. All other material assets are insured by insurance companies.

3. LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Board is committed under operating leases on leased premises with future minimum rental payments due as follows:

	(\$'000)
1990	18,973
1991	16,887
1992	14,820
1993	11,806
1994	8,758
Thereafter	22,401
	93,645

4. PENSION PLAN

The Board provides pension benefits for substantially all its permanent employees through participation in the Public Service Superannuation Fund and the Superannuation Adjustment Fund established by the Province of Ontario. The Board's share of contributions to these funds during the year was \$7,905,895 (1988 - \$7,604,963). This amount represents the total obligation of the Board.

5. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Comparative figures have been reclassified where necessary to conform with the 1989 presentation.

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Liquor Control Board of Ontario and
to the Minister of Consumer and Commercial Relations.

I have examined the balance sheet of the Liquor Control Board of Ontario as at March 31, 1989 and the statement of income and retained income for the year then ended. My examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and accordingly included such tests and other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

In my opinion, these financial statements present fairly the financial position of the Board as at March 31, 1989 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policy described in note 1 to the financial statements applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

Toronto, Ontario,
July 21, 1989.

D.F. Archer, F.C.A.,
Provincial Auditor.